ADUI IS NAMED FOR A SCRIBE Who WORKED AT Christ Church, Canterbury, in the first half of the eleventh century and signed himself "Eadutius cognomento Basan." This Eadui Basan was a leading practitioner of the scribal hand known to paleographers as style IV English caroline minuscule. Like caroline minuscules generally, this one is notable for its legibility; and Eadui's work, at its best, possesses a formal beauty that is matched by few scribes of his time.

Thing. Lines are rarely straight and often a little wavery, serifs differ in shape from one glyph to another, letters do not always sit cleanly on the baseline, and contextual variants vary some of the most common letters.

Esen by the designer and can't be changed by software. You can choose any of six different colors for text, from the default dark brown to a vivid red for rubrics. In addition, most letters can be filled with one of four different colors. All of the font's colors are based on the colors of Eadui's manuscripts.

THE FORT can be used in either of two modes: modern or historical. Distorical mode emulates the usage of Eadui and other medieval scribes, with (for example) round r (2), where

^{&#}x27;Eaduuius is a Latinized spelling of the Old English name Eadwig, and Eadui is a modern respelling of the Latinized name.

the context demands it, and long s (f). For an even more authentic look, select historical ligatures, emulating Eadui's ligatures, which could be eccentric, even for his time. The font's default mode is modern, designed to be legible for modern readers.

ADVI the font (like the scribe) employs a variety of capitals for various purposes. The default capitals are those he used for what are now called "drop caps" (though they can also be used to begin sentences and proper names). Titling Caps are for titles and passages in all caps, and Sentence Caps (often identical to Titling Caps) were used by Eadui to begin sentences. All of Eadui's capabilities can be selected with Open-Type features, listed at the bottom of this document.

historic mode (hist):

- EAT VIR & HOH ABIIT IH COHSILIO IMPIORUM!

 & In UIA peccatorum non steat! & In cathedra pesalenaae n sedit.
 - S ed in lege d'in fuit uoluntal eius: & in lege eius meditabitur die ac noste.
 - et secus decursus aquarum: quod plantatum suum dabit in tempore suo.
 - foliu ei non defluet: « omnia quecumq: faciet prosperabu-it.
 - on sic impii pon sic; sed tanquam puluis quem picit uent a facie terre.
 - deo non refurgus impii in iudicio: neq: peccatozes in consilio iustorum.
 - m nouit du l'am instorum? & it impioze pibit.

historical forms and ligatures (hist, hlig):

Gloriosissimo regi Ceoluulfo Baeda famul Christi et presbyter

Historiam genus Anglozum ecclesiasucam, quam nuper edidewm, libenassime abi desidewna, rex, ex prius ad legendum ac probandum counfinisi, et nunc ad counsscribendum ac plenius ex tempoze meditandum reciwnsmitto; satisque studium tuae sinceritatis ampletto2, quo non solum audiendis scriptunte sanctae uerbis aurem sedulus accommodas, uerum etiam noscendis priorum gesas sine dilas, et maxime nostrae genas uirozum inlustrium, cumm uigilanter impendis. Siue enim historia de bonis bona referez, ad imitandum bonum auditor sollicitus instragatur; seu mala commemoret de prunis, nibilominus religiosus ac pius audicoz siue lestoz deuicando quod noxium est ac peruersum, ipse sollestius ad exsequenda ea, quae bona ac Deo digna esse cognouerit, accenditur. Quod ipfum au quoque uigilanassime deprebendens, bistoriam memozatam in notitiam abi simul et eis, quibus te regendis diuina price autoritat, ob generalis cum salutas latius propalari desidents. Vt aucem in his quae scripsi l'abi, l'exteris audito21buf fiue lelto21buf huiuf histo21ae occasionem dubitandi fubrmham, quibus haec maxime auctoribus didicerim, breuiter inamare cumbo.

Rustic capitals (smcp):

Brittahia oceani insula, cui quonda Albion nomen fuit, in-TER SEPTENTRIONE & OCCIDENTE LOCATA EST, GERMANIE, GALLIE, ЫSPANIE, MAXIMIS EUROPE PARTIB, MULTO INTERVALLO ADVERSA. QUAE PER MILIAPASSUÚ DCCC. IN BOREÁ LONGA, LATITUDINIS HABOL MILIA .cc., EXCEPTIS DUMTAXAT PROLIXIORIB DIVERSORV PROMONTORIORÚ TRACTIB, QUIBUS EFFICIT, UT CIRCUIT ET QUADRA-GIES OCTIES .LXXV. MILIA COMPLEAT. HABET A MERIDIE GALLIÁ BELGICÁ, CUÍ PROXIMÚ LIT TRANSMEANTIB APERIT CIVITAS, QUAE Dici² Rutubi por², a gente Anglorú nunc corrupte Reptacae-STIR VOCATA, INTERPOSITO MARI A GESSORIACO MORÝHORÚ GENTIS LITORE PROXIMO, TRAIECTU MILIÚ 1., SIVE, UT QUIDÁ SCRIPSERE, STADIORUM .CCCCL. A TERGO AUTEM, UNDE OCEANO INFINITO PATET, ORCADAS INSULAS HABET. OPIMA ÉRUGIB ATQUE ARBORIB INSULA, & alendis apta pecorib ac iumentis; vineas XIAA quibusda 14 Locis germinans; sed & Aviv Ferax Terra Mario: generis DIVERSI; HUVIIS QUOQ: AULTÚ PISCOSIS AC HONTIB PRAECLARA CO-PIOSIS, & QUIDE PRAECIPUE ISSICIO ABUNDAI, & ANGUILLA.

