

Computer Programming

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Session: Mr Buddhuram Dumbo

Recap



- Computer can handle numbers
- It can
 - Collect input values,
 - Calculate new values using its computational abilities
 - Give us desired results as output values
- It can operate only when a 'program' is given to it
 - Program is a set of instructions
 - Computer first reads and understand the entire program
 - It then executes the instructions in specified order

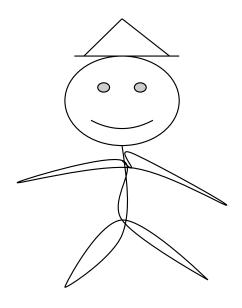
Overview of This Lecture

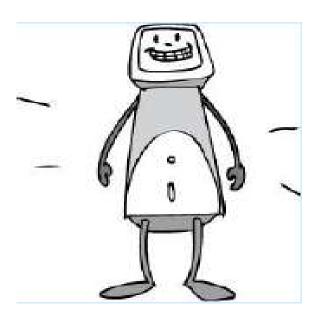


- A conceptual model of the computer
 - Mr. Buddhuram Dumbo
 - Dumbo's tools
 - How to instruct Dumbo (Writing a program for Dumbo)
 - Input, Output, and Assignment instructions
 - A declarative instruction

Buddhu Ram Dumbo







Mr. Dumbo has poor memory



Mr Dumbo cannot remember anything in

his head

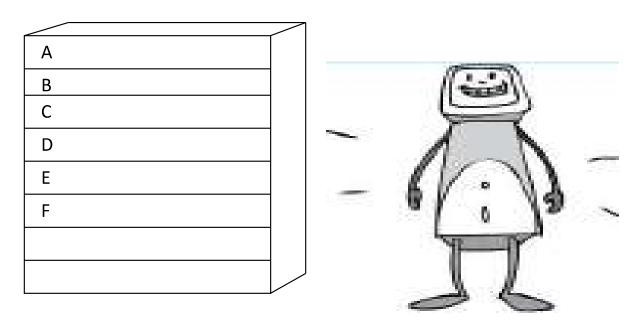


Mr. Dumbo uses a special device as memory



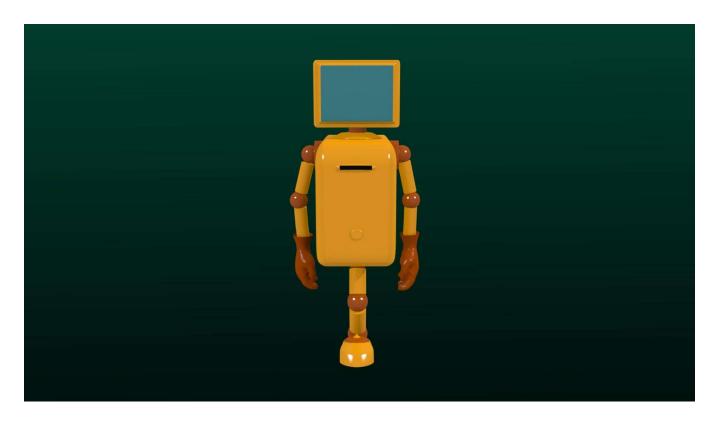
• Dumbo uses a cupboard with drawers serving as memory locations

