



NEW PATHS. NEW APPROACHES

Satellite Derived Bathymetry Primer

Shallow Survey 2018

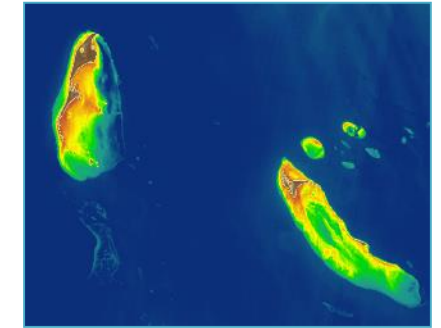
St. John's, NL, Canada, October 1-3

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Technologies Inc.

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GIS developer, IIC Technologies Inc.

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Planet Labs Geomatics Corp.

- Reconnaissance tool for bathymetric survey planning
- Capacity Building & Training (IIC Academy)
- Chart adequacy analysis
- On-demand local SDB extraction



Reconnaissance

FIG/IHO/ICA S-5 (Hydrographic Surveys) Cat B & S-8 (Nautical Cartography) Cat B

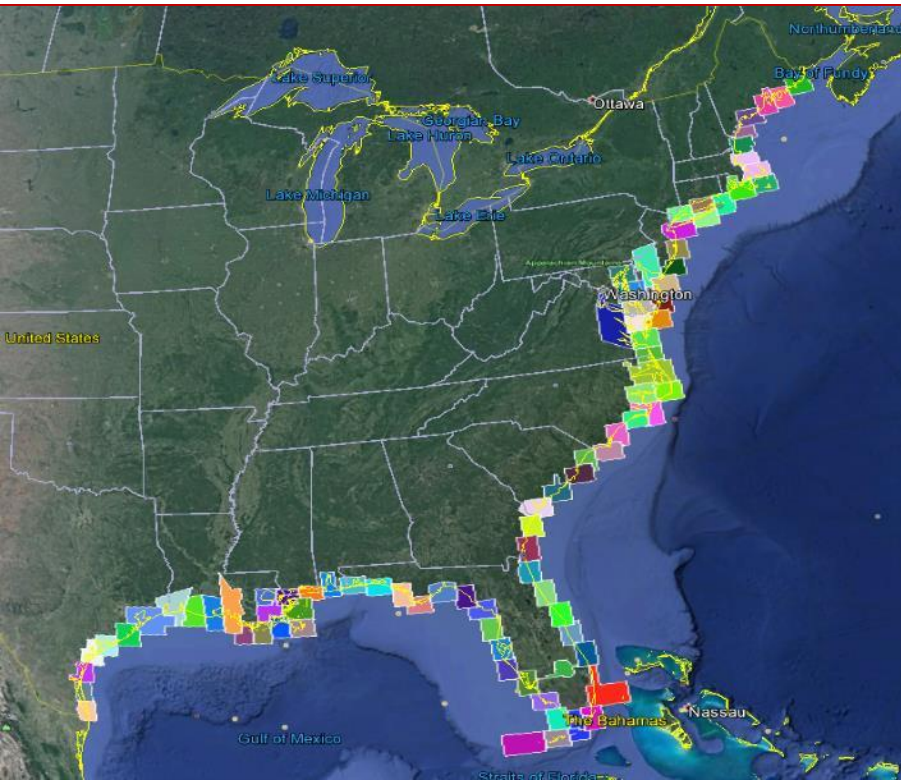


Chart adequacy and production

Examples of SDB projects

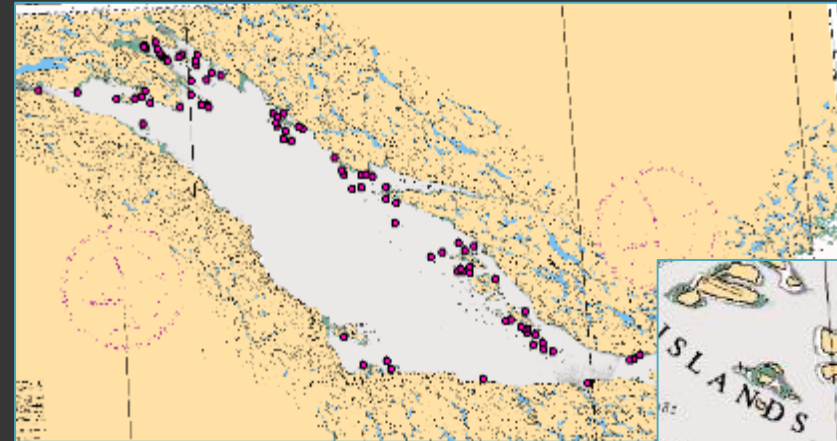
Chart Adequacy

- ❖ NOAA USA East and Gulf Coast ENC
- ❖ SDB Extraction (LiDAR benchmark)

