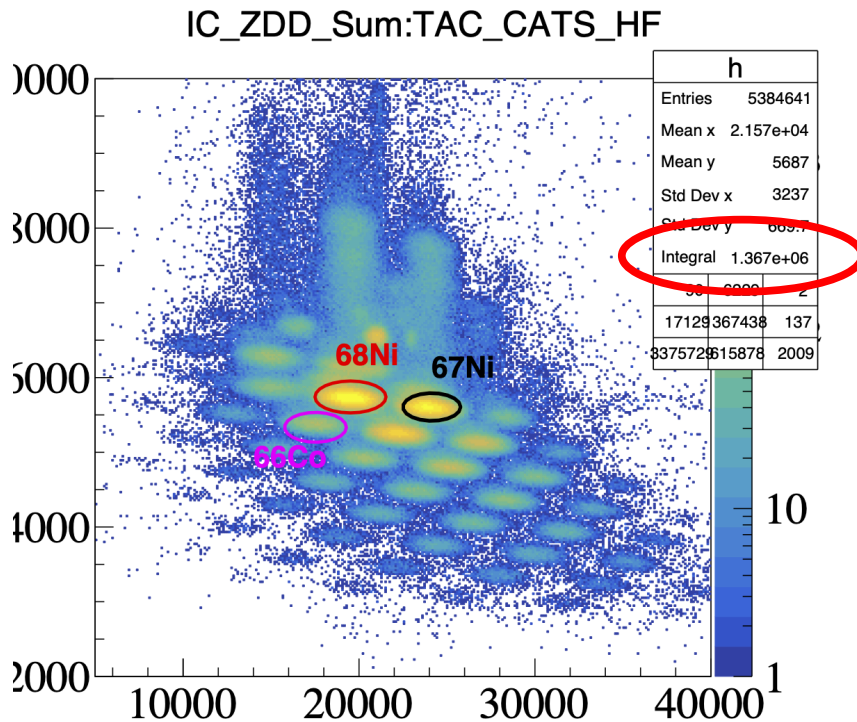
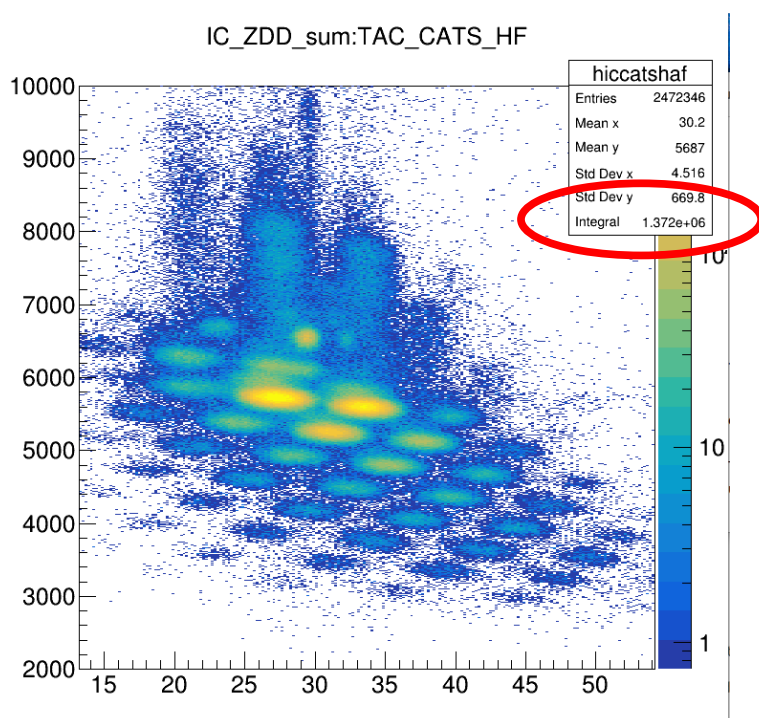


The PID plot in the ELOG is:



Now, we have 3 runs with cocktail beams, (#501-503) but we can't add them up to draw this because the Brho values were changed in between the runs according the logbook. A changed Brho value would mean that even for a particular isotope, we allowed a different section of the momentum that was passing through. Thus it will change the energy of the ion and so the blob will be shifted causing a cost in resolution.

So I draw run #503 with the same TAC (just to confirm statistics):

