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In [1]:
         ## 1. why are functions advantageous to have in your programs?
         Functions reduce the need for duplicate code. This makes programs shorter, easier to
          File "<ipython-input-1-1cb9db99b17f>", line 2
            Functions reduce the need for duplicate code. This makes programs shorter, easie
        r to read, and easier to update
        SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [2]:
         ## 2. when does the code in a function run:when its soecified or when it's called?
         the code in a function can run when its called.
          File "<ipython-input-2-19c3f5340ffa>", line 2
            the code in a function can run when its called.
        SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [3]:
         ## 3.what statement creates a function?
         def func():
          File "<ipython-input-3-732e7f0cbf98>", line 3
            def func():
        SyntaxError: unexpected EOF while parsing
In [4]:
         ## 4. what is the difference between a function and function call?
         A function is procedure to achieve a particular result while function call is using
          File "<ipython-input-4-a20a6d958c6e>", line 3
            A function is procedure to achieve a particular result while function call is us
        ing this function to achive that task.
        SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [5]:
         ## 5. how many global scopes are present in python program?how many local scopes?
         There is one global scope, and a local scope is created whenever a function is calle
          File "<ipython-input-5-1e0627fbfb5e>", line 2
            There's only one global Python scope per program execution. This scope remains i
        n existence until the program terminates.
        SyntaxError: EOL while scanning string literal
In [6]:
         ## 6 . what happens to variables in a local scope when the function call returns?
         When a function returns, the local scope is destroyed, and all the variables in it a
          File "<ipython-input-6-3c2c683c1394>", line 2
            By default, the assignment statement creates variables in the local scope. So th
        e assignment inside the function does not modify the global variable a - it creates
         a new local variable called a ,
        SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [7]:
         ### 7. what is the concept of return value ? is it possible to have a return value i
         A return value is the value that a function call evaluates to. Like any value,
         a return value can be used as part of an expression.
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File "<ipython-input-7-f2703d28ee4e>", line 2
             A return statement is used to end the execution of the function call and "return
         s" the result
         SyntaxError: invalid syntax
 In [8]:
          ## 8. if a function does not have a return statement , what is the return value of a
          If there is no return statement for a function, its return value is None.
           File "<ipython-input-8-451060d84feb>", line 3
             If no return statement appears in a function definition, control automatically r
         eturns to the calling function
         SyntaxError: invalid syntax
 In [9]:
          ## 9.how do you make a function variable refer to a global variable?
          A global statement will force a variable in a function to refer to the global variab
In [10]:
          ## 10. data type of NONE?
          none data type
           File "<ipython-input-10-abb169360ba6>", line 2
             none data type
         SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [11]:
          ## 11.what does the sentence import areallyyourpetsnamederic do?
          That import statement imports a module named areallyourpetsnamederic.
           File "<ipython-input-11-dbb5cb88033a>", line 2
             That import statement imports a module named areallyourpetsnamederic.
         SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [12]:
          ## 12.if you had a bacon() feature in a spam module , what would you call it after i
          This function can be called with spam.bacon().
           File "<ipython-input-12-f63ab2844db3>", line 2
             This function can be called with spam.bacon().
         SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [13]:
          ## 13. what can you do to save a program from crashing if it encounters an error?
          Place the line of code that might cause an error in a try clause.
           File "<ipython-input-13-b09754ec8346>", line 2
             Place the line of code that might cause an error in a try clause.
         SyntaxError: invalid syntax
 In [ ]:
          ## 14.what is the purpose of try clause ? what is the purpose of except class?
          The code that could potentially cause an error goes in the try clause.
          The code that executes if an error happens goes in the except clause.
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