

```
In [1]: # This Python 3 environment comes with many helpful analytics libraries installed
# It is defined by the kaggle/python Docker image: https://github.com/kaggle/docker-python
# For example, here's several helpful packages to load

import numpy as np # Linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)

# Input data files are available in the read-only "../input/" directory
# For example, running this (by clicking run or pressing Shift+Enter) will list all files under the input directory

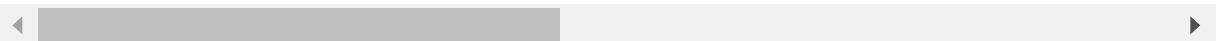
# You can write up to 20GB to the current directory (/kaggle/working/) that gets preserved as output when you create a version using "Save & Run All"
# You can also write temporary files to /kaggle/temp/, but they won't be saved outside of the current session
```

```
In [2]: # Load the already done pca on the dataset
data = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Piyush\Desktop\Data Science\Projects\Credit Card - Anomaly\creditcard.csv")
data.head()
```

Out[2]:

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533

5 rows × 31 columns



```
In [3]: data.shape
```

Out[3]: (284807, 31)

```
In [4]: import sklearn
import scipy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, roc_auc_score, precision_recall_curve, roc_curve, auc, average_precision_score, plot_roc_curve
from sklearn.ensemble import IsolationForest
from sklearn.neighbors import LocalOutlierFactor
from sklearn.svm import OneClassSVM
from pylab import rcParams
rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 14, 8
RANDOM_SEED = 42
LABELS = ["Normal", "Fraud"]
```

## Exploratory Data Analysis

In [5]: data.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 284807 entries, 0 to 284806
Data columns (total 31 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0    Time    284807 non-null  float64
1    V1       284807 non-null  float64
2    V2       284807 non-null  float64
3    V3       284807 non-null  float64
4    V4       284807 non-null  float64
5    V5       284807 non-null  float64
6    V6       284807 non-null  float64
7    V7       284807 non-null  float64
8    V8       284807 non-null  float64
9    V9       284807 non-null  float64
10   V10      284807 non-null  float64
11   V11      284807 non-null  float64
12   V12      284807 non-null  float64
13   V13      284807 non-null  float64
14   V14      284807 non-null  float64
15   V15      284807 non-null  float64
16   V16      284807 non-null  float64
17   V17      284807 non-null  float64
18   V18      284807 non-null  float64
19   V19      284807 non-null  float64
20   V20      284807 non-null  float64
21   V21      284807 non-null  float64
22   V22      284807 non-null  float64
23   V23      284807 non-null  float64
24   V24      284807 non-null  float64
25   V25      284807 non-null  float64
26   V26      284807 non-null  float64
27   V27      284807 non-null  float64
28   V28      284807 non-null  float64
29   Amount   284807 non-null  float64
30   Class    284807 non-null  int64
dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)
memory usage: 67.4 MB
```

In [6]: *# checking for NAN values*  
data.isnull().values.any()

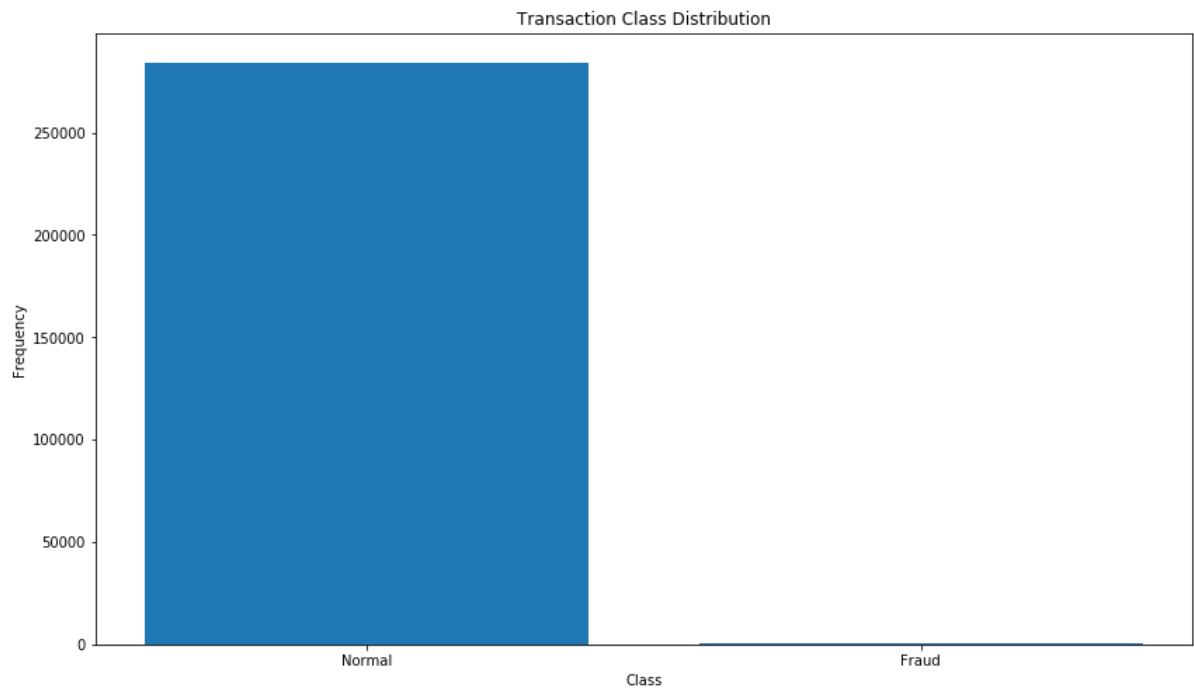
Out[6]: False

In [7]: *# plot bar graph showing the distribution of anomolous to non-anomolous trans actions*  
count\_classes = pd.value\_counts(data['Class'], sort = True)  
count\_classes  
*# got - 492 fraud trnasactions*

Out[7]: 0 284315  
1 492  
Name: Class, dtype: int64

