

# Application Software Development Lab



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# Chapter 1

## Cycle 2 Lab Exam

### 1.1 AIM

Create a PL/SQL program to calculate the bill amount of a customer.

### 1.2 TABLE CREATION

#### 1.2.1 Command

```
CREATE TABLE customer (  
    cust_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    meter_type INT,  
    previous_reading INT,  
    current_reading INT,  
    customer_type CHAR(2),  
    bill_amount DECIMAL(10, 2),  
    last_bill_payment CHAR(2)  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO customer(cust_id, meter_type, previous_reading, current_reading, customer_type,  
VALUES  
    (10005, 1, 3500, 3550, 'R', 'N'),  
    (10004, 3, 4800, 4989, 'C', 'Y'),  
    (10003, 1, 5600, 5700, 'I', 'Y'),  
    (10008, 3, 5700, 6000, 'A', 'N'),
```

```
(10002, 3, 4890, 5042, 'C', 'Y')
;

CREATE TABLE bill (
    cust_id INT,
    bill_date DATE,
    fixed_charge DECIMAL(10, 2),
    energy_charge DECIMAL(10, 2),
    sur_charge DECIMAL(10, 2),
    net_amount DECIMAL(10, 2)
);

INSERT INTO bill
VALUES
    (10005, '24/09/2020', 40, 82, 4.1, 126.1),
    (10005, '24/07/2020', 40, 70, 3.5, 113.5),
    (10008, '24/09/2020', 120, 187.5, 18.75, 326.25)
;
```

## 1.2.2 Output

```

postgres@dhanesh:~$ psql
psql (12.5 (Ubuntu 12.5-0ubuntu0.20.04.1))
Type "help" for help.

postgres=# CREATE TABLE customer (
postgres(#      cust_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
postgres(#      meter_type INT,
postgres(#      previous_reading INT,
postgres(#      current_reading INT,
postgres(#      customer_type CHAR(2),
postgres(#      bill_amount DECIMAL(10, 2),
postgres(#      last_bill_payment CHAR(2)
postgres(# );
CREATE TABLE
postgres=#
postgres=# INSERT INTO customer(cust_id, meter_type, previous_reading, current
nt)
postgres-# VALUES
postgres-#      (10005, 1, 3500, 3550, 'R', 'N'),
postgres-#      (10004, 3, 4800, 4989, 'C', 'Y'),
postgres-#      (10003, 1, 5600, 5700, 'I', 'Y'),
postgres-#      (10008, 3, 5700, 6000, 'A', 'N'),
postgres-#      (10002, 3, 4890, 5042, 'C', 'Y')
postgres-# ;
INSERT 0 5

```

```

postgres=# CREATE TABLE bill (
postgres(#      cust_id INT,
postgres(#      bill_date DATE,
postgres(#      fixed_charge DECIMAL(10, 2),
postgres(#      energy_charge DECIMAL(10, 2),
postgres(#      sur_charge DECIMAL(10, 2),
postgres(#      net_amount DECIMAL(10, 2)
postgres(# );
CREATE TABLE
postgres=#
postgres=# INSERT INTO bill
postgres-# VALUES
postgres-#      (10005, '24/09/2020', 40, 82, 4.1, 126.1),
postgres-#      (10005, '24/07/2020', 40, 70, 3.5, 113.5),
postgres-#      (10008, '24/09/2020', 120, 187.5, 18.75, 326.25)
postgres-# ;
INSERT 0 3
postgres=# █

```

## 1.3 QUESTIONS

### 1.3.1 Write a function for Energy charge calculation.

#### 1.3.1.1 Command

```

CREATE or REPLACE FUNCTION calculate_energy_charge() RETURNS VOID as
$$
DECLARE
    c_cust_list CURSOR FOR
        SELECT cust_id, previous_reading, current_reading, customer_type
        FROM customer;
    c_cust_id customer.cust_id%type;
    c_previous_reading customer.previous_reading%type;
    c_current_reading customer.current_reading%type;
    c_customer_type customer.customer_type%type;
    units INT;
    energy_charge DECIMAL(10, 2);
BEGIN
    OPEN c_cust_list;
    LOOP
        FETCH c_cust_list INTO c_cust_id, c_previous_reading, c_current_reading,
            c_customer_type;
        EXIT WHEN NOT FOUND;
        units = c_current_reading - c_previous_reading;
        IF units > 200 THEN
            IF c_customer_type = 'A' THEN
                energy_charge = 1.75 * units;
            ELSIF c_customer_type = 'I' THEN
                energy_charge = 1.5 * units;
            ELSIF c_customer_type = 'C' THEN
                energy_charge = 2 * units;
            ELSIF c_customer_type = 'R' THEN
                energy_charge = 1.6 * units;
            END IF;
        ELSIF units > 100 THEN

