

Prep Insta Week 8 Captsone Project

Fitbit Consumer Behavior Analysis

Done by Manoj Raju Pericherla (mperiche@gitam.in)

Summary :-

The business task is to analyze the FitBit Fitness Tracker App data, which was collected through a distributed survey on Amazon Mechanical Turk between March 12, 2016, and May 12, 2016. The dataset includes personal tracker data from thirty eligible Fitbit users, covering minute-level output for physical activity, heart rate, and sleep monitoring. The data is distributed across 18 different files, such as dailyActivity, dailyCalories, hourlySteps, etc.

Data Sources :-

Given datasets include :-

- Daily Activity merged.csv
- Daily Calories merged.csv
- Daily Intensities merged.csv
- Daily Steps merged.csv
- Heart Rate Seconds merged.csv

- Hourly Calories merged.csv
- Hourly Intensities merged.csv
- Hourly Steps merged.csv
- Minute Calories Narrow merged.csv
- Minute Calories Wide merged.csv
- Minute METs Narrow merged.csv
- Minute Sleep merged.csv
- Minute Steps Narrow merged.csv
- Minute Steps Wide merged.csv
- Sleep_day merged.csv
- Weight LogInfo merged.csv

Cleaning and Manipulation of Data :-

Merged Datasets :-

In Colab

- df1 (dailyactivity_merged.csv)
- merged_df = [df2(hourlycalories_merged.csv) +
df3(hourlyintensities_merged.csv) +
df4(hourlysteps_merged.csv)]
- df5 (sleepday_merged.csv)
- df6 (weightloginfo_merged.csv)

- df7(heartrate_merged.csv)

In Tableau

- Per Min Avg Calories = [minutecaloriesNarrow_merged.csv + minutecalorieswide_merged.csv]
- Per Min Avg Intensity = [minuteintensitiesNarrow_merged.csv + minuteintensitieswide_merged.csv]
- Avg Metabolic Equivalent = [minuteMETsNarrow_merged.csv]
- Per Hour Avg Steps = [minutestepsNarrow_merged.csv + minutestepsWide_merged]

Cleaning steps involved :-

- Checking for missing values
- Removing duplicates
- Correcting Data types

A Summary of the analysis :-

The analysis of the FitBit Fitness Tracker App data involved a comprehensive exploration of various aspects, including daily activity, hourly activity, minutes activity, sleep data, weight logs, and heart rate. The process employed Python for data cleaning, transformation, and analysis, along with the use of Pandas Profiling for in-depth dataset exploration.

1. Daily Activity Merged (EDA, Plots):

Explored trends in daily activity, identifying patterns and variations.

Generated exploratory data analysis (EDA) plots to visualize key metrics.

Extracted insights related to user engagement and overall activity patterns.

2. Hourly Activity Merged (EDA, Plots):

Analyzed hourly activity data to understand user behaviors throughout the day.

Utilized EDA plots to visualize hourly trends and identify peak activity periods.

Extracted insights regarding user activity patterns at different times of the day.

3. Minutes Activity Merged (EDA, Plots) - Dashboard (Filters - Daily, Hourly, Minutes):

Conducted detailed analysis at the minute level, providing granular insights into user activities.

Developed a comprehensive dashboard with filters for daily, hourly, and minute-level data.

Enabled users to interactively explore and understand activity patterns with flexibility.

4. Sleep Data (EDA, Plots):

Explored sleep data to identify trends in sleep patterns among users.

Utilized EDA plots to visualize sleep duration, quality, and variations over time.

Extracted insights into sleep behavior and potential correlations with other factors.

5. Weight Log (EDA, Plots):

Conducted exploratory analysis on weight logs to understand user weight trends.

Visualized weight changes over time and identified potential factors influencing fluctuations.

Extracted insights related to weight management and user progress.

6. Heart Rate (EDA, Plots):

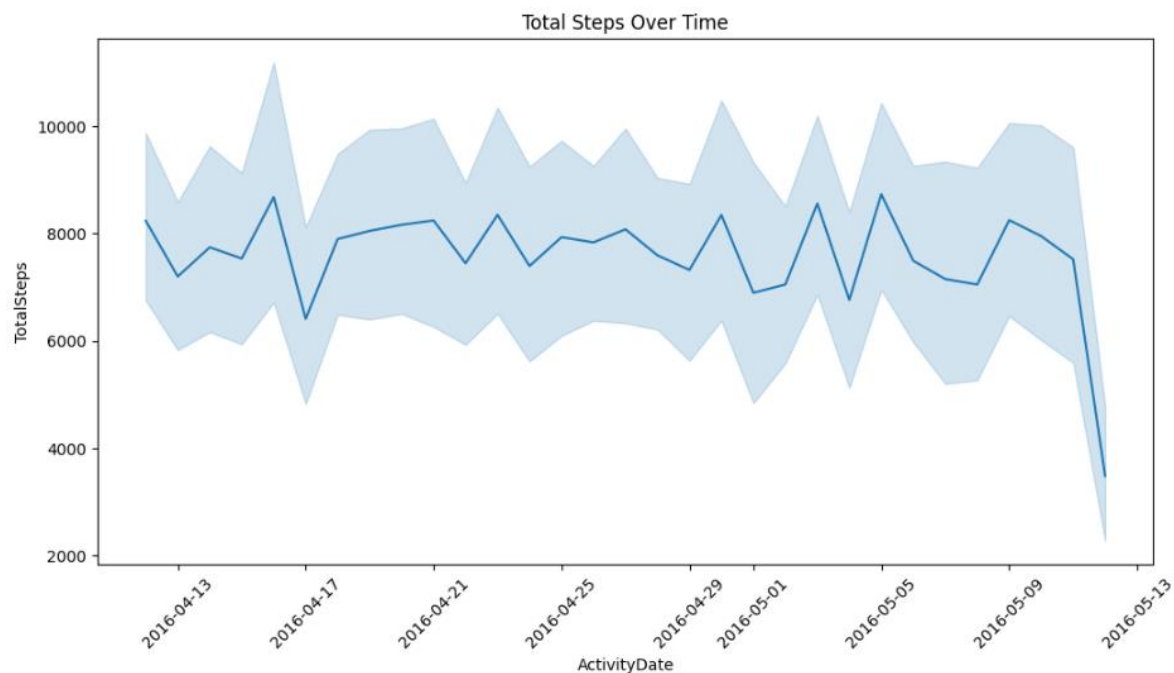
Analyzed heart rate data to understand variations in users' heart rates.

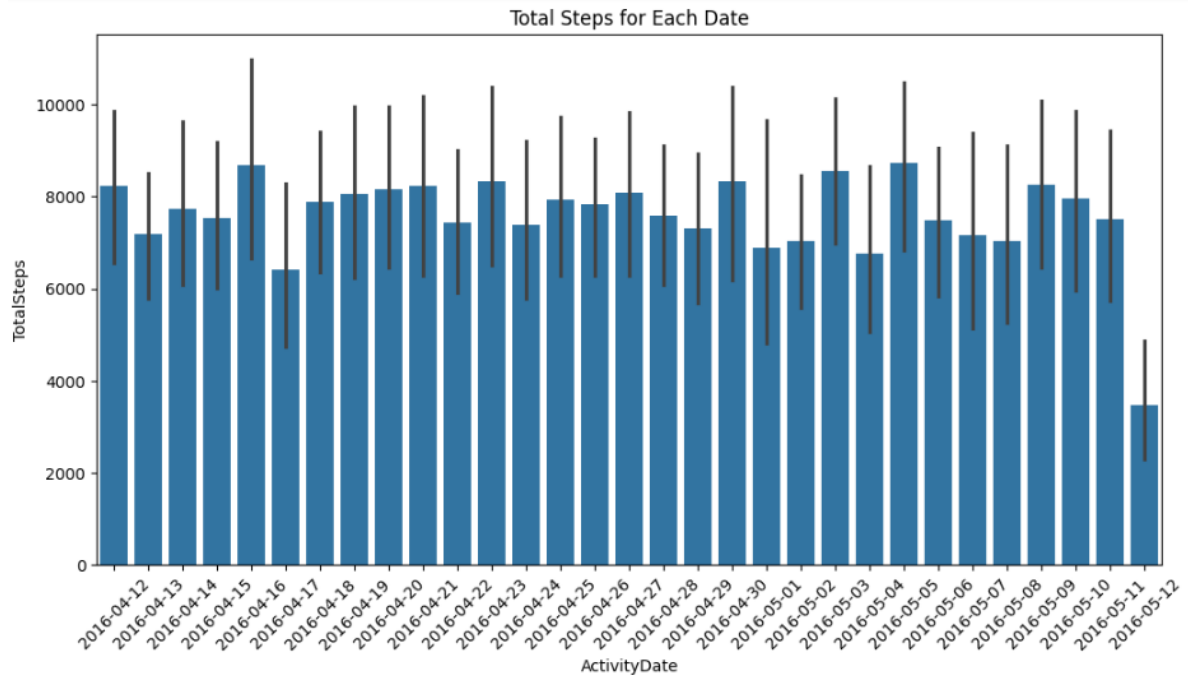
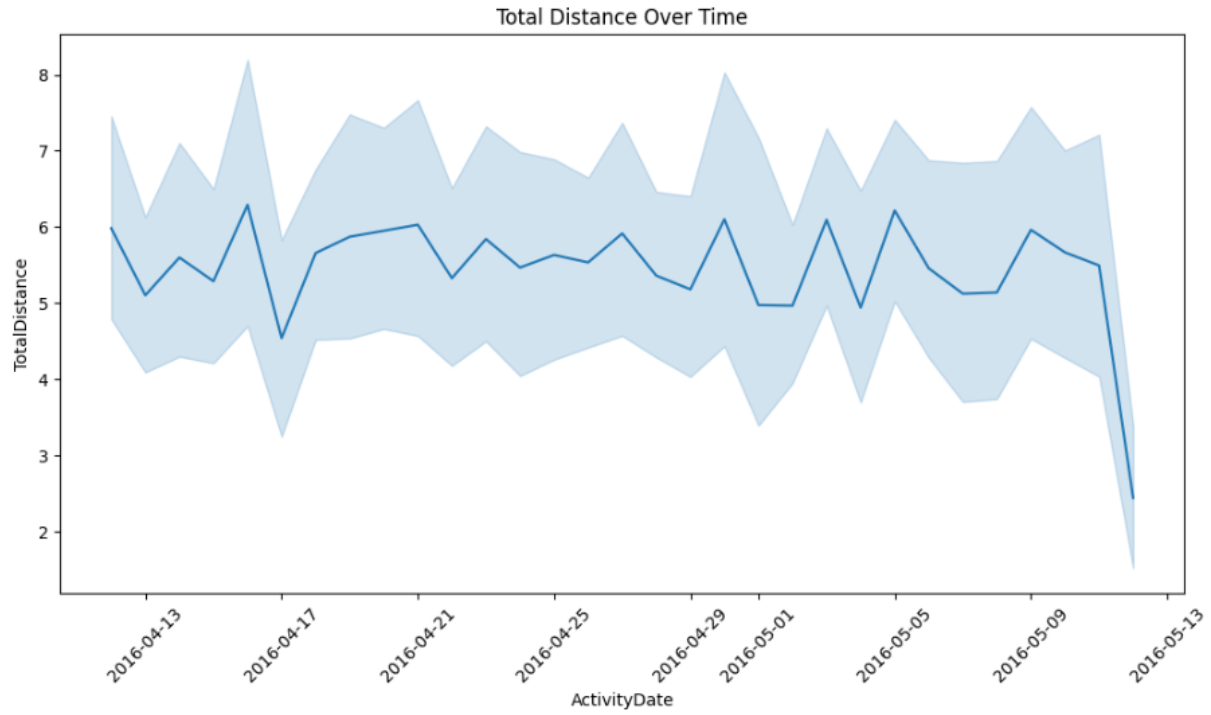
Utilized EDA plots to visualize trends, peak periods, and potential correlations with activities.

