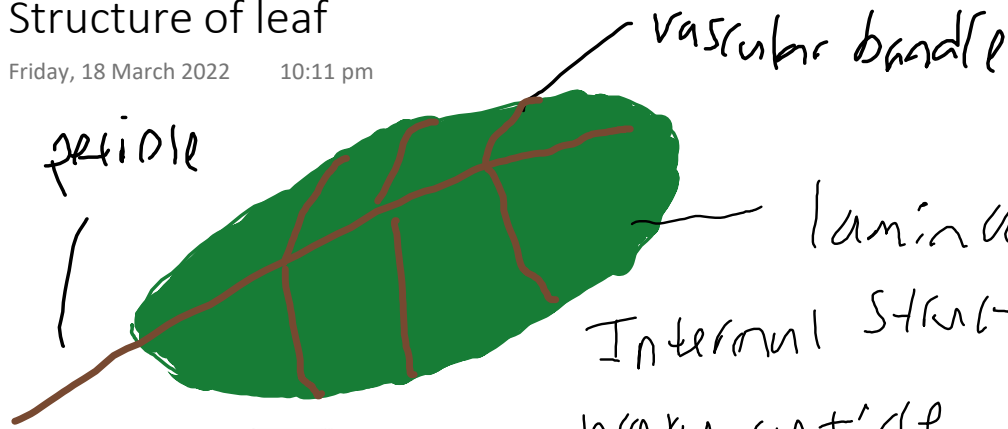


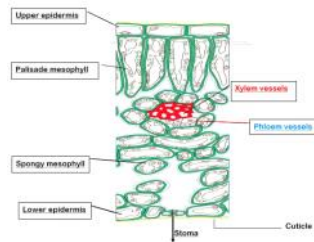
Structure of leaf

Friday, 18 March 2022

10:11 pm



Internal Structure of leaf



- Xylem vessels
 - ↳ transport H_2O and dissolved mineral salts to the rest of the plant

- ✓ Guard cells
 - ↳ control size of stomata

- stomata
 - Allow diffusion of gases between intercellular air spaces and outside the leaf

- ✓ refers to cells that can photosynthesis

- waterproof wax layer
 - ↳ prevent excessive water loss multiple

- epidermis/epidermal cell
 - ↳ protect the cells

- ✓ palisade mesophyll cells
 - ↳ most amount of chloroplasts in leaf
 - ↳ used for photosynthesis

- ✓ spongy mesophyll cells
 - ↳ Irregularly shaped to create intercellular air spaces for efficient diffusion of gases eg: CO_2 and O_2

Photosynthesis

Friday, 18 March 2022

10:50 pm

Equation for photosynthesis

Carbon dioxide + water $\xrightarrow[\text{chlorophyll}]{\text{light energy}}$ glucose + oxygen

Carbon dioxide diffuses through the stomata
↳ during wilting, the stomata reduces in size
hence, lesser photosynthesis

↳ Because there is lesser CO_2 conc in intercellular air spaces than in the atmosphere, CO_2 will diffuse into the spongy mesophyll layer

They contain a thin film of moisture for quick diffusion of gases

Water

H_2O enters the root via osmosis

Xylem will then transport the water and dissolved

mineral salts via transpiration

H_2O finally enters the mesophyll cells via osmosis

After photosynthesis

Saturday, 19 March 2022 12:41 am

Glucose

-used for **immediate** cellular **respiration**

- converted into sucrose to be transported to other parts of the plant in translocation through Phloem
 - excess sucrose converted to starch
- used to form amino acids (glucose and nitrates) which will form **new protoplasm**
- used to form fats for storage

Oxygen

- used immediately for cellular respiration
- diffuse through the stomata

Why is it important to photosynthesis

Photosynthesis produce for consumers

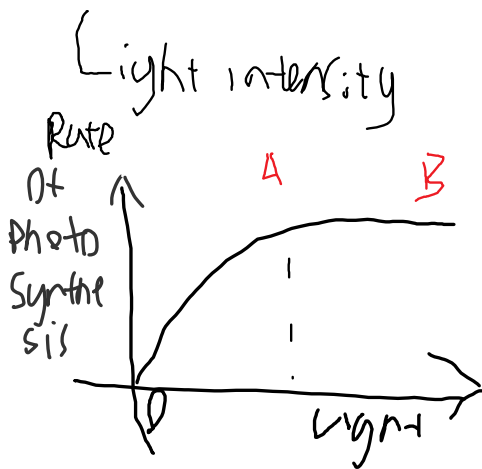
- they are producers in the food chain without them everything will die

- photosynthesis provides oxygen and remove carbon dioxide essential for carbon cycle