```

```

        IF c_customer_type = 'A' THEN
            energy_charge = 1 * 100 + (units - 100) * 1.25;
        ELSIF c_customer_type = 'I' THEN
            energy_charge = 1.25 * 100 + (units - 100) * 1.3;
        ELSIF c_customer_type = 'C' THEN
            energy_charge = 1.5 * 100 + (units - 100) * 1.6;
        ELSIF c_customer_type = 'R' THEN
            energy_charge = 1.3 * 100 + (units - 100) * 1.4;
        END IF;
    ELSE
        IF c_customer_type = 'A' THEN
            energy_charge = 1 * units;
        ELSIF c_customer_type = 'I' THEN
            energy_charge = 1.25 * units;
        ELSIF c_customer_type = 'C' THEN
            energy_charge = 1.5 * units;
        ELSIF c_customer_type = 'R' THEN
            energy_charge = 1.3 * units;
        END IF;
    END IF;

    INSERT INTO bill(cust_id, energy_charge)
    VALUES (c_cust_id, energy_charge);
END LOOP;
END;
$$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;

SELECT FROM calculate_energy_charge();

```

### 1.3.1.2 Output

```

postgres=# SELECT FROM calculate_energy_charge();
--
(1 row)

postgres=# SELECT * FROM bill;
 cust_id | bill_date | fixed_charge | energy_charge | sur_charge | net_amount
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
  10005 | 2020-09-24 |      40.00 |      82.00 |      4.10 |      126.10
  10005 | 2020-07-24 |      40.00 |      70.00 |      3.50 |      113.50
  10008 | 2020-09-24 |     120.00 |     187.50 |     18.75 |     326.25
  10005 |           |           |      65.00 |           |           |
  10004 |           |           |     292.40 |           |           |
  10003 |           |           |     125.00 |           |           |
  10008 |           |           |     525.00 |           |           |
  10002 |           |           |     233.20 |           |           |
(8 rows)

postgres=#

```

### 1.3.2 Write a function for Net amount calculation in Bill table. Use a cursor to update the 'Net amount' and 'Bill date' (as today's date) in the Bill table.

#### 1.3.2.1 Command

```

CREATE or REPLACE FUNCTION calculate_net_amount() RETURNS VOID as
$$
DECLARE
    c_cust_list CURSOR FOR
        SELECT c.cust_id, energy_charge, bill_date, meter_type FROM
            customer AS c, bill AS b WHERE c.cust_id = b.cust_id;
    c_cust_id customer.cust_id%type;
    c_energy_charge bill.energy_charge%type;
    c_bill_date bill.bill_date%type;
    c_meter_type customer.meter_type%type;
    c_fixed_charge DECIMAL(10, 2);
    c_sur_charge DECIMAL(10, 2);
    net_charge DECIMAL(10, 2);
BEGIN
    OPEN c_cust_list;
    LOOP
        FETCH c_cust_list INTO c_cust_id, c_energy_charge, c_bill_date, c_meter_type;

```



```
EXIT WHEN NOT FOUND;
  IF c_bill_date IS NULL THEN
    IF c_meter_type = 1 THEN
      c_fixed_charge = 40 + 17;
      c_sur_charge = 0.05 * c_energy_charge;
    ELSE
      c_fixed_charge = 120 + 17;
      c_sur_charge = 0.1 * c_energy_charge;
    END IF;
    net_charge = c_energy_charge + c_fixed_charge + c_sur_charge;

    UPDATE bill
    SET net_amount = net_charge, bill_date = CURRENT_DATE,
        fixed_charge = c_fixed_charge, sur_charge = c_sur_charge
    WHERE cust_id = c_cust_id AND bill_date IS NULL;
  END IF;
END LOOP;
END;
$$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;

SELECT FROM calculate_net_amount();

SELECT * FROM bill;
```

### 1.3.2.2 Output

```
postgres=# SELECT FROM calculate_net_amount();
--
(1 row)

postgres=#
postgres=# SELECT * FROM bill;
 cust_id | bill_date | fixed_charge | energy_charge | sur_charge | net_amount
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
  10005 | 2020-09-24 |      40.00 |       82.00 |       4.10 |      126.10
  10005 | 2020-07-24 |      40.00 |       70.00 |       3.50 |      113.50
  10008 | 2020-09-24 |     120.00 |      187.50 |      18.75 |     326.25
  10005 | 2020-11-24 |      57.00 |       65.00 |       3.25 |     125.25
  10004 | 2020-11-24 |     137.00 |      292.40 |      29.24 |     458.64
  10003 | 2020-11-24 |      57.00 |      125.00 |       6.25 |     188.25
  10008 | 2020-11-24 |     137.00 |      525.00 |      52.50 |     714.50
  10002 | 2020-11-24 |     137.00 |      233.20 |      23.32 |     393.52
(8 rows)

postgres=#
```

### 1.3.3 Write a procedure to update the 'Bill amount' in the Customer table.

#### 1.3.3.1 Command

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE updateBillAmount(
    id int
)
AS
$$
DECLARE
    amount float;
BEGIN
    SELECT COALESCE(SUM(net_amount),0) INTO amount FROM bill WHERE cust_id=id;