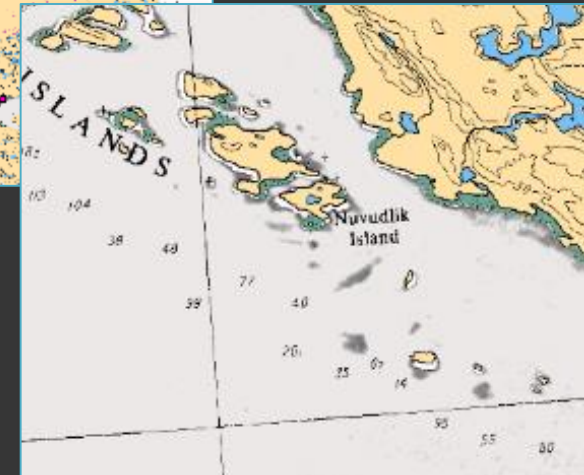


Shoals detection in Arctic waters

- ❖ Wager Bay, Nunavut, Canada

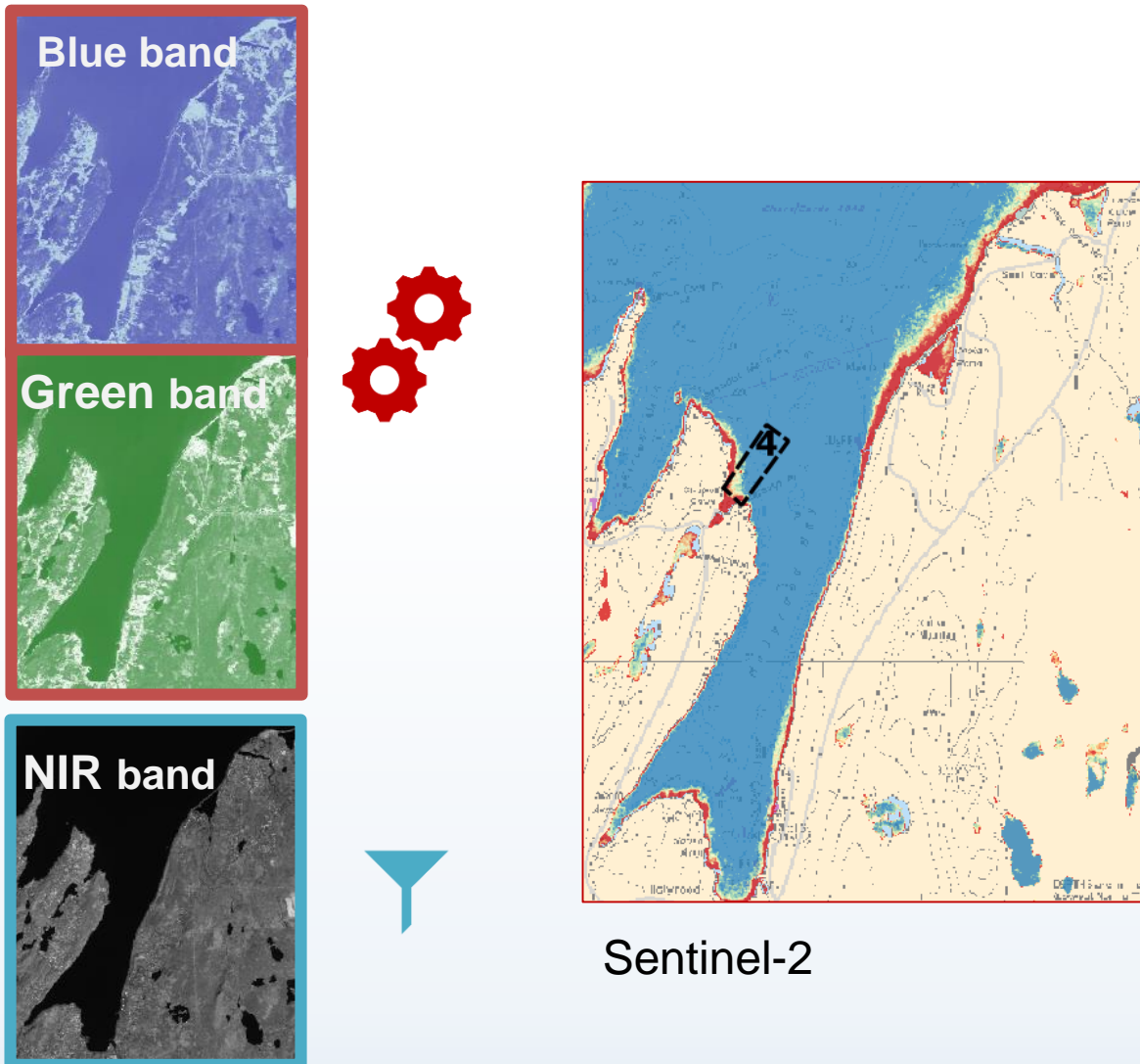


Digitized Shoals

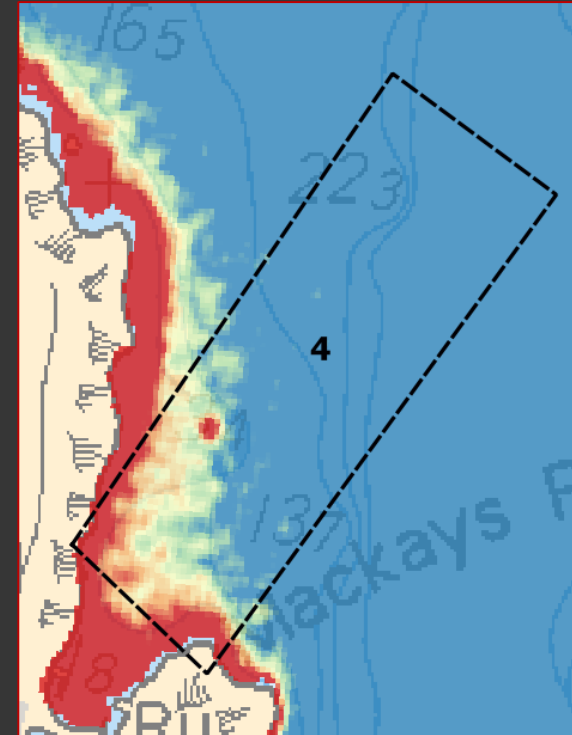


SDB Extract

Proof of Concept: Simple Approach



