Lecture 33

CPSC 110

Peyton Seigo

Lecture 33 2018-11-26

Lecture 33

Clicker questions

• A node is in a cycle if it is possible to visit it multiple times by traversing the graph.

Questions

• Probably going to be expected to write graph definitions on the final exam.

Functions Operating on Graphs

When you see a graph problem, remember: it is just an arbitrary arity tree problem with cycles. Main differences:

- 1. Multiple arrows can point to a node.
- 2. Possible to get stuck in cycles.

Data definitions:

• Main change: must use shared to handle cyclic data

FUnctions

- Need a context preserving accumulator to keep track of visited nodes so we don't get stuck in cycles
- Don't take combination argument for granted
 - union vs. append
 - min-with-falsevsmin

Peyton Seigo 2