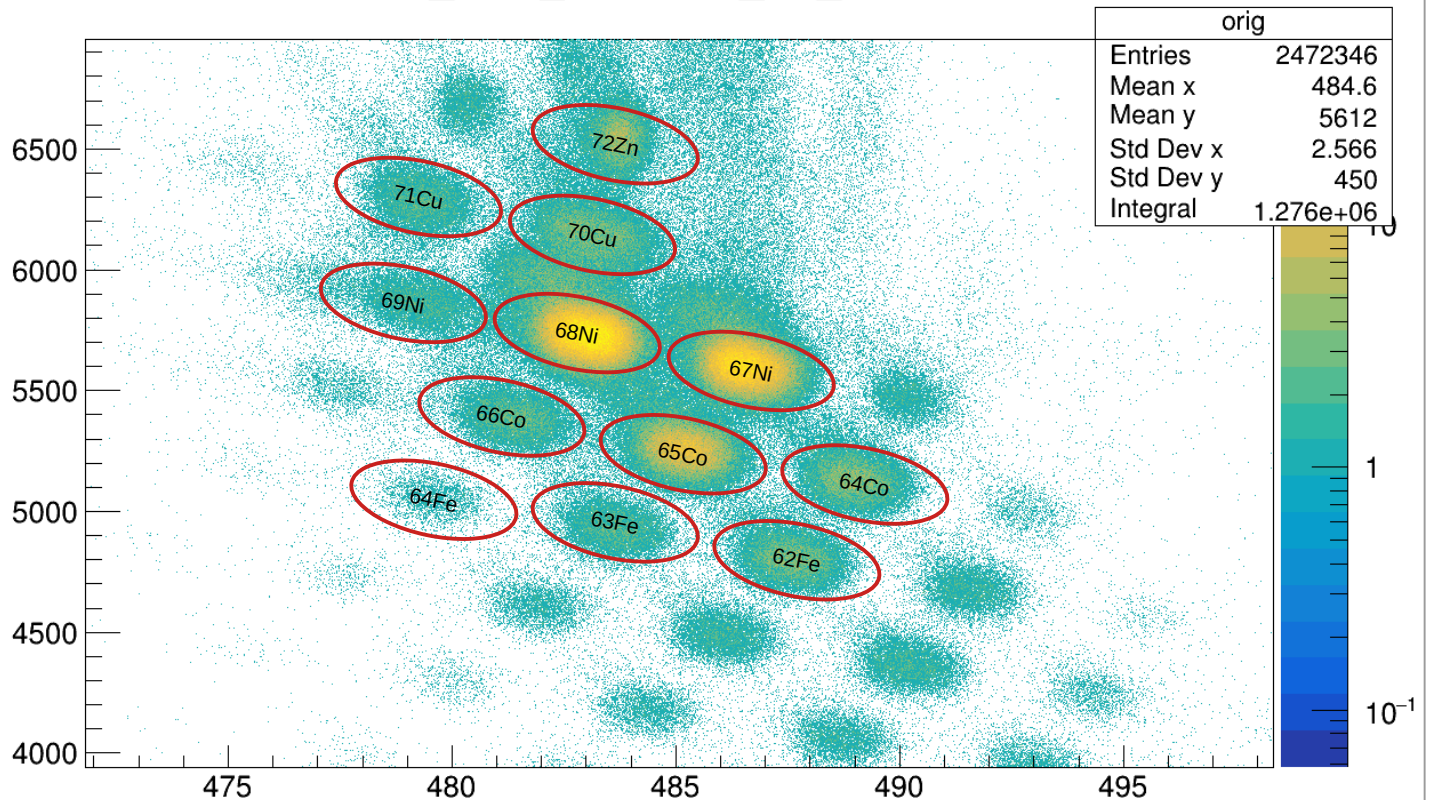


Same number...

Now, I draw the PID in CHIOs with TAC_D4_CATS to see the resolution. The blobs are identified with LISE++ (most of them which I was able to reproduce).

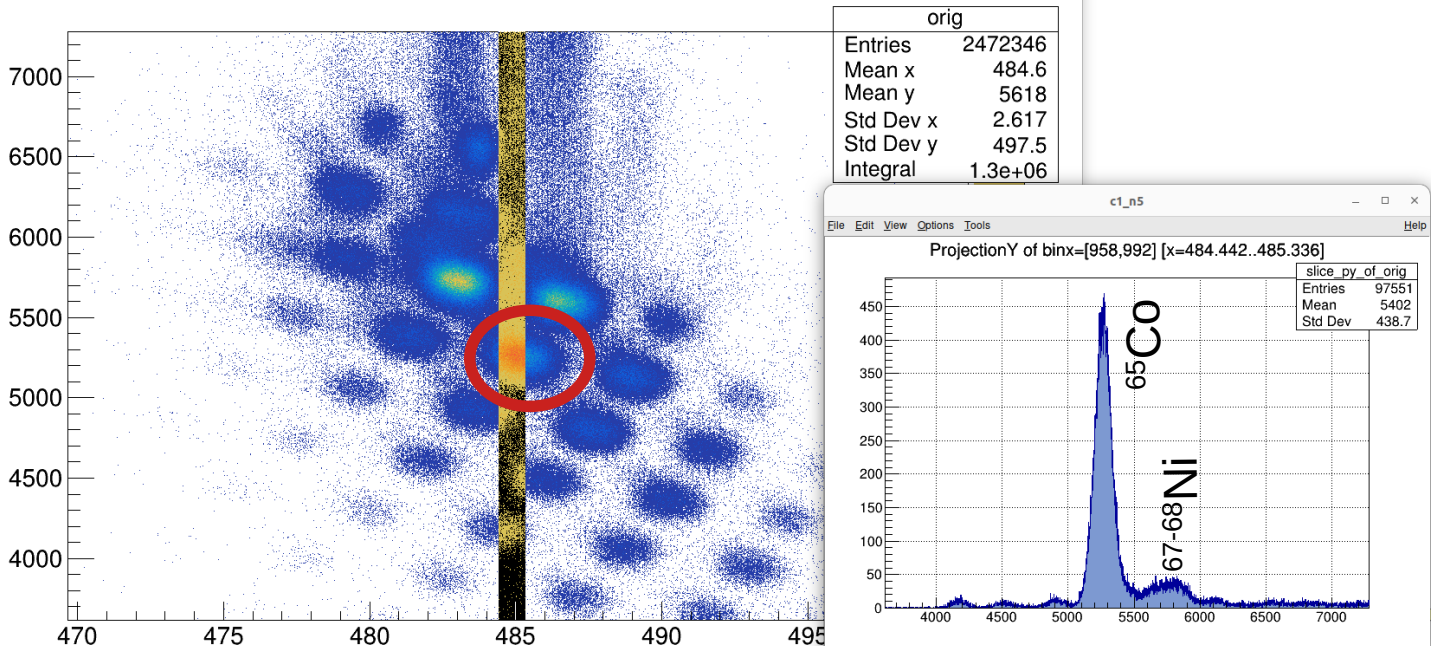
(1) IC-SUM vs TOF

IC_ZDD_sum:TAC_D4_CATS1



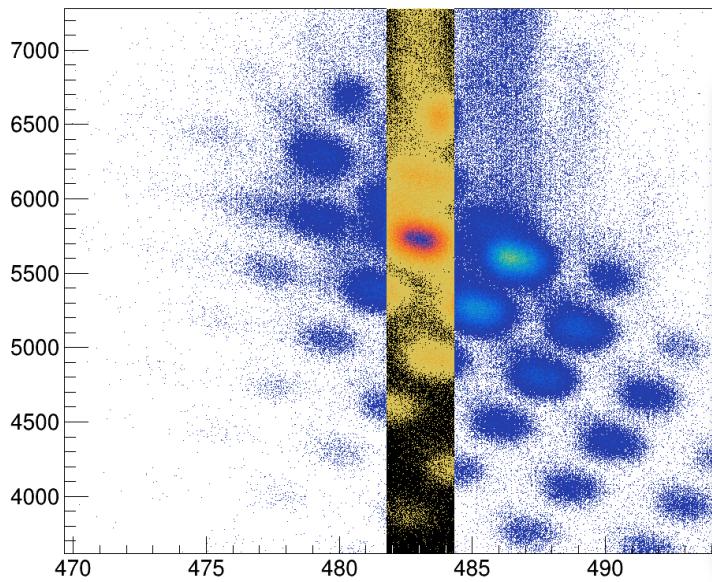
To see the resolution. I project the energy channels keeping a narrow window on x-axis:

IC_ZDD_sum:TAC_D4_CATS1

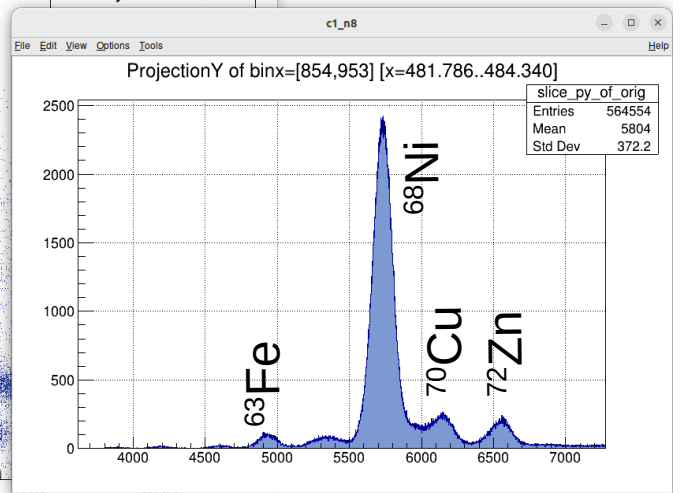


Energy cent. $^{65}\text{Co} \rightarrow 5263.94$
 Sigma $\rightarrow 61.90$

IC_ZDD_sum:TAC_D4_CATS1

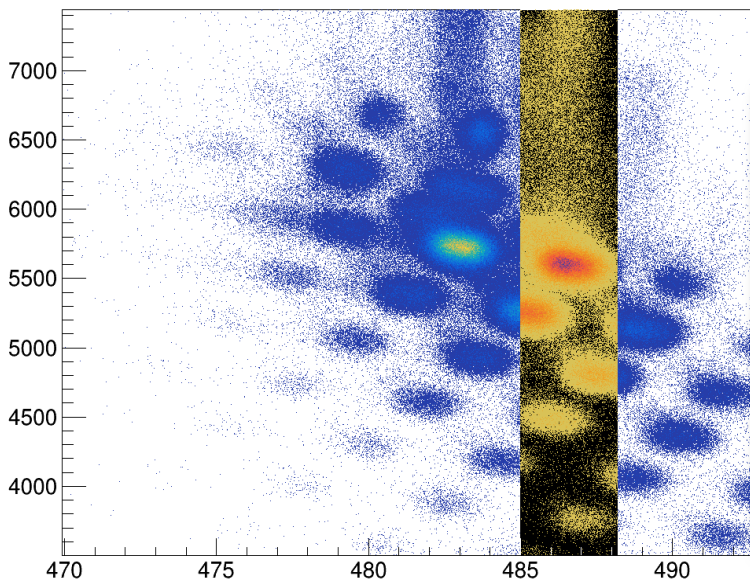


orig	
Entries	2472346
Mean x	484.6
Mean y	5618

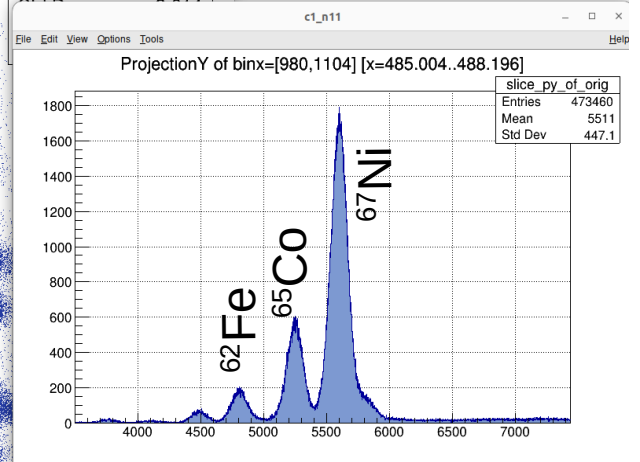


Energy cent. ^{68}Ni \rightarrow 5729.10
Sigma \rightarrow 64.38

IC_ZDD_sum:TAC_D4_CATS1

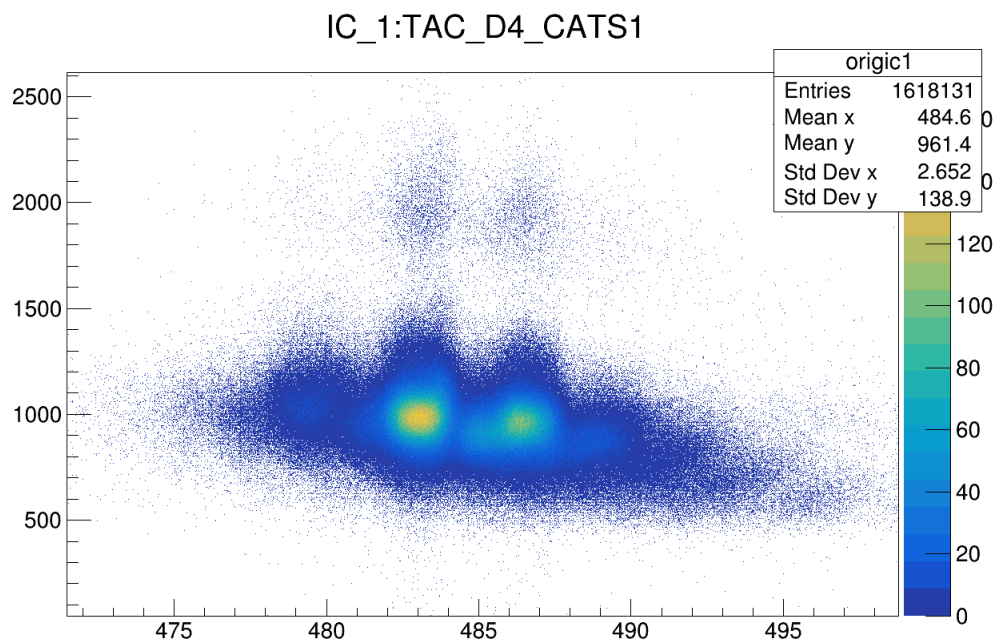