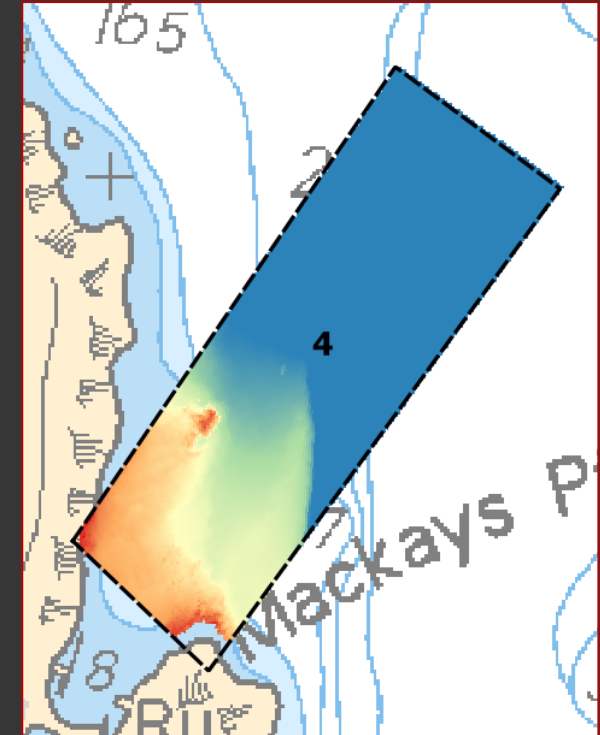
Close-up



Sentinel-2

2018-Apr-17

Not vertically referenced



EM2040

2017-Sep-05

Shallow survey 2018 dataset

Step 1

- ❖ Select Image
- ❖ Download
- ✓ Simplify using Planet Explorer online tool
- ✓ Access wide source of images

