

# RISE OF THE RED DRAGON

BIA 600  
DATA VISUALIZATION  
AMD V INTEL  
PROF MUELLER

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## OBJECTIVE STATEMENT

Despite the public popularity, AMD is still struggling to capture the market entirely.

AMD produces budget-friendly chips for consumers such as light users, heavy users, gamers, and content creators, yet it cannot match INTEL in terms of net sales and profits. During the year 2016-2018, both INTEL and AMD could surpass their previous numbers significantly. Yet, AMD could not rise to the same level as INTEL because of the public popularity that INTEL gained because of the reliability and performance they offered throughout the years.

AMD spent a lot on their R&D even when they were going through a monetary crisis, and that paid off well when they launched the entire Ryzen lineup. The product of this development was that the chipsets were not lagging in terms of performance, reliability, and affordability. They could even create a niche market for consumers with low spending capacity, thus undercutting INTEL.

We aim to analytically compare these two organizations based on their financials, product performance, and share price values, thus giving the readers an insight as to what happened to INTEL and AMD throughout 2016-2020 and giving them a better understanding of how AMD is rising from its ashes aiming to surpass INTEL.

## DATA SOURCES USED THROUGHOUT THE REPORT

### FINANCIAL DATA:

Financials of intel and AMD were obtained from their official website as listed below:

Intel: [Financial Results:: Intel Corporation \(INTC\)](#)

AMD: [Historical Financials:: Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. \(AMD\)](#)

### SHARE MARKET DATA:

We also have data from the NASDAQ official website of historical share price data for AMD and INTEL.

[Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. Common Stock \(AMD\) Historical Data | Nasdaq](#)

[Intel Corporation Common Stock \(INTC\) Historical Data | Nasdaq](#)

### PRODUCT DATA:

We have also obtained product data of both AMD and INTEL from the following sources:

AMD: [Processor Specifications | AMD](#)

INTEL: [GitHub - toUpperCase78/intel-processors: Datasets for All Manufactured Intel Processors](#)

## OVERVIEW

Any discussion about processors is incomplete without Intel and AMD. These two have been competing for a long time, which drives them to perform better and bring state-of-the-art products for the end-users in this ever-evolving world of innovative technology.

In this project, we have made a toe-to-toe comparison between these two juggernauts in the microprocessor market. We have compared the performance of many of their products and the financial capabilities of these two companies and tried to predict what the near future has in store for them.

We used three leading technologies: Excel, Tableau, and python for Analyzing data. For descriptive analysis of the data, we used Excel and Tableau to understand the market standing and how AMD rose to power. For predictive analysis, we used the Linear Regression algorithm to create a model which can predict data.

In excel, we have generated line graphs and column graphs that show the difference between AMD and INTEL. In Tableau, we have used dashboards to compare the product performance of the two, comparing their prices in the market and direct product to the product comparison.

In addition to that, we have also done a trendline graph in Tableau, taking the average of opening price and closing price and then plotting it and forecasting the same for 2022 Q4.

In python, we took stock market historical data from the year 2016 to today. We created a model using the 'learn library in python to create a Linear regression model to predict future data utilizing the closing price.

## DATASET OVERVIEW

### FINANCIAL DATA:

Using INTEL and AMD's site, we had access to financial datasets for both companies right from 2016. In addition to this, we collected quarterly data. We included data for net income, sales income, gross margin, operating income, and R&D. we collated data from all the years and used that to come to our hypothesis.

Consolidated Statements of Income - USD (\$ shares in Millions, \$ in Millions				
	Dec. 31, 2016	Dec. 26, 2015	Dec. 27, 2014	
Income Statement [Abstract]				
Net revenue	\$ 59,387	\$ 55,355	\$ 55,870	
Cost of sales	23,196	20,676	20,261	
Gross margin	36,191	34,679	35,609	
Research and development	12,740	12,128	11,537	
Marketing, general and administrative	8,397	7,930	8,136	
Restructuring and other charges	1,886	354	295	
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	294	265	294	
Operating expenses	23,317	20,677	20,262	
Operating income	12,874	14,002	15,347	
Gains (losses) on equity investments, net	506	315	411	
Interest and other, net	(444)	(105)	43	
Income before taxes	12,936	14,212	15,801	
Provision for taxes	2,620	2,792	4,097	
Net income	\$ 10,316	\$ 11,420	\$ 11,704	
Basic earnings per share of common stock	\$ 2.18	\$ 2.41	\$ 2.39	
Diluted earnings per share of common stock	\$ 2.12	\$ 2.33	\$ 2.31	
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding:				
Basic (shares)	4,730	4,742	4,901	
Diluted (shares)	4,875	4,894	5,056	

### SHARE MARKET DATA:

In NASDAQ data, we have the columns Date, Close/Last, Volume, Open, High, Low. Close describes the closing price of the stock on the day. High, low, openly express the highest price in the day, the lowest price in the day, and the day's opening price. The below represents how the data looks like:

	Date	Close/Last	Volume	Open	High	Low
0	11/29/2021	\$160.24	88748220	\$159.37	\$161.19	\$158.7901
1	11/26/2021	\$156.81	76959750	\$159.565	\$160.45	\$156.36
2	11/24/2021	\$161.94	69463620	\$160.75	\$162.14	\$159.64
3	11/23/2021	\$161.41	96041900	\$161.12	\$161.8	\$159.0601
4	11/22/2021	\$161.02	117467900	\$161.68	\$165.7	\$161
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1253	12/06/2016	\$27.4875	104642240	\$27.375	\$27.59	\$27.2975
1254	12/05/2016	\$27.2775	136455520	\$27.5	\$27.5075	\$27.0625
1255	12/02/2016	\$27.475	105925280	\$27.2925	\$27.5225	\$27.2125
1256	12/01/2016	\$27.3725	148138080	\$27.5912	\$27.735	\$27.2575
1257	11/30/2016	\$27.63	144605800	\$27.9	\$28.05	\$27.5675

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION DATA:

In this dataset, we have gathered data about product specifications, including the name of the processor, the number of cores, maximum retail price, single-threaded performance (ST score), and multi-threaded performance (MT Score). The number of seats is directly related to the multi-core performance and the price of the product.