orig	
Entries	2472346
Mean x	484.6
Mean y	5625

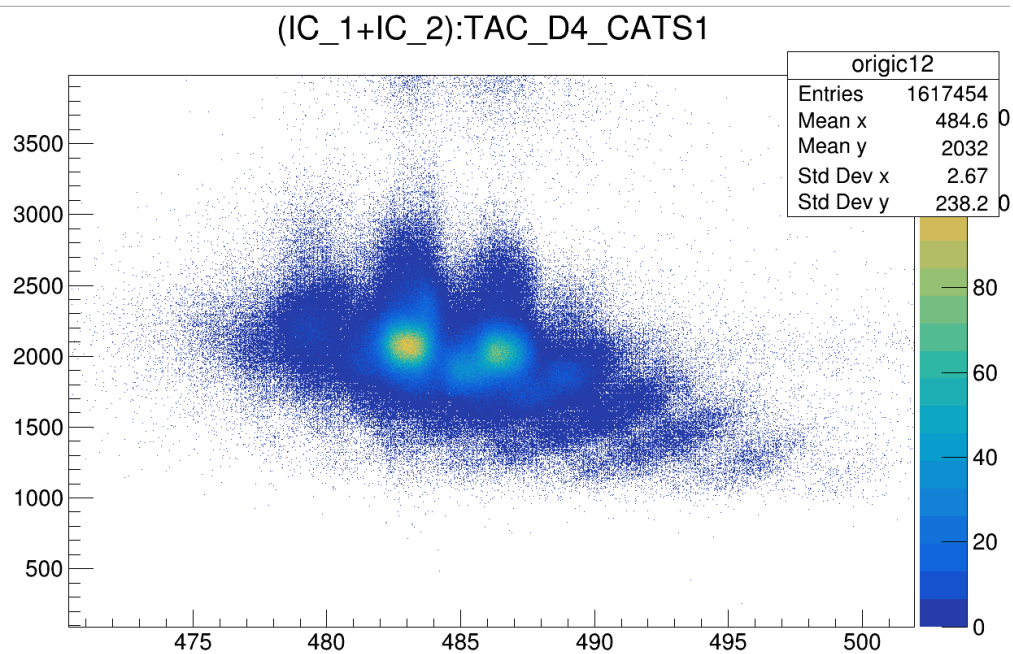


Energy cent. ^{67}Ni \rightarrow 5598.64
Sigma \rightarrow 62.16

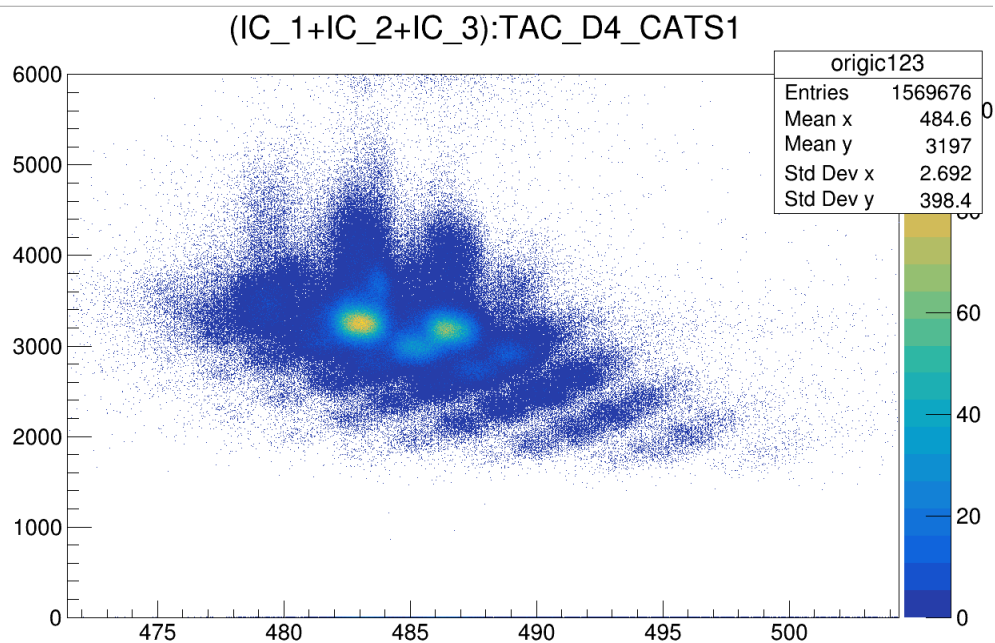
(2) IC_1 vs TOF_D4_CATS1



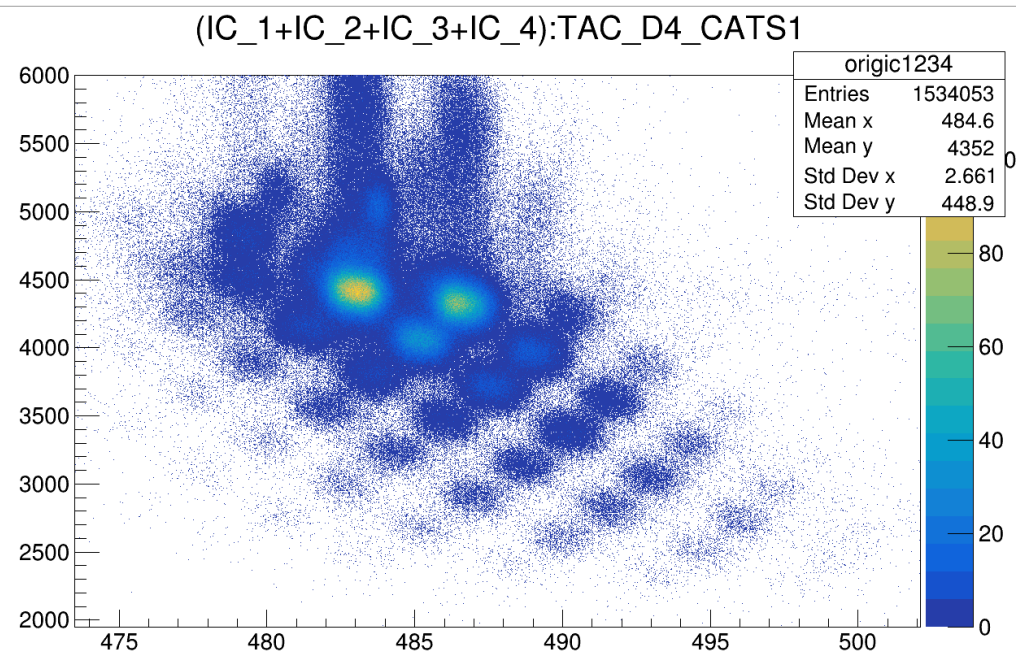
(3) IC_1 + IC_2 vs TOF_D4_CATS1



(4) IC_1 + IC_2 + IC_3 vs TOF_D4_CATS1

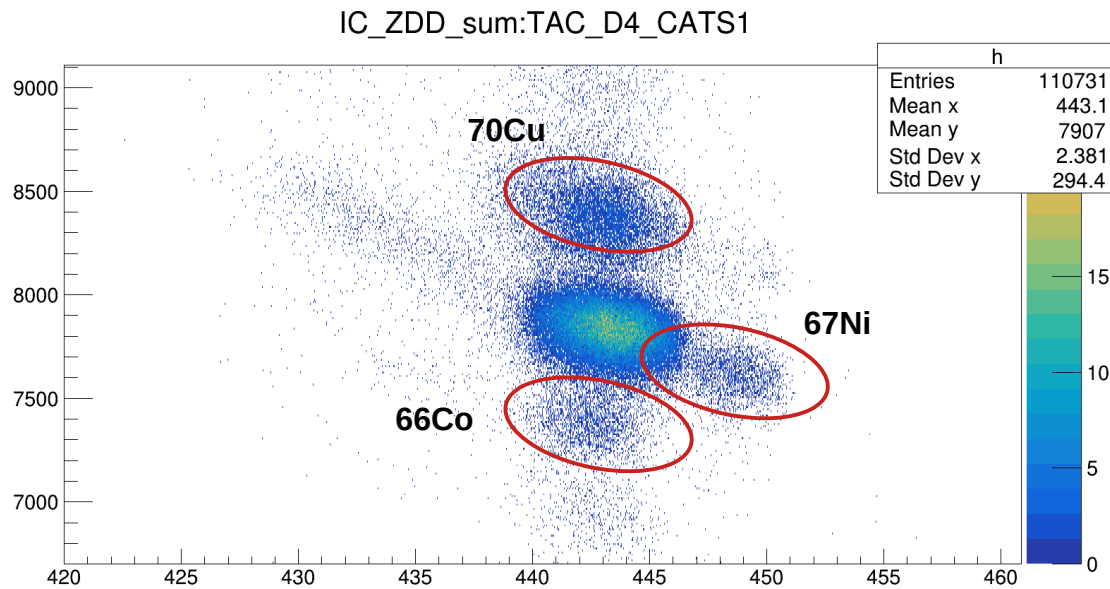