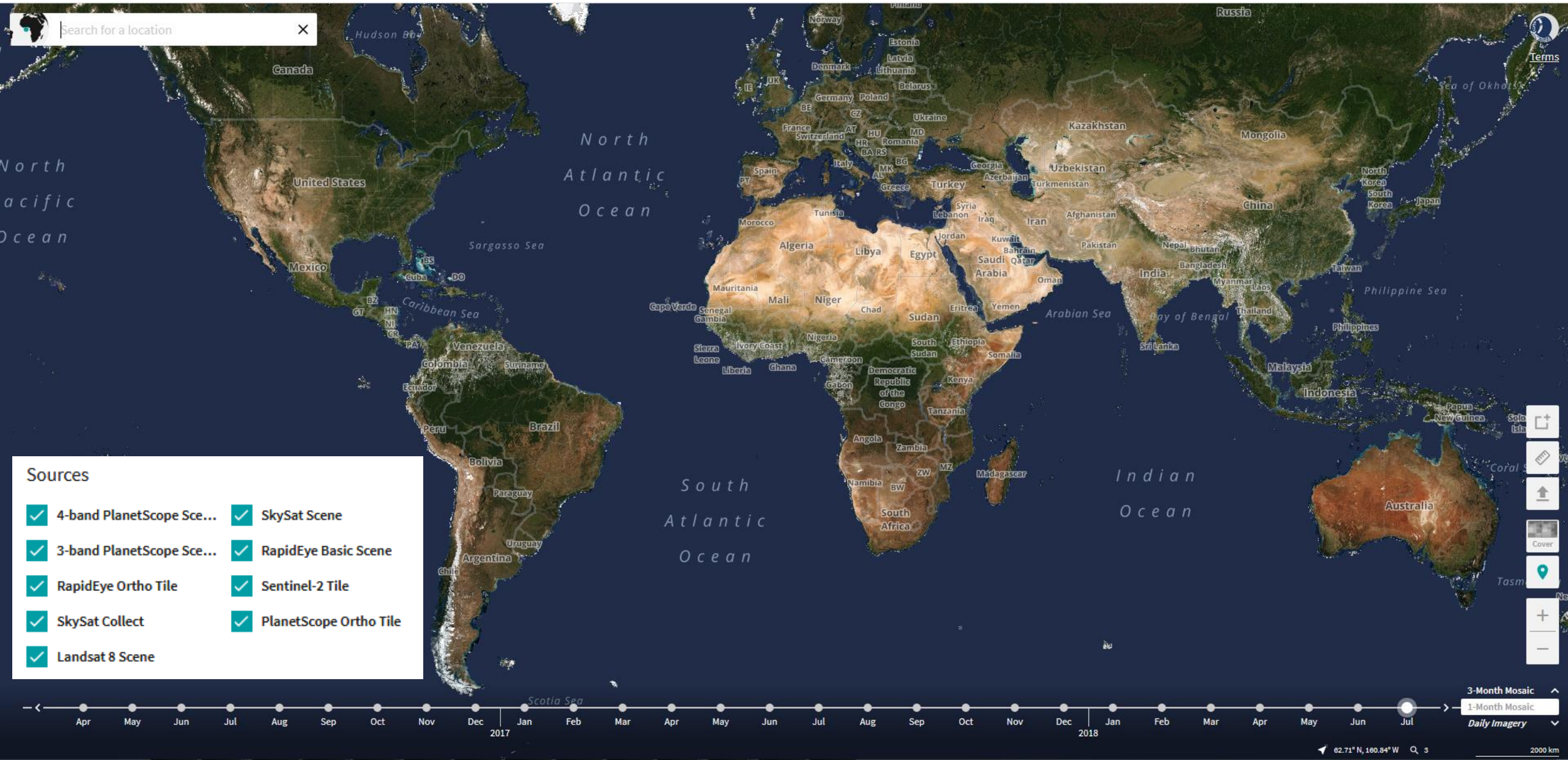
Step 2

- ❖ SDB extraction algorithm
- ✓ Code in Python and implement in open source QGIS
- ✓ Use Planet API to combine Step 1 and 2