1	Model	Family	Line	Platform	Product	Product	Product	Launch	# of	CPU	# of	Thrs	Graphic	Base	Clk	Max	Bo	Total	L1	Total	L2	Total	L3	Unlocked	Process	CPU	So	Socket	PCI	Exp	Thermal	Thermal	Default	1	AMD	Co	Max	Clk	OS	Sug	System	Memory	Graphic
2	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Boxed Process	100-0000	100-100000033wOF			64	128	2.9GHz	Up to 4.4	4096K	32MB	256MB	Yes	TSMC 7 s TRV4	PCIe 4.0	Cooler Not Includ	280W				Yes	TSMC 7 s TRV4	PCIe 4.0	Cooler Not Includ	280W				95°C	Windows 11 - 644	DDR4						4			
3	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ PRO Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Desktop	100-0000	100-100000039wC	7H4202C		64	128	2.7GHz	Up to 4.4	4096K	32MB	256MB	No	TSMC 7 s wRV8	PCIe 4.0		280W				No	TSMC 7 s wRV8	PCIe 4.0		280W				90°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					8				
4	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Boxed Process	YD239X	YD239X/A2AFwC	7H3201B		32	64	3.0GHz	Up to 4.4	3072K	8MB	64MB	Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		250W				Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		250W				68°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					4				
5	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Boxed Process	YD239X	YD239X/A2AFwC	7H3201B		32	64	3.0GHz	Up to 4.4	3072K	8MB	64MB	Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		250W				Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		250W				68°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					4				
6	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ PRO Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Desktop	100-0000	100-100000039wC	7H4202C		32	64	3.0GHz	Up to 4.4	3072K	8MB	64MB	No	TSMC 7 s wRV8	PCIe 4.0		280W				No	TSMC 7 s wRV8	PCIe 4.0		280W				90°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					8				
7	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Boxed Process	YD237X	YD237X/A2AFwC	Oct-18		24	48	3.0GHz	Up to 4.4	2304K	12MB	64MB	Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		250W				Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		250W				68°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					4				
8	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Boxed Process	100-0000	100-100000070wC	1H2920T		24	48	3.6GHz	Up to 4.4	5368K	12MB	128MB	Yes	TSMC 7 s TRV4	PCIe 4.0 Not included		280W				Yes	TSMC 7 s TRV4	PCIe 4.0 Not included		280W				95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					4				
9	on	AMD Ryzen™ 9 3950X	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 9 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	100-0000	100-100000051wOF			16	32	3.5GHz	Up to 4.7	1024K	8MB	64MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	Cooler Not Includ	105W				Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	Cooler Not Includ	105W				95°C	Windows 11 - 644	DDR4					2				
10	on	AMD Ryzen™ 9 5950X	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 9 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	100-0000	100-100000059wC	#####		16	32	3.4GHz	Up to 4.9	936K	8MB	64MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0 Not included		105W				Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0 Not included		105W				90°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
11	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Boxed Process	YD239X	YD239X/A8AEwC	7H3201T		16	32	3.4GHz	Up to 4.4	5368K	8MB	32MB	Yes	14nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		180W				Yes	14nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		180W				68°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					4				
12	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Boxed Process	YD239X	YD239X/A8AFwC	7H3201B		16	32	3.5GHz	Up to 4.4	5368K	8MB	32MB	Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		180W				Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		180W				68°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					4				
13	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ PRO Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Desktop	100-0000	100-100000057wC	7H4202C		16	32	3.9GHz	Up to 4.7	1024K	8MB	64MB	No	TSMC 7 s wRV8	PCIe 4.0		280W				No	TSMC 7 s wRV8	PCIe 4.0		280W				90°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					8				
14	on	AMD Ryzen™ 9 3900	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 9 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	924201E				12	24	3.1GHz	Up to 4.7	768K	8MB	64MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	N/A	N/A	65W			Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	N/A	N/A	65W			95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
15	on	AMD Ryzen™ 9 3900X	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 9 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	100-0000	100-100000027wC	JUL-20		12	24	3.8GHz	Up to 4.7	768K	8MB	64MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	Wraith F	Wraith F	105W			Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	Wraith F	Wraith F	105W			95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
16	on	AMD Ryzen™ 9 3900XT	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 9 Desktop Prc Boxed Processor	100-100000027wC	JUL-20			12	24	3.8GHz	Up to 4.7	768K	8MB	64MB	Yes	TSMC 7mm FinFET	PCIe 4.0 Not included		105W				Yes	TSMC 7mm FinFET	PCIe 4.0 Not included		105W				95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
17	on	AMD Ryzen™ 9 5900	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 9 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	100-000000062				12	24	3.0GHz	Up to 4.7	936K	8MB	64MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0		65W				Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0		65W				95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
18	on	AMD Ryzen™ 9 5900X	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 9 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	100-0000	100-1000000061wC	JUL-20		12	24	3.7GHz	Up to 4.8	936K	8MB	64MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0 Not included		105W				Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0 Not included		105W				95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
19	on	AMD Ryzen™ 9 PRO 3900	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 9 PRO Desktop	100-000000072	9307B			12	24	3.1GHz	Up to 4.7	768K	8MB	64MB	No	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0		65W				No	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0		65W				95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