(5) IC_1 + IC_2 + IC_3 + IC_4 vs TOF_D4_CATS1



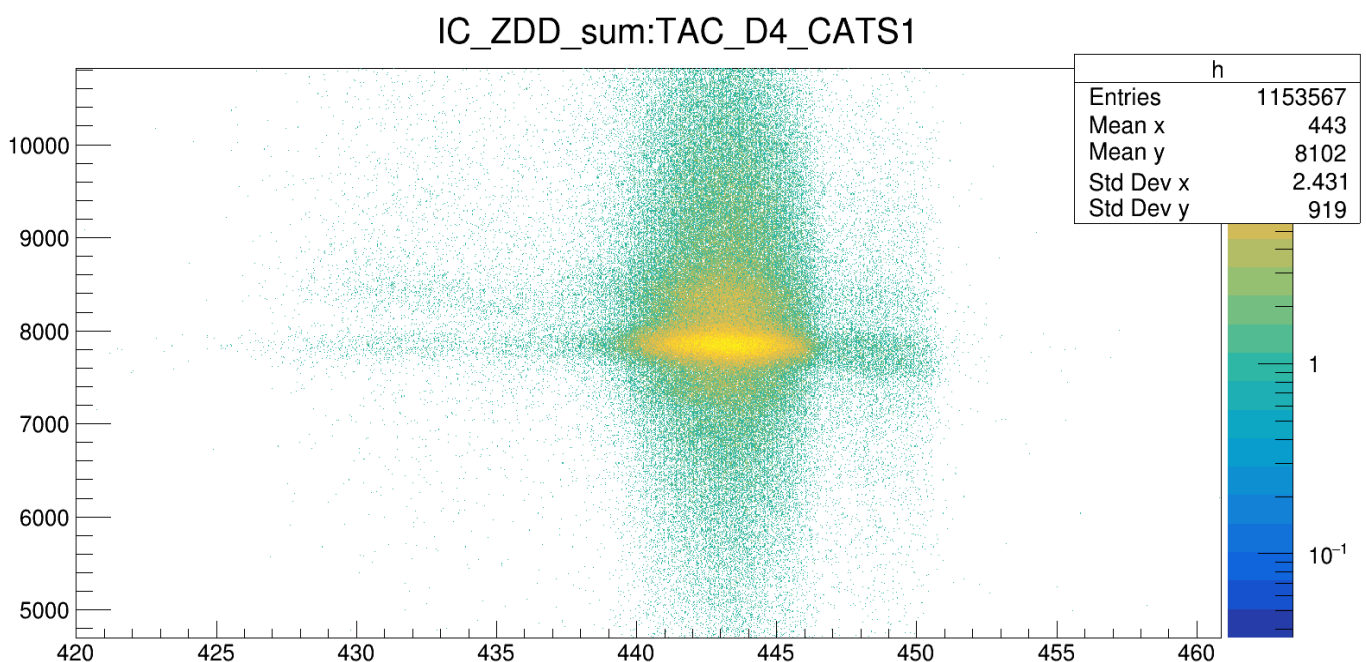
With Physics Runs

I use one full run (#523) with good amount of data with PLASTIC TRIGGER. Note: I check the data in MUST2 with Plastic TRIGGER data and there are barely any entries (20 in MUST2 out of 100k in GATCONF), which means PL-TR data contains beam that didn't make reaction. While MMG triggered data has ~500k entries out of ~1M in the GATCONF.