Step 3

- ❖ Compare results in GIS
- ❖ Assess best dates and sources for SDB

Planet Explorer

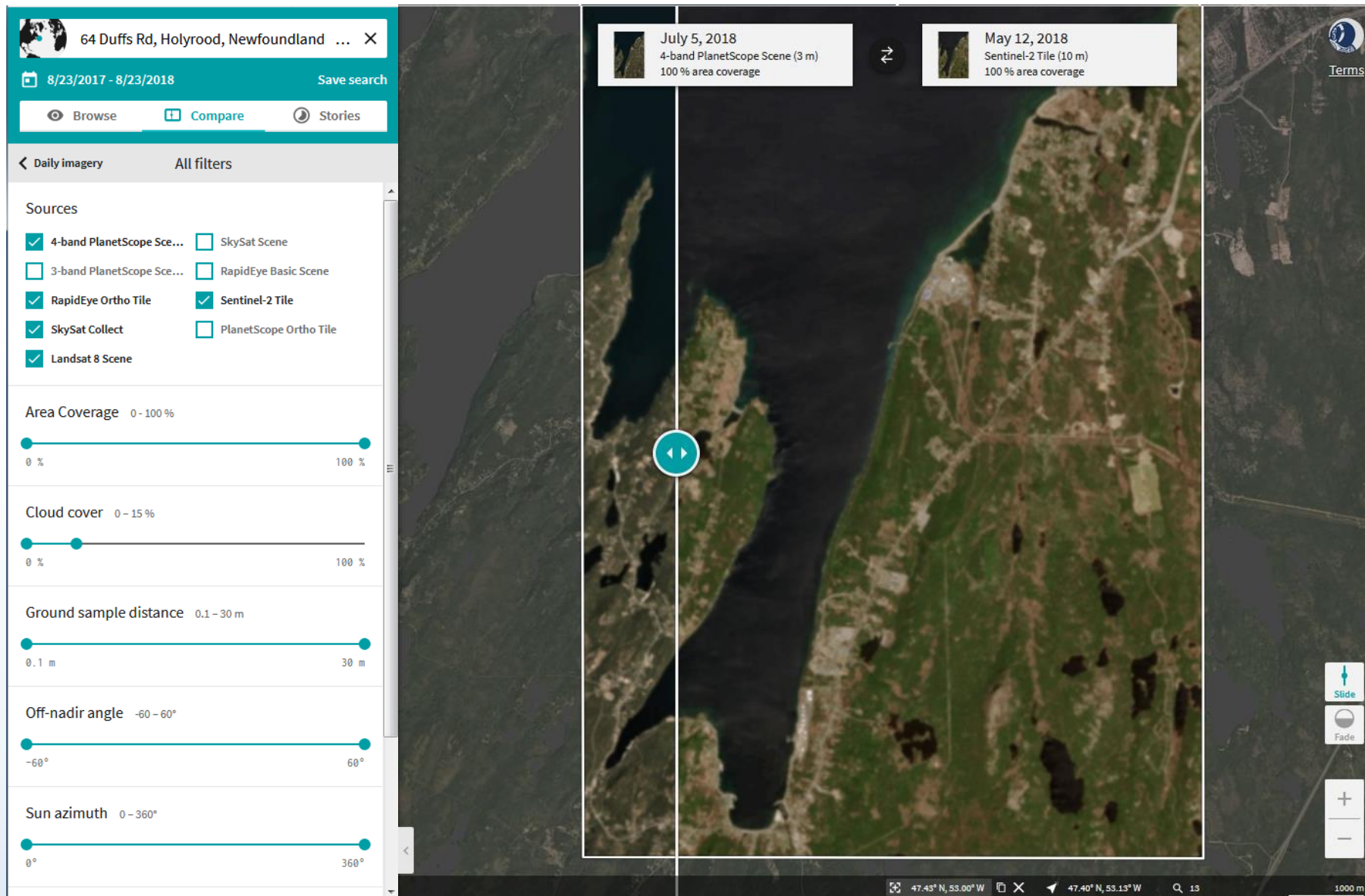


Satellite sources

Term	LandSat 8	Sentinel 2	Planet Scope	Rapid Eye	Sky Sat
Cadence	~ Twice monthly	~Weekly	Daily	~Weekly	Weekly Tasked
Approx. pixel size	~30m	~10m	~3m	5m	~0.9m
Number of bands	9: Aerosol + RGB + NIR +2 SWIR + Pan + Cirrus	12: RGB + 3 Red Edge + NIR + 3 SWR + Vapor + Aerosol	4: RGB + NIR	5: RGB + Red Edge + NIR	5: RGB + Pan + NIR

Source: Planet Labs Geomatics

Filters and temporal comparison



64 Duffs Rd, Holyrood, Newfoundland ... X

8/23/2017 - 8/23/2018 Save search

Browse Compare Stories

← Daily imagery All filters

Sources

- ☒ 4-band PlanetScope Scene
- ☐ 3-band PlanetScope Scene
- ☒ RapidEye Ortho Tile
- ☒ SkySat Collect
- ☒ Landsat 8 Scene
- ☐ SkySat Scene
- ☐ RapidEye Basic Scene
- ☒ Sentinel-2 Tile
- ☐ PlanetScope Ortho Tile