20	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Boxed Process	YD232X	YD232X/A8AEwC	7H3201T		12	24	3.5GHz	Up to 4.4	1536K	8MB	32MB	Yes	14nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		180W				Yes	14nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		180W				68°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					4				
21	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Boxed Process	YD232X	YD232X/A8AFwC	Oct-18		12	24	3.5GHz	Up to 4.4	1536K	8MB	32MB	Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		180W				Yes	12nm s TR4	PCIe 3.0 Not included		180W				68°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					4				
22	on	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper™	AMD Ryzen™ PRO Processor	AMD Ryzen™ Threadripper Desktop	100-000000068	7H4202C			12	24	4.0GHz	Up to 4.7	768K	8MB	64MB	No	TSMC 7mm FinFET	PCIe 4.0		280W				No	TSMC 7mm FinFET	PCIe 4.0		280W				90°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					8				
23	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 7000	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	YD700E	YD700E	YD700E	#####	8	16	3.0GHz	Up to 3.7	768K	4MB	8MB	Yes	14nm AM4	PCIe 3.0	Wraith 5	Wraith 5	65W			Yes	14nm AM4	PCIe 3.0	Wraith 5	Wraith 5	65W			95°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					2				
24	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 7000X	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	YD700E	YD700E	YD700E	#####	8	16	3.4GHz	Up to 3.7	768K	4MB	8MB	Yes	14nm AM4	PCIe 3.0 Not incl	Wraith 5	95W			Yes	14nm AM4	PCIe 3.0 Not incl	Wraith 5	95W				95°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					2					
25	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 7800X	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	YD780E	YD780E	YD780E	#####	8	16	3.6GHz	Up to 4.7	768K	4MB	8MB	Yes	14nm AM4	PCIe 3.0 Not incl	Wraith 5	95W			Yes	14nm AM4	PCIe 3.0 Not incl	Wraith 5	95W				95°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					2					
26	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 7700	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	YD770E	YD770E	YD770E	#####	8	16	3.3GHz	Up to 4.7	768K	4MB	8MB	Yes	12nm Fin AM4	PCIe 3.0	Wraith 5	Wraith 5	65W			Yes	12nm Fin AM4	PCIe 3.0	Wraith 5	Wraith 5	65W			95°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					2				
27	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 7700E	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	YD770E	YD770E	YD770E	#####	8	16	2.8GHz	Up to 4.7	768K	4MB	8MB	Yes	12nm AM4	PCIe 3.0 Not incl	Wraith 5	45W			Yes	12nm AM4	PCIe 3.0 Not incl	Wraith 5	45W				95°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					2					
28	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 7700X	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	YD770E	YD770E	YD770E	#####	8	16	3.7GHz	Up to 4.7	768K	4MB	8MB	Yes	12nm Fin AM4	PCIe 3.0	Wraith F	Wraith F	105W			Yes	12nm Fin AM4	PCIe 3.0	Wraith F	Wraith F	105W			85°C	Window Up to 28	DDR4					2				
29	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 3700X	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	100-0000	100-1000000000	#####		8	16	3.6GHz	Up to 4.4	512K	4MB	32MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	Wraith F	Wraith F	65W			Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	Wraith F	Wraith F	65W			95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
30	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 3800X	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Desktop Prc Boxed Process	100-0000	100-1000000000	#####		8	16	3.9GHz	Up to 4.4	512K	4MB	32MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	Wraith F	Wraith F	105W			Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0	Wraith F	Wraith F	105W			95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
31	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 3800XT	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Desktop Prc Boxed Processor	100-100000027wC	JUL-20			8	16	3.5GHz	Up to 4.7	936K	4MB	32MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0 Not included		105W				Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 4.0 Not included		105W				95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
32	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 4700G	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 4000 G-Seri Desktop	100-000000046	7H202C			8	16	8.35GHz	Up to 4.4	512K	4MB	8MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 3.0		65W				Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 3.0		65W			45-65W	95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
33	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 4700GE	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 4000 G-Seri Desktop	100-000000049	7H202C			8	16	8.35GHz	Up to 4.4	512K	4MB	8MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 3.0		35W				Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 3.0		35W			45-65W	95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
34	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 4800H	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Mobile Proc Laptop	100-000000039	#####			8	16	7.25GHz	Up to 4.2	408K	4MB	8MB		TSMC 7 FFP6	PCIe 3.0		45W					TSMC 7 FFP6	PCIe 3.0		45W			35-54W	105°C	Windows 11 - 644	DDR4 - Up to 320	1600 MB								
35	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 4800H5	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Mobile Proc Laptop	100-000000039	#####			8	16	7.25GHz	Up to 4.2	408K	4MB	8MB		TSMC 7 FFP6	PCIe 3.0		45W					TSMC 7 FFP6	PCIe 3.0		45W			35-54W	105°C	Windows 11 - 644	DDR4 - Up to 320	1600 MB								
36	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 4800U	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Mobile Proc Laptop	100-000000082	#####			8	16	8.18GHz	Up to 4.2	408K	4MB	8MB		TSMC 7 FFP6	PCIe 3.0		15W					TSMC 7 FFP6	PCIe 3.0		15W			10-25W	105°C	Windows 11 - 644	DDR4 - Up to 320	1750 MB								
37	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 4800U	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 Mobile Proc Laptop	100-000000082	#####			8	16	8.20GHz	Up to 4.4	512K	4MB	8MB	No	TSMC 7 FFP6	PCIe 3.0		15W					TSMC 7 FFP6	PCIe 3.0		15W			10-25W	105°C	Window Up to 42	LPDDR4					2				
38	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 5700G	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 5000 G-Seri Desktop	100-000000020	100-10000004302C			8	16	8.35GHz	Up to 4.6	936K	4MB	8MB	Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 3.0	Wraith Stealth	65W				Yes	TSMC 7 AM4	PCIe 3.0	Wraith Stealth	65W			45-65W	95°C	Window Up to 32	DDR4					2				
39	on	AMD Ryzen™ 7 5700GE	AMD Ryzen™ Processor	AMD Ryzen™ 7 5000 G-Seri Desktop	100-000000020	100-10000004302C			8	16	8.35GHz	Up to 4.6	936K	4MB	8MB																												