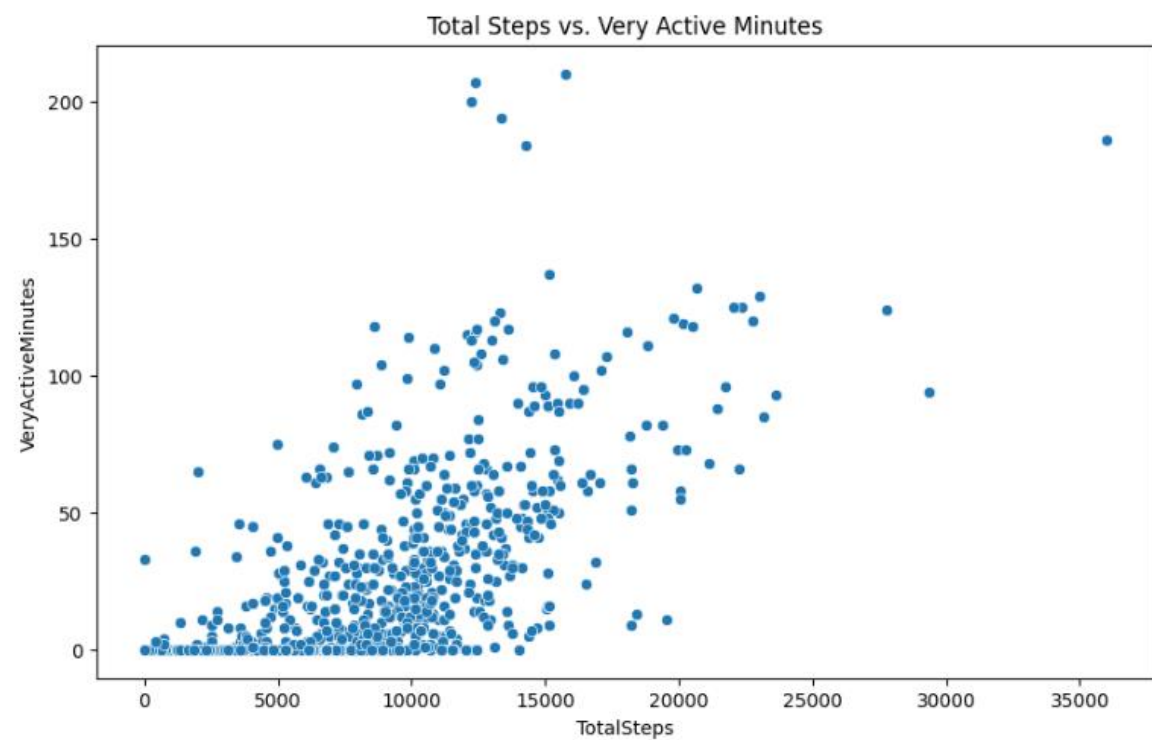
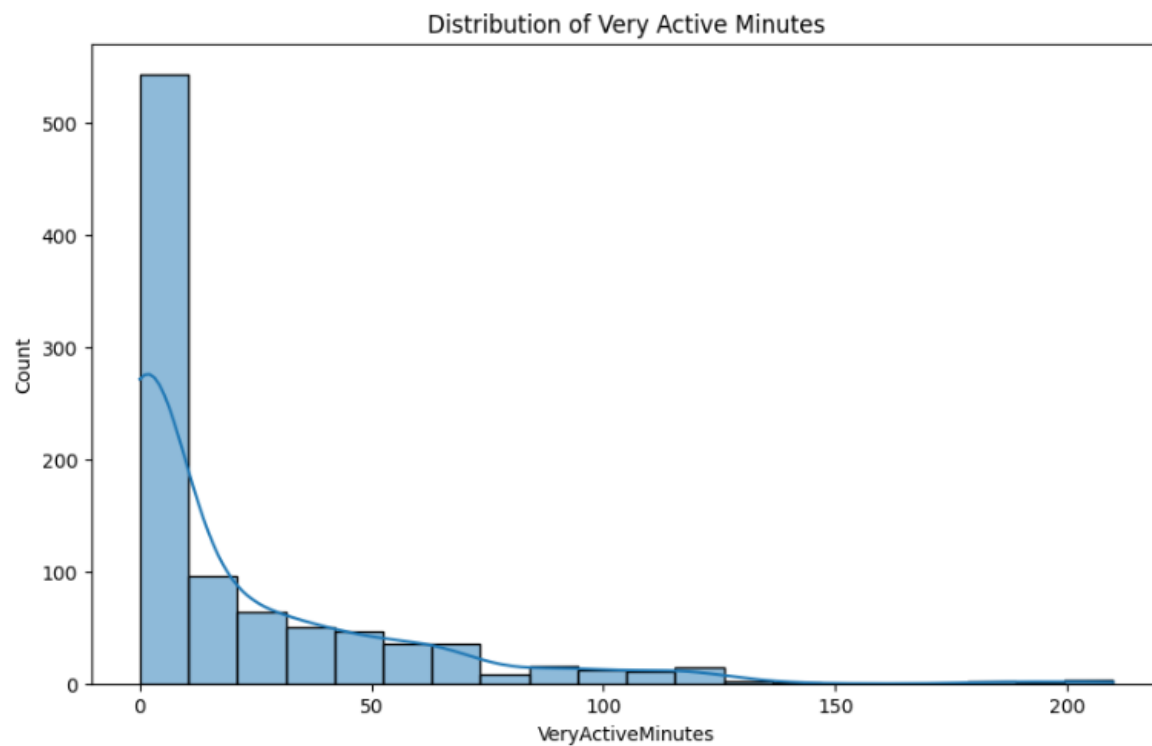
Extracted insights related to cardiovascular health and user response to physical activity.