    UPDATE customer
    SET bill_amount = amount
    WHERE cust_id = id;

END;
$$
LANGUAGE PLPGSQL;
```

```

CREATE or REPLACE FUNCTION update_bill_amount() RETURNS VOID
AS $$
DECLARE
    c_cust_list CURSOR FOR
        SELECT * FROM customer;
    c_cust_id customer.cust_id%type;
BEGIN
    OPEN c_cust_list;
    LOOP
        FETCH c_cust_list INTO c_cust_id;
        EXIT WHEN NOT FOUND;
        CALL updateBillAmount(c_cust_id);
    END LOOP;
END;
$$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

SELECT FROM update_bill_amount();

```

### 1.3.3.2 Output

```

postgres=# SELECT FROM update_bill_amount();
--
(1 row)

postgres=# SELECT * FROM customer;
 cust_id | meter_type | previous_reading | current_reading | customer_type | bill_amount | last_bill_payment
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
 10005 |         1 |          3500 |          3550 | R |       364.85 | N
 10004 |         3 |          4800 |          4989 | C |       458.64 | Y
 10003 |         1 |          5600 |          5700 | I |       188.25 | Y
 10008 |         3 |          5700 |          6000 | A |      1040.75 | N
 10002 |         3 |          4890 |          5042 | C |       393.52 | Y
(5 rows)

postgres=#

```

**1.3.4 Create a trigger (to display a message “Previous dues for customer is <amount>”) whenever the Bill amount is updated for a customer whose Last Bill payment = ‘N’.**

**1.3.4.1 Command**

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION show_dues() RETURNS TRIGGER
AS
$$
BEGIN
IF (OLD.last_bill_payment = 'N') THEN
    raise info 'Previous dues for customer is %', OLD.bill_amount;
END IF;

    RETURN NEW;
END;
$$
LANGUAGE PLPGSQL;

CREATE TRIGGER dues_trigger
AFTER UPDATE OF bill_amount ON customer
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE show_dues();
```

### 1.3.4.2 Output

```

postgres=# CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION show_dues() RETURNS TRIGGER
postgres=# AS
postgres=# $$
postgres$$ BEGIN
postgres$$ IF (OLD.last_bill_payment = 'N') THEN
postgres$$   raise info 'Previous dues for customer is %', OLD.bill_amount;
postgres$$   END IF;
postgres$$
postgres$$   RETURN NEW;
postgres$$ END;
postgres$$ $$
postgres=# LANGUAGE PLPGSQL;
CREATE FUNCTION
postgres=#
postgres=#
postgres=# CREATE TRIGGER dues_trigger
postgres=# AFTER UPDATE OF bill_amount ON customer
postgres=# FOR EACH ROW
postgres=# EXECUTE PROCEDURE show_dues();
CREATE TRIGGER
postgres=#
postgres=# SELECT FROM update_bill_amount();
INFO: Previous dues for customer is 364.85
INFO: Previous dues for customer is 1040.75
--
(1 row)

```

## 1.4 FINAL TABLES

### 1.4.1 Customer Table

```

postgres=# SELECT FROM update_bill_amount();
--
(1 row)

postgres=# SELECT * FROM customer;
 cust_id | meter_type | previous_reading | current_reading | customer_type | bill_amount | last_bill_payment
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
  10005 |         1 |          3500 |          3550 | R |         364.85 | N
  10004 |         3 |          4800 |          4989 | C |         458.64 | Y
  10003 |         1 |          5600 |          5700 | I |         188.25 | Y
  10008 |         3 |          5700 |          6000 | A |        1040.75 | N
  10002 |         3 |          4890 |          5042 | C |         393.52 | Y
(5 rows)

postgres=#

```

### 1.4.2 Bills table

```

postgres=# SELECT FROM calculate_net_amount();
--
(1 row)

postgres=#
postgres=# SELECT * FROM bill;
 cust_id | bill_date | fixed_charge | energy_charge | sur_charge | net_amount
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
 10005 | 2020-09-24 |      40.00 |      82.00 |      4.10 |      126.10
 10005 | 2020-07-24 |      40.00 |      70.00 |      3.50 |      113.50
 10008 | 2020-09-24 |     120.00 |     187.50 |     18.75 |     326.25
 10005 | 2020-11-24 |      57.00 |      65.00 |      3.25 |     125.25
 10004 | 2020-11-24 |     137.00 |     292.40 |     29.24 |     458.64
 10003 | 2020-11-24 |      57.00 |     125.00 |      6.25 |     188.25
 10008 | 2020-11-24 |     137.00 |     525.00 |     52.50 |     714.50
 10002 | 2020-11-24 |     137.00 |     233.20 |     23.32 |     393.52
(8 rows)

postgres=# █

```

## 1.5 RESULT

Programs were implemented using Postgresql and outputs were verified.