```
In [8]: names = ["Normal", "Fraud"]
values = count_classes
plt.title("Transaction Class Distribution")
plt.xlabel("Class")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.bar(names, values)
```

Out[8]: <BarContainer object of 2 artists>

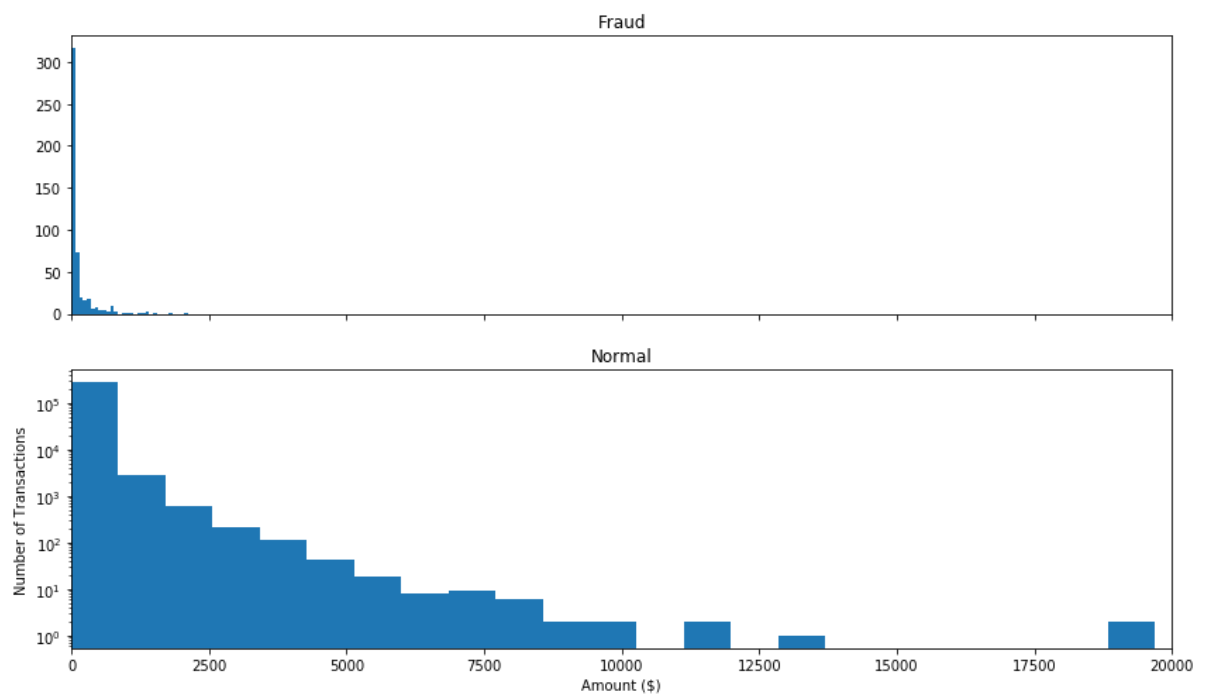


