## Each of the campers walks at a different speed. One can cross the bridge in 1 minute, another in 2 minutes, the third in 5 minutes, and the slowest camper takes 10 minutes to cross. How can the campers make it across in exactly 17 minutes?

1, 2, 5, 10

5, 10 ←------------------------------------------> 1, 2

1, 5, 10 ←---------------------------------------> 2 +3

1 ←---------------------------------------------->5, 10, 2 +10

1, 2 ←----------------------------------------------> +2

XX ←------------------------------------------------> 1, 2 +2

==17 minutes

**8 balls 1 lighter**

Divide in 3 groups of 3, 2, 2 and compare 2 and 2 then follow

**Pirates**

Give 1 to each of others to get majority

**100 doors problem**

Gates will get opened when a number has odd number of factors possible only in the case of perfect squares for 1-100 there are 10 perfect sqrs.

so it = sqrt( No. of doors )

**25 horses 5 tracks and find 3**

5 races to get the 5 max in a group, 1 more race to sort those first in the grps...retain the first and race 5 others : 2, 3, 6, 7, 11 and find the top 2 to get top 3 horses

**Boris/Natasha Mailing puzzle:**

**Faulty postal service puzzle : boris has to send ring to natasha but both have their own padlocks and the key . How he can send the same**

Soln : Boris puts the ring in box locks with his padlock keeping the key and tell the same to natasha over the phone then natasha gets the box and again locks the same and sends back. This time boris removes the lock of natasha and return which natasha can open with her key.

**3 daughters puzzle:**

Given the multiplied result of daughter’s ages find their ages given some other clue as well. Find out the combinations. The max repeated combination has high probability. use that too choose 1 among 2

**Balance Puzzle**

No. of weights require to weigh 1-40. get the 3 squared powers 1, 3, 9, 27

**Black and White Hat**

W || X Y Z if both Y and Z have diff. colors then X will be silent and Y will deduce his hat to get himself and all other prisoners free.

**2 eggs 100 floors**

x + (x-1) + (x-2) + (x-3) + ... + 1

(x+1)/2 = 100

14

**Reverse the words in string**

I am good

good am I

Solution : Reverse the whole string and then reverse each word

**Dave winer is stuck on a deserted island, with lots of trees, which is very thin and ten miles long (east to west). large cliffs surround the entire island and if he jumped off, he wouldn’t survive the fall. a fire starts burning at the west side of the island. unfortunately this island always has a west to east blowing wind blowing at 2 mph and this moves the fire slowly toward dave at 1mph. (so he only has ten hours left)**

Dave pick a branch from east side light it up from west side and burns the tree 1 mile from east direction that will leave 1 mile vegetation consumed so he can change the direction now

FFFTTTTTTTTTD

FFFFTTTTDFFFF

FFFFFFFTD\_\_\_\_

**62 board puzzle**

all will be filled in white-black fashion except the 2 black that are on either side of chess board

**A one armed surgeon with a hand wound needs to operate on three patients. the surgeon only has two gloves.**

Reverse the glove after operating on 2 patients

**There are three ants on a triangle, one at each corner. at a given moment in time, they all set off for a different corner at random. what is the probability that they don’t collide?**

Total movements 2^3 = 8, no collision only when anti or clockwise = 2/8 = .25

**Paint a cube**   
6!/(6\*4) = 30, where we can select 1 color pointing northwards then the south one is fixed we can choose 4 colors for sideways, giving total combination of 24 colors

### Boys and Girls

In a country in which people only want boys, every family continues to have children until they have a boy. if they have a girl, they have another child. if they have a boy, they stop. what is the proportion of boys to girls in the country?

It will be 1:1

N = N/2 boys + N/2 girls of which N/2 ones again try to get boys then they get girl again

so it will be 1:1

**0s in 100!**

10 + 10 + 1 + 3 = 24

**3 doors and heaven**

X = 1/3 \* 0 + 1/3 \* (1 + X) + 1/3 \* (2 + X)

= 0 + 1/3 + X/3 + 2/3 + X/3

= 1 + 2X/3

//integer palindrome

n = num;  
 rev = 0;  
 while (num > 0)  
 {No  
 dig = num % 10;  
 rev = rev \* 10 + dig;  
 num = num / 10;  
 }

//integer to binary

int i = 32, n;

while(i>=0)

if((i&n) == 0)

print “0”;

else

print “1”;

i = i>>1;

Car Crossing :

Probability of Car crossing a junction in 20 mins is 609/625. what is it 5 mins

now here take the contradiction… car not visible in 5 mins so we get

1-(1-609/625)^¼ = ⅗

**cube puzzle :**

Number of different cubes with color painted;

Actual comb : 6!

now to find the number of cubes with same alignment take one side of the

you have 6 options now you can rotate the cube around this side so you have 4 options for the same.

