

## Problem D: Snakes and Ladders

Snakes and Ladders is a board game played on a 10 by 10 grid. The squares of the grid are numbered 1 to 100. Each player has a token which is placed on the square numbered 1 at the beginning of the game. Players take turns rolling a die which provides a random number between 1 and 6. After rolling, the player advances his or her token the number of squares shown on the die. If this would put the token past the square numbered 100, the token is advanced to 100. After advancing, if the token is on a square containing the bottom of a ladder, the token must be moved to the square containing the top of the ladder. Similarly, if the token is on a square containing the mouth of a snake, the token must be moved to the square containing the tail of the snake. No square contains more than one endpoint of any snake or ladder. The token numbered 100 does not contain the mouth of a snake or the bottom of a ladder. A player wins when his or her token reached the square numbered 100. At that point, the game ends.

Given the configuration of the snakes and ladders on a game board and a sequence of die rolls, you are to determine the positions of all the tokens on the game board. The sequence of die rolls need not be complete (i.e. it need not lead to any player winning). The sequence of die rolls may also continue after the game is over; in this case, the die rolls after the end of the game should be ignored.

### Input Specification

The first line contains three positive integers: the number  $a$  of players, the number  $b$  of snakes or ladders, and the number  $c$  of die rolls. There will be no more than 1000000 players and no more than 1000000 die rolls. Each of the next  $b$  lines contains two integers specifying a snake or ladder. The first integer indicates the square containing the mouth of the snake or the bottom of the ladder. The second integer indicates the square containing the tail of the snake or the top of the ladder. The following  $c$  lines each contain one integer giving number rolled on the die.

### Sample Input

```
3 1 3
4 20
3
4
5
```

### Output Specification

For each player, output a single line containing a string of the form Position of player  $N$  is  $P$ ., where  $N$  is replaced with the number of the player and  $P$  is replaced with the final position of the player.

## Output for Sample Input

Position of player 1 is 20.  
Position of player 2 is 5.  
Position of player 3 is 6.

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