```
In [9]: # separating the fraud and normal data
normal = data[data['Class']==0]
fraud = data[data['Class']==1]
print(normal.shape)
print(fraud.shape)
```

(284315, 31)  
(492, 31)

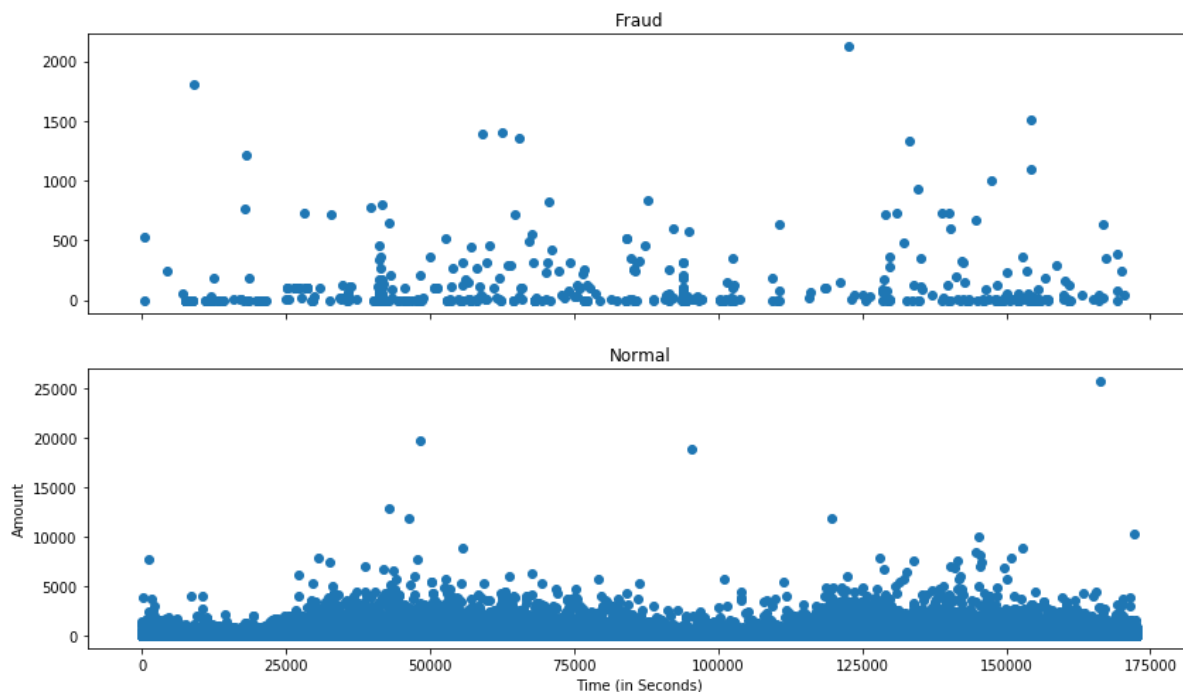
```
In [10]: # Amount per transaction distribution
f, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(2, 1, sharex=True)
f.suptitle('Amount per transaction by class')
bins = 30
ax1.hist(fraud.Amount, bins = bins)
ax1.set_title('Fraud')
ax2.hist(normal.Amount, bins = bins)
ax2.set_title('Normal')
plt.xlabel('Amount ($)')
plt.ylabel('Number of Transactions')
plt.xlim((0, 20000))
plt.yscale('log')
plt.show();
```

Amount per transaction by class



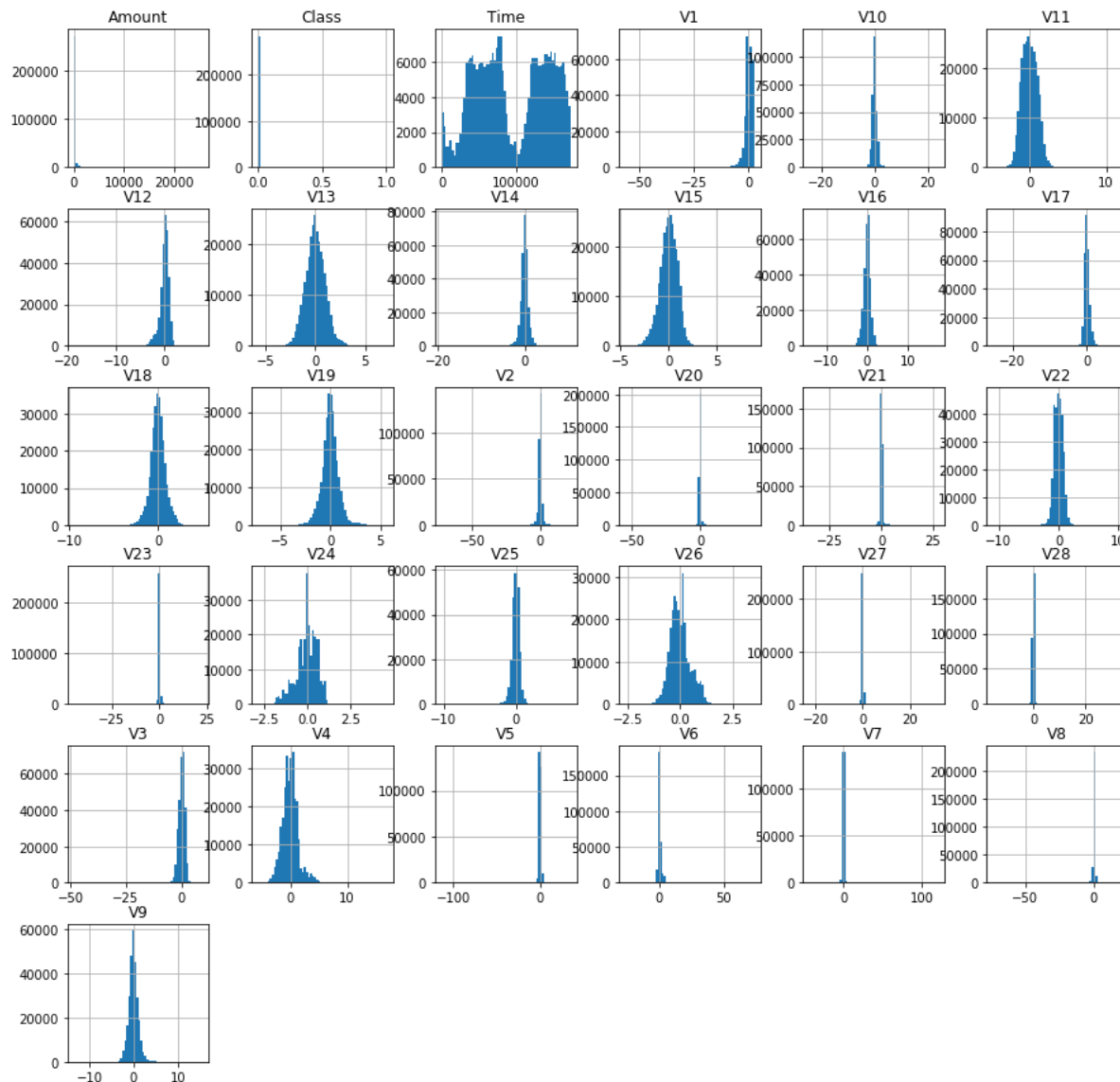
```
In [11]: # time of trnsaction vs amount by class
f, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(2, 1, sharex=True)
f.suptitle('Time of transaction vs Amount by class')
ax1.scatter(fraud.Time, fraud.Amount)
ax1.set_title('Fraud')
ax2.scatter(normal.Time, normal.Amount)
ax2.set_title('Normal')
plt.xlabel('Time (in Seconds)')
plt.ylabel('Amount')
plt.show()
```

Time of transaction vs Amount by class



From the second plot, we can observe that fraudulent transactions occur at the same time as normal transaction, making time an irrelevant factor. From the first plot, we can see that most of the fraudulent transactions are small amount transactions. This is however not a huge differentiating feature since majority of normal transactions are also small amount transactions.

```
In [12]: data.hist(figsize=(15,15), bins = 64)
plt.show()
```



```
In [13]: #data.drop(['Time', 'V1', 'V24'], axis=1, inplace=True)
data.drop(['Time', 'V24'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [14]: # Lets reduce our dataset to say 30% as it is a huge dataset with more than 28
4k+ objects
df= data.sample(frac = 0.2,random_state=1)
df.shape
```

Out[14]: (56961, 29)

```
In [15]: data.shape
# you see the difference , original data had 284k examples while the reduced h
ave 85k
```

Out[15]: (284807, 29)

```
In [16]: # now Lets see the distribution again of normal vs fraud transaction
Fraud = df[df['Class']==1]
Normal = df[df['Class']==0]
print(Fraud.shape,Normal.shape)
# you see about 135 fraud cases now
```

```
(87, 29) (56874, 29)
```

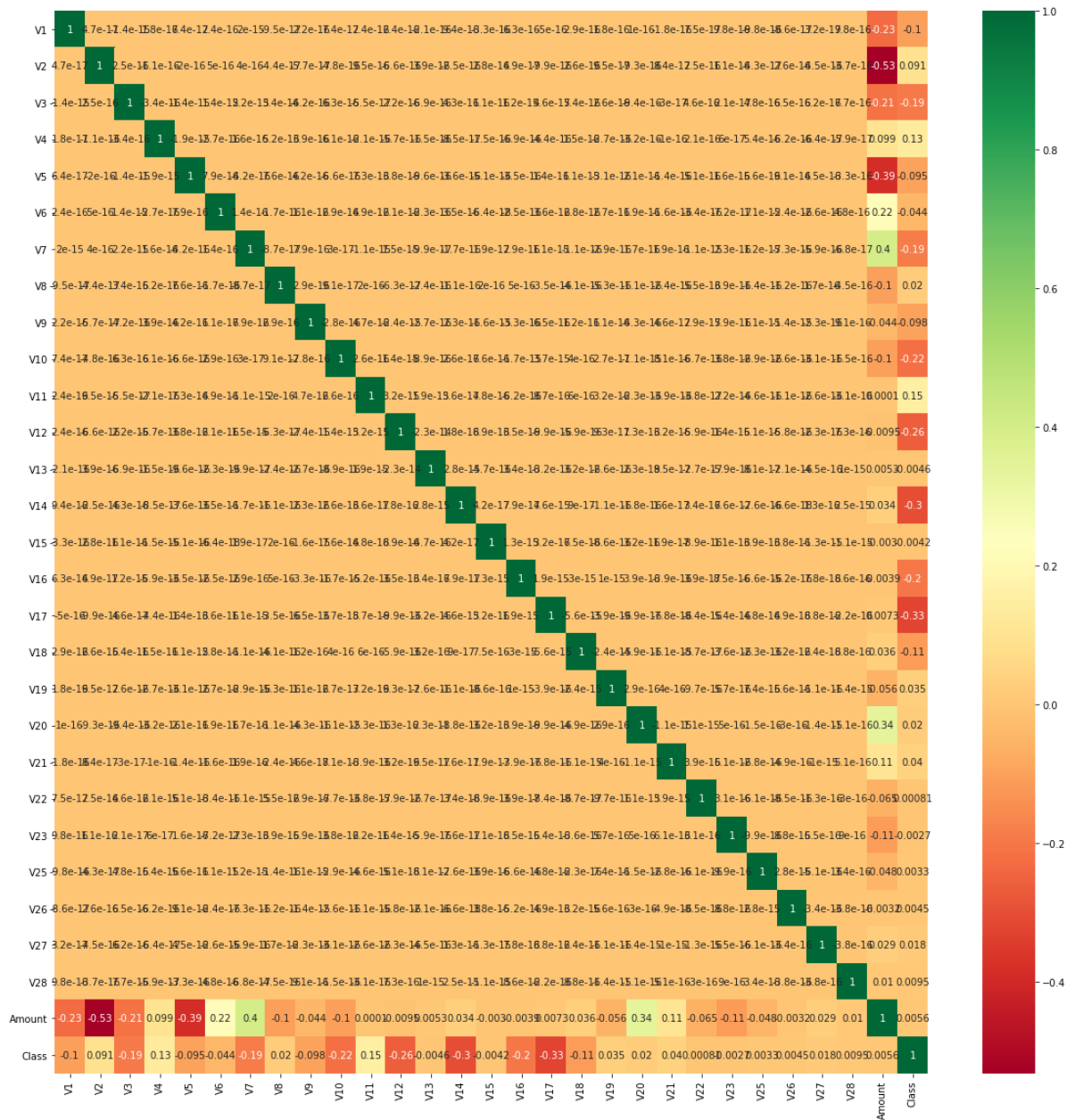
We have just 0.16% fraudulent transactions in the dataset. This means that a random guess by the model should yield 0.16% accuracy for fraudulent transactions