Dumbo's memory



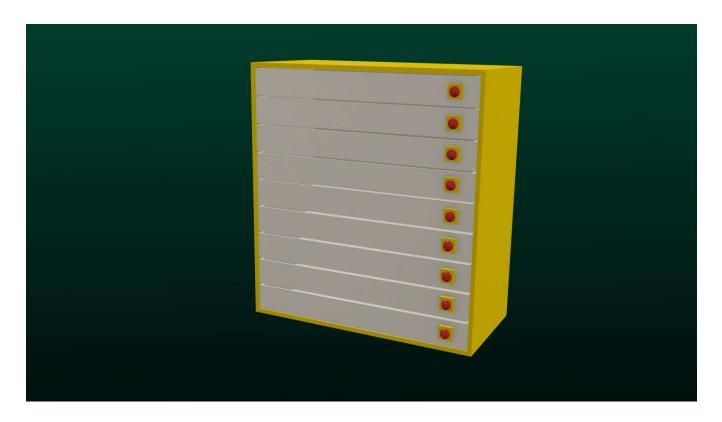
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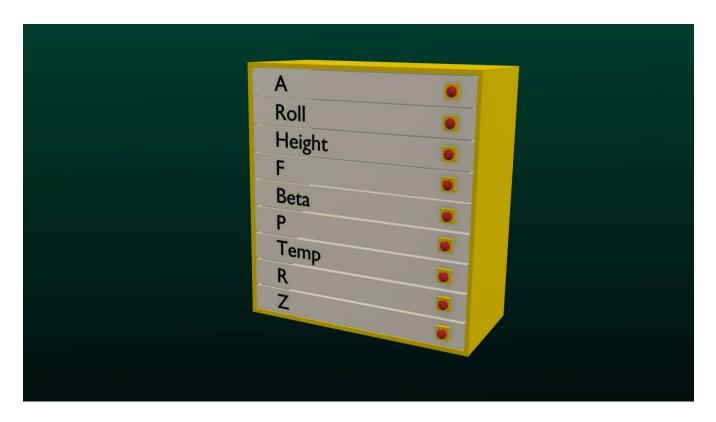
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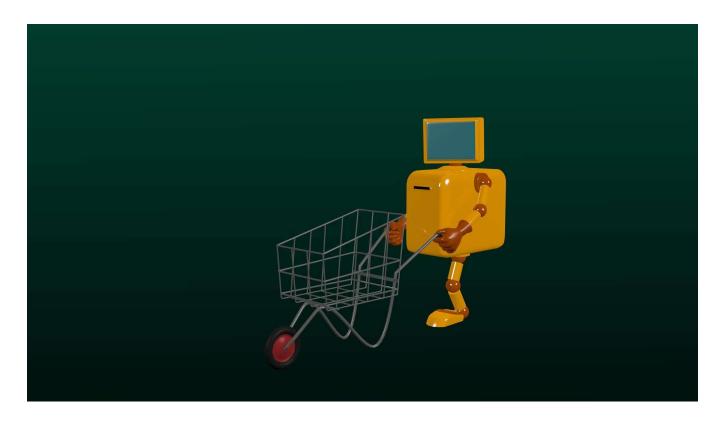
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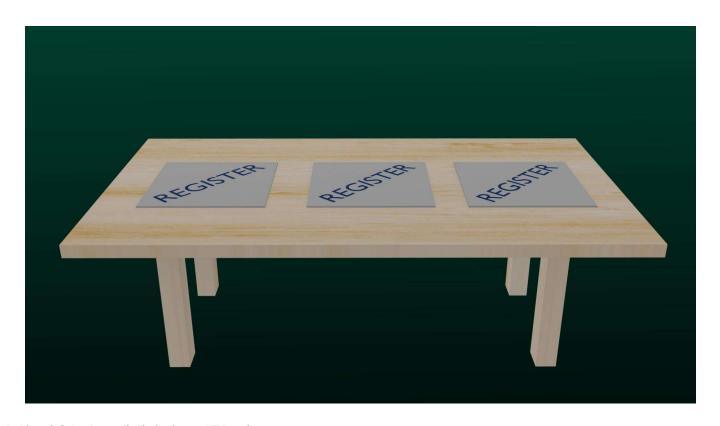
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Dumbo and His Tools



Animation showing Dumbo's <u>tools</u>

Instructing Mr. Dumbo



- The 'instructions' to be written for Mr. Dumbo, can be
 - To get an input value from us, and to store it in a named location, say X, we will write the following instruction

Input X

 To give us an output value, from a named location, say Y, we will write the instruction

Output Y

 To perform a computation, say A-B, and to assign the calculated result value to a named location, say R, we will write the instruction

$$R = A - B$$

A note on the 'Assignment' Instruction



- The instruction R=A-B performs two distinct sub-tasks
- One sub-task deals with the intended calculations, and the other deals with storing the result of the calculations
- These two sub-tasks are written on two sides of '=' symbol
 - A computational expression on RHS
 - The name of a location on LHS
- This instruction is said to perform an 'Assignment' operation
 - It assigns a new value to R

A Declarative instruction for Mr. Dumbo



- We will use several 'names' in our instructions
 - Such as A, B, R, etc.
- Dumbo has to associate these names with specific drawers
- It is important to tell Dumbo about all such names we use
- We design a 'declaration' instruction Use locations A, B, R
- While 'Compiling' the program, Dumbo will label his memory drawers with these names

A program for Mr. Dumbo



```
Use locations A , B, SUM;
Input A;
Input B;
SUM = A + B;
Output SUM;
```

Summary



- We got introduced to Mr Buddhuram Dumbo, who has
 - A set of drawers serving as memory locations
 - A cart to carry input and output values
 - A Workbench to perform computations
- We also defined how to write a program for Mr. Dumbo
- Instructions in a program can be for
 - input,
 - Output
 - Assignment
- A declarative instruction, to announce names we use