DEAKIN UNIVERSITY

OBJECT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT

OnTrack Submission

The MyPolynomial class

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Outcome	Weight
Evaluate Code	♦♦♦◊◊
Principles	$\diamond \diamond \diamond \diamond \diamond$
Build Programs	♦♦♦ ♦♦
Design	$\diamond \diamond \diamond \diamond \diamond$
Justify	$\diamond \diamond \diamond \diamond \diamond$

This task is far more complex than all earlier tasks, requiring close attention to the use of correct conventions to be able to read and understand the code, significant time (2-3 hours) to design the solution before writing any code, the research of additional concepts to translate them into code (eg. adding and multiplying polynomials), and the addition of comments that add explanation for some coding choices. Overall, a really challenging and good task

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```
using System;
   namespace Task_3._3C
3
        class TestMyPolynomial
5
6
            public static String CoeffsToString(MyPolynomial poly)
                 String result = "[";
                for (int i = 0; i < poly.GetDegree(); i++)</pre>
10
                 {
11
                     result += poly.CoeffAt(i) + ", ";
12
13
                 result += poly.CoeffAt(poly.GetDegree()) + "]: ";
                 return result;
15
            }
17
            public static MyPolynomial RandomPolynomial (Random rnd, int min, int max)
18
19
                 double[] coeffs = new double[rnd.Next(1, max)];
20
                 int num = 0;
                 for (int j = 0; j < coeffs.Length; j++)</pre>
22
23
                     num = rnd.Next(min, max);
24
                     if (num \% 7 == 0)
25
                         num = 0;
26
                     coeffs[j] = Convert.ToDouble(num);
27
                 }
                 if (coeffs[coeffs.Length - 1] == 0)
29
                     coeffs[coeffs.Length - 1] = 7;
30
                return new MyPolynomial(coeffs);
31
            }
32
            public static void Main(string[] args)
            {
34
                 int numberOfTests = 50;
35
36
                 // Test ToString by creating 100 random sets of arrays and
37
                 // creating polynomials for each one and printing via
38
                 // ToString
39
                 Console.WriteLine("\n\nTesting ToString:\n");
40
                Random rnd = new Random();
41
42
                 for (int i = 0; i < numberOfTests; i++)</pre>
43
                 {
44
                     MyPolynomial poly = RandomPolynomial(rnd, -20, 20);
                     Console.WriteLine("\n" + CoeffsToString(poly));
46
                     Console.WriteLine(poly.ToString());
47
                 }
48
49
                 // Test evaluate
50
                 Console.WriteLine("\n\nTesting evaluating a polynomial");
51
52
                 for (int i = 0; i < numberOfTests; i++)</pre>
53
```

```
{
54
55
                     double x = rnd.Next(-10, 10);
56
                     MyPolynomial poly2 = RandomPolynomial(rnd, -10, 10);
                     double result = poly2.Evaluate(x);
58
                     Console.WriteLine("\n(\{0\}), \{1\} = \{2\}", poly2.ToString(), x,
59
                     → result);
                }
60
61
                // Test adding polynomials
                Console.WriteLine("\n\nTesting adding polynomials:\n");
63
64
                for (int i = 0; i < numberOfTests; i++)</pre>
65
66
                     MyPolynomial poly5 = RandomPolynomial(rnd, -5, 5);
67
                     MyPolynomial poly6 = RandomPolynomial(rnd, -5, 5);
                     Console.Write(\sqrt{n(\{0\})} + (\{1\}) = \sqrt{poly5}.ToString(),
69
                     → poly6.ToString());
                     poly5.Add(poly6);
70
                     Console.WriteLine(poly5.ToString());
71
                }
                // Test multiplying polynomials
                Console.WriteLine("\n\nTesting multiplying polynomials:\n");
75
76
                for (int i = 0; i < numberOfTests; i++)</pre>
                     MyPolynomial poly5 = RandomPolynomial(rnd, -5, 5);
                     MyPolynomial poly6 = RandomPolynomial(rnd, -5, 5);
80
                     Console.Write((n(\{0\}) \times (\{1\}) = n, poly5.ToString(),
81
                     → poly6.ToString());
                     poly5.Multiply(poly6);
82
                     Console.WriteLine(poly5.ToString());
                }
84
            }
85
        }
86
   }
87
```