Area Coverage 0 - 100 %

Cloud cover 0 - 15 %

Ground sample distance 0.1 - 30 m

Off-nadir angle -60 - 60°

Sun azimuth 0 - 360°

July 5, 2018
4-band PlanetScope Scene (3 m)
100 % area coverage

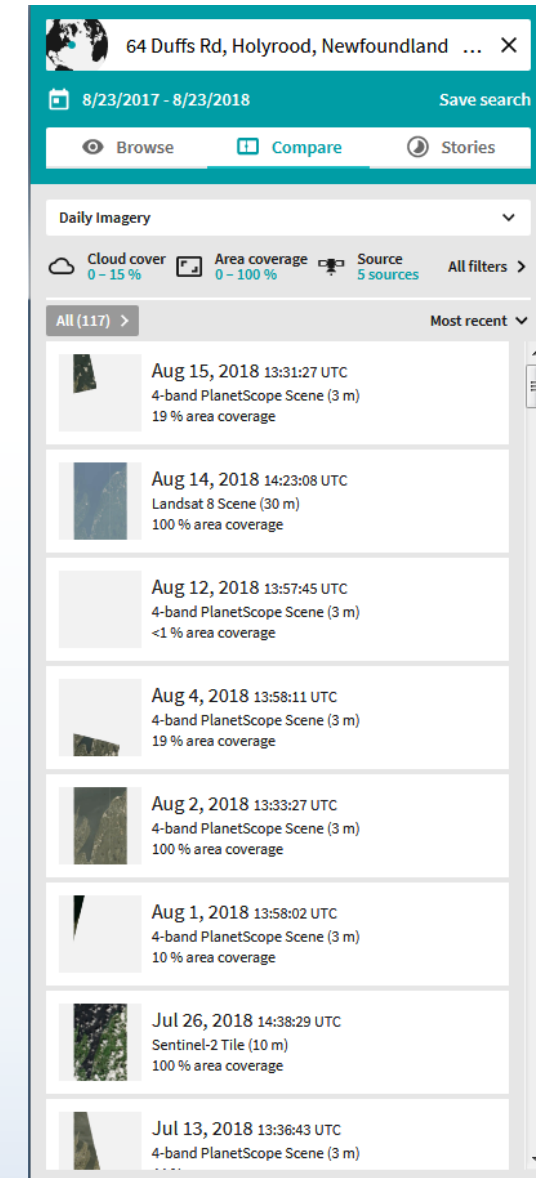
May 12, 2018
Sentinel-2 Tile (10 m)
100 % area coverage

Terms

Slide

Fade

47.45° N, 53.00° W 47.40° N, 53.13° W 13 1000 m



64 Duffs Rd, Holyrood, Newfoundland ... X

8/23/2017 - 8/23/2018 Save search

Browse Compare Stories

Daily imagery

Cloud cover 0 - 15 % Area coverage 0 - 100 % Source 5 sources All filters >

All (117) > Most recent >

- Aug 15, 2018 13:31:27 UTC
4-band PlanetScope Scene (3 m)
19 % area coverage
- Aug 14, 2018 14:23:08 UTC
Landsat 8 Scene (30 m)
100 % area coverage
- Aug 12, 2018 13:57:45 UTC
4-band PlanetScope Scene (3 m)
<1 % area coverage
- Aug 4, 2018 13:58:11 UTC
4-band PlanetScope Scene (3 m)
19 % area coverage
- Aug 2, 2018 13:33:27 UTC
4-band PlanetScope Scene (3 m)
100 % area coverage
- Aug 1, 2018 13:58:02 UTC
4-band PlanetScope Scene (3 m)
10 % area coverage
- Jul 26, 2018 14:38:29 UTC
Sentinel-2 Tile (10 m)
100 % area coverage
- Jul 13, 2018 13:36:43 UTC
4-band PlanetScope Scene (3 m)

Version 1

- ❖ **QGIS:**
 - ❖ Open background BSB
 - ❖ Define AOI
 - ❖ PY script:
 - ❖ Operator inputs
 - ❖ Search images (Planet API)
 - ❖ Download image (Planet API)
 - ❖ SDB algorithm
 - ❖ Inspect results

Version 2

- ❖ **Planet Explorer:**
 - ❖ Define AOI
 - ❖ Set Filters
 - ❖ Compare and select image (obtain Planet ID)
- ❖ **QGIS:**
 - ❖ PY script :
 - ❖ Download using Planet ID (Planet API)
 - ❖ SDB algorithm
 - ❖ Inspect results

QGIS

Version 3.2

Earlier version may not work



Set-up

Import libraries

```
SDB_script.py
1  #import standard Qgis libs
2  from qgis.core import *
3  from qgis.PyQt.QtCore import *
4  from qgis.PyQt.QtGui import *
5  #import lib for processing
6  import processing
7  #lib for debugging
8  import sys
9  import os
10
11  #this code is for Planet API integration
```

