# Does the Internet Accessibility Improve Student's Ability?

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## Introduction



Figure 1

## Research Question and Hypothesis

#### Reserch Question

• The aim of our research is to analyse if there is a significant impact on students ability made by the Internet accecibility.

#### Hypothesis

• The hypothesis of our research is that Internet accessibility is likely to have a substantial impact, both positive and negative, on the students ability.

#### Data Sources

#### World DataBank

Collections of time series data on a variety of topics.

## OECD(Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA))

• Triennial international survey which aims to evaluate education systems worldwide by testing the skills and knowledge of 15-year-old students.

# Methodology

## Dependent Variables

Variable Name	Description
math reading ps	Mathmatics mean score(2012) Reading mean score(2012) Problem Solving mean score(2012)

#### Indivendent Variables

Variable Name	Description
internet mobile	Internet users (per 100 people).  Mobile cellular subscriptions (per 100 people)

# Methodology

#### **Controlled Variables**

Variable Name	Description
GDPperc	GDP per Capita (current US\$)
pop	Population, total
popd	Population density (people per sq. km of land area)
rteacher	Primary school pupil-teacher ratio
eyear	Compulsory education years in primary school

## Methodology

### **Descriptive Statistics**

## Summary statistics of the variables

Statistic	N	Mean	St. Dev.	Min	Max
math	63	469.743	52.225	368.103	573.468
reading	63	471.675	45.780	384.151	544.600
ps	42	485.544	44.181	399.166	562.421
GDPperc	63	32,608.030	29,376.850	1,754.548	149,160.800
pop	63	36,014,700.000	60,090,250.000	36,791	314,102,623
popd	63	635.244	2,625.005	2.959	18,654.280
rteacher	51	15.061	4.335	7.444	28.016
internet	63	66.580	18.362	14.520	96.210
mobile	63	128.770	33.182	79.568	289.782

# **Analysis**

## Regression Result

Dependent variable:

	Dependent variable:					
	m	ath	reading		ps	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
log(GDPperc)	20.933**	-19.929*	19.883***	-14.930	26.447**	-6.536
	(7.847)	(10.282)	(6.961)	(9.516)	(10.146)	(17.757)
log(pop)	5.468	7.355**	7.070*	8.735***	7.770	6.960
	(4.187)	(3.365)	(3.714)	(3.114)	(5.252)	(5.041)
popd	0.004*	0.008**	0.002	0.007**	0.003	0.007*
	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.002)	(0.004)
rteacher	-3.751*	-3.329**	-3.271*	-3.151**	-2.914	-2.051
	(1.889)	(1.540)	(1.676)	(1.425)	(1.860)	(1.808)
eyear	-3.606	-1.067	-3.269	-1.551	-2.907	-0.202
	(3.898)	(3.183)	(3.458)	(2.946)	(4.202)	(4.172)
internet		2.570***		2.154***		1.938**
		(0.502)		(0.464)		(0.875)
mobile		-0.009		-0.169		-0.137
		(0.221)		(0.205)		(0.276)
(intercept)	266.053**	437.763***	241.887**	417.458***	161.860	345.194**
	(109.259)	(105.489)	(96.925)	(97.636)	(119.071)	(151.692)
Observations	50	50	50	50	32	32
$R^2$	0.399	0.635	0.374	0.586	0.464	0.556
Adjusted R <sup>2</sup>	0.331	0.574	0.303	0.517	0.361	0.426
Residual Std. Error	41.402 (df = 44)	33.031 (df = 42)	36.728 (df = 44)	30.572 (df = 42)	32.753 (df = 26)	31.048 (df = 24)
F Statistic	5.844*** (df = 5; 44)	10.433*** (df = 7; 42)	5.259*** (df = 5; 44)	8.494*** (df = 7; 42)	4.507*** (df = 5; 26)	4.287*** (df = 7; 2
Note:					*p<0.1:	**p<0.05; ***p<0.0
Residual Std. Error					4.507*** (df = 5; 26	5)

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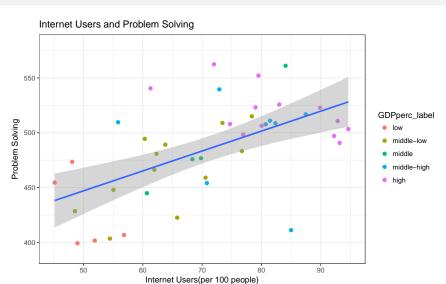
# **Analysis**

#### Variance Inflation Factors

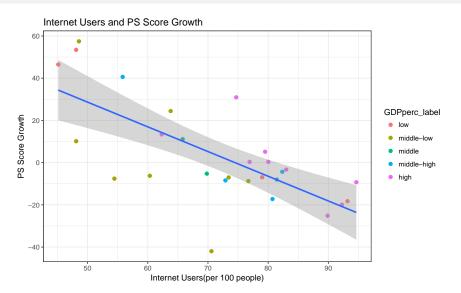
Math, Reading, and Problem Solving

	log(GDPper	c) log(pop)	popd	rteacher	eyear	internet	mobile
math:	4.4954	1.7456	3.1624	2.0215	1.2377	3.986	2.7388
	log(GDPpe	rc) log(pop)	popd	rteache	r eyear	interne	t mobile
reading	4.4954	1.7456	3.1624	2.0215	1.2377	3.986	2.7388
log(GDPperc) log(pop) popd rteacher eyear internet mobile							
problem solving	g: 4.7962	1.9939	5.456	8 1.503	4 1.534	12 4.709	2 3.9355

# Analysis of Problem Solving



## Analysis of Score Growth



## Findings and Limitations

#### **Findings**

- Internet accessiblity could have a strong impact on student's ability.
- However, the impact could be weaker on problem solving ability than academic ability.
- The result could be different if we categolized countries by GDP

#### Limitations

- Small sample size
- Available data limitation

## Questions?

