

Computer Programming

Dr. Deepak B Phatak
Dr. Supratik Chakraborty
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
IIT Bombay

Session: More Matrix Applications

Quick Recap



- We have seen the use of matrices for
 - Representing a system of N simultaneous linear equations
 - Using Gaussian elimination to solve the system

Overview



- In this session, we will see two more applications of matrices
 - Matrix multiplication
 - Magic Squares

Matrix Multiplication



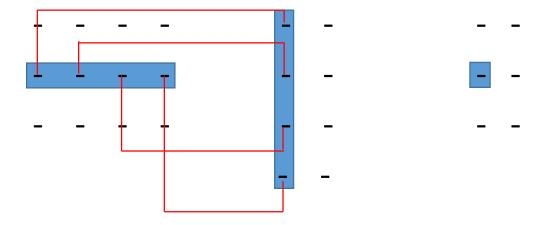
Calculating one element of the resultant matrix



Calculating one element of the resultant matrix



$$A[3][4] \times B[4][2] = C[3][2]$$



$$C[1][0] = A[1][0] \times B[0][0] + A[1][1] \times B[1][0] + A[1][2] \times B[2][0] + A[1][3] \times B[3][0]$$

Matrix Multiplication



Given: $m \times n$ matrix A; $n \times p$ matrix B, The matrix product C = AB will be $m \times p$ matrix.

$$n-1$$
 $C[i][j] = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} A[i][k] * B[k][j]$

A segment of the program: matmult.cpp



```
// Read matrices A, and B
  for (i=0; i<m; i=i+1) {
    for (j=0; j<p; j=j+1) {
        C[i][j]=0;
        for (k=0; k<n; k=k+1) {
            C[i][j]=C[i][j] + A[i][k]*B[k][j];
        }
    }
    }
// Output result matrix C</pre>
```

Magic Squares



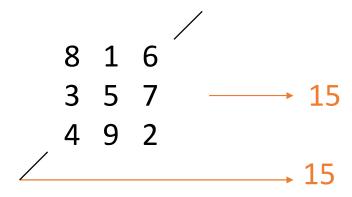
A magic square is an n x n square matrix containing unique positive integers, where the sum of elements of every row and every column is same

- 8 1 6
- 3 5 7
- 4 9 2

Magic Squares



 Additionally, sum of elements on each of the main diagonals is also the same as above



- Known to Chinese (Lo Shu square)
- 3 x 3 magic squares were known to Indians since Vedic times

Determine if the given matrix is a normal magic square

- We note the following:
 - Any n x n matrix will have n rows, n columns and two diagonals
- To test a given matrix for being a magic square
 - First find out what should be the sum
 [sum for normal magic square = n * (n*n +1) /2]
 - Then, calculate sums of rows and columns
 - Calculate the sums for two diagonals

Determine if the given matrix is a normal magical square

- If any of these sums is not as desired
 - The given matrix is not magic square
- We will need arrays of size n for these sums
 - Calculate these sums
 - Now check if each of these sums is equal to the required sum

Program: magic.cpp



```
int main(){
  int square[20][20], N, i, j, sum;
  int rsum[20], csum[20], d1sum =0, d2sum =0;

/* Read N*/
  cout << " Give value of N " << endl;
  cin >> N;
```



```
cout << Give elements of the matrix" << endl;
for (i=0; i<N; i++) {
    for (j=0; j< N; j++) {
        cin >> square[i][j];
    }
}
for (i=0; i < N; i++){
    rsum[i] = 0;
    jsum[i] = 0;
}</pre>
```



```
/* calculate the sum for this being N x N magic square */
sum = N * (N*N +1) /2;

/* find the row sums and check against required sum*/
for (i=0; i< N; i++){
    for (j=0; j < N; j++){
        rsum[i] += square[i][j];
    }
    if (rsum[i] != sum) {
        cout << " Not a magic square" << endl; return 1;
    }
}</pre>
```



```
/* find the column sums and check against required sum*/
for (j=0; j < N; j++){
    for (i=0; i < N; i++){
        csum[j] += square[i][j];
    }
    if (csum[j] != sum) {
        cout << " Not a magic square" << endl; return 1;
    }
}</pre>
```



```
/* calculate the sums of two diagonals */
for (i=0; i< N; i ++) d1sum += square[i][i];
for (j=0; j < N; j ++) d2sum += square[j][N-j-1];
```



```
/* Now check if these diagonal sums are correct or not */
   if (d1sum != sum) {
      cout << "Not a magic square" << endl; return 1;
   }
   if (d2sum != sum) {
      cout << "Not a magic square" << endl; return 1;
   }
   /* If we reach this point, then the square is a magic square */
   cout << "Given matrix is a magic square" << endl;
   return 0;</pre>
```

Summary



- In this session,
 - We studied matrix multiplication, and wrote a C++ program
 - We discussed normal magic squares, and wrote a C++ program to test if a given square matrix represents a magic square or not
- These programs are available in the files
 - matmult.cpp
 - magic.cpp
- Download, compile, and run these with your sample data