Smoothing

Saga simple filters (optional)

```
76 #Run the simplefilter saga algo for B2, and add to the project
77 Blue_smooth_output := processing.run('saga:simplefilter', {'INPUT': B2Layer, 'MODE': 0, 'METHOD': 0, 'RA
78 Blue_smooth_path := Blue_smooth_output['RESULT']
79 fileInfo := QFileInfo(Blue_smooth_path)
80 baseName := fileInfo.baseName()
81 Blue_smooth := QgsRasterLayer(Blue_smooth_path, baseName)
82 iface.addRasterLayer(Blue_smooth_path, "Blue_smooth")
83
84 #run the simplefilter saga algo for B3, and add to the project
85 Green_smooth_output := processing.run('saga:simplefilter', {'INPUT': B3Layer, 'MODE': 0, 'METHOD': 0, 'RA
86 Green_smooth_path := Green_smooth_output['RESULT']
87 fileInfo := QFileInfo(Green_smooth_path)
88 baseName := fileInfo.baseName()
89 Green_smooth := QgsRasterLayer(Green_smooth_path, baseName)
```

Compute Algorithm

QGIS Raster Calculator

Land/Water separation based on
NIR band (optional)

```
99 #Doing the raster calc with qgis method
100 #first, set the layer names with band nums attached and expression to be used
101 B6Name=B6Layer.name() + '@1'
102 Blue_smoothName := Blue_smooth.name() + '@1'
103 Green_smoothName := Green_smooth.name() + '@1'
104 expression := '(\'' + B6Name + '\' < \'' + str(LWthreshold) + '\') * ln(\'' + Blue_smoothName + '\') / ln(\'' + Green_smoothN
105 LANDSAT_SDB_alg_script_qgis := processing.run('qgis:rastercalculator', {'EXPRESSION': expression, 'LAYERS':
106 iface.addRasterLayer(outRast, 'LANDSAT_SDB_alg_script_qgis')
107
```




The screenshot shows a web form for updating a Planet API profile. It includes fields for 'Email' (captain.planet@example.com) and 'API key' (347e992b4160ba495afd715f128ee483). Below these is a 'Language' section with buttons for ENGLISH, ENGLISH (UK), ESPAÑOL, 日本語, 한국어, РУССКИЙ, TÜRKÇE, and 中文. There is a link to 'Edit your Avatar on Gravatar.com' and a placeholder for an avatar. At the bottom is an 'UPDATE PROFILE' button.

- ✓ Python 3.6
- ✓ Node.js
- ✓ cURL
- ✓ requests
- ✓ retrying
- ✓ jq
- ✓ geojsonio-cli
- ✓ Scipy
- ✓ Gdal
- ✓ rasterio
- ✓ pandas
- ✓ seaborn
- ✓ traitlets
- ✓ shapely
- ✓ IPython
- ✓ Ipyleaflet

Preliminary

Planet API Key (subscription)

Development Environment Setup

Install multiple tools
(API supports Python 2.7+)

```
import os
import requests
from requests.auth import HTTPBasicAuth
import json
import urllib
import sys
#from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QWidget, QDialog, QLineEdit

from qgis.core import *
from qgis.PyQt.QtCore import *
from qgis.PyQt.QtGui import *
from qgis.PyQt.QtWidgets import QDialog, QLineEdit
```

```
def makeFilter(AoiGeometry, startDate, endDate, cloudPerc):
    print(startDate, endDate)
    geo_json_geometry = {
        "type": "Polygon",
        "coordinates": AoiGeometry["features"][0]["geometry"]["coordinates"][0]
    }

    # filter for items the overlap with our chosen geometry
    geometry_filter = {
        "type": "GeometryFilter",
        "field_name": "geometry",
        "config": geo_json_geometry
    }

    # filter images acquired in a certain date range
    date_range_filter = {
        "type": "DateRangeFilter",
        "field_name": "acquired",
        "config": {
            "gte": startDate,
            "lte": endDate
        }
    }
```

```
    # filter any images which are more than 50% clouds
    cloud_cover_filter = {
        "type": "RangeFilter",
        "field_name": "cloud_cover",
        "config": {
            "lte": cloudPerc
        }
    }

    # create a filter that combines our geo and date filters
    # could also use an "OrFilter"
    Planet_filter = {
        "type": "AndFilter",
        "config": [geometry_filter, date_range_filter, cloud_cover_filter]
    }
    return Planet_filter
```