With my current understanding, I suspect the blobs must be the same as they are in the PID. That is, they should be ^{70}Cu , ^{67}Ni , and ^{66}Co . For confirming this I am trying to make use of gates in Exogam and try to find any correlated gamma that can help me identify the nuclei. Another way... I will also try reproducing the same in LISE++ suit. Now I will work on the content of ^{67}Ni with respect to run number which I will show in a later report.

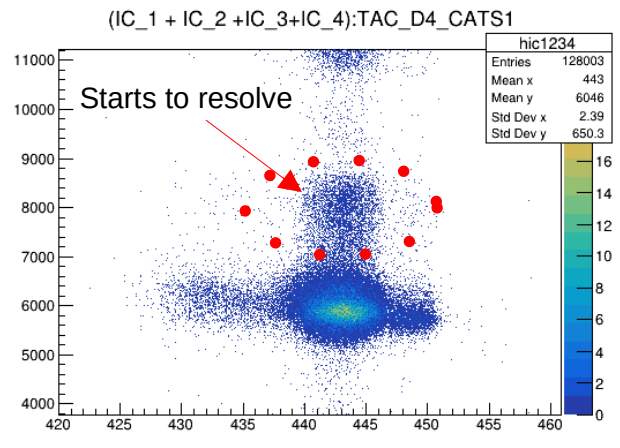
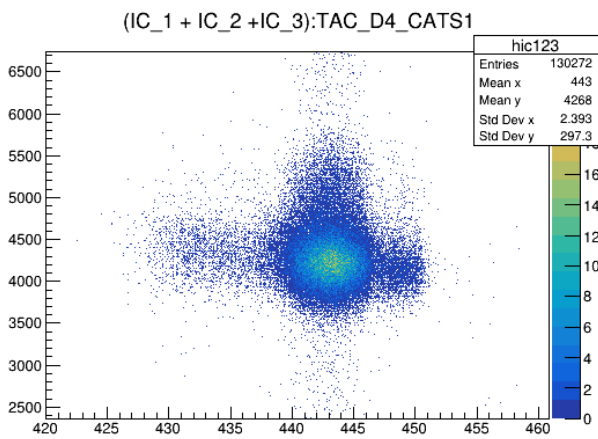
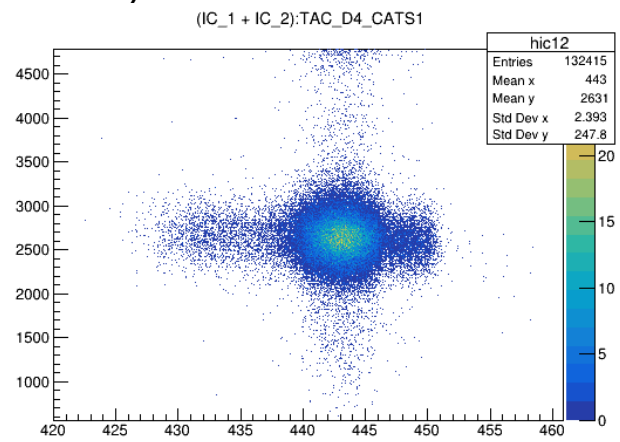
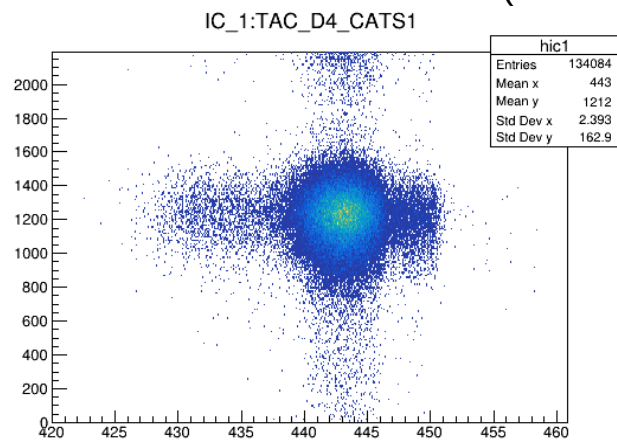
For now, I make the same plot with MMG trigger