Modern languages:

Teureux l'homme qui ne marche pas selon le conseil des méchants, Qui ne s'arrête pas sur la voie des pécheurs, Et qui ne s'assied pas en compagnie des moqueurs,

Mas qui trouve son plaisir dans la loi de l'Éternel, Et qui la médite jour et nuit!

Lest comme un arbre planté près d'un courant d'eau, qui donne son fruit en sa saison, Et dont le feuillage ne se flétrit point: Tout ce qu'il fait lui réussit.

L H'EN est pas ainsi des méchants: Ils sont comme la paille que le vent dissipe.

'EST pourquoi les méchants ne résistent pas au jour du jugement, Ni les pécheurs dans l'assemblée des justes;

Cla voie des pécheurs mène à la ruine.

Płogosławiony maż, który nie chodzi w radzie niepobożnych, a na drodze grzesznych nie stoi, i na stolicy naśniewców nie siedzi;

LE w zakonie Pańskim jest kochanie jego, a w zakonie jego rozmyśla we dnie i w nocy.

LBOWIEM będzie jako drzewo nad strumieniem wód w sadzone, które owoc swój wydaje czasu swego, a liść jego nie opada; i wszystko, cokolwiek czynić będzie, poszczęści się.

Ecz nie tak niepobożni; ale są jako plewa, którą wiatr rozmiata.

Pazeroż się niepobożni na sądzie nie ostoją, ani grzesznicy w zgromadzeniu sprawiedliwych.

LBOWIEM zna Pan drogę sprawiedliwych; ale droga niepobożnych zginie.

ER berr ist mein Hirce, mir wird nichts mangeln.

ER weider mich auf einer grünen Aue und führer mich zum frischen Wasser.

R erquicket meine Seele. Er führet mich auf rechter Straße um seines Namens willen.

THD ob ich schon wanderte im finstern Tal, fürchte ich kein Unglück; denn du bist bei mir, dein Stecken und Stab trösten mich.

Du bereitest vor mir einen Tisch im Angesicht meiner Feinde. Ou salbest mein baupt mit Öl und schenkest mir voll ein.

gen mein Leben lang, und ich werde bleiben im bause des HERRN immerdar.

OpenType features

- CVO1- Character variants. These fill or color letters. The indices are as follows: 1 red-filled, 2 blue-filled, 3 yellow-filled, 4 green-filled, 5 rubricated, 6 red text, 7 blue text, 8 gold (dark yellow) text, 9 green text. Character variant features map to letters as follows: A-Z odd-numbered features, cvo1-cv51; a-z even-numbered features, cvo2-cv52; Æ cv56; æ cv57; Œ cv58; œ cv59; Đ cv60; ð cv61; Þ cv62; þ cv63; & cv64. Small caps follow the rules for lowercase letters: that is, they can be colored with either Stylistic Set or Character Variant features, but they can be filled only with Character Variant features.
- DLIG Discretionary ligatures. Unusual ligatures, or alternate forms of historical ligatures.
- HIST Historical forms. Substitutes archaic for modern glyph shapes.
- HLIG Historical ligatures. Archaic forms of certain ligatures.
- SALT Stylistic alternates. Substitutes alternate forms of numerous glyphs. This duplicates the function of ss10 and ss14 and includes a number of other alternates of standard upper- and lowercase letters, titling caps, and small caps.
- SMCP Small caps. Substitutes rustic capitals for lowercase letters.
- sso1-sso4 Filled capitals: sso1 red, sso2 blue, sso3 yellow, sso4 green.
- sso5 Rubricated. Turns all text red.

- sso7 Underdotted. Dots are added below letters. In medieval manuscripts this indicates deletion.
- SS10 Alternate y. Substitutes a round-limbed y for the default.
- SS11 Sentence cap. Substitutes capitals suitable for beginning sentences for the default.
- SS12 Titling caps from caps.
- SS13 Alternate diacritics. Substitutes alternate forms of macron, ogonek, and the ur-abbreviation (U+1DE3).
- SS14 Enlarged minuscules. Enlarged forms of selected lowercase letters: a c d f p.
- SS17-SS2O Colored text. Turns all text a color: ss17 red, ss18 blue, ss19 gold (dark yellow), ss20 green.
- swsh Swash. Swash forms of selected letters: FMaeint.
- TITL Titling caps. Substitutes titling caps for lowercase letters. Use titling caps for all-caps titles and text.

Color fonts and software compatibility

There are several competing standards for color fonts like Eadui. One is the COLR/CPAL format, defined by Microsoft, which produces a relatively compact font file and can be used by all up-to-date web browsers. The file Eadui-CPAL.otf adheres to this standard: use it if you are mounting Eadui on a web server.

A second standard is based on SVG (Scalable Vector Graphics): it was developed by Mozilla and Adobe. It produces much larger files—like, for example, the 5.5MB file Eadui–SVG.otf, which contains both COLR/CPAL and SVG tables and thus will work with a very wide variety of software.

If you are installing Eadui on your desktop computer, use Eadui-SVG, which will work with most or all desktop software.

If you are using LuaLTEX with fontspec, be sure to include the option "Renderer=Harfbuzz" in your \setmainfont command. Other varieties of TEX may treat Eadui as a traditional monochrome font.

If an application cannot use color fonts, it will treat Eadui like an ordinary monochrome font.

The Eadui font. Copyright © 2011–2024 by Peter S. Baker. Licensed under the Open font License (https://openfontlicense.org/) and free for all to use. This document was created with Lua \LaTeX and fontspec. The roman font is Irradiant, by Peter S. Baker.