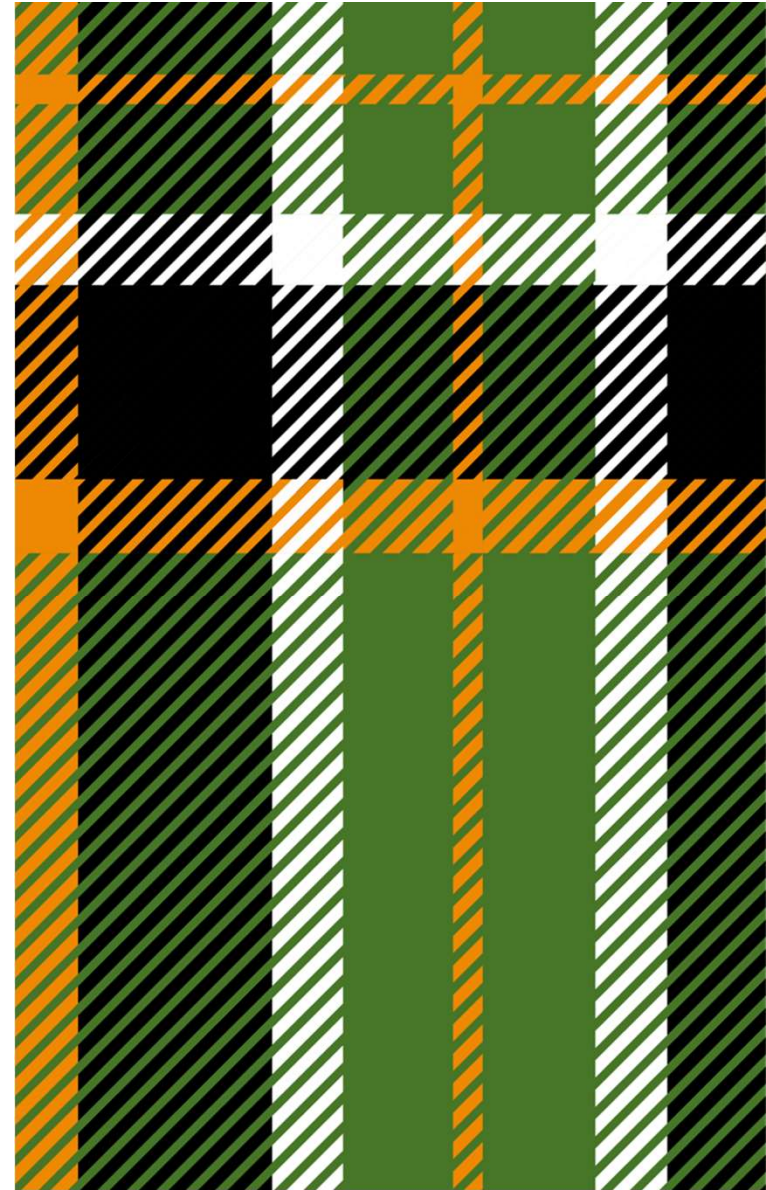




# E- Commerce Database System

# Outline

- Introduction?
- Topic/Problem Statement?
- SQL Query?
- Explanation?
- Relational Algebra?
- Schema Diagram?



# Introduction?

An **E-commerce Database System** streamlines online shopping by managing customers, products, orders, and payments, ensuring efficient inventory control, order tracking, and seamless transaction processing.



# Topic/Problem Statement?

- E-commerce
- Database System
- Online Shopping
- Customers
- Products
- Orders
- Payments
- Order Processing
- Inventory Management
- Financial Transactions

❖ These terms emphasize the core functionalities and purpose of the system



# SQL Query?

This query retrieves the total amount spent by each customer on their orders:

```
SELECT
    customers.customer_name,
    orders.order_id,
    SUM(order_items.quantity * products.price) AS total_amount
FROM
    orders
JOIN
    customers ON orders.customer_id = customers.customer_id
JOIN
    order_items ON orders.order_id = order_items.order_id
JOIN
    products ON order_items.product_id = products.product_id
GROUP BY
    customers.customer_name, orders.order_id;
```





# Explanation

## ❖ Tables Involved:

- ❑ Customers: Stores customer details (e.g., customer\_id, customer\_name).
- ❑ Products: Stores product details (e.g., product\_id, product\_name, price).
- ❑ Orders: Captures order details (e.g., order\_id, customer\_id, order\_date).
- ❑ Order\_Items: Links products and orders with quantity.

## ❖ Query Breakdown:

- ❑ Joins tables to combine relevant data.
- ❑ Groups by customer\_name and order\_id to calculate the total amount spent per order
- ❑ Uses the SUM function to calculate the total amount for each order based on product prices and quantities.