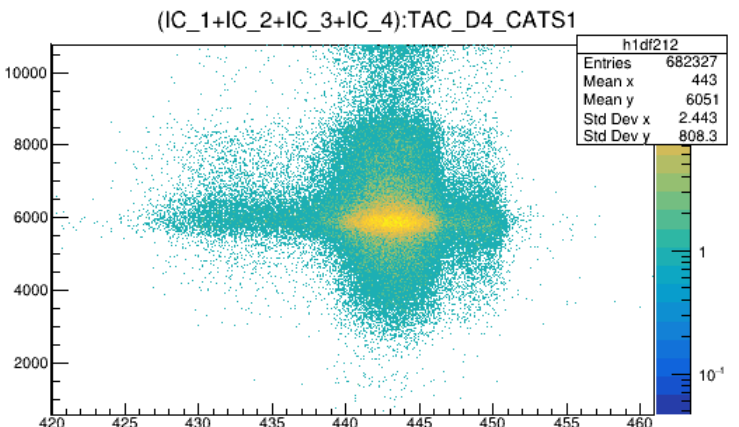
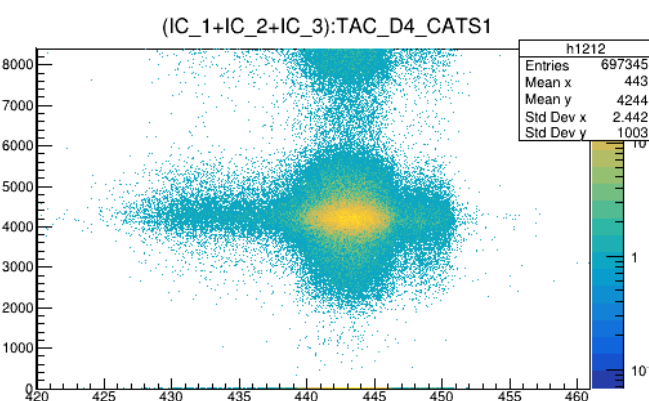
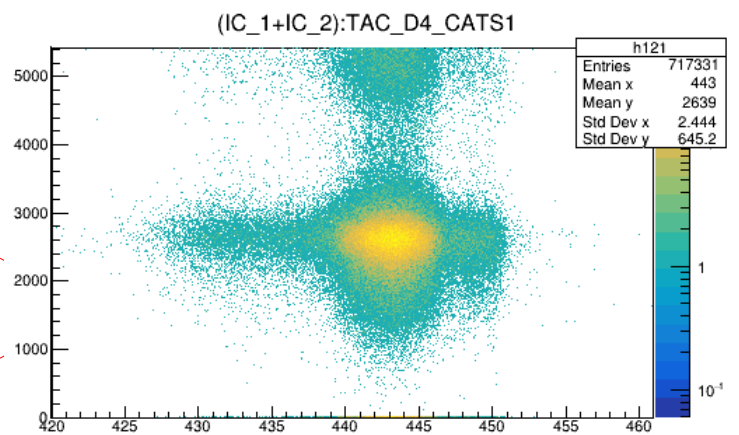
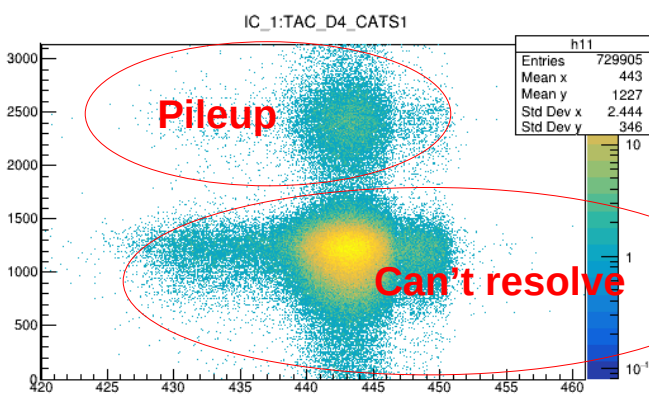
And with the same TAC, I show the plots of

- (1) IC_1
- (2) IC_1 + IC_2
- (3) IC_1 + IC_2 + IC_3
- (4) IC_1 + IC_2 + IC_3 + IC_4

(PLASTIC TRIGGER)

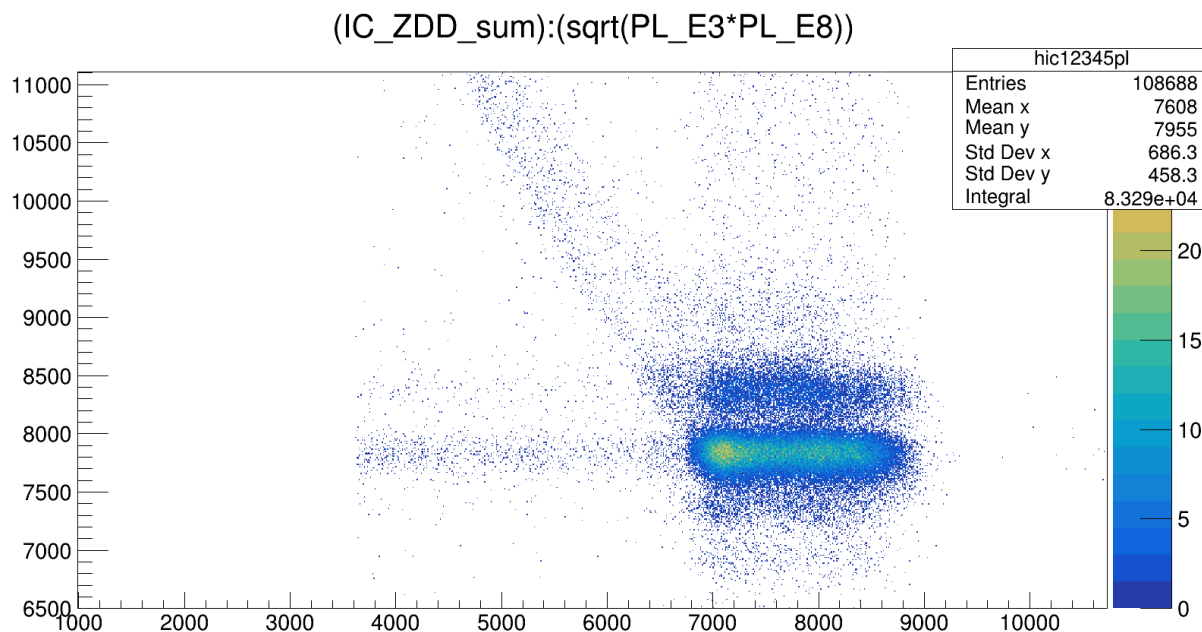


(MMG TRIGGER) (in log scale)



