Problem statement:

Create a medical database having following tables:
Patient table(patient_id, patient_name, Date of Admit, Age, City)
Doctor table(doc_id, doc_name, qualification, experience, dept, city, salary)
Treats table(doc_id, patient_id, disease) (use on delete cascade)
1. Insert at least 5 records in each table.
select * from Patient;

		-, +	+	- -
•	•	DateOfAdmit	•	city
a10 c12 d13 p10 x15	Aryan Amit Anita Sandesh Suyash	2017-05-11 2017-07-21 2017-09-25 2016-07-21 2017-04-17	20 39 49 28 29	Mumbai Bangalore Pune Pune Delhi

select * from Doctor;

++		
++	city	I
++		
e1	Pune	l
70000		
r5 Yogesh MD 8 Dental Denta	Delhi	l
40000		
S5 Mangesh MBBS 25 Cardiology E	Bangalore	l
100000		
w8	котката	l
45000 y3	Mumahi	ı
60000	nullabi	ı
++++		
++		

select * from Treats;

++		+
doc_id	pat_id	disease
w8	p10 c12 d13 x15 a10	Cancer Cancer Toothache Heart Attack Cavities

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

2. Display all the patient names between age group 18 to 50.

select pat_name from Patient where age between 18 and 50;

```
+-----+
| pat_name |
+-----+
| Aryan |
| Amit |
| Anita |
| Sandesh |
| Suyash |
```

```
3. Display the list of all doctors who are MD.
select doc_name from Doctor where qualification="MD";
+----+
| doc_name |
+----+
| Suhas |
| Yogesh
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
4. Display the list of all doctors whose experience>20 years.
select doc_name from Doctor where experience>20;
+----+
| doc_name |
+----+
| Mangesh |
| Komal |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
5. Display patient names suffering from cancer.
select pat_name from Patient, Treats where Treats.disease="Cancer" and
Treats.pat_id=Patient.pat_id;
+----+
| pat_name |
+----+
| Sandesh |
| Amit
+----+
2 rows in set (0.02 sec)
6. Display the patient name & doctor name who is treating the cancer patient.
select pat_name,doc_name from Patient as p,Doctor as d,Treats as t where
disease="Cancer" and d.doc_id=t.doc_id and p.pat_id=t.pat_id;
+----+
| pat_name | doc_name |
+----+
| Sandesh | Komal
| Amit | Komal
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
7. Display the patient names whose name starts with letter 'a', end with
'a', having a name having exactly 5 letters.
select pat_name from Patient where pat_name like "a%";
+----+
| pat_name |
+----+
| Aryan |
| Amit
| Anita |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select pat_name from Patient where pat_name like "%a";
+----+
| pat_name |
```

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

| Anita |

```
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select pat_name from Patient where pat_name like "_ _ _ _ _ ";
+----+
| pat_name |
+----+
| Aryan |
| Anita
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
8. Remove all the records of patient with patient_id=p10.
delete from Patient where pat_id="p10";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> select * from Patient;
+----+----+----+
| pat_id | pat_name | DateOfAdmit | age | city
+----+---+----+
| a10 | Aryan | 2017-05-11 | 20 | Mumbai |
     | c12
    | Anita
           | 2017-09-25 | 49 | Pune
| d13
| x15
    | Suyash | 2017-04-17 | 29 | Delhi
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
select * from Treats;
+----+
| doc_id | pat_id | disease |
+----+
| x15
          | Heart Attack |
| s5
r5 al0 Cavities
+----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
9. Remove all the records of doctor Suhas.
select * from Treats;
+----+
| doc_id | pat_id | disease |
+----+
+----+----
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from Doctor;
salary |
+----+
| r5
    | Yogesh | MD
                     8 | Dental | Delhi |
40000 |
    | Mangesh | MBBS
                     25 | Cardiology | Bangalore |
| s5
100000 |
                           25 | Chemothera | Kolkata
    | Komal | MBBS
                     | w8
45000 |
                    10 | Cardiology | Mumabi
| y3
     | Shubham | MBBS
                                            -
```

60000 |

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
10. Change the qualification of doctor Shubham from MBBS to MD.
update Doctor set qualification="MD" where doc_name="Shubham";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from Doctor;
| Yogesh | MD
                              8 | Dental | Delhi
40000 |
     | Mangesh | MBBS |
| s5
                              25 | Cardiology | Bangalore |
100000 |
                    I
| w8
      | Komal | MBBS
                               25 | Chemothera | Kolkata
45000 |
                               10 | Cardiology | Mumabi
| y3
      | Shubham | MD
                       60000 |
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
11. Give 5% salary rates to the dentist and 10% raise to cardiologist (in single
query).
update Doctor set salary=case when dept="Dental" then salary+salary*(0.05) when
dept="Cardiology" then salary+salary*(0.1) else salary*1 end;
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Rows matched: 4 Changed: 3 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from Doctor;
| doc_id | doc_name | qualification | experience | dept
| Yogesh | MD
                       | r5
                               8 | Dental | Delhi |
42000 |
                       | s5
     | Mangesh | MBBS
                              25 | Cardiology | Bangalore |
110000 |
     | Komal | MBBS
                              25 | Chemothera | Kolkata
| w8
                       45000 |
| y3
     | Shubham | MD
                               10 | Cardiology | Mumabi
66000 |
+-----
+----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
12. Display dept wise total salary of doctors.
select dept, sum(salary) from Doctor group by dept;
+----+
| dept | sum(salary) |
+----+
| Cardiology | 176000 |
| Chemothera | 45000 |
| Dental | 42000 |
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
select dept,avg(salary) from Doctor group by dept having avg(salary)>=all(select
avg(salary) from Doctor group by dept);
+----+
| dept | avg(salary) |
+----+
| Cardiology | 88000.0000 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
14. Find the avg salary of the doctors in dentist dept.
select avg(salary) from Doctor where dept="Dental";
+----+
| avg(salary) |
+----+
| 42000.0000 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
15. Find the dept where avg salary of the instructor is more than 50,000.
select dept from Doctor group by dept having avg(salary)>50000;
| dept |
| Cardiology |
+----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
16. Find how many doctors work in hospital.
select count(*) from Doctor;
+----+
| count(*) |
+----+
| 4 |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
17. Find out how many doctors actually treated a patient.
select count(distinct doc_id) from Treats;
+----+
| count(distinct doc_id) |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
18. List the cities in which either doctor or patient lives.
select city from Doctor union select city from Patient;
+----+
| city |
| Delhi
| Bangalore |
| Kolkata |
| Mumbai
| Pune
+----+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)
19. List the cities in which both the patient & the doctor lives.
select d.city from Doctor as d,Patient as p where d.city=p.city;
+----+
| city
```

13. Find the dept that have the highest avg salary.