

# Practice Perform Common Array Operations Using JavaScript Array Methods

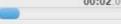


### **Practices**

- Practice 1: Filter premium products
- Practice 2: Apply discount on non-premium products
- Practice 3: Find the inventory of each product
- Practice 4: Implement function chaining





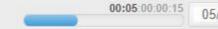


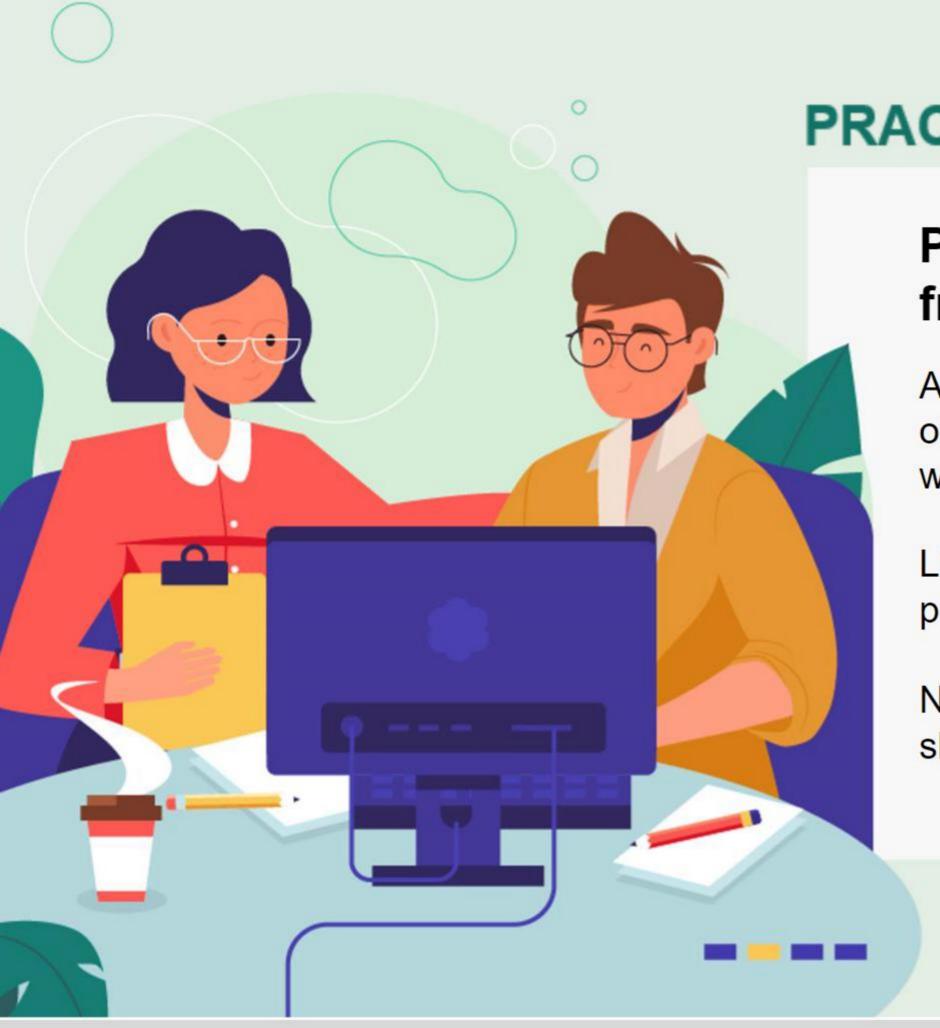
### Reference Data for All Practices

- The following products data can be used as reference while executing all the four practices. The same data is used for automated testing also.
- The products data is initialized as an array of objects where each object with product name and price as its properties in the file `data/products.js`
- The table given below shows the product names and their respective prices.

Product Name	Price (USD)
Gucci Round Bucklet Belt	400
Gucci Round Bucklet Belt	450
Gucci Round Bucklet Belt	300
Gucci Round Bucklet Belt	320
Smiley T-Shirt	350
Smiley T-Shirt	150
Shinie Nail Paint	100
Shinie Nail Paint	250
Esbeda Wallet	250







### PRACTICE

### **Practice 1: Filter the Premium Products** from an Array of Products

At Ricky's fashion store, you can't have discounts on premium products. Premium products are the ones whose price is greater than or equal to \$300.

List the premium products after filtering based on the product price using the array filter method.







- Open the file p1-submission.js inside the folder p1-premium-products.
- Use the Array's filter method to get the array of premium products whose prices are greater than or equal to \$300.





### PRACTICE

### **Practice 2: Apply Discount on Non**premium Products

The owner at Ricky's fashion store wants to give a discount of 10% on non-premium products to increase his sales.

Help him apply a 10% discount on all non-premium products.



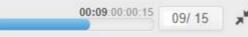




- Open the file p2-submission.js inside the folder p2-discounted-price.
- Use the Array's filter arrow method to get the array of non-premium products whose price is less than \$300.
- Use the Array's map method to apply a 10% discount on non-premium products. It should return the array of non-premium products with the following expected values.

Product Name	Discounted Price
Gucci Round Bucklet Belt	270
Smiley T-Shirt	135
Shinie Nail Paint	90
Shinie Nail Paint	225
Esbeda Wallet	25







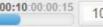
# **Practice 3: Find the Inventory of Each**

The shop owner at Ricky's fashion store wants to know the inventory of each product so that he can order the items which have gone below their reorder level.

Get the inventory of each product using the Array's reduce method.







- Open the file p3-submission.js inside the folder p3-product-stock.
- Use the Array's reduce method to find the count of each product.
- The reduce method should return an array of objects where each object contains productName and stock as its properties with the following expected values.

Product Name	Stock
Gucci Round Bucklet Belt	4
Smiley T-Shirt	2
Shinie Nail Paint	2
Esbeda Wallet	1









### PRACTICE

### **Practice 4: Implement Function Chaining**

Array operations can be chained together if they are performed on the same array object to enhance performance.

Get the inventory of each non-premium product using the JavaScript function chaining strategy.





- Open the file p4-submission.js inside the folder p4-function-chaining.
- Chain Array's filter, map and reduce methods to get the number of each non-premium product whose price is less than \$300.
- The array of product details with product name and stock as its properties returned should correspond to the following expected values.

Product Name	Stock
Gucci Round Bucklet Belt	1
Smiley T-Shirt	1
Shinie Nail Paint	2
Esbeda Wallet	1