```
using System;
   namespace Task_3._3C
3
   {
        class MyPolynomial
5
        {
6
            // Instance variables
            private double[] coeffs;
            /// <summary>
10
            /// Constructor for a polynomial
11
            /// </summary>
12
            /// <param name="coeffs">Double array of coefficients</summary>
13
            public MyPolynomial(double[] coeffs)
            {
15
                _coeffs = coeffs;
            }
17
18
            /// <summary>
19
            /// Returns the degree of the polynomial
20
            /// </summary>
            /// <returns>
22
            /// The degree of the polynomial as an integer
23
            /// </returns>
24
            public int GetDegree()
25
            {
26
                return _coeffs.Length - 1;
27
            }
28
29
            /// <summary>
30
            /// Returns a common string representation of a polynomial
31
            /// </summary>
32
            /// <returns>
            /// String representation of an expanded polynomial
34
            /// </returns>
35
            public override String ToString()
36
37
                String result = "";
38
                String op, exp;
39
                double num;
40
                for (int i = _coeffs.Length - 1; i >= 0; i--)
41
42
                    num = _coeffs[i];
43
                    // If num is less than 0, add " - " to the string, otherwise
44
                     // add " + " as long as this isn't the start of the string
                     // Example:
46
                     // - 4x^2 + 2x - 2 (print minus sign at start)
47
                     // 4x^2 + 2x - 2 (don't print plus sign at start)
48
                     op = num < 0 ? "- " : (i < _coeffs.Length - 1 && num > 0) ? "+ " :
49
                     \hookrightarrow "";
                    num = Math.Abs(num);
50
                     exp = (i == 0 \&\& num != 0) ? num.ToString()
                                                                                 // If
51
                        constant and not 0, then concatenate to string
```

```
: (i == 1 && num == 1) ? "x "
                                                                                 // if 1x^1,
52
                            don't print 1 or ^1, just x
                         : (i == 1 && num != 0) ? num.ToString() + "x "
                                                                                 // if ax^1,
53
                         \rightarrow don't print ^1, just ax (a not 0)
                         : (i > 1 && num == 1) ? |$ | "x^{i} "
                                                                                  // don't
54
                             print 1 before any number, but include coefficient if > 1
                         : (i > 1 && num != 0) ? num.ToString() + | $ "x^{i} "
                            otherwise if not 0, print ax coeff
                         : "";
                                                                                 // if 0,
                         → add nothing to the string
                                                                                 // add the
                    result += (op + exp);
57
                         operator and the exponent part
                }
58
                return result;
59
            }
61
            /// <summary>
62
            /// Calculates the value of f(x) for a given value of x
63
            /// </summary>
64
            /// <returns>
65
            /// Double value of substituting x into the polynomial
            /// </returns>
67
            public double Evaluate(double x)
68
69
                double result = _coeffs[0];
70
                for (int i = 1; i < _coeffs.Length; i++)</pre>
                    result += _coeffs[i] * Math.Pow(x, i);
73
74
                return result;
75
            }
76
            /// <summary>
            /// Returns the value of the coefficent at the given index position
79
            /// </summary>
80
            /// <returns>
81
            /// Double value of the coefficient at the given index
82
            /// </returns>
            /// <exception cref="System.IndexOutOfRangeException">Thrown when index
84
            /// is larger than the size of the coefficients array</exception>
85
            public double CoeffAt(int index)
86
            {
87
                try
88
                {
                    return _coeffs[index];
91
                catch (IndexOutOfRangeException)
92
93
                    throw new IndexOutOfRangeException(
                             "Index " + index
                             + " not valid for a polynomial of length "
96
                             + _coeffs.Length);
97
                }
98
```

```
}
99
100
             /// <summary>
101
             /// Adds another polynomial to this
102
             /// </summary>
103
             /// <returns>
104
             /// this polynomial
105
             /// </returns>
106
             /// <param name="other">The polynomial to add</param>
107
             public MyPolynomial Add(MyPolynomial other)
108
             {
109
                  double[] result;
110
                  bool longer = this.GetDegree() >= other.GetDegree();
111
                  if (longer)
112
                      result = new double[_coeffs.Length];
113
                  else
                      result = new double[other.GetDegree() + 1];
115
                  for (int i = 0; i < result.Length; i++)</pre>
116
117
                      try
118
                      {
                          result[i] = _coeffs[i] += other.CoeffAt(i);
120
121
                      catch (IndexOutOfRangeException)
122
                      {
123
                          if (longer)
                               result[i] = _coeffs[i];
125
                          else
126
                               result[i] = other.CoeffAt(i);
127
                      }
128
                  }
129
                  _coeffs = result;
130
                  return this;
             }
132
133
             /// <summary>
134
             /// Multiplies this by another polynomial
135
             /// </summary>
136
             /// <returns>
137
             /// this polynomial
138
             /// </returns>
139
             /// <param name="other">The polynomial to multiply by</param>
140
             public MyPolynomial Multiply(MyPolynomial other)
141
             {
142
                  double[] product = new double[_coeffs.Length + other.GetDegree()];
                  for (int i = 0; i < _coeffs.Length; i++)</pre>
144
145
                      for (int j = 0; j < other.GetDegree() + 1; j++)</pre>
146
                      {
147
                          product[i + j] += _coeffs[i] * other.CoeffAt(j);
                      }
149
150
                  _coeffs = product;
151
```

```
152 return this;
153 }
154 }
```