CSD311-AI

Assignment 1 (Marks <15>): Group of 2-3 students from the same lab group. Posting Date: <28th Aug 2021>;

- Ontime Submission will be given extra 2 marks to the student if assignment marks after evaluation >= 80%:
 - o Due date of submission <9th Sept 2021>;
 - o Demos will be held in the respective lab timings
- Late submission will be evaluated out of 15.
 - o Due date for submission <15th Sept 2021>;
 - o Demos will be held in the respective lab timings

Instructions:

- In future assignments, late submissions will be penalized.
- Serious penalty for plagiarism and cheating.
- Demo: TA will announce demo Schedule during Lab timings on <TBD>
- Student doing assignment alone will be given extra 2 marks if marks obtained in the assignment are >= 80%. This situation will be entertained if there is no partner left in the lab group. Inform in advance.
- Please identify the individual contribution in terms of %.

Develop and implement the following in C/C++/Java / Python

- a. (<3> marks) Write a program to generate a 3-D magic cube (Description available in lecture notes OR find at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Magic_cube).
- b. (<8> marks) Write program for 3-D Tic Tac Toe using magic square concept approach discussed in the class.
 - i. Winner is the one who makes first 10 collinear lines which satisfy magic square condition.
- c. (<2> marks) Display the board position (you can display 3 separate boards) after each turn along with a list of contents for both the players.
- d. (<2> marks) For well documented program.
 - i. Write all algorithms used should in a doc file and put comments explaining each module in the program

Questions at the time of evaluation:

- 1. Magic square generalization (start from any cell and generate magic square; Using some formula, using backtracking, ..)
- 2. Tic-Tac –toe (Updation of both the lists after each play, display of board position)
- 3. Will be asked to change a code of specific activity.

Winning Strategy:

A winning line is formed when the sum of the three numbers is 42 on the magic square, **and** the three points are collinear i.e each row, column, pillar, four main space diagonals.

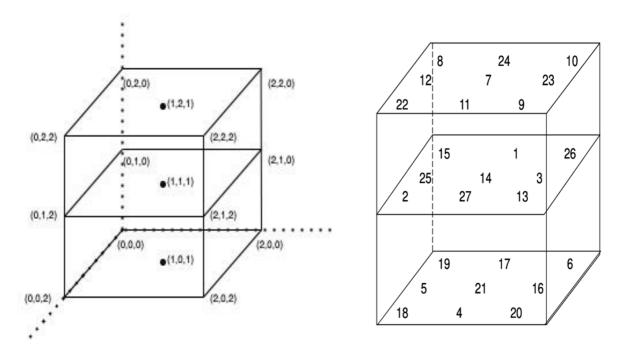
Hint: One of the working solutions would be to test if the three points in 3-D space have the sum as 42 **and** the three points are collinear.

Formula for showing 3 points are collinear:

Let us consider three points A (x1,y1,z1), B(x2,y2,z2) and C(x3,y3,z3) as 3-D co-ordinates. In order to prove that the three points are collinear we need to show:

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \lambda \overrightarrow{AC}$$

(x2 - x1, y2 - y1, z2 - z1) = λ (z3 - x1, y3 - y1, z3 - z1)



Sample Explanation:

Winning Lines:

- 1. **Row**: Taking the points on the top surface (0,2,0) (1,2,0) (2,2,0), the slope is the same between the three points and the sum of the three points is 42.
- 2. **Column:** Take the points on the middle surface (2,1,2) (2,1,1) (2,1,0), the slope is the same between the three points and the sum of the three points is 42.
- 3. **Pillar**: Take the points on the right surface (2,2,0) (2,1,0) (2,0,0), the slope is the same between the three points and the sum of the three points is 42.

4. **Major Diagonal:** Take the points on the right surface (0,2,0) - (1,1,1) - (2,0,2), the slope is the same between the three points and the sum of the three points is 42.

Incorrect Lines:

- 1. Diagonal on Top Surface: The points are collinear but the sum is not 42.
- 2. Three random points with sum 42: Eg (0,2,0) (1,2,1)- (1,1,2), the sum is 42 but the slope is different i.e they are non collinear.