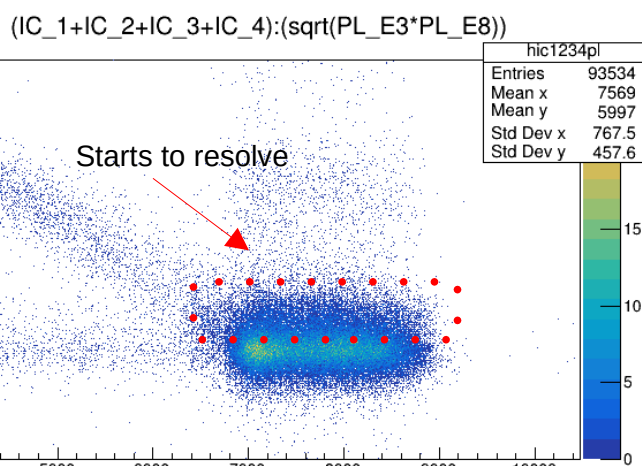
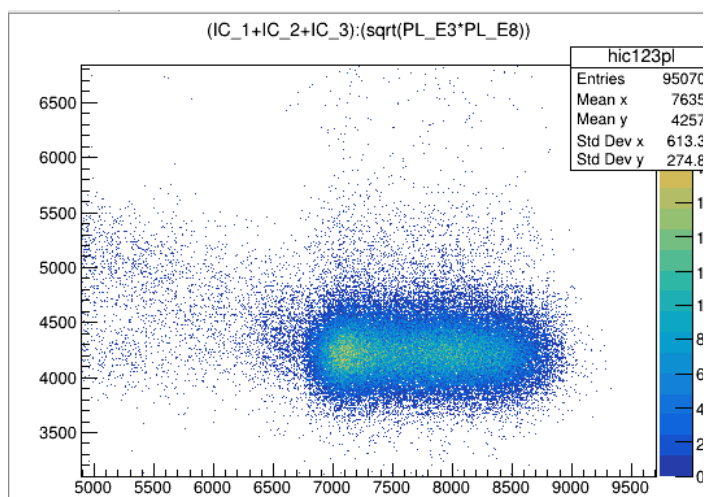
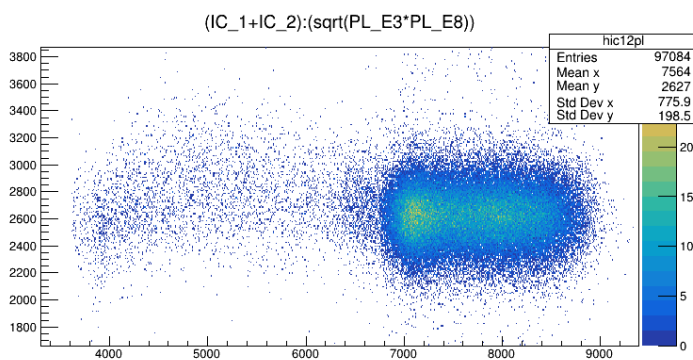
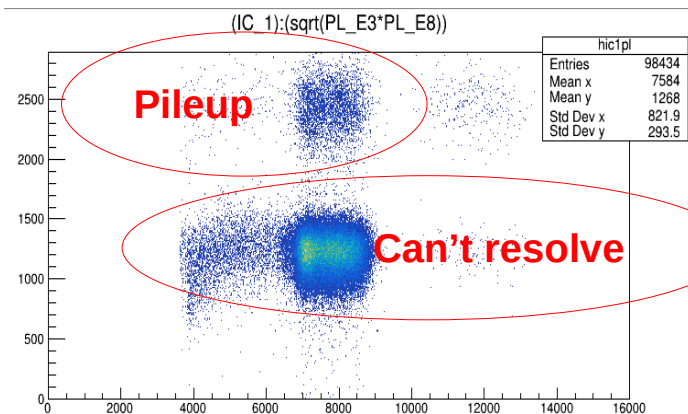
Can I separate the blobs some other way? For example by using plastics?

Below is the plot of IC_sum energy vs sq. root of PL3 * PL 8 (index starting from 1) :



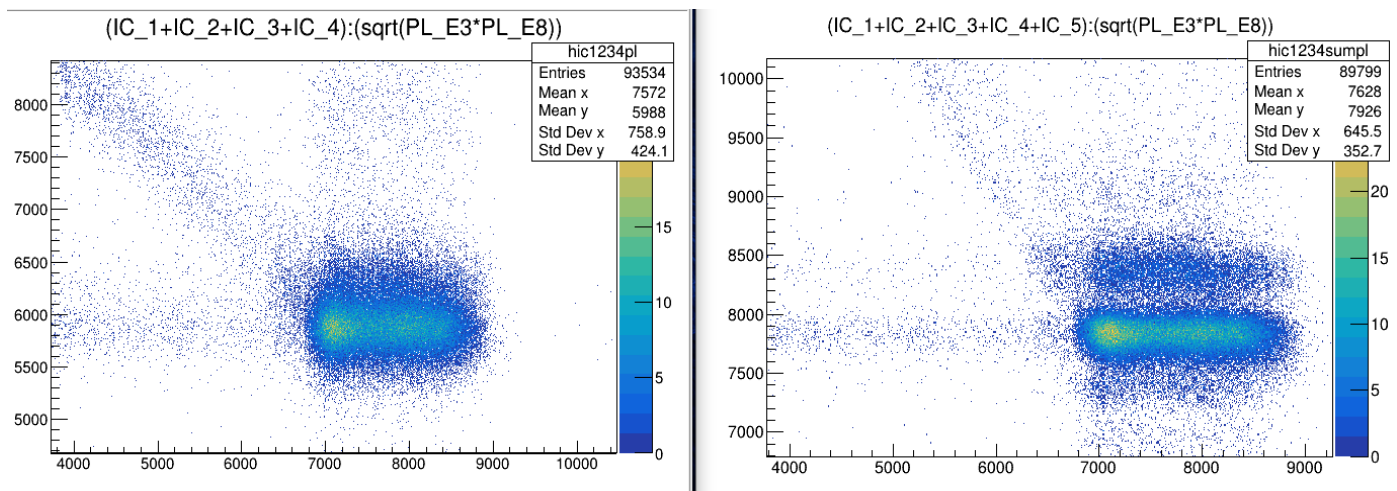
And with the same TAC, I show the plots of

- (1) IC_1
- (2) IC_1 + IC_2
- (3) IC_1 + IC_2 + IC_3
- (4) IC_1 + IC_2 + IC_3 + IC_4



The difference in structures by the inclusion of 5th CHIO is clear in the side by side comparison of the two figures below:

The first fig. Represents the sum of first 4 CHIOs (1+2+3+4) against Plastic energy ($\sqrt{E3 \cdot E8}$) on x-axis and the second one is sum of all 5 CHIOs.



Merely 5th CHIO can't be used either:

