

辜敏聪 gumc@coohex.com

• 内存管理

• 基本架构

内存管理

内存管理

```
Visual Leak Detector Version 1.0 installed (multithreaded DLL).
WARNING: Visual Leak Detector detected memory leaks!
----- Block 93 at 0x0039AB88: 40 bytes -----
 Call Stack:
   f:\dd\vctools\crt_bld\self_x86\crt\src\dbgmalloc.c (56): malloc
   f:\dd\vctools\crt_bld\self_x86\crt\src\crtexe.c (579): __tmainCRTStartup
   f:\dd\vctools\crt_bld\self_x86\crt\src\crtexe.c (399): wmainCRTStartup
   0x7C817077 (File and line number not available): RegisterWaitForInputIdle
  Data:
                                               03 00 00 00
   00 00 00 00
                  01 00 00 00
                                02 00 00 00
   04 00 00 00
                  05 00 00 00
                                06 00 00 00
                                               07 00 00 00
   08 00 00 00
                  09 00 00 00
```

Visual Leak Detector detected 1 memory leak.

Visual Leak Detector Version 1.0 installed (multithreaded DLL). No memory leaks detected.

Visual Leak Detector

内存管理: 引用计数

内存管理: 引用计数



3

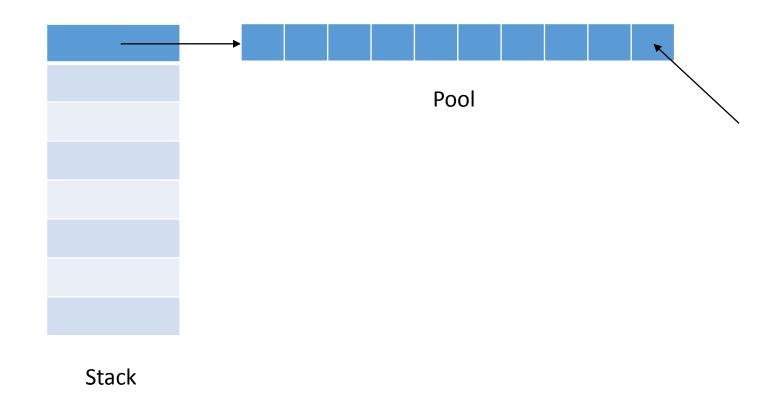
_referenceCount = ?

内存管理: 引用计数

```
82 ⊡void Ref::retain()
83
         CCASSERT( referenceCount > 0, "reference count should be greater than 0");
84
85
         ++_referenceCount;
86
 88 ⊡void Ref::release()
89
         CCASSERT( referenceCount > 0, "reference count should be greater than 0");
 90
         -- referenceCount;
 91
 92
 93
         if ( referenceCount == 0)
 94
 95 =#if defined(COCOS2D DEBUG) && (COCOS2D DEBUG > 0)
             auto poolManager = PoolManager::getInstance();
 96
             if (!poolManager->getCurrentPool()->isClearing() && poolManager->isObjectInPools(this))
 97
98
                 CCASSERT(false, "The reference shouldn't be 0 because it is still in autorelease pool.");
 99
100
     #endif
101
102
   103
104
             untrackRef(this);
105
     #endif
             delete this;
106
107
108
```

内存管理: autorelease

内存管理: autorelease



内存管理: 二段构建模式

```
Node * Node::create()

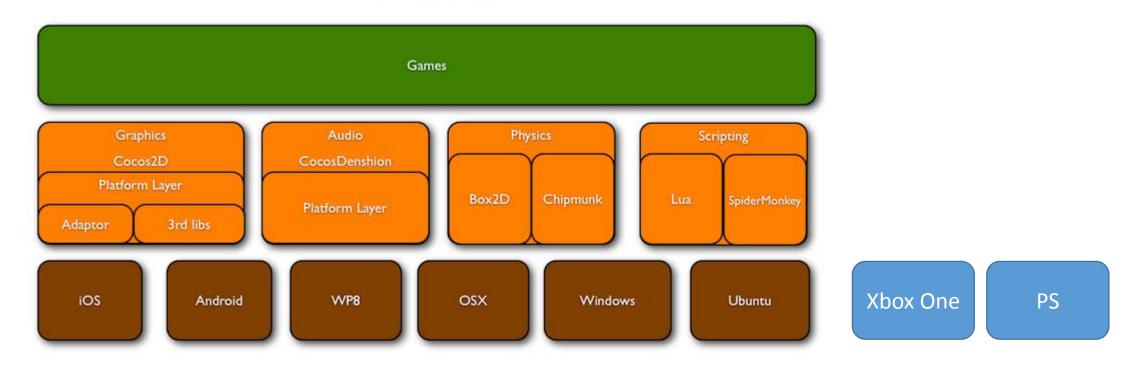
{
    Node * ret = new (std::nothrow) Node();
    if (ret && ret->init())
    {
        ret->autorelease();
    }
    else
    {
        CC_SAFE_DELETE(ret);
    }
    return ret;
}
```