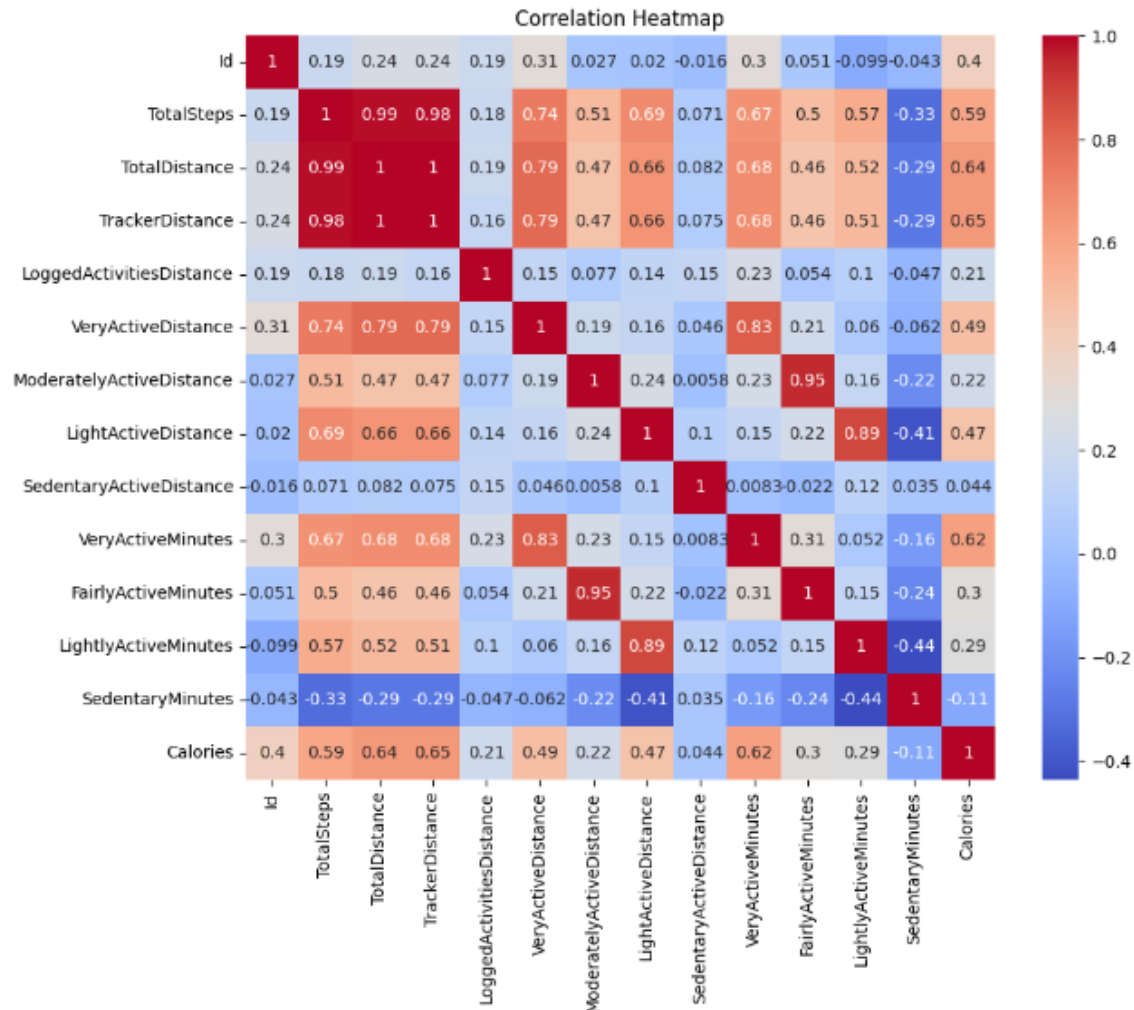
Supporting Visualizations and Key Findings :-

