Triplet Sum to Zero

∑ SR Score	404		
⊚ Link	https://www.educative.io/courses/grokking-the-coding-interview/gxk639mrr5r		
□ Last Reviewed	@April 3, 2022		
# Time	1		
# Score	2		
i≣ DS	arrays		
i≣ Algo	sorting two pointers		
Stated	medium		
○ Perceived	medium		
○ List	TODO		
Needs Review			
∑ C_Date	1		
∑ C_Solution	4		
∑ C_Time	100		
○ Frequency			

▼ Problem Statement

Given an array of unsorted numbers, find all unique triplets in it that add up to zero. Example 1: Input: [-3, 0, 1, 2, -1, 1, -2] Output: [-3, 1, 2], [-2, 0, 2], [-2, 1, 1], [-1, 0, 1] Explanation: There are four unique triplets whose sum is equal to zero. Example 2: Input: [-5, 2, -1, -2, 3] Output: [[-5, 2, 3], [-2, -1, 3]] Explanation: There are two unique triplets whose sum is equal to zero.

▼ Intuition

- first thing to recognize is that we need to sort the array \rightarrow allows us to use two pointer approach & effectively reduce the problem to <u>Pair with Target Sum</u>
- next challenge is dealing with the no duplicate rule [i != j, i != k, and j != k, and nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k] == 0]
 - \circ so first lets deal with i (the main loop pointer):
 - \blacksquare assuming we aren't at the first index, check if i == i 1; if yes, then i is repeating, so just increment i
 - o as for j, run a loop that skips over j (or left) until it's not repeated (arr[left] ==
 arr[left 1]), making sure that left never crosses right (or k)
 - o now you're wondering about k (or right), but we don't need to explicitly create a loop for right bc now that we know left is not repeated, a different right (k) value will be needed to zero out the sum, so the sum </> needed will take care of incrementing the right pointer down!

lacktriangle Time & Space Considerations

- time:
 - \circ we have to sort to use two pointers approach, so that's O(nlogn)
 - \circ we also run a loop to iterate over the array, and that's O(n)

Triplet Sum to Zero 1

- within each main loop, we have another while loop to execute two sum, so that's O(n), leading to $O(n^2)$
- \circ therefore, the total time complexity = $O(nlogn) + O(n^2)$
- space: O(n) (not counting the triplets output array)
 - most ideal sorting algos take up O(n) space

▼ Review Notes

▼ [4/3/22]

- got the idea of using main array iteration pointer and doing a two sum with that main pointer inverse being the "target"
 - \circ i.e. if main pointer value was -3, then two pointer solution needed to add up to 3 to cancel out and get to 0
- struggled with the no duplicates req

▼ Tracking

Scores

 □ Date	# Time	# Score	<u>Aa</u> Notes
@April 3, 2022	1	2	https://www.notion.so/Triplet-Sum-to-Zero- 1d74b99e1e50407480c726bd66684dcd#af85a9bc057841bd9b937c3820c6ea8d
			<u>Untitled</u>
			<u>Untitled</u>

▼ Solutions

▼ Resources

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3Sum - Leetcode 15 - Python

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https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jzZsG8n2R9A

Coding Interview

3SUM
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▼ GitHub

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GCI-master-list/Pattern 2 - Two Pointers/Triplet Sum to Zero at main · psdev30/GCI-master-list psdev30/CCI-master-list development by creating an account on GitHub.

The https://github.com/psdev30/GCI-master-list/tree/main/Pattern%202%20-%20Two%20Pointers/Triplet%20Sum%20to%20Zero
```

Triplet Sum to Zero 2