- 1. 构造函数分配内存
- 2. Init函数负责初始化

内存管理: 拓展

Boost 智能指针

Cocos2d-x Architecture



图片来源: www.cocos2d-x.org

基本架构 程序入口

```
int APIENTRY tWinMain(HINSTANCE hInstance,
                            HINSTANCE hPrevInstance,
 8
                            LPTSTR
                                      lpCmdLine,
                                      nCmdShow)
 9
                            int
10
11
         UNREFERENCED PARAMETER(hPrevInstance);
         UNREFERENCED PARAMETER(lpCmdLine);
12
13
         // create the application instance
14
15
         AppDelegate app;
         return Application::getInstance()->run();
16
17
```

main.cpp

```
61 ⊡int Application::run()
 62
 63
         PVRFrameEnableControlWindow(false);
 64
 65
         // Main message loop:
         LARGE INTEGER nFreq;
 66
 67
         LARGE INTEGER nLast;
 68
         LARGE INTEGER nNow;
 69
         QueryPerformanceFrequency(&nFreq);
70
71
         QueryPerformanceCounter(&nLast);
72
73
         initGLContextAttrs();
74
75
         // Initialize instance and cocos2d.
         if (!applicationDidFinishLaunching())
76
77
78
              return 0;
79
 80
          auto director = Director::getInstance();
81
 82
          auto glview = director->getOpenGLView();
83
 84
         // Retain glview to avoid glview being released in the while loop
 85
          glview->retain();
 86
87
         while(!glview->windowShouldClose())
 88
 89
             QueryPerformanceCounter(&nNow);
              if (nNow.QuadPart - nLast.QuadPart > animationInterval.QuadPart)
 90
91
 92
                  nLast.QuadPart = nNow.QuadPart - (nNow.QuadPart % animationInterval.QuadPart);
93
                 director->mainLoop();
94
95
                 glview->pollEvents();
 96
97
             else
98
99
                 Sleep(1);
100
101
102
```

AppDelegate.cpp的run方法

程序入口

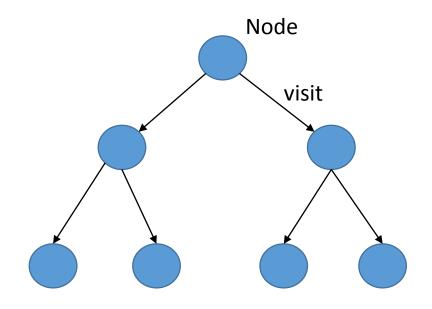
```
void DisplayLinkDirector::mainLoop()
{
    if (_purgeDirectorInNextLoop)
    {
        _purgeDirectorInNextLoop = false;
        purgeDirector();
    }
    else if (! _invalid)
    {
        drawScene();
        // release the objects
        PoolManager::getInstance()->getCurrentPool()->clear();
    }
}
```

CCDirector.cpp

```
□bool AppDelegate::applicationDidFinishLaunching() {
         // initialize director
28
         auto director = Director::getInstance();
29
         auto glview = director->getOpenGLView();
30
         if(!glview) {
31
             glview = GLViewImpl::create("Cpp Empty Test");
32
             director->setOpenGLView(glview);
33
34
35
         director->setOpenGLView(glview);
36
37
         // Set the design resolution
38
  = #if (CC_TARGET_PLATFORM == CC_PLATFORM_WP8)
39
         // a bug in DirectX 11 level9-x on the device prevents ResolutionPolicy::NO BORDER from wo
40
         glview->setDesignResolutionSize(designResolutionSize.width, designResolutionSize.height, R
41
42 ⊑#else
         glview->setDesignResolutionSize(designResolutionSize.width, designResolutionSize.height, R
43
44
     #endif
45
         Size frameSize = glview->getFrameSize();
46
47
```

AppDelegate.cpp

渲染树: Node



渲染树: Node

```
if (_runningScene)
{
    //clear draw stats
    _renderer->clearDrawStats();
    //render the scene
    _runningScene->render(_renderer);
    _eventDispatcher->dispatchEvent(_eventAfterVisit);
}

    CCDirector.cpp
```

```
129
130
         auto director = Director::getInstance();
         Camera* defaultCamera = nullptr;
131
          const auto& transform = getNodeToParentTransform();
132
          for (const auto& camera : _cameras)
133
134
135
             Camera:: visitingCamera = camera;
             if (Camera:: visitingCamera->getCameraFlag() == CameraFlag::DEFAULT)
136
137
                 defaultCamera = Camera:: visitingCamera;
138
                 continue;
139
140
141
142
             director->pushMatrix(MATRIX_STACK_TYPE::MATRIX_STACK_PROJECTION);
             director->loadMatrix(MATRIX STACK TYPE::MATRIX STACK PROJECTION, Camera:: visitingCamera->getViewProjectionMatrix());
143
144
             //visit the scene
145
             visit(renderer, transform, 0);
146
             renderer->render();
147
148
149
             director->popMatrix(MATRIX_STACK_TYPE::MATRIX_STACK_PROJECTION);
150
         //draw with default camera
151
         if (defaultCamera)
152
153
154
             Camera:: visitingCamera = defaultCamera;
             director->pushMatrix(MATRIX STACK TYPE::MATRIX STACK PROJECTION);
155
             director->loadMatrix(MATRIX STACK TYPE::MATRIX STACK PROJECTION, Camera:: visitingCamera->getViewProjectionMatrix());
156
157
             //visit the scene
158
159
             visit(renderer, transform, 0);
             renderer->render();
160
161
             director->popMatrix(MATRIX_STACK_TYPE::MATRIX_STACK_PROJECTION);
162
163
164
         Camera::_visitingCamera = nullptr;
165
```