- **df1 (dailyactivity_merged.csv)**

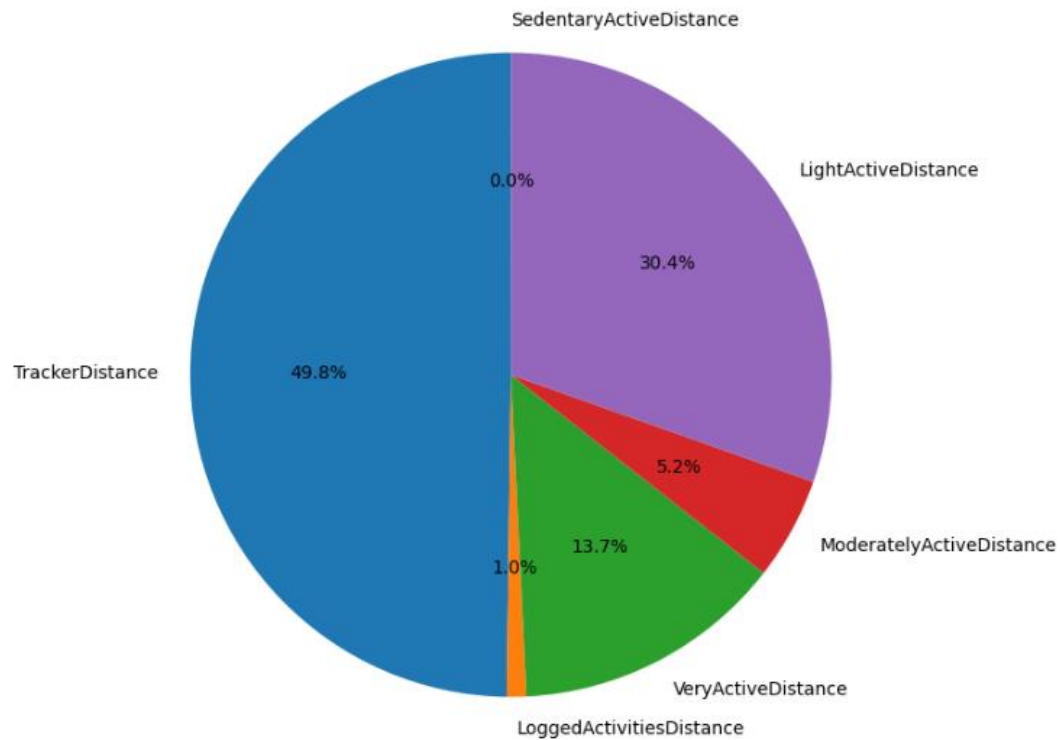






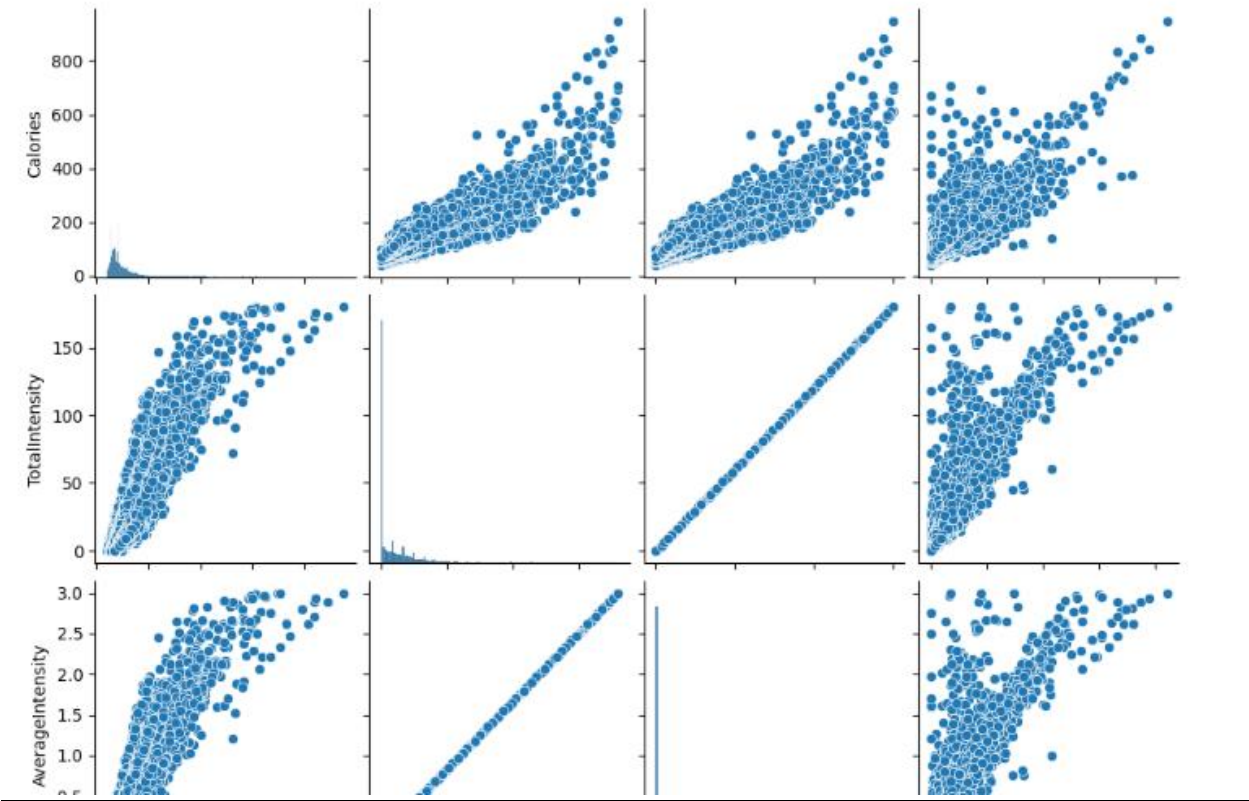


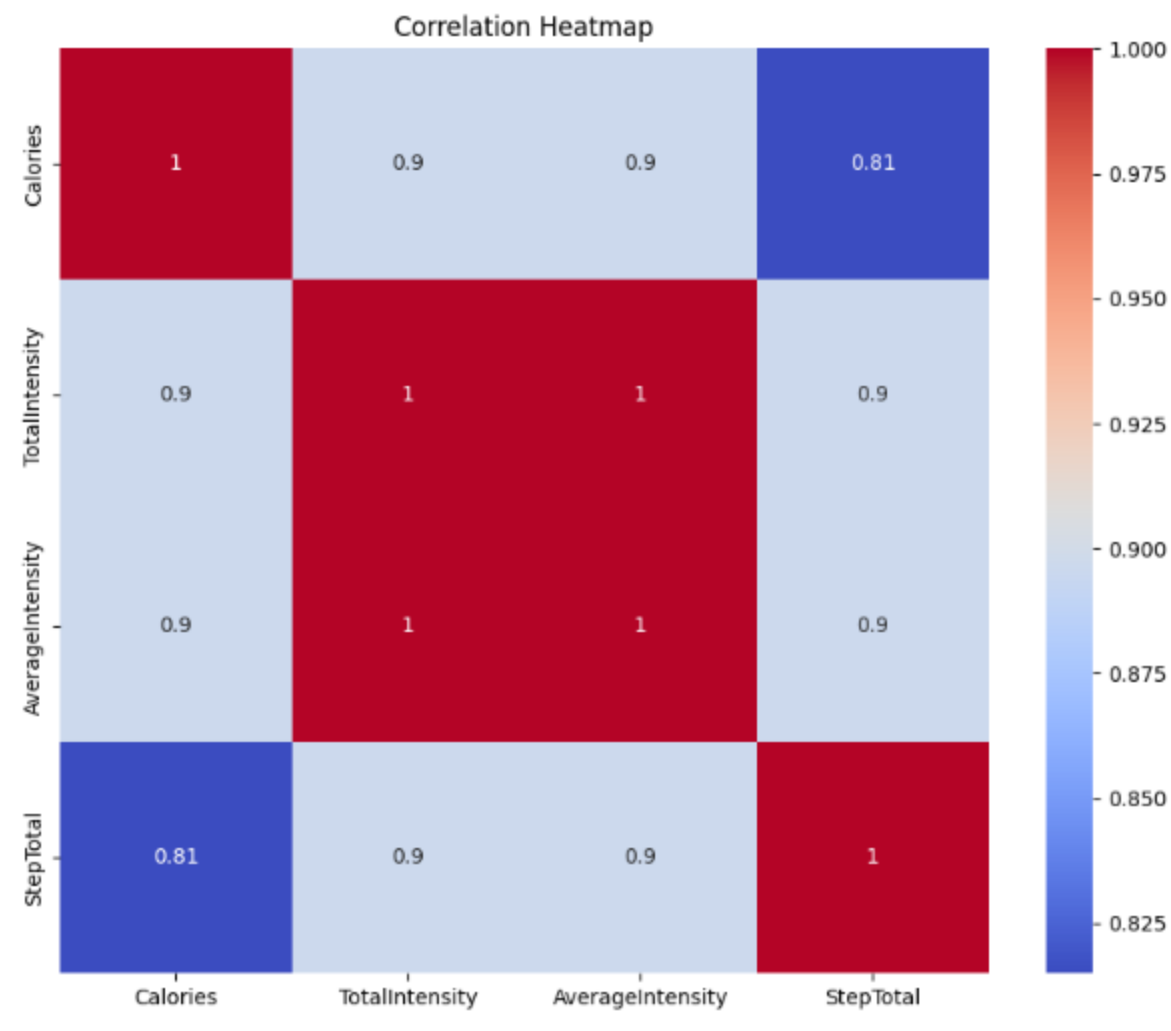
Percentage of Total Distance for Different Activity Types

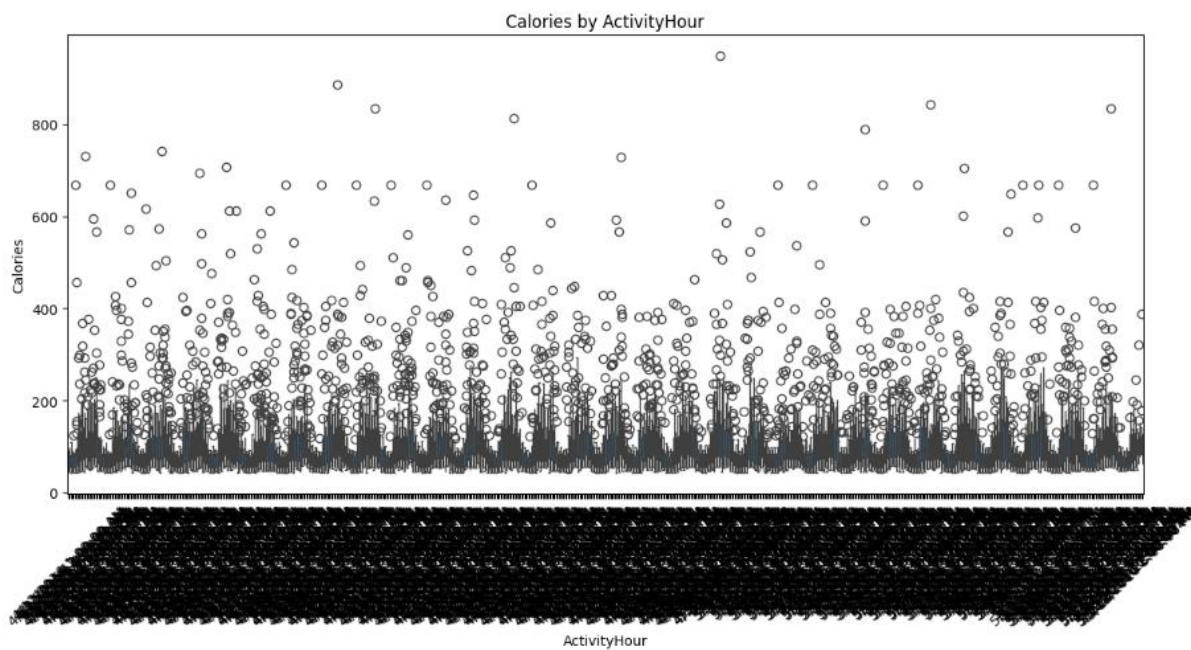
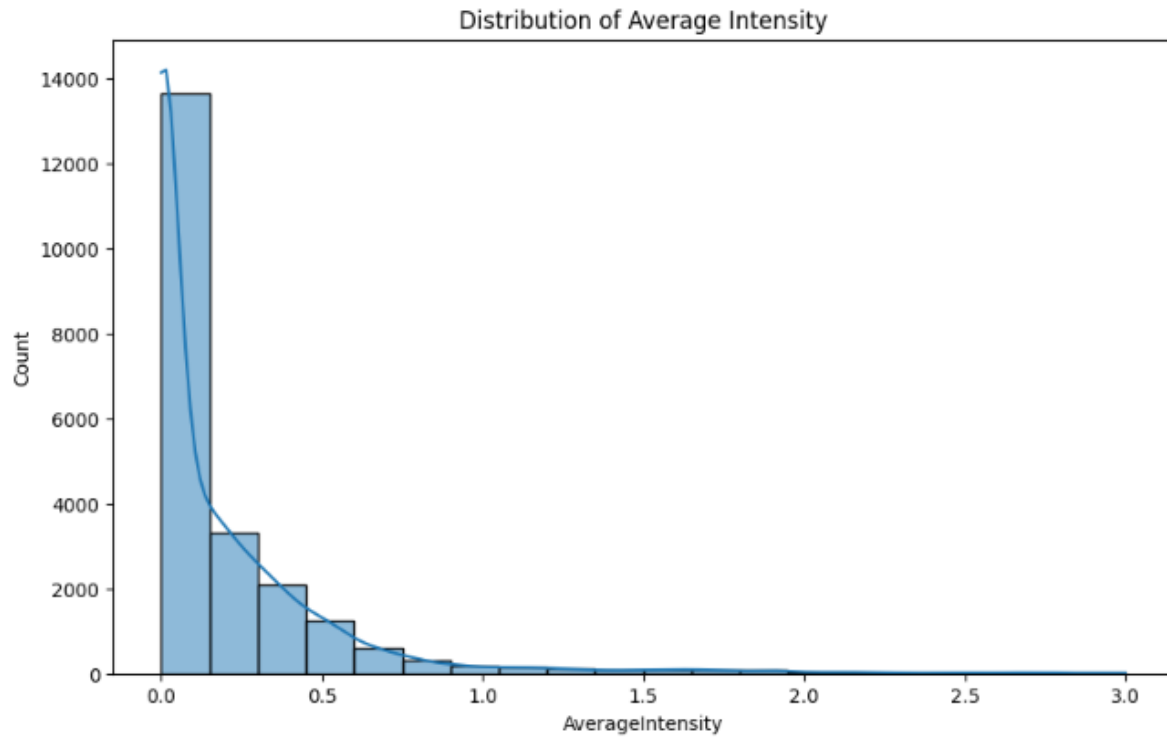


- merged df = [df2(hourlycalories merged.csv) + df3(hourlyintensities merged.csv) + df4(hourlysteps merged.csv)]

