

Practical – 3

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Question:-

Consider the following datasets from the R library and write R code to decompose the time-series data into its trend, seasonal, and residual components. Furthermore, identify the dominating component(s) in the dataset:

(a) Nottem data

(b) AirPassengers data

Title:

Decomposition of Time Series Data using R

Objective:

To decompose the given time series datasets into trend, seasonal, and residual components and identify the dominating component(s).

Dataset: Nottem

R Code:-

(A):

```
rm(list = ls())  
library(stats)  
data(nottem)  
nottem_ts <- ts(nottem, start = c(1920, 1), frequency = 12)  
  
plot(nottem_ts,  
     main = "Nottem Monthly Temperature Data",  
     xlab = "Year",
```

```
ylab = "Temperature")

nottem_decomp <- decompose(nottem_ts)

plot(nottem_decomp)

nottem_decomp
```

(B):

```
rm(list = ls())

library(stats)

data(AirPassengers)

air_ts <- ts(AirPassengers, start = c(1949, 1), frequency = 12)

plot(air_ts,

     main = "AirPassengers Time Series",

     xlab = "Year",

     ylab = "Number of Passengers")

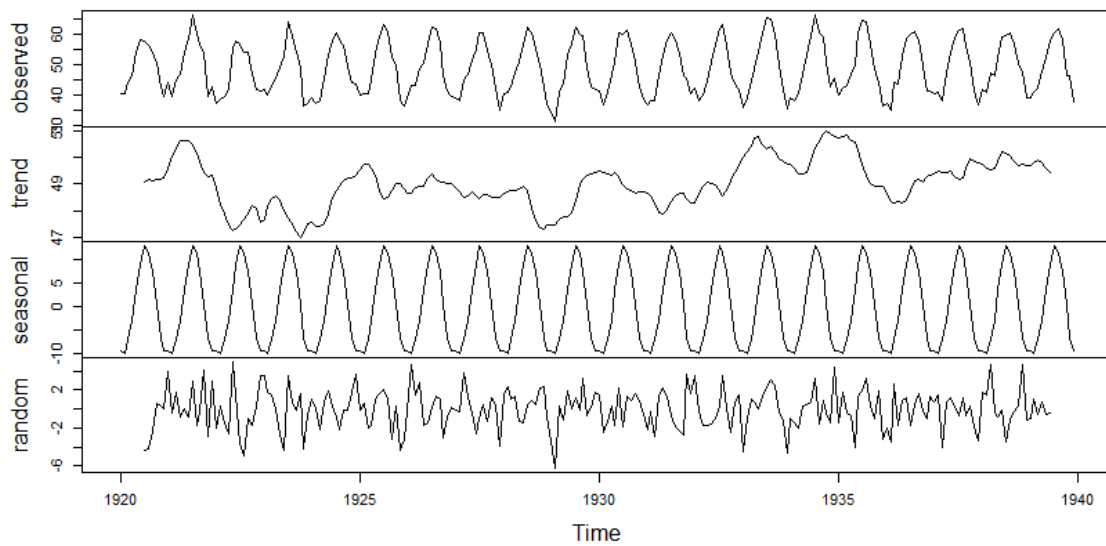
air_decomp <- decompose(air_ts)

plot(air_decomp)

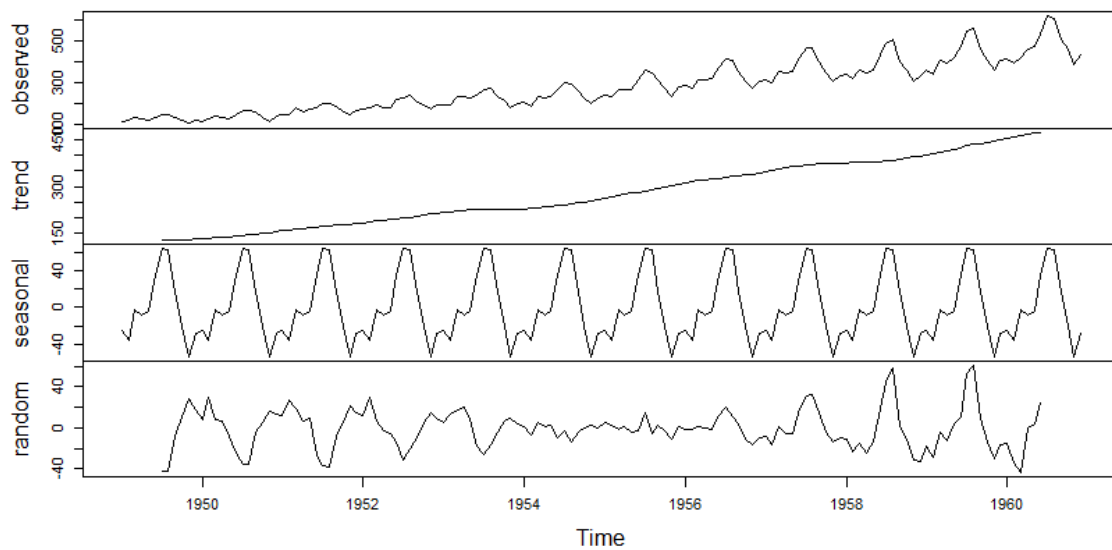
air_decomp
```

Output:-

Decomposition of additive time series



Decomposition of additive time series



Conclusion:

The Notten dataset shows a strong seasonal component with minor trend and random variations. Seasonality is the dominating component.