## BT2022 | FEB-MAY 2021 | QUIZ I } 20 marks

Consider the given sample data set with sample size = 100 drawn from an arbitrary non-normal population. This is the original sample dataset.

Calculate the Pearson classification factor using skewness and kurtosis (4 marks).

Using the idea of Central Limit Theorem, generate a <u>sub sample</u> dataset of size 100. Here each subsample value is computed by drawing randomly 10 numbers (indices are as given in the appendix file) from the original sample.

Then using this sub sample at alpha = 0.01,

Compute the probable range of the population mean of the original sample (4 + 4 marks).

Compute the probable range of the population variance of the original sample (4 + 4 marks).

Using the Student's Theorem.

Note: all the index counting start from 0 to 99.