

The basic rules of natural deduction:

	<i>introduction</i>	<i>elimination</i>
$\wedge$	$\frac{\phi \quad \psi}{\phi \wedge \psi} \wedge i$	$\frac{\phi \wedge \psi}{\phi} \wedge e_1 \quad \frac{\phi \wedge \psi}{\psi} \wedge e_2$
$\vee$	$\frac{\phi}{\phi \vee \psi} \vee i_1 \quad \frac{\psi}{\phi \vee \psi} \vee i_2$	$\frac{\phi \vee \psi \quad \boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} \phi \\ \vdots \\ \psi \end{smallmatrix}} \quad \boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} \psi \\ \vdots \\ \chi \end{smallmatrix}}}{\chi} \vee e$
$\rightarrow$	$\frac{\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} \phi \\ \vdots \\ \psi \end{smallmatrix}}}{\phi \rightarrow \psi} \rightarrow i$	$\frac{\phi \quad \phi \rightarrow \psi}{\psi} \rightarrow e$
$\neg$	$\frac{\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} \phi \\ \vdots \\ \perp \end{smallmatrix}}}{\neg \phi} \neg i$	$\frac{\phi \quad \neg \phi}{\perp} \neg e$
$\perp$	(no introduction rule for $\perp$ )	$\frac{\perp}{\phi} \perp e$
$\neg\neg$		$\frac{\neg\neg\phi}{\phi} \neg\neg e$

Some useful derived rules:

$$\frac{\phi \rightarrow \psi \quad \neg\psi}{\neg\phi} \text{ MT}$$

$$\frac{\phi}{\neg\neg\phi} \neg\neg i$$

$$\frac{\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} \neg\phi \\ \vdots \\ \perp \end{smallmatrix}}}{\phi} \text{ PBC}$$

$$\frac{}{\phi \vee \neg\phi} \text{ LEM}$$

**Figure 1.2.** Natural deduction rules for propositional logic.

Dessutom får copy-regeln användas.

	<i>introduction</i>	<i>elimination</i>
$=$	$\frac{}{t = t} =i$	$\frac{t_1 = t_2 \quad \Phi[t_1/x]}{\Phi[t_2/x]} =e$
$\forall$	$\frac{\boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0: \\ \vdots \\ \Phi[x_0/x] \end{array}}}{\forall x \Phi} \forall x i$	$\frac{\forall x \Phi}{\Phi[t/x]} \forall x e$
$\exists$	$\frac{\Phi[t/x]}{\exists x \Phi} \exists x i$	$\frac{\exists x \Phi \quad \boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0: \Phi[x_0/x] \\ \vdots \\ \chi \end{array}}}{\chi} \exists x e$

**Figure:** Natural deduction rules for predicate logic

## Ett bevissystem för CTL

$$\begin{array}{c}
 p \frac{-}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} p} \quad p \in L(s) \qquad \neg p \frac{-}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \neg p} \quad p \notin L(s) \\
 \wedge \frac{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \phi \quad \mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \psi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \phi \wedge \psi} \\
 \vee_1 \frac{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \phi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \phi \vee \psi} \qquad \vee_2 \frac{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \psi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \phi \vee \psi} \\
 \text{AX} \frac{\mathcal{M}, s_1 \vdash_{[]} \phi \quad \dots \quad \mathcal{M}, s_n \vdash_{[]} \phi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \text{AX } \phi} \\
 \text{AG}_1 \frac{-}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_U \text{AG } \phi} \quad s \in U \qquad \text{AF}_1 \frac{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \phi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_U \text{AF } \phi} \quad s \notin U \\
 \text{AG}_2 \frac{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \phi \quad \mathcal{M}, s_1 \vdash_{U,s} \text{AG } \phi \quad \dots \quad \mathcal{M}, s_n \vdash_{U,s} \text{AG } \phi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_U \text{AG } \phi} \quad s \notin U \\
 \text{AF}_2 \frac{\mathcal{M}, s_1 \vdash_{U,s} \text{AF } \phi \quad \dots \quad \mathcal{M}, s_n \vdash_{U,s} \text{AF } \phi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_U \text{AF } \phi} \quad s \notin U \\
 \text{EX} \frac{\mathcal{M}, s' \vdash_{[]} \phi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \text{EX } \phi} \qquad \text{EG}_1 \frac{-}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_U \text{EG } \phi} \quad s \in U \\
 \text{EG}_2 \frac{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \phi \quad \mathcal{M}, s' \vdash_{U,s} \text{EG } \phi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_U \text{EG } \phi} \quad s \notin U \\
 \text{EF}_1 \frac{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_{[]} \phi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_U \text{EF } \phi} \quad s \notin U \qquad \text{EF}_2 \frac{\mathcal{M}, s' \vdash_{U,s} \text{EF } \phi}{\mathcal{M}, s \vdash_U \text{EF } \phi} \quad s \notin U
 \end{array}$$

Figur 1: Ett bevissystem för CTL.

I premisserna till A-reglerna betecknar  $s_1, \dots, s_n$  *alla* efterföljare till tillståndet  $s$  i modellen  $\mathcal{M}$ , medan i premisserna till E-reglerna betecknar  $s'$  *någon* efterföljare till  $s$ .

$$\frac{(\phi) C_1 (\eta) \quad (\eta) C_2 (\psi)}{(\phi) C_1; C_2 (\psi)} \text{Composition}$$

$$\frac{}{(\psi[E/x]) x = E (\psi)} \text{Assignment}$$

$$\frac{(\phi \wedge B) C_1 (\psi) \quad (\phi \wedge \neg B) C_2 (\psi)}{(\phi) \text{if } B \{C_1\} \text{ else } \{C_2\} (\psi)} \text{If-statement}$$

$$\frac{(\psi \wedge B) C (\psi)}{(\psi) \text{while } B \{C\} (\psi \wedge \neg B)} \text{Partial-while}$$

$$\frac{\vdash_{\text{AR}} \phi' \rightarrow \phi \quad (\phi) C (\psi) \quad \vdash_{\text{AR}} \psi \rightarrow \psi'}{(\phi') C (\psi')} \text{Implied}$$

**Figure 4.1.** Proof rules for partial correctness of Hoare triples.