## REPORT

After going through the data and analyzing it, we have made some conclusions presented in the section. As per our findings, AMD was incurring heavy losses from 2014 to 2017; to overcome this, AMD spent \$1160 Million on R&D, which took them out of loss and on the road to profit. AMD also had a change in management where Lisa Su came in as CEO, which did wonders for them.

Although it has a considerable market share, INTEL is becoming complacent in its approach and thus vulnerable to AMD'S attack. AMD has become extremely popular due to its low prices, thus undercutting INTEL. They have improved and put out better performance results than intel, visible through their product comparison. AMD'S popularity and people's choice are also evident through their share market standing compared to INTEL. This was visible when we plotted them both on Tableau and used our model on python.

Through forecasting, we were also able to understand that AMD'S share price will keep rising while INTEL's is looking to be stagnant.

Even though the above is true, the financials tell a different story which suggests INTEL is still a giant of the semiconductor world and hold a massive advantage over AMD in monetary terms as they are in a different league altogether with their sales income and net income.

Although there is a reasonable gap between the two, an analysis that stands out is that when we took a ratio and percentage of how much both spend on R&D concerning their net revenue, we realized AMD pays a more significant rate than INTEL does. This is a big reason for the exponential rise of AMD. INTEL tends to spend about a constant amount on R&D.

INTEL has seen a drop in net income from 2019 to 2020, which is unusual but can be explained by the factors stated above. In comparison, AMD has come from a loss of 660 million to a profit of 2490 million in 5 years.

In terms of desktop and mobile processor performance, we can see that the Ryzen series has improved performance in almost all benchmarks. Then the last three years multi-core version has been the best in the segment. Heavy users and content creators who use applications that require high processing power are inclined to buy an AMD processor than an Intel. Consumers who game also prefer to use AMD's lineup. Many blogs and articles have been published stating that AMD has been a better processor overall and winning.

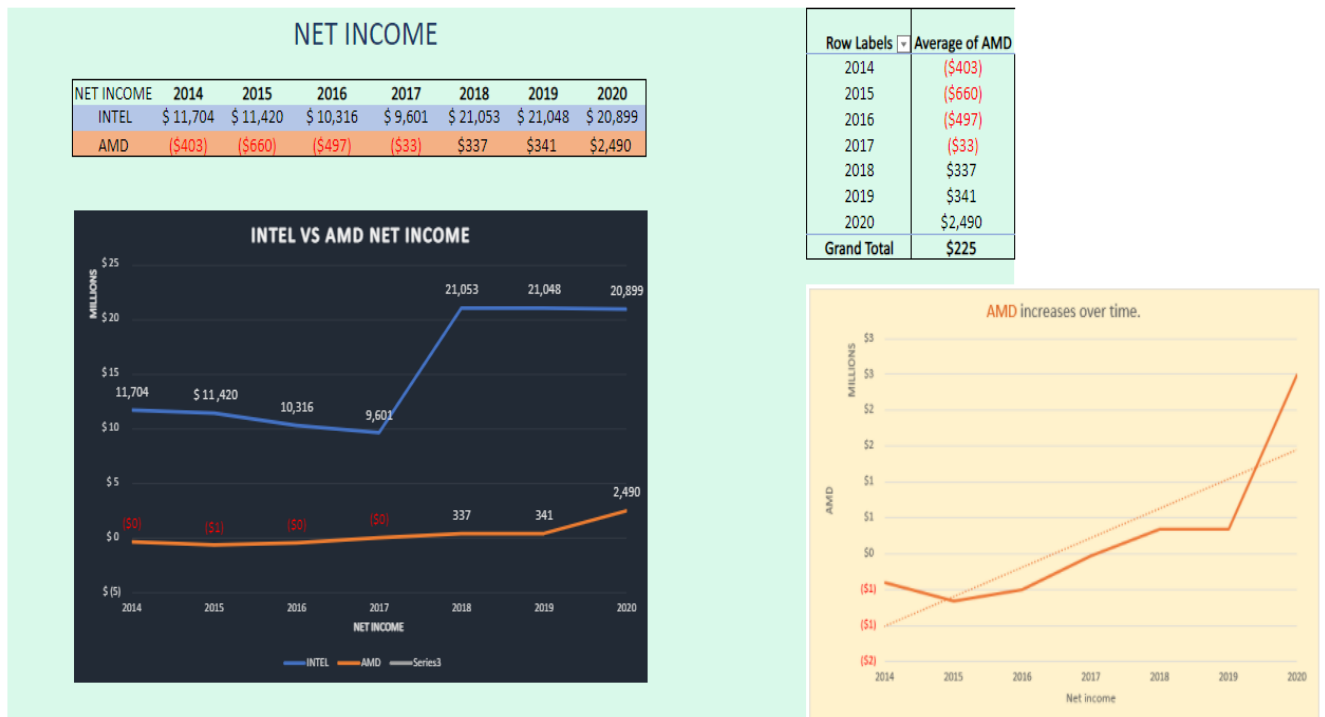
## VISUALIZATION

LINK TO INTEL V AMD VISUALIZATION EXCEL

[https://stevens0-my.sharepoint.com/:x/g/personal/nbhuta\\_stevens\\_edu/Ed25wNpOLnFOksUGCW-3V7YBxBNwm\\_GEbthUJ0nEZY42Q?e=siGeds](https://stevens0-my.sharepoint.com/:x/g/personal/nbhuta_stevens_edu/Ed25wNpOLnFOksUGCW-3V7YBxBNwm_GEbthUJ0nEZY42Q?e=siGeds)