CCScene.cpp

渲染树: Node

```
if(!_children.empty())
1307
1308
               sortAllChildren();
1309
               // draw children zOrder < 0
1310
               for( ; i < _children.size(); i++ )</pre>
1311
1312
                   auto node = _children.at(i);
1313
1314
                   if ( node && node->_localZOrder < 0 )</pre>
1315
                       node->visit(renderer, _modelViewTransform, flags);
1316
                   else
1317
                       break;
1318
1319
               // self draw
1320
               if (visibleByCamera)
1321
                   this->draw(renderer, _modelViewTransform, flags);
1322
1323
               for(auto it=_children.cbegin()+i; it != _children.cend(); ++it)
1324
                   (*it)->visit(renderer, _modelViewTransform, flags);
1325
1326
           else if (visibleByCamera)
1327
1328
               this->draw(renderer, _modelViewTransform, flags);
1329
1330
1331
```

Node的其他属性

位置: setPosition/getPosition

子节点: addChild()/removeChild()

父节点: removeFromParent()

标记: setTag()/getTag()

Z坐标: setZorder()

旋转、放大缩小 ……

Layer

```
多点触摸事件开始:
virtual void onTouchesBegan(const std::vector<Touch*>& touches, Event *unused_event);
多点触摸事件移动:
virtual void onTouchesMoved(const std::vector<Touch*>& touches, Event *unused_event);
多点触摸事件结束:
virtual void onTouchesEnded(const std::vector<Touch*>& touches, Event *unused event);
多点触摸事件中断:一般是系统层级的消息,如来电话,触摸事件就会被打断
virtual void onTouchesCancelled(const std::vector<Touch*>&touches, Event *unused_event);
设置是否接受触摸
void setTouchEnabled(bool value);
                                                           自学单点触摸
```

Sprite

```
75 Eclass CC_DLL Sprite: public Node, public TextureProtocol
7€ 75 ⊟class CC_DLL Sprite : public Node, public TextureProtocol
 77 76
78 77
        public:
79 78
86 79
             static const int INDEX NOT INITIALIZED = -1; /// Sprite invalid index on the SpriteBatchNode
81 80
82 81 🖹
            /// @{
 8: 82
            /// @name Creators
84 83
85 84 🖹
 86 85
             * Creates an empty sprite without texture. You can call setTexture method subsequently.
87 86
88 87
             * @return An autoreleased sprite object.
 88 28
96 89
             static Sprite* create();
91 90
92 91 占
9: 92
             * Creates a sprite with an image filename.
94 93
95 94
             * After creation, the rect of sprite will be the size of the image,
96 95
             * and the offset will be (0,0).
97 96
 98 97
             * @param filename A path to image file, e.g., "scene1/monster.png"
 99 98
             * @return An autoreleased sprite object.
100 99
101100
             static Sprite* create(const std::string& filename);
102101
10:102
             /**
104103
             * Creates a sprite with an image filename and a rect.
10:104
106105
             * @param filename A path to image file, e.g., "scene1/monster.png"
107106
             * @param rect
                               A subrect of the image file
108107
             * @return An autoreleased sprite object
109108
116109
             static Sprite* create(const std::string& filename, const Rect& rect);
1111110
112111 🖹
             /**
11:112
             * Creates a sprite with a Texture2D object.
114113
115114
             * After creation, the rect will be the size of the texture, and the offset will be (0,0).
116115
117116
             * @param texture A pointer to a Texture2D object.
118117
             * @return An autoreleased sprite object
119118
124119
             static Sprite* createWithTexture(Texture2D *texture);
  120
```

Sprite

```
158 ⊡bool Sprite::initWithFile(const std::string& filename)
159
160
         CCASSERT(filename.size()>0, "Invalid filename for sprite");
161
         Texture2D *texture = Director::getInstance()->getTextureCache()->addImage(filename);
162
163
         if (texture)
164
             Rect rect = Rect::ZERO;
165
             rect.size = texture->getContentSize();
166
             return initWithTexture(texture, rect);
167
168
169
         // don't release here.
170 E
         // when load texture failed, it's better to get a "transparent" sprite then a crashed program
171
         // this->release();
172
         return false;
173
174 }
```

Director、Node、Layer、Scene、Sprite之间的关系



谢谢!

辜敏聪

gumc@coohex. com