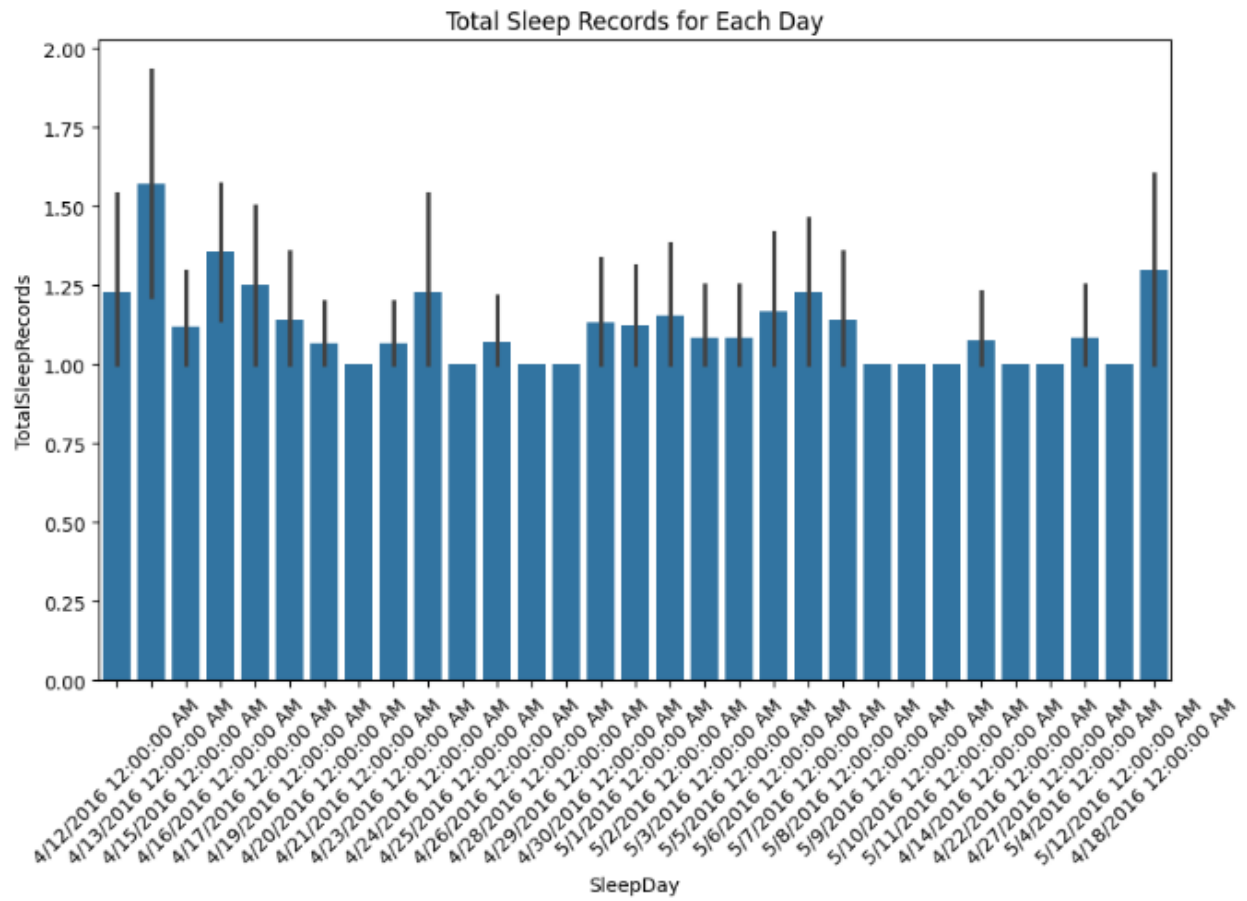
Pairplot of Numerical Variables

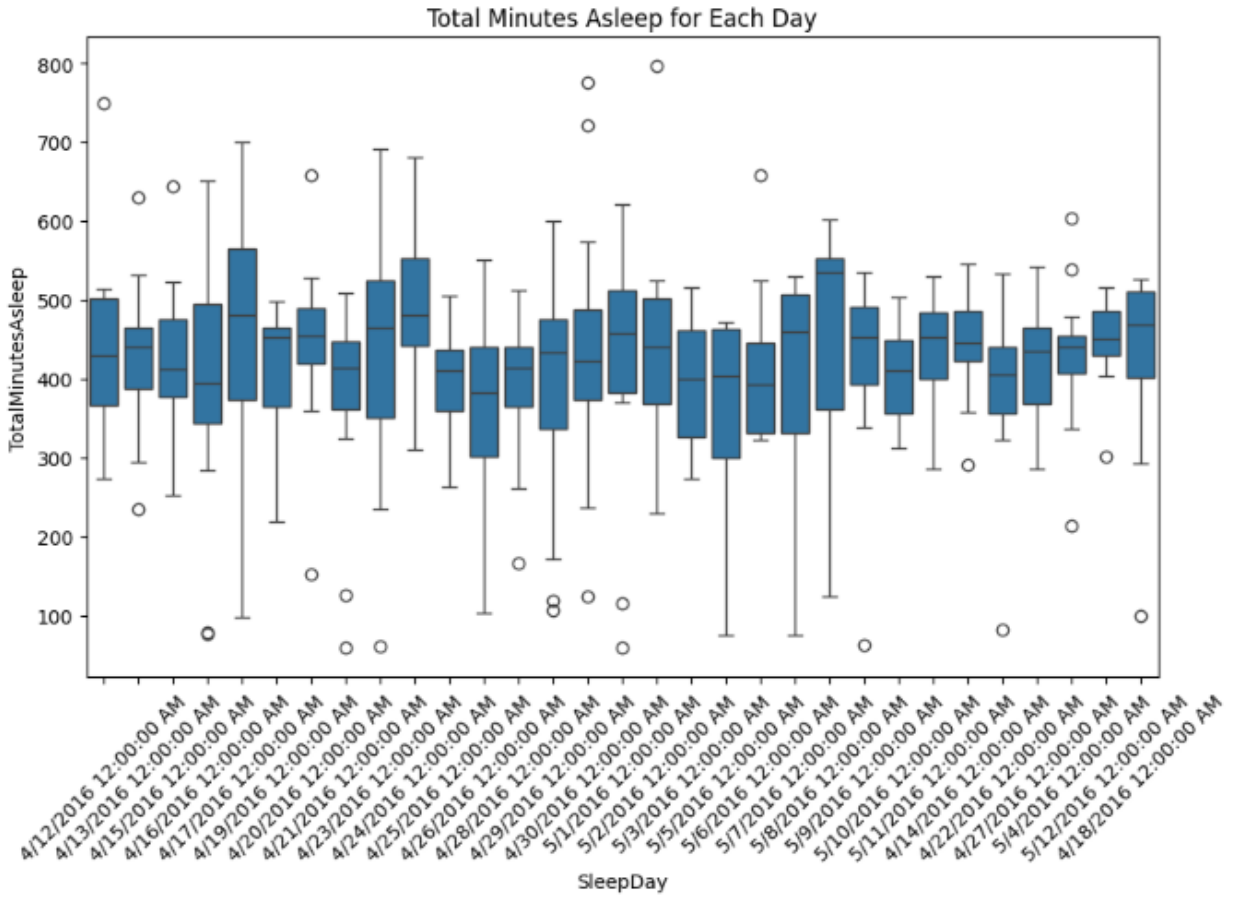


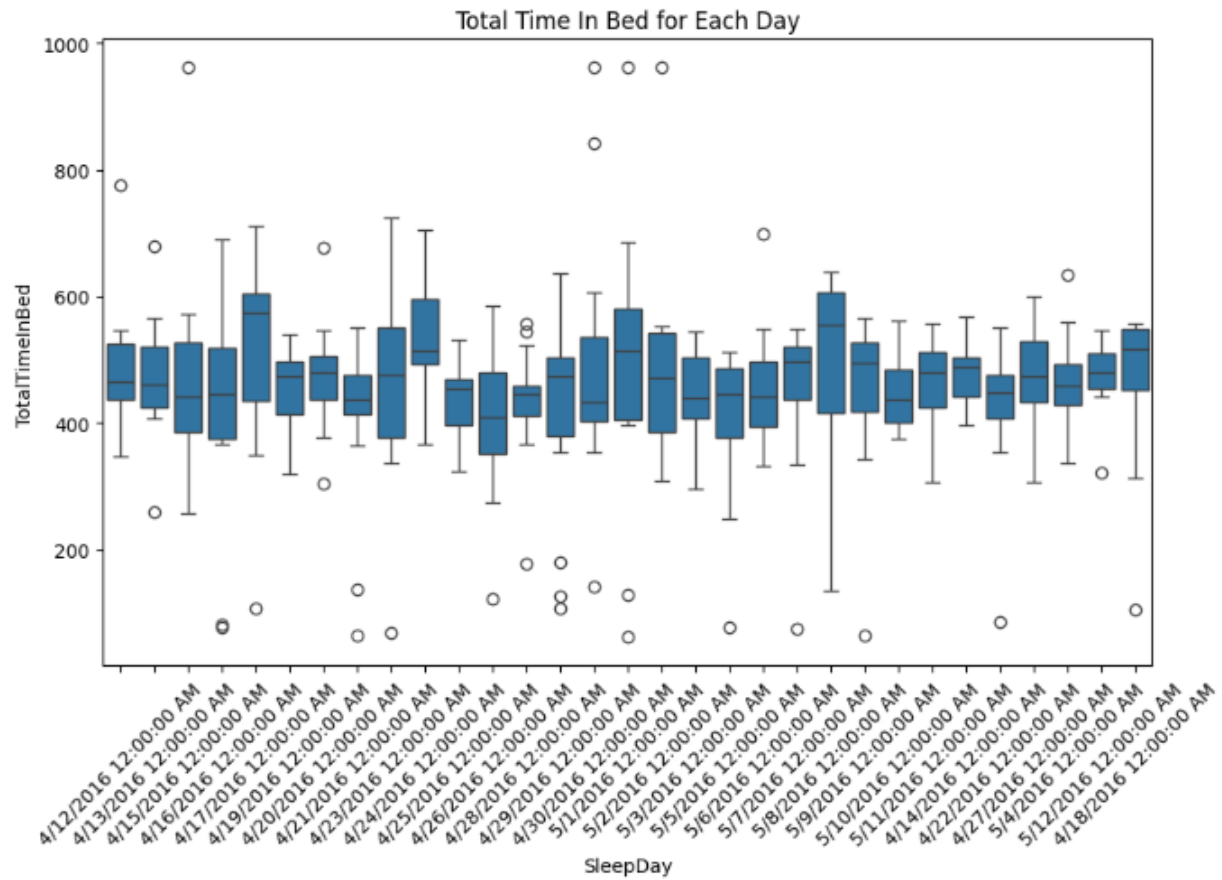




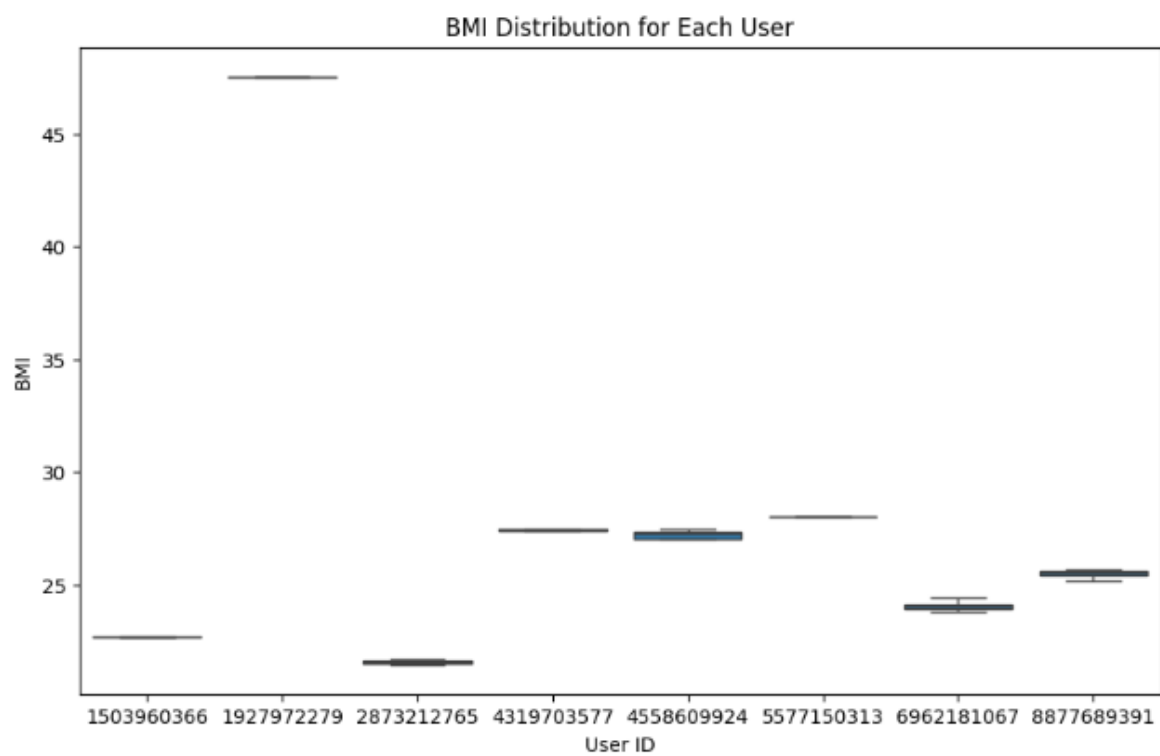