### NET INCOME

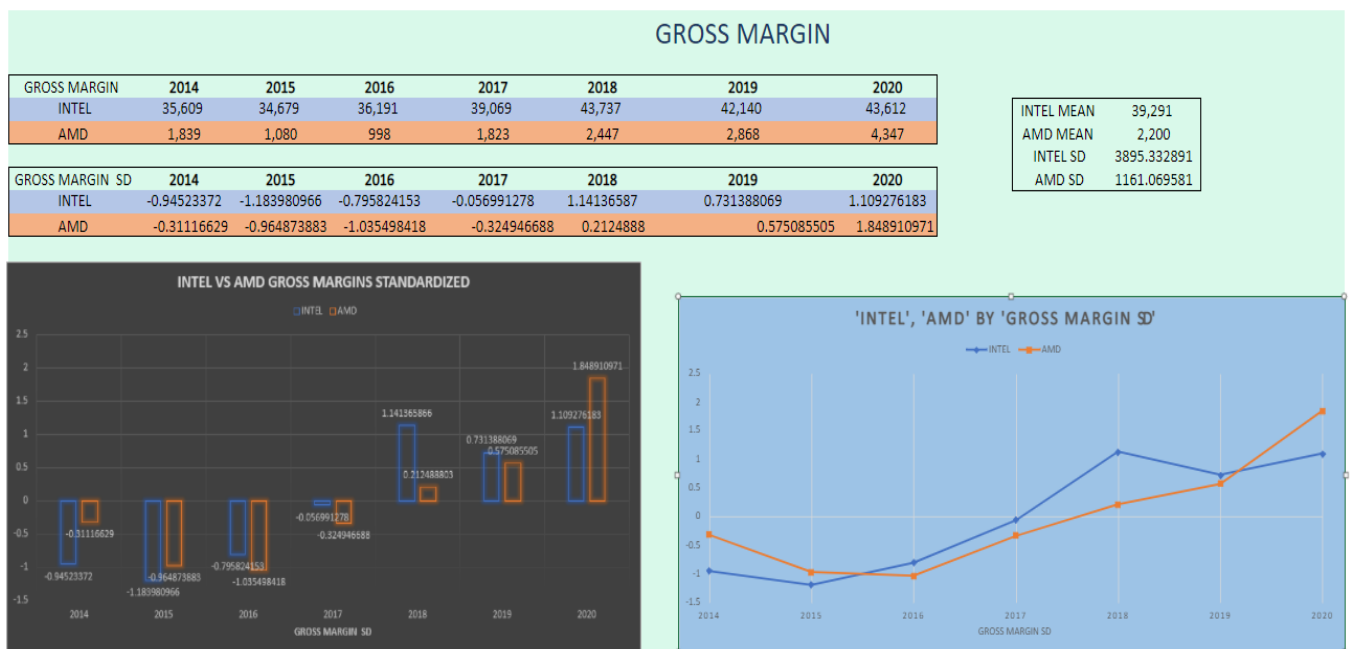
We can see that the net income for INTEL was very high as compared to AMD. Although AMD's revenue is significantly less, they had losses until 2017, and they stand exponential profit. By the year 2020, they had a profit of \$2490 million. In contrast, Intel has seen a dip in net income from 2019 to 2020.





## GROSS MARGIN

We wanted to compare the gross margin on an equal basis, so we used a standardized technique using the mean and standard deviation. Based on this, we can see from the data that intel had been low from the year 2014-2016 but for the next few years they had a nice gross margin until 2020 when AMD had a huge boost. In the year 2017-2018, INTEL's gross margin rocketed.



## OPERATING INCOME

We have used this data from INTEL and AMD to show the difference between their operating income. We can see how INTEL is operating on a larger scale. We can see that even though their operating income has decreased from 2014 – 2016 eventually they had a better operating income from then on. AMD on the other hand had lower operating costs than intel every year but they had very good profits in the year 2020. In the year 2014, they had their lowest and their highest operating income in the year 2020.