Ans is 6!/6\*4 = 30

Two calendar cubes which digits to put so that you can show all months and date

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 && 0, 1, 2, 6, 7, 8

you can get 9 by inverting 6

When I had two coins H and T.. if I say that I have 1 H whats the probability of getting H

that is 33% ignore TT we have HH, HT, TH

Three coworkers would like to know their average salary. how can they do it, without disclosing their own salaries?

Every person will add a random number and add his own salary and pass it own. AS+AR, BS+BR and CS+CR in similar way when C receives it he subtracts his random then A subtracts his random and then B. atlast C has sum of all .. he divide it by 3 and get the average.

Gold bar puzzle

You have a guy employing whom you have to get some work done. You have a gold bar that can be cut into 7 pieces. How many cuts you have to make to the bar such that you have to give 1/7th of [gold@EOD](mailto:gold@EOD)

Solution : just 2 cuts required

\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

just 2 cuts : | \_\_\_| |\_\_\_|\_\_\_| |\_\_\_\_|\_\_\_\_|\_\_\_|\_\_\_|

Day1 – give 1

Day2 - take back 1, give 2

Day3 – give1

Day4 - take back 1 and 2 give 4

Day5 – give1

Day6 – take back 1 give2

Day7 – give 1

You have two types of pills, A & B. You need to take one of each pill in the morning, and you can't take extras because it will make you sick. One morning you open the A pills up and drop one in your hand. Then you open up the B pills and by mistake drop two in your hand. The problem is the pills look exactly the same and they got mixed up in your hand. The question is, how do you make sure that you take one A pill and one B pill without wasting any pills?

Take (1) Pill A from the bottle and add it to the 3 unknown pills. You now have (2) Pill A and (2) Pill B in your pile.

- Take each of the 4 pills and cut them in half.

- For each pill, put one of the halves in a pile on the right and one of the halves in a pile on the left.

- Each pile now contains 2 halves of Pill A and 2 halves of Pill B, which is the same as (1) Pill A and (1) Pill B in each pile.

Josephus Problem:

Consider this Eg : n=5 and k=2.

Start from the 1st person (Let a=1). You need to kill Kth person from 'a'. Since 'a' himself is the 1st person you need to kill a+(k-1)th person. ( see line 14 of my iterative code)

Now the next starting position is the person next to this dead fellow. ie. next starting position is (a+k-1) + 1.

But if dead fellow is 5, the next starting pos is 6, which is out of range for n=5. So we take (a+k-1) % (no. of remaining/alive people) + 1.

Hence for the iterative method a=(a+k-1)%i+1 , where 'i' represents the no. of alive people .

So basically, a+k-1 => says who will be killed.

(a+k-1)%i+1 => who will be the next person to start from.

In the final iteration that next person is obviously the winner :)

This can recurse as return (f(n,k-1)+k-1)%n+1 where f(1,k) = 1.

And (f(n,k-1)+k)%n works if f(1,k) = 0.

int josephusIteration(int n,int k) {

int a=1;

for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) {

a=(a+k-1)%i+1;

}

return a;

}

10 trees,4 lines puzzle - put it in star with trees at intersecting point and at main points

Each house connected to all wells

three houses on top and 3 wells at bottom

Create a pipeline that passes through all houses takes a turn and then connects all wells

A man works on the 10th floor and always takes the elevator down to ground level at the end of the day.  
  
Yet every morning, he only takes the elevator to the 7th floor and then walks up the stairs to the 10th floor, even when in a hurry.  
  
But he will go all the way to the 10th floor when others are in the elevator with him or on a rainy day.

Solution : He is a dwarf man

Josephus problem :

100 people standing in a circle, first kills second, second kills 3rd and so on who will survive

Solution : find the nearest power of 2 < number of people in circle and subtract that from number of people let x be that number then 2 \* x + 1 is the requisite position.

**Detailed Solution** : If 2^n numbers of people are in circle, then whoever has the sword will survives at the last (because each time half of people remains which is even no {2^n-1} so each time same person gets the sword)

Ex. if there are 128 person in circle and No 3 person starts killing process then No. 3 will survive at the last.

In the given question total person are not equal to 2^n, then find the nearest 2^n which is less than total person (eg. for total 100 people, nearest 2^n no is 64 which is less than 100)

In the first round of killing process, when the number of people remains 64 at this moment who has the sword will survive at last.

Now needs to find who has the sword when the 64 person are in circle.

At this time total 36 people has been killed (100-64).

If 1 has sword at beginning then 1 kills 2, 3 kills 4, and 71 kills 36th person who is 72 and gives the sword to 73. Now 73 has sword and 64 people in circle so 73 will survive at the last.

Planes around the world puzzle

Qn. You intend to fly non-stop around the world.

But you can only go halfway around the world on a full tank.

However you can arrange many planes exactly like yours to assist with refueling.

Assuming refueling can be done midair, ignoring refueling and turning time, and without crashing any plane, what is the minimum number of planes you will need?

Solution : 3 planes are required

Explanation : All 3 planes start off with full fuel tank. When all reaches 1/8th first one refuels the other 2 and returns. When they have reaches 1/4th of the distance both the 2 planes will have 75% fuel. Here second plane refuels the first one and returns home safely. The first plane can reach 3/4th of the distance meanwhile another plane starts and meet that plane and fuels second one to 1/4th so they reaches 7/8th of the distance in that time third plane arrives and takes all of them safely @home.

# You have 10 jars containing 100 marbles each. One jar

*has marbles weighing 1.1 grams. The other jars have marbles weighing 1.0 grams. The marbles all look alike. What is the minimum number of weighs on a scale to find out which jar has the heavy marbles*

Answer = 1 weigh. You line up the jars in order and take 1 marble from the first jar, 2 marbles from the second jar...and 10 marbles from the 10th jar. What ever decimal the scale reads, that tells you which jar has the 1.1 gram marbles. So if it's 0.5, then it's the 5th jar.

Mr A and B are playing cards, suddently there was an electric cur. In the dark Mr A inverted 15 cards and shuffled the lot and gave the stack to Mr. B and asked him to divide such that nunber of inverted cards on both sides are equal. What Mr. B should have done ?

Solution : He inverted 15 cards and then mixed with other 37 and distributed them equally

There are twenty coins sitting on the table, ten are currently heads and tens are currently tails. You are sitting at the table with a blindfold and gloves on. You are able to feel where the coins are, but are unable to see or feel if they heads or tails. You must create two sets of coins. Each set must have the same number of heads and tails as the other group. You can only move or flip the coins, you are unable to determine their current state.

Solution : Divide the coins in 2 sets. Invert the coin in 1 set and leave 2nd set as such ,now both will contain equal number of heads and tails

Red and Blue hats puzzle, 100 people standing in line are wearing either a red ha or a blue hat. How one should be able to get the color of his/her own hat if person standing just behind that guy tell him total either number of red and blue hats is odd/even.

Prove that a number between 2 primes is always divisible by 6

all prime numbers are of the form 6x+1 or 6x-1   
so to be twin primes they should be 6x-1 and 6x+1 for some x   
so the number netween them is 6x which is divided by 6

Imagine an analog clock set to 12 o’clock. Note that the hour and minute hands overlap. How many times each day do both the hour and minute hands overlap? How would you determine the exact times of the day that this occurs?

A: The answer is 23.

Common sense first: When a minute hand move around the circle for one lap, it definitely will met once with the hour hand. That means for each hour there will be once and only once overlap for each hour. And also we start from 12 p’clock. So there will be total 23 overlaps in one day.

Calculation: Assume the overlapped hour is h and minute is m. Using geometry, when overlapping, the degree of hour hand and minute hand to 12 o’clock marker will be the same. So

(h+ m/60)=m/5=> h=11x/60.Here 0 =<h<23

Suppose you had 8 billiard balls, and one of them was slightly heavier, but the only way to tell was by putting it on a scale against another. What’s the fewest number of times you’d have to use the scale to find the heavier ball?

**A: Twice.**

**First, put three on one side and another three on the other side. If they weigh the same, then the heavier one in the remaining two balls next can find the heavier one in one more measurement.**

**Second, if the two sides don’t weigh the same, then the heavier on e is in the heavier side. So choose any two of the three balls and put them on the scale. It can be found which one is heavier right now.**

Three Prsoners Puzzle : 4 prisoners are standing in one line A..B..C on 1 side and D on the other side. Any of them should squeam out his color of hat find out who will.

**EXPLANATION**: If prisoners B and C had the same color hat on, prisoner A would have know immediately that his hat was the other color (there are only two hats of each color). Since prisoner A was silent, prisoners B and C must have different colored hats. Prisoner B realized this and knew that his hat was not the same color as prisoner C, therefore his hat must be black!

This is a famous puzzle based on the show "Let's make a deal".

The host, Monty Hall, offers you a choice of three doors. Behind one is a sports car, but behind the other two are goats.

After you have chosen one door, he reveals one of the other two doors behind which is a goat (he wouldn't reveal a car).

Now he gives you the chance to switch to the other unrevealed door or stay at your initial choice. You will then get what is behind that door.

You cannot hear the goats from behind the doors, or in any way know which door has the prize.

Should you stay, or switch, or doesn't it matter?

Your first choice has a 1/3 chance of having the car, and that does not change.

The other two doors HAD a combined chance of 2/3, but now a Goat has been revealed behind one, all the 2/3 chance is with the other door.

You better switch!

(Unless you really want a goat)

Puzzle to place seven match sticks in order that each match stick crosses the other 6

Make 1000 using 8 8's

There are 2 solutions :

> 888 + 88 + 8 + 8 + 8 and

> ( 8888-888 ) / 8