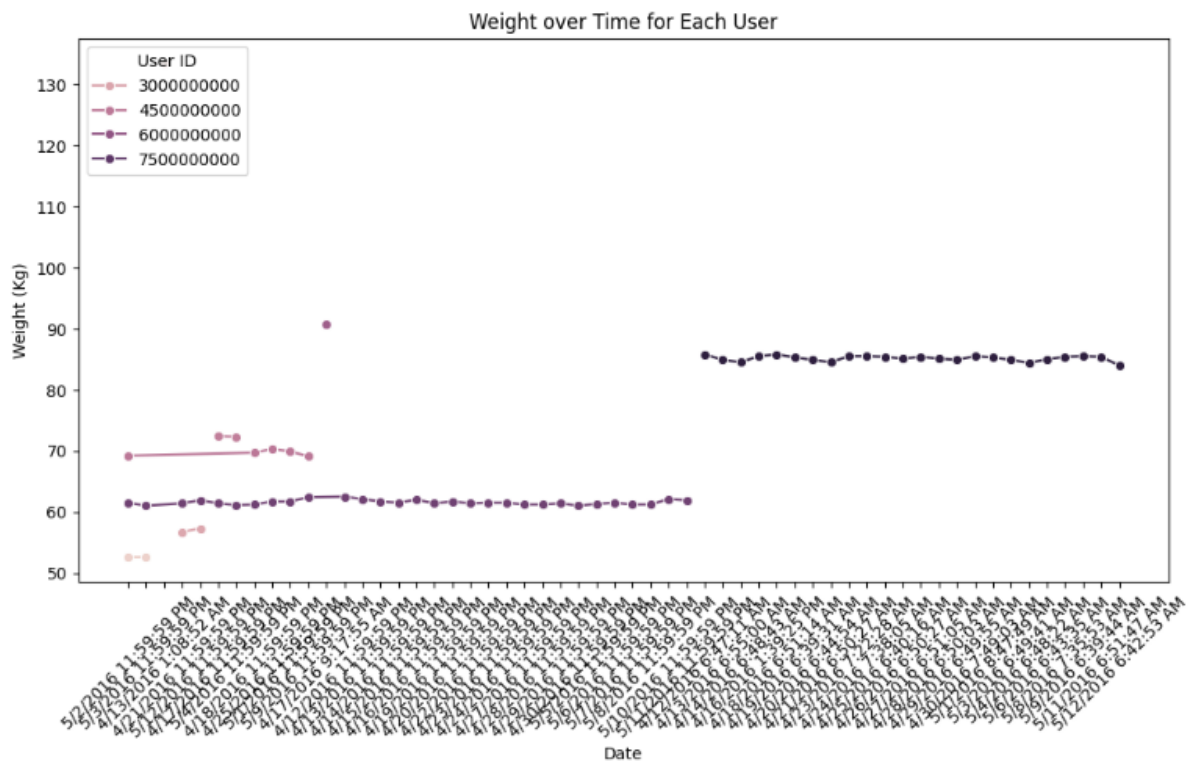
- df5 (sleepday_merged.csv)

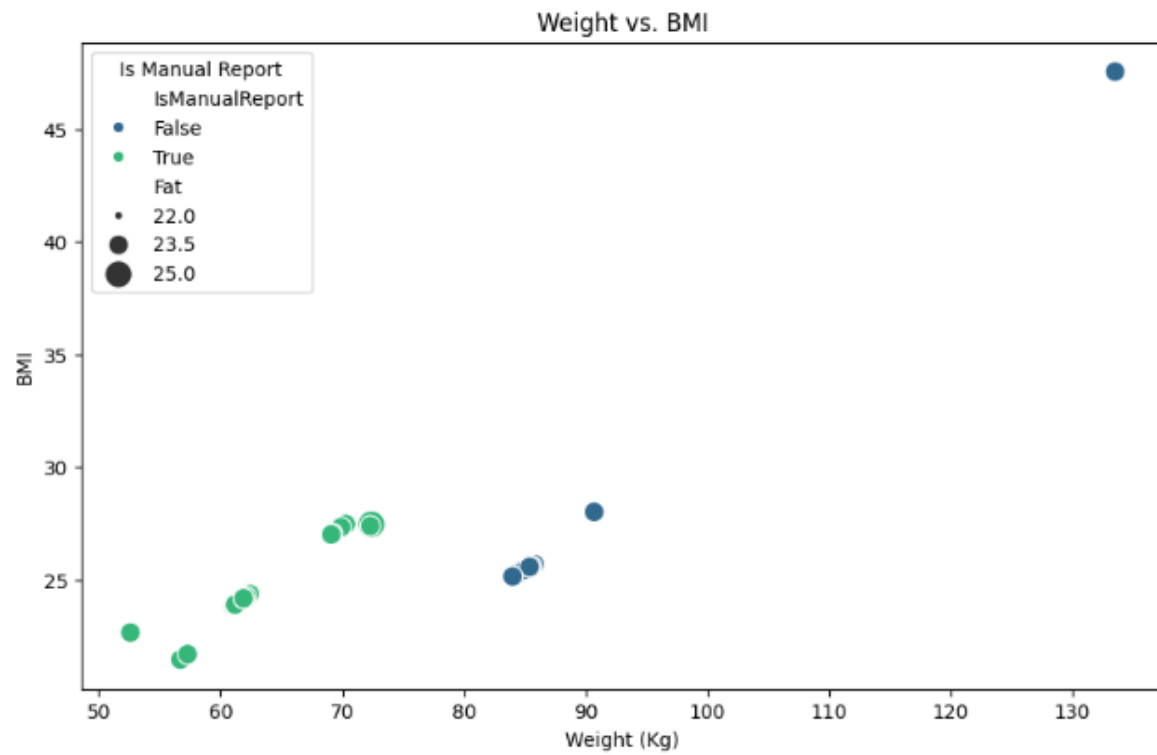




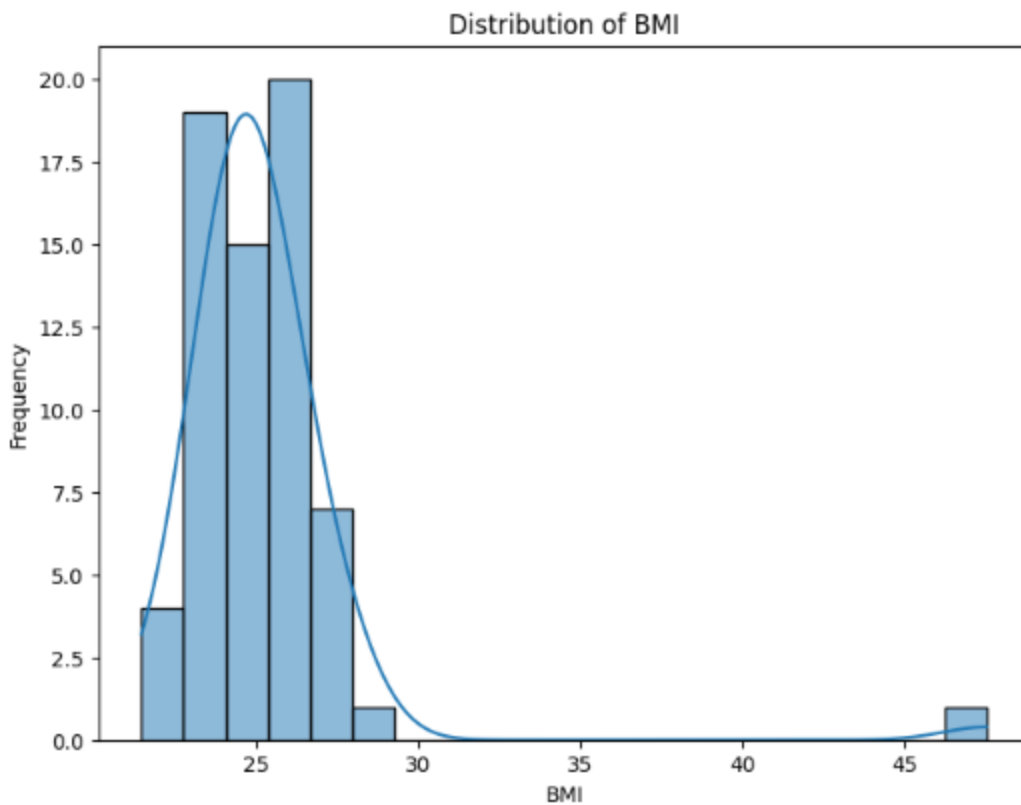


- df6 (weightloginfo merged.csv)

