

How do we update estimates based on current estimates?

Let's start with 2 "batches":

$$\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_1 = [\tilde{y}_{11} \quad \tilde{y}_{12} \quad \dots \quad \tilde{y}_{1m_1}]^T$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_2 = [\tilde{y}_{21} \quad \tilde{y}_{22} \quad \dots \quad \tilde{y}_{2m_2}]^T$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_1 = H_1 \underline{\mathbf{x}} + \underline{\mathbf{v}}_1$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_2 = H_2 \underline{\mathbf{x}} + \underline{\mathbf{v}}_2$$

trying to estimate the \mathbf{x}

For $\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_1$, from LLS before we have:

$$\hat{\mathbf{x}}_1 = (H_1^T W_1 H_1)^{-1} H_1^T W_1 \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_1$$

If we had both measurements together:

$$\tilde{\underline{y}} = H \underline{x} + \underline{v}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \tilde{y}_1 \\ \tilde{y}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} H_1 \\ H_2 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Let's assume:

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 & \vdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \vdots & w_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

ie. there is
no correlation
of noise between
first & second
set of measurements

Given both measurement sets, we have:

$$\hat{\underline{x}}_2 = (H^T W H)^{-1} H^T W \tilde{\underline{y}}$$

$\hat{\underline{x}}_2$ takes into
account BOTH
measurement sets

Since W is block diagonal, we can write:

$$\hat{\underline{x}}_2 = [H_1^T W_1 H_1 + H_2^T W_2 H_2]^{-1} (H_1^T W_1 \tilde{y}_1 + H_2^T W_2 \tilde{y}_2)$$

But we don't want to recalculate everything every time - we want efficient use of previous calculations.

define: $P_1 = [H_1^T W_1 H_1]^{-1}$

$$P_2 = [H_1^T W_1 H_1 + H_2^T W_2 H_2]^{-1}$$

thus:

$$P_2^{-1} = P_1^{-1} + H_2^T W_2 H_2$$

Now we can rewrite:

$$\hat{x}_1 = P_1 H_1^T W_1 \tilde{y}_1$$

$$\hat{x}_2 = P_2 (H_1^T W_1 \tilde{y}_1 + H_2^T W_2 \tilde{y}_2)$$

We want to replace this with \hat{x}_1 , because we already did those calculations

$$H_1^T W_1 \tilde{y}_1 = P_1^{-1} \hat{x}_1$$

Substituting that in:

$$\hat{x}_2 = P_2 (P_1^{-1} \hat{x}_1 + H_2^T W_2 \tilde{y}_2)$$

$$\hat{x}_2 = P_2 P_1^{-1} \hat{x}_1 + P_2 H_2^T W_2 \tilde{y}_2$$

↑
inverses are expensive, so use:

$$P_2^{-1} = P_1^{-1} + H_2^T W_2 H_2 \quad \text{from earlier}$$

$$\hat{x}_2 = P_2 \left[P_2^{-1} - H_2^T W_2 H_2 \right] \hat{x}_1 + P_2 H_2^T W_2 \tilde{y}_2$$

$$= \left[I - P_2 H_2^T W_2 H_2 \right] \hat{x}_1 + P_2 H_2^T W_2 \tilde{y}_2$$

$$= \hat{x}_1 - \underline{P_2 H_2^T W_2 H_2} \hat{x}_1 + \underline{P_2 H_2^T W_2} \tilde{y}_2$$

$$= \hat{\underline{x}}_1 + \underbrace{P_2 H_2^T W_2}_{\text{"K"}} \underbrace{[\tilde{y}_2 - H_2 \hat{\underline{x}}_1]}_{\text{"error" between new measurements and expectation based on previous estimate}}$$

previous
"a priori"
estimate
of
 $\hat{\underline{x}}$

"gain"
matrix

"error" between
new measurements
and expectation
based on
previous estimate

Now we can generalize:

Kalman update equations

$$\hat{\underline{x}}_{k+1} = \hat{\underline{x}}_k + K_{k+1} (\tilde{y}_{k+1} - H_{k+1} \hat{\underline{x}}_k)$$

$$K_{k+1} = P_{k+1} H_{k+1}^T W_{k+1}$$

$$P_{k+1}^{-1} = P_k^{-1} + H_{k+1}^T W_{k+1} H_{k+1}$$

$$\underset{H1}{X}^1 = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3 \times 1$$

$$\underset{y}{y}_{k+1} = [\quad] \quad 1 \times 1$$


$$H_{k+1} = [\quad] \quad 1 \times 3$$

$$K_{k+1} = \begin{bmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \end{bmatrix} \quad 3 \times 1$$

$$W_{k+1} = [\quad] \quad 1 \times 1$$

$$P_{k+1} = \begin{bmatrix} \quad \\ \quad \\ \quad \end{bmatrix} \quad 3 \times 3$$

$\text{np. atleast_2d}(x)$



This is a time-varying dynamic system - rearranging yields:

$$\hat{\underline{x}}_{k+1} = \underbrace{\left[I - K_{k+1} H_{k+1} \right]}_{\substack{\text{you can} \\ \text{check stability,} \\ \text{response time,} \\ \text{etc.}}} \hat{\underline{x}}_k + \left[K_{k+1} \right] \tilde{y}_{k+1}$$

This calculation requires an inverse (expensive)

$$P_{k+1} = \left[P_k^{-1} + H_{k+1}^T W_{k+1} H_{k+1} \right]^{-1}$$

But, if the new measurements being added are few compared to the prev. ones

We can write:

$$P_{k+1} = P_k - P_k H_{k+1}^T \left(H_{k+1} P_k H_{k+1}^T + W_{k+1}^{-1} \right)^{-1} H_{k+1} P_k$$

There are other ways to reorganize as well.