# Relational Algebra

## 1. Join:

- $R_1 \leftarrow Customers \bowtie_{Customers.customer\_id=Orders.customer\_id} Orders$
- $R_2 \leftarrow R_1 \bowtie_{Orders.order\_id=Order\_Items.order\_id} Order\_Items$
- $R_3 \leftarrow R_2 \bowtie_{Order\_Items.product\_id=Products.product\_id} Products$

## 2. Projection:

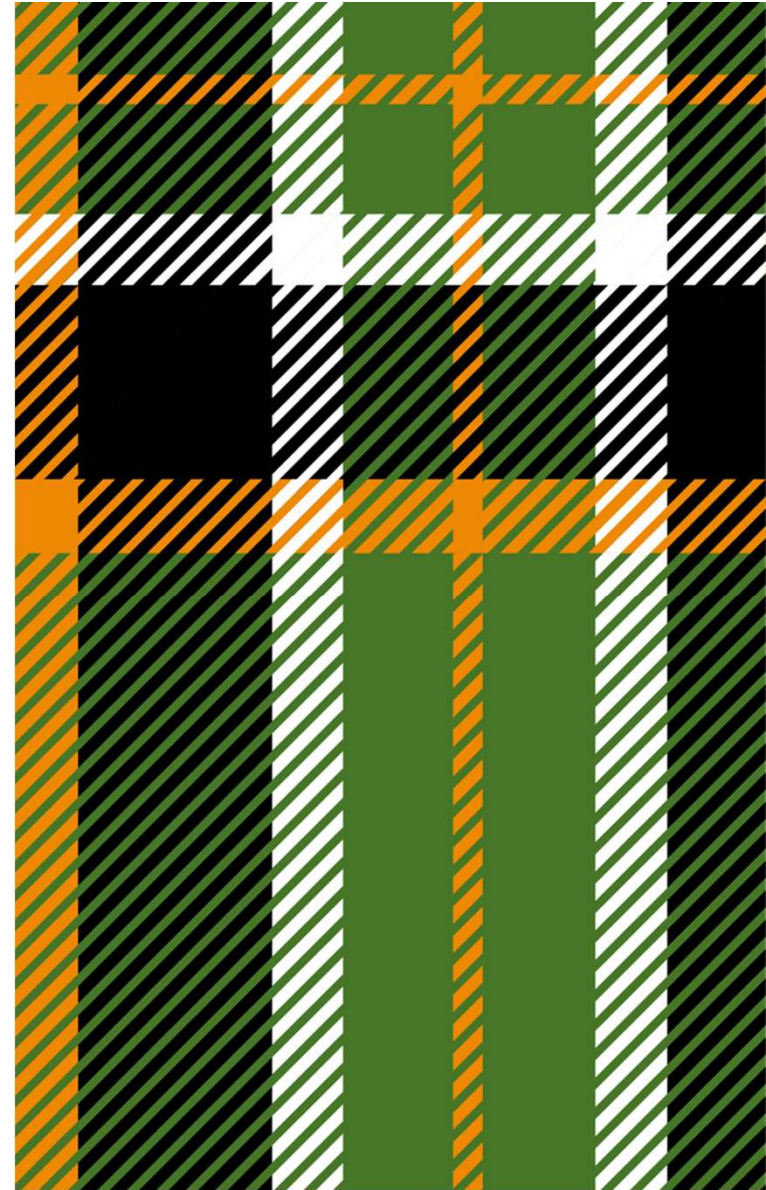
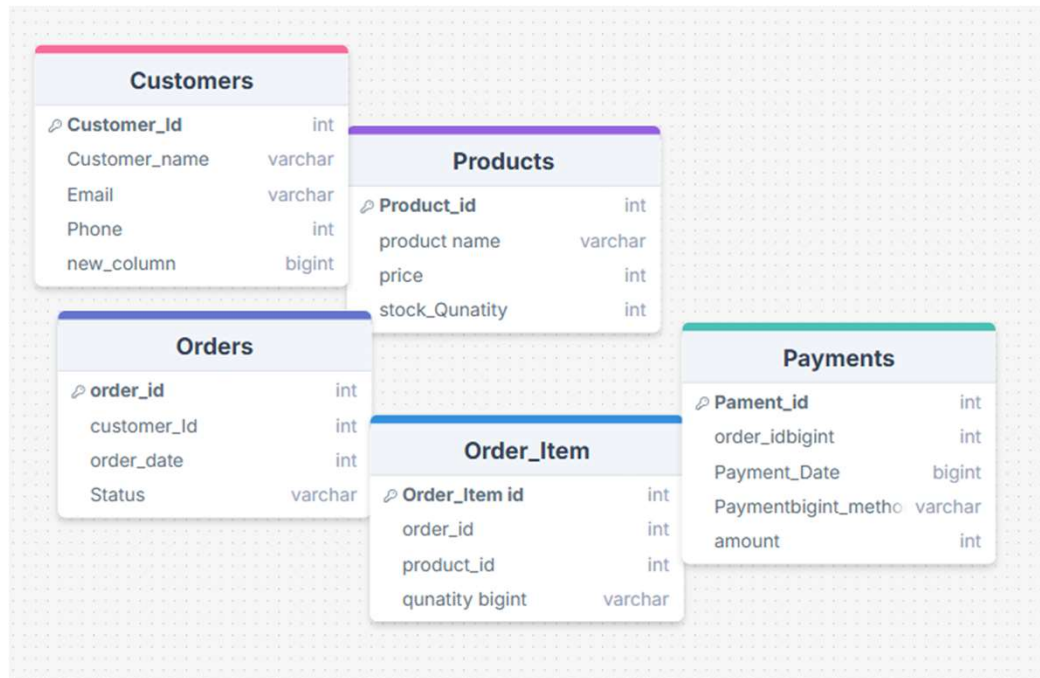
$\pi_{Customers.customer\_name, Orders.order\_id, SUM(Order\_Items.quantity \cdot Products.price)}(R_3)$

## 3. Aggregation:

Group by `Customers.customer_name` and `Orders.order_id` for summing the total amount.



# Schema Diagram





# Conclusion

An e-commerce database system effectively stores and organizes customer, product, order, and payment information, ensuring seamless transactions, efficient inventory management, and improved user experience for both customers and businesses.

# Questions & answers

Thank You  
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