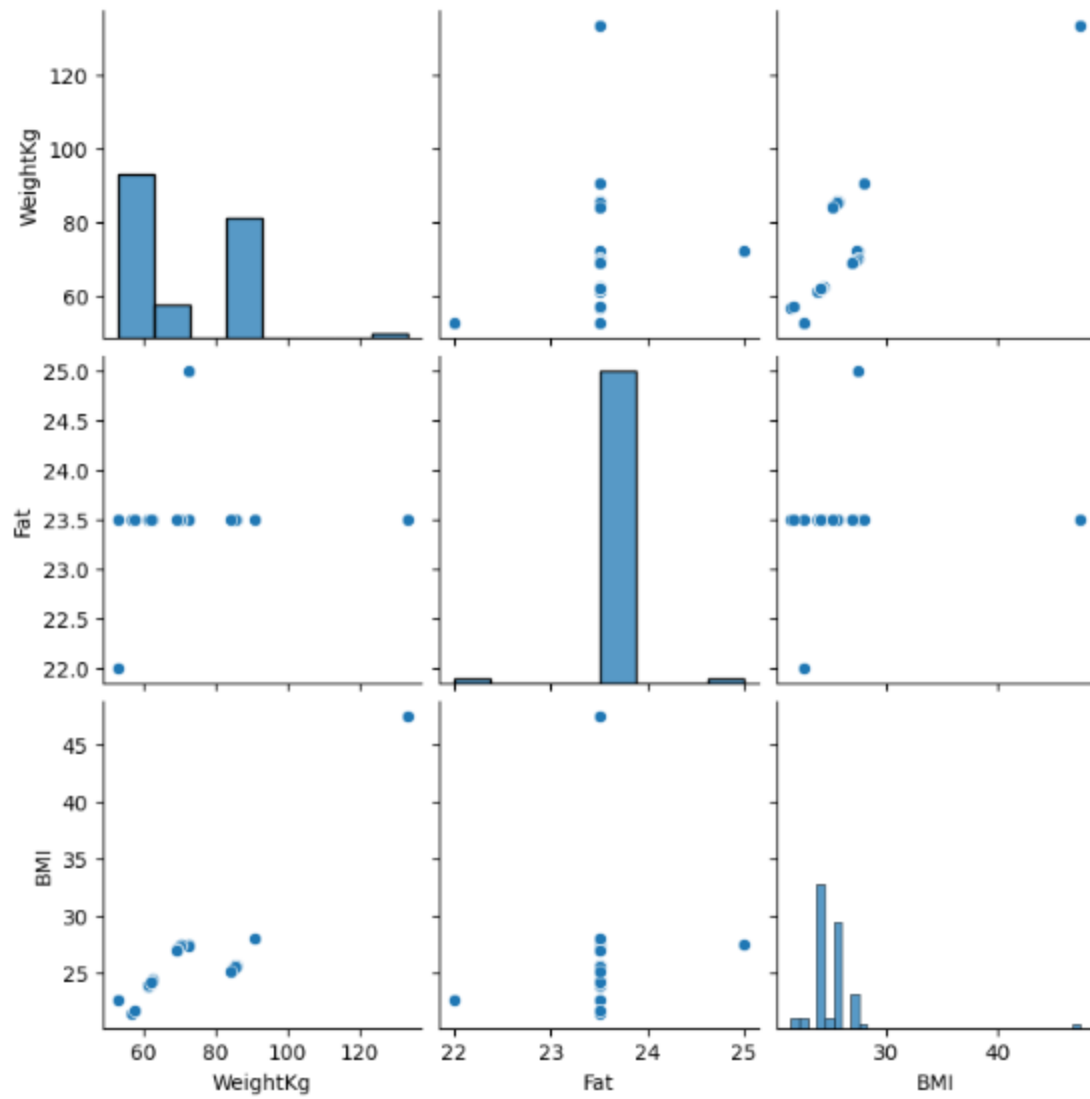




- df7(heartrate_merged.csv)



Pair Plot for Numerical Columns



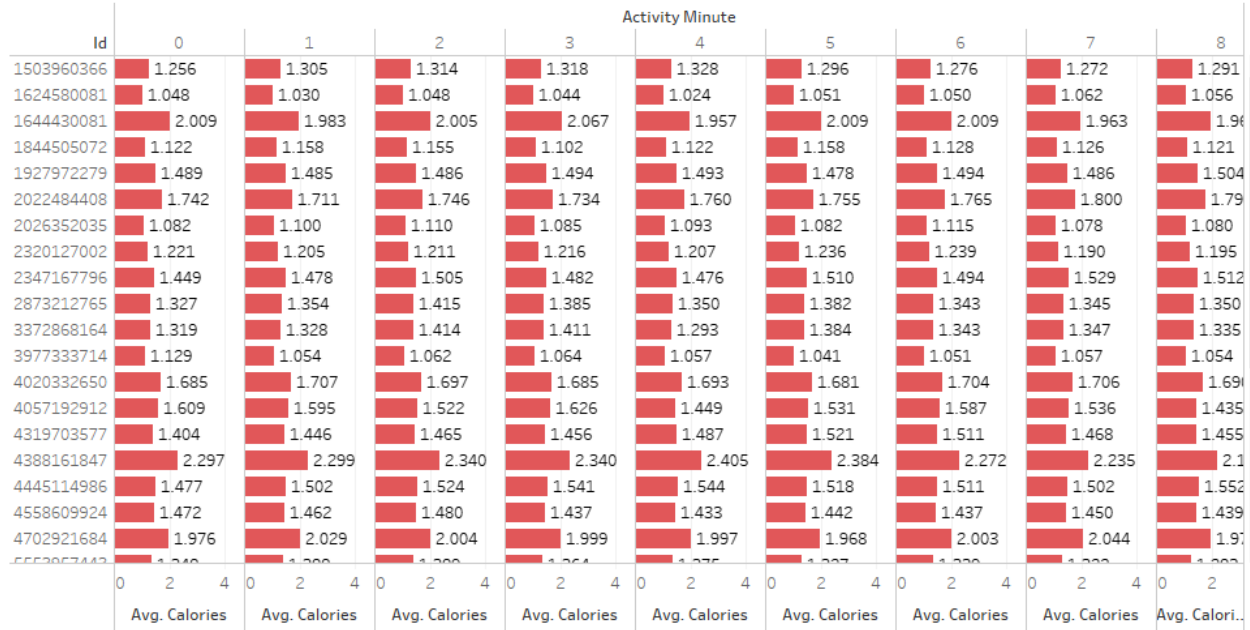
A box plot showing the distribution of BMI for 10 different users. The y-axis represents BMI, ranging from 20 to 45. The x-axis lists the User IDs. The plot shows that most users have a BMI between 20 and 30, with one user (1927972279) having a significantly higher BMI of approximately 47.5. The box plots are colored in a gradient from light blue to dark blue.

User ID	Min	Q1	Median	Q3	Max
1503960366	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
1927972279	47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5
2873212765	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.5
4319703577	27.5	27.5	27.5	27.5	27.5
4558609924	27.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	27.0
5577150313	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
6962181067	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
8877689391	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0

The graph displays the weight of four different users over a period of 15 days. The Y-axis represents weight in kilograms, ranging from 50 to 130. The X-axis represents the date, from May 12, 2016, to May 27, 2016. The four series are: 30000000000 (orange), 45000000000 (pink), 60000000000 (purple), and 75000000000 (dark purple). The 75000000000 series shows a significant weight increase from ~62 Kg to ~86 Kg. The 45000000000 series shows a weight increase from ~69 Kg to ~91 Kg. The 60000000000 series shows a weight increase from ~53 Kg to ~62 Kg. The 30000000000 series shows a weight increase from ~53 Kg to ~57 Kg.