Set-up

Import libraries

Set Filters

Start/End dates

Cloud cover

Satellite selection

```
#def for generating list of bands to download
def getData(filter, location):

    def makeList(prompt):
        assetList = []
        while True:
            assetName, okPressed = QInputDialog.getText(None, "Get text", prompt, QLineEdit.Normal, "")
            if assetName == "-1":
                break
            assetList.append(assetName)
        return assetList
```

```
for element in download_list:
    #out_file_path = "C:/Users/User/Documents/QGIS_SDB/manual_working/PL_API_Downloads/" +
    element+".txt"
    download_url = dataset_assets[element]["location"]
    print("Downloading, please wait...")
    urllib.request.urlretrieve(download_url, location + "/" + element + ".tiff")
    print("Finished downloading "+element)
```

Search Images

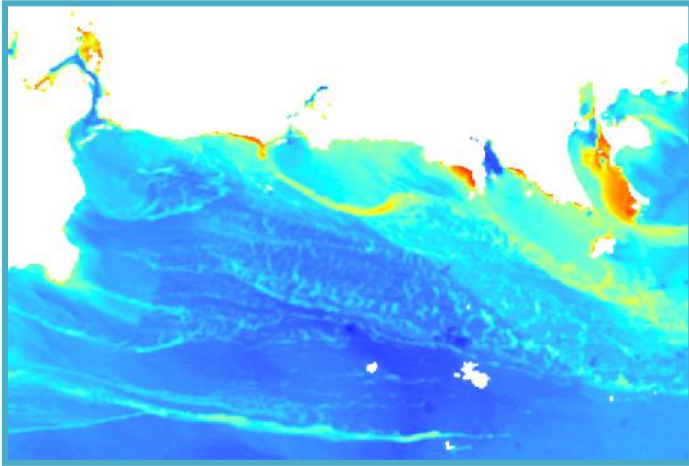
List images matching
filters

Make a selection

Download

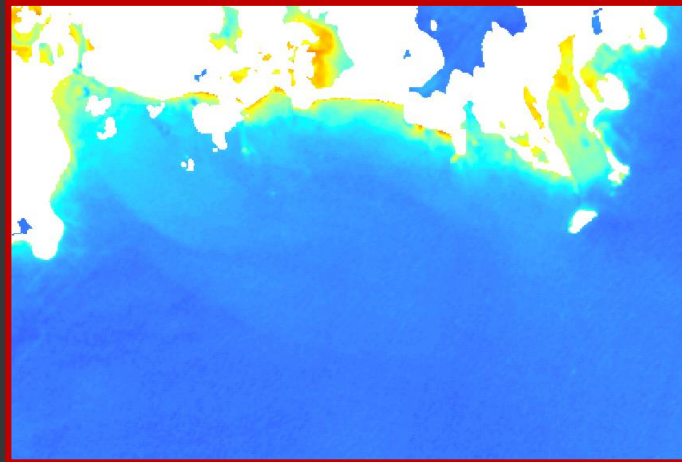
Download selection

Temporal comparison



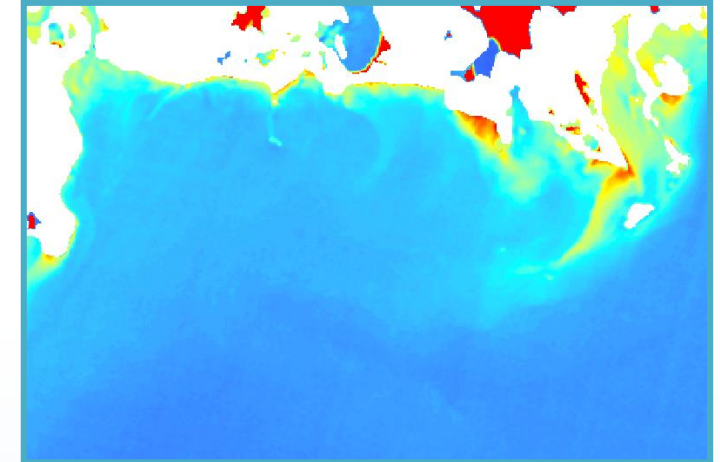
February 2015

Visible ice
Water turbidity



April 2015

Some cloud cover
Overall best results



May 2015

Biological growth
Increased turbidity

- **Short term**

- Fine tune search and preview options (version 1)
- Create QGIS plug-in

- **Mid term**

- Implement new algorithms
- Adapt to other purpose (e.g. shore line extraction)

- **Other projects**

- Plug-in for CARIS BDB?
- Adapt to ArcGIS?



NEW PATHS. NEW APPROACHES

Thank You

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