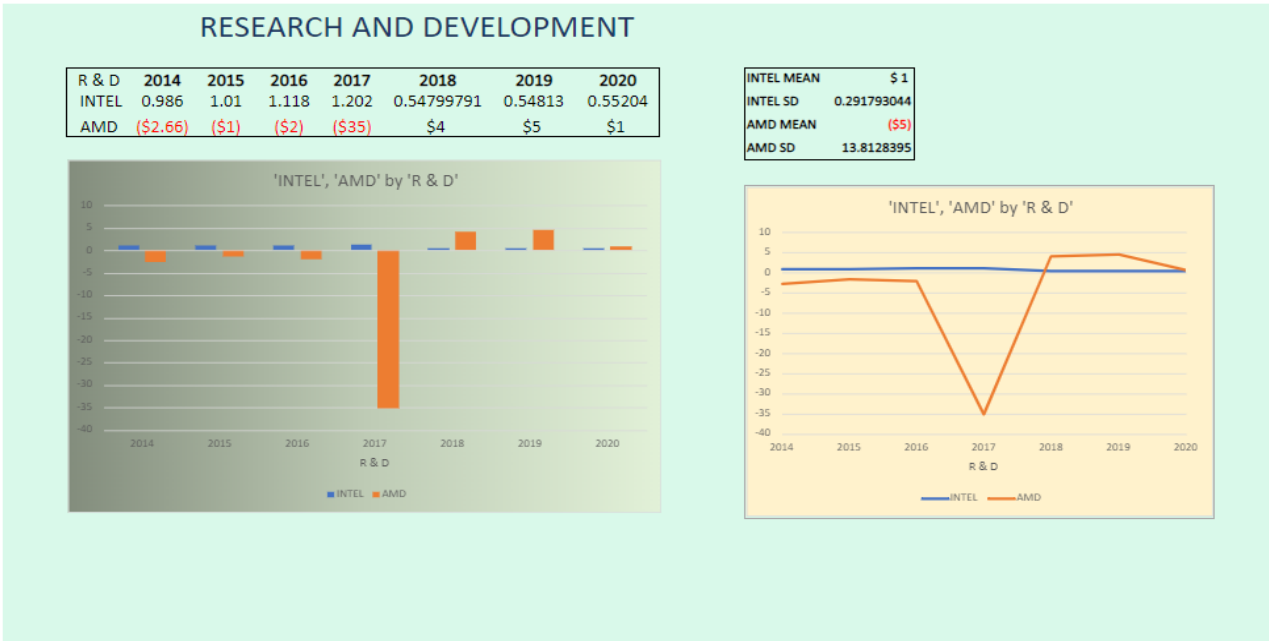
### OPERATING INCOME

OPERATING INCOME	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
INTEL	\$ 15,347	\$ 14,002	\$ 12,874	\$ 17,936	\$ 23,316	\$ 22,035	\$ 23,678
AMD	\$155	\$481	\$372	\$204	\$451	\$631	\$1,369



# RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

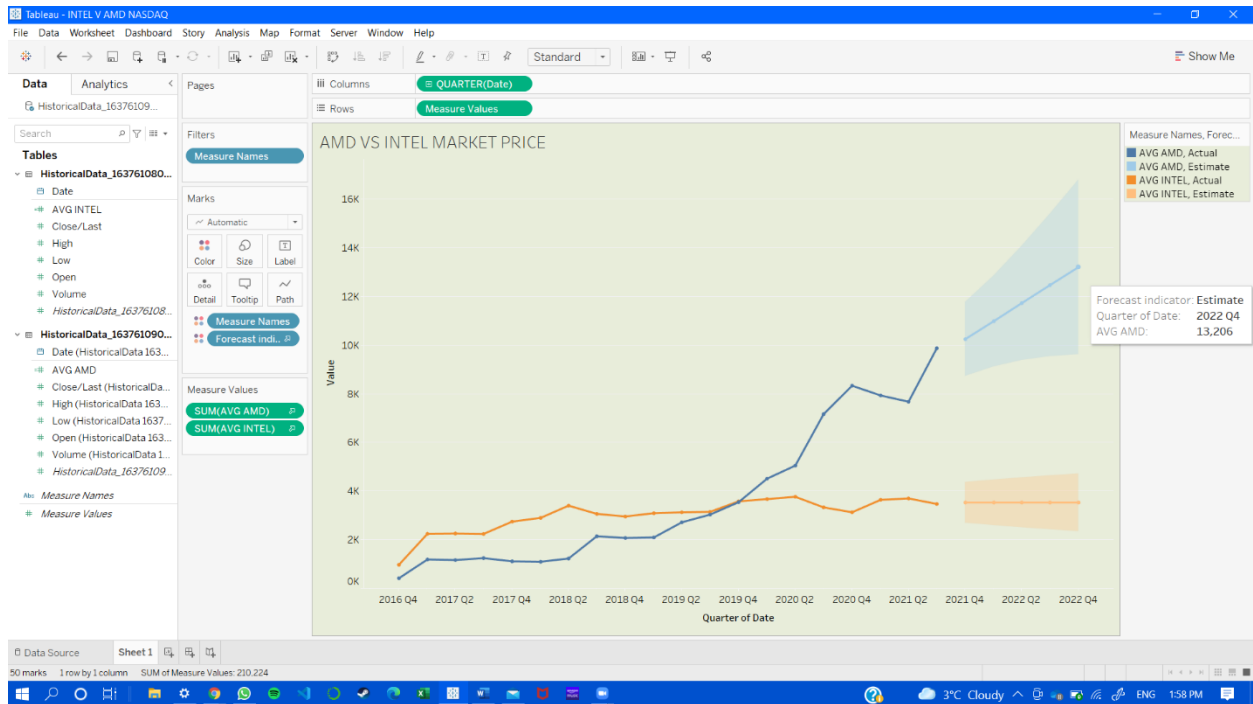
In R&D, we have observed a crucial detail from the Research. Despite huge losses AMD invested in Research of product development. As we can see, in 2017, they had spent a staggering amount of \$1160 million on research even when they had less income. It eventually started having an income of \$2490 million and spent a \$1982 million in the year 2020 of the income on R&D.



## TABLEAU ANALYSIS

### AMD V INTEL NASDAQ SHARE MARKET ANALYSIS AND PREDICTION

We have considered data from NASDAQ for AMD and INTEL from 2016 to 2021. We have created a calculated field in tableau to correctly determine the trajectory of the AMD and INTEL stock. For that, we have taken the average of the day open and closed prices. After plotting the above, we have used forecasting to determine the stock prices calculated field till Q4 of 2022. We can clearly see AMD is going to see tremendous growth.

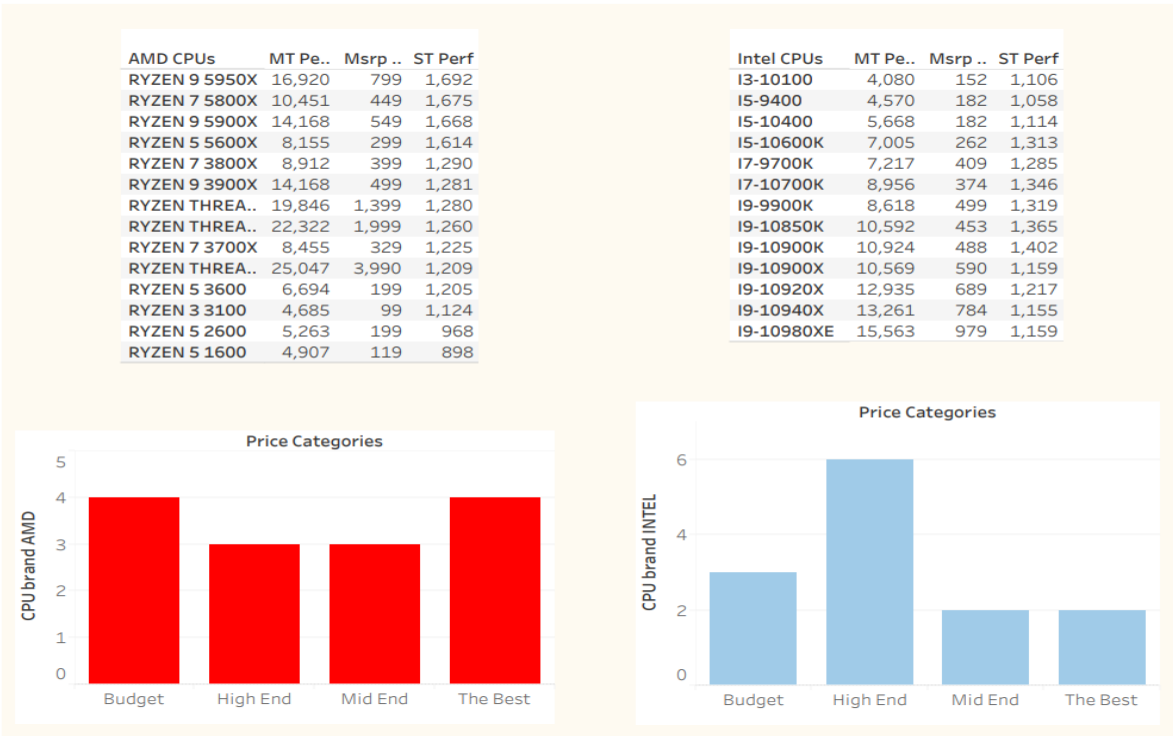


## AMD V INTEL PRODUCT COMPARISON ON TABLEAU

In the Red vs. Blue dashboard below, we have collected the data of AMD and INTEL’s current running CPUs Multi-threading performance and single threading performance of their respective CPUs. As we can see the Ryzen CPUs perform much better than their counterparts and are considerably cheaper as well.

The Bar graph shows the price categories of their CPU's representing their price being its high end, mid-end, the best.

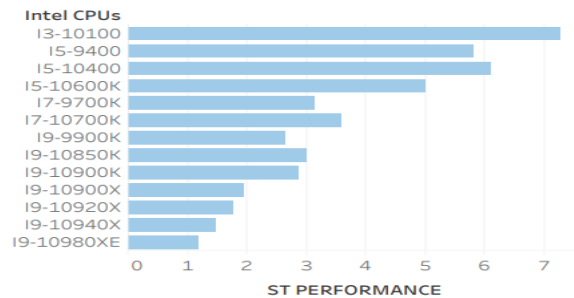
### RED VS BLUE



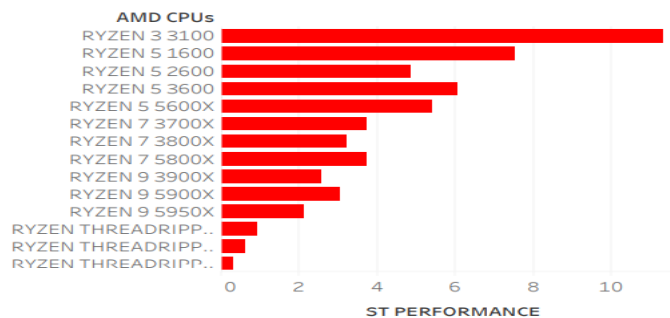
## AMD VS INTEL SINGLE THREADED PERFORMANCE

The above screenshot has both the no. of cores on the left-hand side and the Single thread on the right. The Core table is a table in ascending order. The lowest number of cores a CPU has is 4 in the standard budget model (Intel i3- 10100), and the product with 18 cores (Intel i9-10980xe) is the best model available in the market and is expensive as well. The AMD CPU is also the same as the INTEL model taken in ascending order, four cores being the lowest model available have 4 cores (Ryzen 3 3100) and 64 cores being the highest number of cores a CPU can have in RYZEN (Ryzen Threadripper).

Intel CPUs	
I3-10100	4
I5-9400	6
I5-10400	6
I5-10600K	6
I7-9700K	8
I7-10700K	8
I9-9900K	8
I9-10850K	10
I9-10900K	10
I9-10900X	10
I9-10920X	12
I9-10940X	14
I9-10980XE	18



AMD CPUs	
RYZEN 3 3100	4
RYZEN 5 1600	6
RYZEN 5 2600	6
RYZEN 5 3600	6
RYZEN 5 5600X	6
RYZEN 7 3700X	8
RYZEN 7 3800X	8
RYZEN 7 5800X	8
RYZEN 9 3900X	12
RYZEN 9 5900X	12
RYZEN 9 5950X	16
RYZEN THREA...	24
RYZEN THREA...	32
RYZEN THREA...	64



## PREDICTING STOCK PRICES USING LINEAR REGRESSION IN PYTHON

For prediction, we used Linear Regression in the `learn python` library. This will take data from a similar source to NASDAQ, 'yfinance' (Yahoo Finance), a python library. It gives us stock market data from a specified set of times. We created a function that will learn from the historical closing data and predict the next day's price when we are t the previous day's closing price. It will c create a plot of all the predicted values and actual values. The model can be used to predict the next day's stock market closing price with utmost accuracy. We made use of '**Google Collab**' for this part of our project. We chose the 'yfinance' as we get clean data that can be directly used in prediction.

The first step is to get the data with only the 'Close' data, then we shift the index datasets dataset and get ten different columns for making better training data. When we go, we get null values, and we remove them. After that, we fit the data with a linear regression model from the 'sklearn' library. Now we have a model which can predict the price given a closing price. We provide the entire dataset again to expect this time and plot the predicted values on a graph using the 'pandas' library.