Factors affecting photosynthesis

Saturday, 19 March 2022

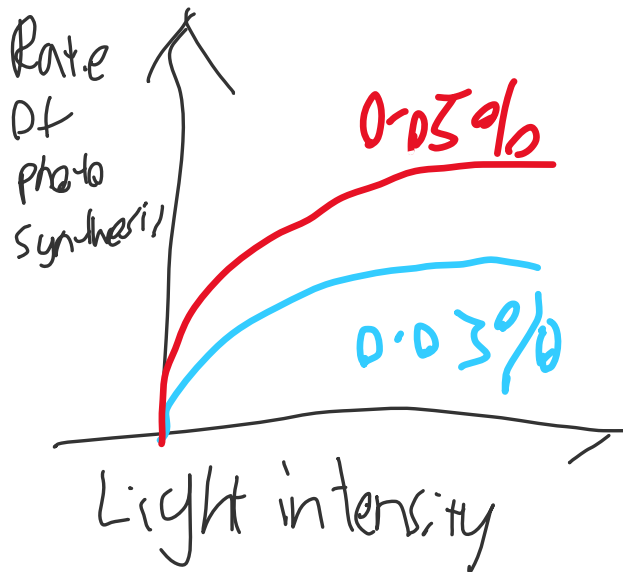
1:26 am



Light energy is one of the conditions required for photosynthesis.

- As light intensity increases, the rate of photosynthesis increases from 0 to A.
- From 0 to A, light intensity is the limiting factor.
- Beyond A, as light intensity increases, the rate of photosynthesis remains constant
- Beyond A, light intensity is no longer the limiting factor.

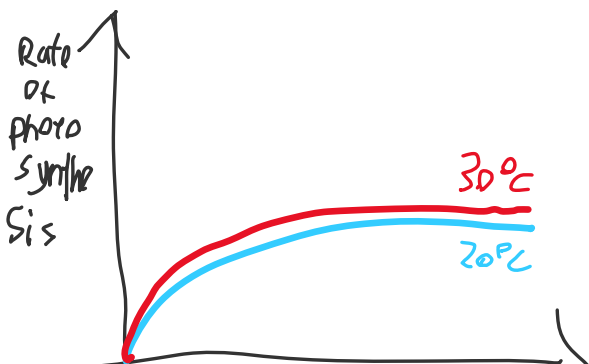
CO₂ concentration



Carbon dioxide is one of the raw materials for photosynthesis.

- When the temperature remains constant and the CO₂ concentration increases to 0.13%, the rate of photosynthesis increases greatly.
- This shows that carbon dioxide is the limiting factor

Temperature



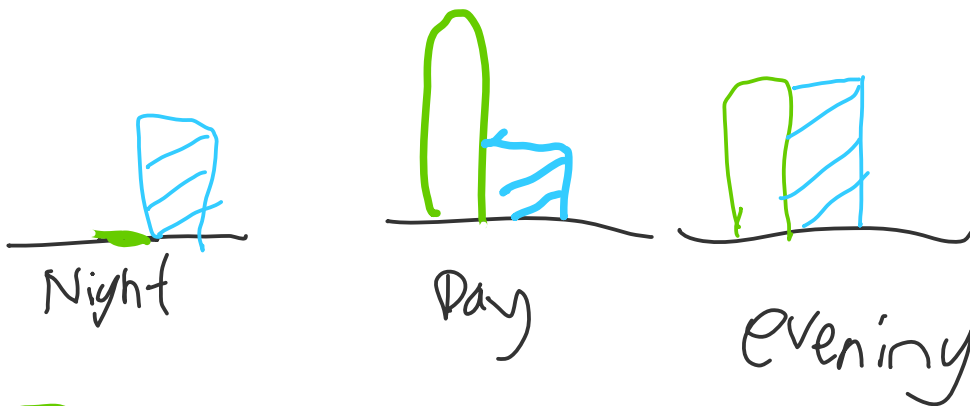
Photosynthesis is an enzyme-controlled reaction.


- From the graph, increasing the temperature from 20°C to 30°C while keeping the CO₂ concentration constant does not bring about a large increase in rate.
- This shows that temperature is not the limiting factor

Compensation point & Experiments

Sunday, 20 March 2022 7:19 pm

Refers to $\text{photosynthesis rate} = \text{rate of respiration}$



 rate of photosynthesis

 rate of respiration

Testing for starch

Firstly put leaf in boiling water to remove waxy cuticle

Then put it in alcohol to remove epidermal cell

Wash leaf in water gently to remove excess alcohol

Then add iodine on the leaf