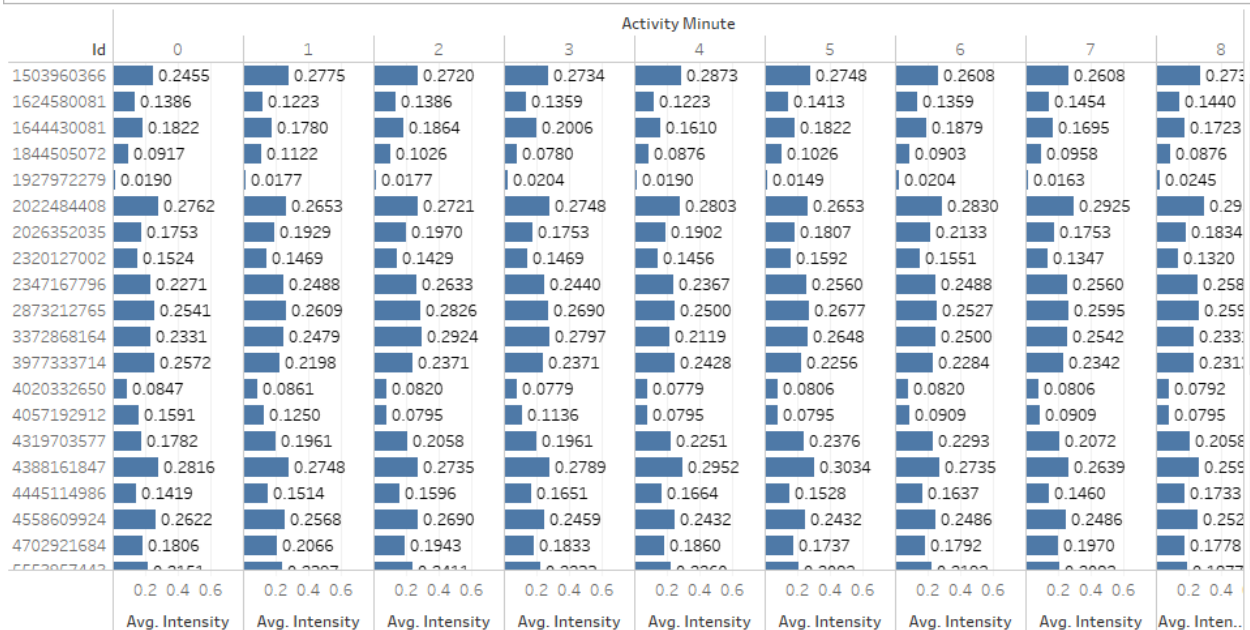
- **Per Min Avg Calories = [minutecaloriesNarrow merged.csv + minutecalorieswide merged.csv]**

Per Min Avg Calories

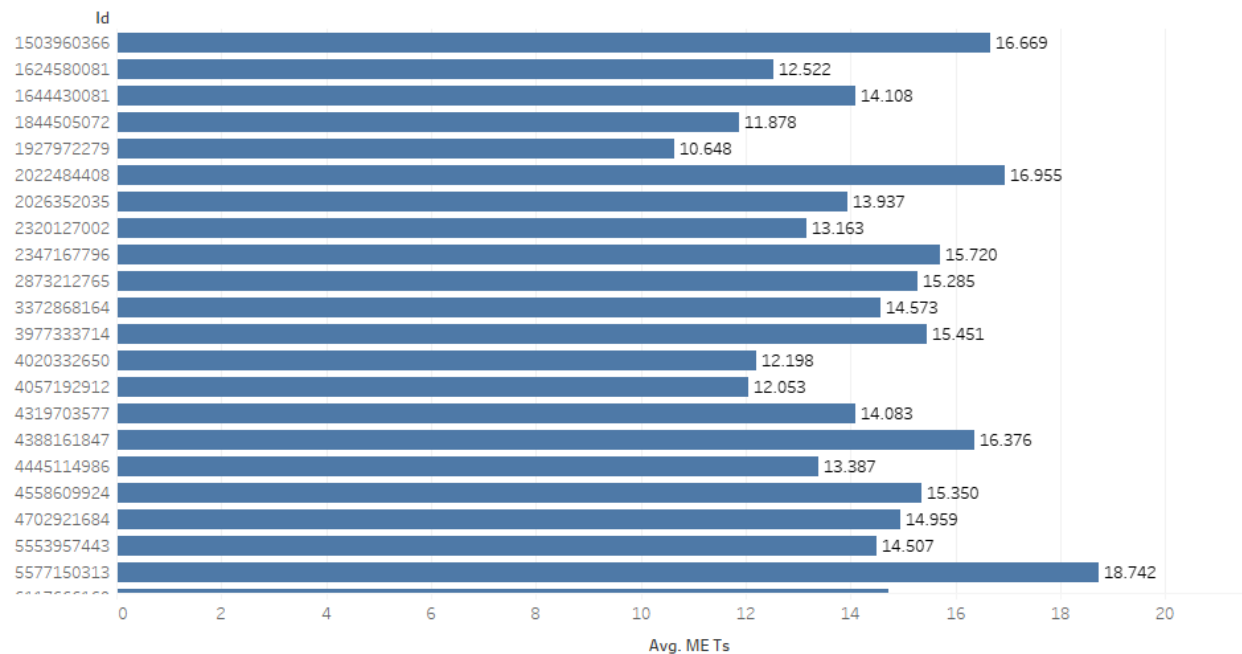


- **Per Min Avg Intensity = [minuteintensitiesNarrow merged.csv + minuteintensitieswide merged.csv]**

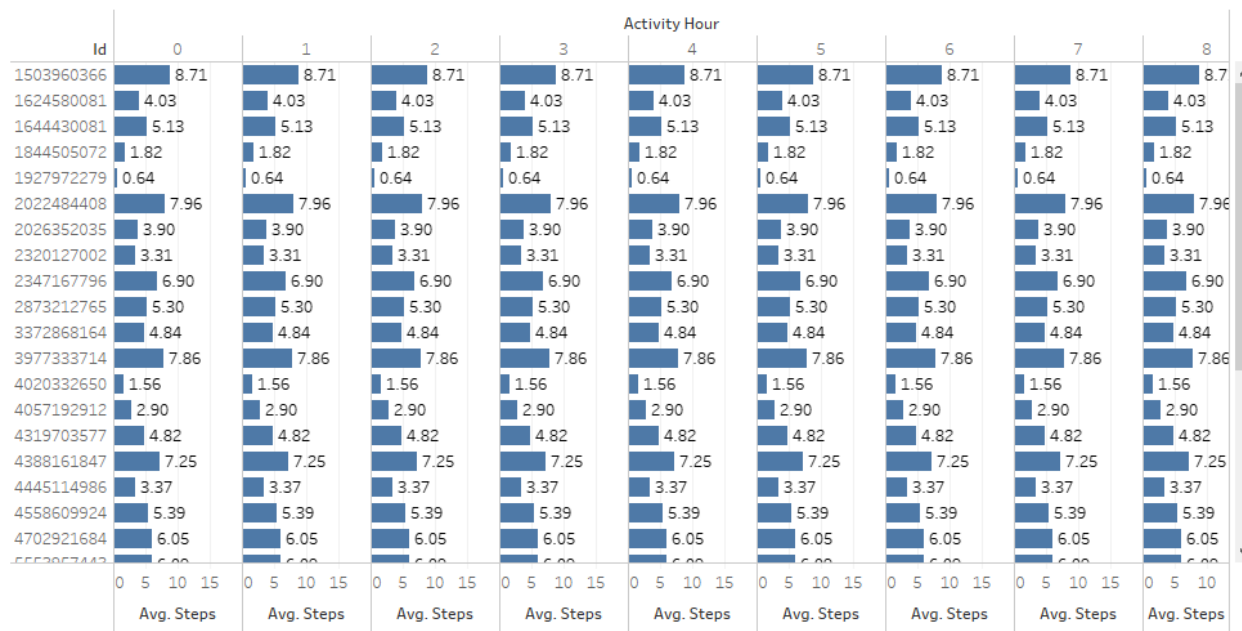
Per Min Avg Intensity



- Avg Metabolic Equivalent = [minuteMETsNarrow merged.csv]



- Per Hour Avg Steps = [minutestepsNarrow_merged.csv + minutestepsWide_merged]



Key Findings:

Identified peak activity periods during the day and variations in daily, hourly, and minute-level activities.

Discovered trends in sleep patterns, potentially correlating with other lifestyle factors.

Explored weight management trends and variations over time.

Analyzed heart rate data for insights into cardiovascular health and responses to physical activity.

Content Recommendations :-

1)User Engagement Campaigns:

Develop targeted campaigns to encourage user engagement during identified peak activity periods. Consider offering challenges, rewards, or promotions aligned with these high-engagement times.

2)Sleep Optimization Features:

Introduce features within the app aimed at optimizing sleep patterns. This could include personalized sleep recommendations, sleep quality tracking, and tips for improving sleep based on the identified trends.

3)Weight Management Support:

Implement features or content within the app to support users in their weight management journey. This could involve providing nutritional guidance, fitness routines, and personalized insights based on weight log trends.

4)Heart Health Education:

Launch educational content or notifications within the app to raise awareness about cardiovascular health. Provide tips on maintaining a healthy heart rate, recognizing peak periods, and incorporating suitable activities.

5)Interactive Dashboards for Users:

Enhance user experience by integrating interactive dashboards into the app. Users should be able to explore their own data with filters for daily, hourly, and minute-level activities,

enabling them to gain deeper insights into their fitness patterns.

6)Personalized Recommendations:

Implement a recommendation engine that suggests personalized fitness goals, challenges, or content based on users' specific activity patterns, sleep behavior, weight management goals, and heart rate trends.

7)Community Engagement Initiatives:

Foster a sense of community among FitBit users by introducing features that allow users to share achievements, participate in challenges together, and exchange tips and advice. This community-building strategy can enhance user motivation.

8)Data-Driven Marketing Campaigns:

Leverage the insights gained from the analysis to create data-driven marketing campaigns. Tailor promotions, advertisements, and content based on user preferences, behaviors, and identified trends.

9)Wellness Challenges and Rewards:

Introduce wellness challenges that span across various aspects like daily activity, sleep, and weight management. Reward users for achieving milestones, fostering a sense of accomplishment and motivation.

10)Integration with Health Professionals:

Explore partnerships or integrations with health professionals or wellness experts. Provide users with the option to receive personalized advice or consultation based on their fitness data, enhancing the overall health and wellness experience.