Link to the Google Collab worksheet:

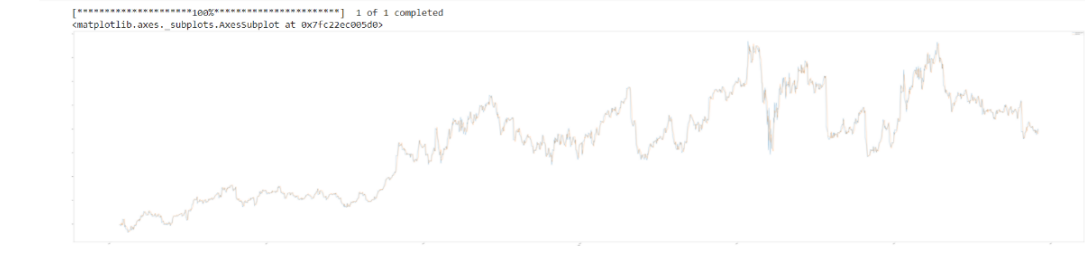
<https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1LLjdyPoWcdij3kp61SJtOVBWu-okPS1R?usp=sharing>

```
collecting yfinance
Downloading yfinance-0.1.67-py2.py3-none-any.whl (25 kB)
Collecting lxml<4.5.1
Downloading lxml-4.6.4-cp37-cp37m-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.manylinux_2_24_x86_64.whl (6.3 MB)
6.3 MB 19.8 MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.15 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from yfinance) (1.19.5)
Requirement already satisfied: multitasking>=0.0.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from yfinance) (0.0.10)
Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.20 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from yfinance) (2.23.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from yfinance) (1.1.5)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance) (2018.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7.3->pandas>=0.24->yfinance) (1.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (3.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.25.0,>=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (1.24.3)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (2.10)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance) (2021.10.8)
Installing collected packages: lxml, yfinance
Attempting uninstall: lxml
Found existing installation: lxml 4.2.6
Uninstalling lxml 4.2.6:
Successfully uninstalled lxml 4.2.6
Successfully installed lxml-4.6.4 yfinance-0.1.67
```

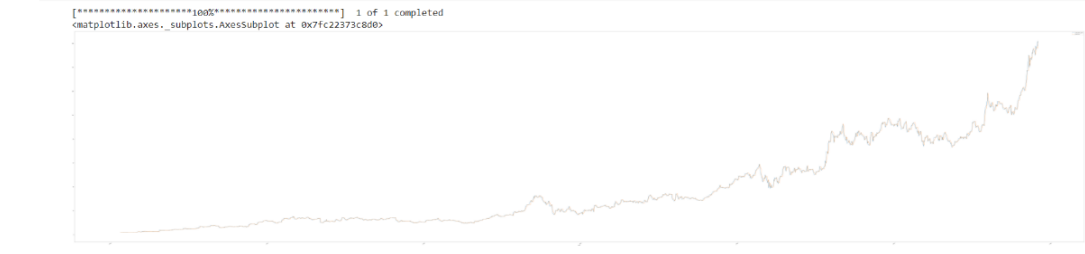
```
[3] import pandas as pd
import yfinance as yf
import datetime
import numpy as np
```

```
[4] def predictions(company):
    dataset=yf.download(company,start='2016-01-07', end='2022-01-07')[['Close']]
    dataset=pd.concat([dataset, dataset.shift(), dataset.shift(2),dataset.shift(3),dataset.shift(4),dataset.shift(5),
                        dataset.shift(6),dataset.shift(7),dataset.shift(8),dataset.shift(9),dataset.shift(10)], axis=1).dropna()
    dataset.columns=list(range(0,11))
    dataset.rename(columns={0:'actual_stock_price'},inplace=True)
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    lr=LinearRegression()
    lr.fit(dataset[list(range(1,11))],dataset['actual_stock_price'])
    dataset['predictions']=lr.predict(dataset[list(range(1,11))])
    plt=dataset[['actual_stock_price','predictions']].plot(figsize=(200,50))
    return(plt)
```

```
[5] predictions('INFC')
```



```
[6] predictions('AMU')
```





## DATA CLEANING

We sourced all our data from Intel's and AMD's official websites, and we carefully studied the data and picked out the relevant information we needed to proceed with this project. Then we got rid of the data which did not apply to this project, such as goodwill, retirement benefit plans, etc., and further divided the remaining data into numerical and non-numerical bits where we got rid of the extra spaces, separated numbers from words, removed unnecessary commas and points. As we proceeded with the project, we also felt the need for the share price of both the companies, so we also included the NASDAQ data. Luckily, that was already formatted according to our needs. We then collated the data and got all the financial sheets for all the years into one so we could use this to plot our analysis.

## Description of the Project

The project deals with how AMD has started to prove its worth as a solid competitor to INTEL in financials and market standing.

**Descriptive analytics** uses data to understand past and current business performance and make informed decisions, the most used and most well-understood type of analytics. The project is more of a descriptive analysis. We are using all the historical data to learn about AMD's performance Research over the years while comparing it with its direct competitor INTEL. We have compared how much each company earned (net income), how much they spent on Research and development, gross margin, operating income. We have also learned about product differences between the two lineups, showing how each company evolved with its technology. For example, AMD produced 12nm chips (AMD Ryzen 7 3700U) while INTEL has made 14nm chips (Intel Core i7-10510U).

**Predictive analytics** seeks to predict the future by examining historical data, detecting patterns or relationships in these data, and then extrapolating these relationships forward in time. The project also deals with predictive analytics. We used Linear Regression, a popular machine learning technique, to generate a model that will predict future stock market closing prices when we give it an input closing price. We have also used Tableau in which we have predicted stock market price up until 2022 Q4.

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