```
In [17]: outlier_fraction = len(Fraud)/float(len(Normal))
outlier_fraction
```

```
Out[17]: 0.0015296972254457222
```



```
In [18]: #Correlation using heatmap
import seaborn as sns
#get correlations of each features in dataset
corrmat =df.corr()
top_corr_features = corrmat.index
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
#plot heat map
g=sns.heatmap(data[top_corr_features].corr(),annot=True,cmap="RdYlGn")
```



## Building Models and Model Prediction

```
In [19]: #Create independent and Dependent Features
columns = df.columns.tolist() # all columns
# Filter the columns to remove data we do not want
columns = [c for c in columns if c not in ["Class"]] # removing "Class" from
our columns list
# Store the variable we are predicting
target = "Class"
# Define a random state
state = np.random.RandomState(42)
X = df[columns]
Y = df[target]
X_outliers = state.uniform(low=0, high=1, size=(X.shape[0], X.shape[1]))
# Print the shapes of X & Y
print(X.shape)
print(Y.shape)
```

```
(56961, 28)
```

```
(56961,)
```

```
In [20]: # Train_test Split
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.33, rand
om_state=42)
```

```
In [21]: print(y_test)
```

```
150340    0
```

```
130939    0
```

```
150066    0
```

```
284285    0
```

```
196462    0
```

```
..
```

```
196504    0
```

```
39304     0
```

```
183807    0
```

```
37174     0
```

```
138361    0
```

```
Name: Class, Length: 18798, dtype: int64
```

## Isolation Forest Algorithm :

One of the newest techniques to detect anomalies is called Isolation Forests. The algorithm is based on the fact that anomalies are data points that are few and different. As a result of these properties, anomalies are susceptible to a mechanism called isolation.

This method is highly useful and is fundamentally different from all existing methods. It introduces the use of isolation as a more effective and efficient means to detect anomalies than the commonly used basic distance and density measures. Moreover, this method is an algorithm with a low linear time complexity and a small memory requirement. It builds a good performing model with a small number of trees using small sub-samples of fixed size, regardless of the size of a data set.

Typical machine learning methods tend to work better when the patterns they try to learn are balanced, meaning the same amount of good and bad behaviors are present in the dataset.

**How Isolation Forests Work** The Isolation Forest algorithm isolates observations by randomly selecting a feature and then randomly selecting a split value between the maximum and minimum values of the selected feature. The logic argument goes: isolating anomaly observations is easier because only a few conditions are needed to separate those cases from the normal observations. On the other hand, isolating normal observations require more conditions. Therefore, an anomaly score can be calculated as the number of conditions required to separate a given observation.

The way that the algorithm constructs the separation is by first creating isolation trees, or random decision trees. Then, the score is calculated as the path length to isolate the observation.

## Local Outlier Factor(LOF) Algorithm

The LOF algorithm is an unsupervised outlier detection method which computes the local density deviation of a given data point with respect to its neighbors. It considers as outlier samples that have a substantially lower density than their neighbors.

The number of neighbors considered, (parameter `n_neighbors`) is typically chosen 1) greater than the minimum number of objects a cluster has to contain, so that other objects can be local outliers relative to this cluster, and 2) smaller than the maximum number of close by objects that can potentially be local outliers. In practice, such informations are generally not available, and taking `n_neighbors=20` appears to work well in general.

```
In [22]: n_outliers = len(Fraud)
         n_outliers
```

```
Out[22]: 87
```

```
In [23]: #plotting roc curve
def plot_roc(y_test,preds):
    fpr, tpr, threshold = roc_curve(y_test, preds)
    roc_auc = auc(fpr, tpr)

    plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic')
    plt.plot(fpr, tpr, 'b', label = 'AUC = %0.2f' % roc_auc)
    plt.legend(loc = 'lower right')
    plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'r--')
    plt.xlim([0, 1])
    plt.ylim([0, 1])
    plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
    plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
    plt.show()
```

## Local Outlier factor

```
In [24]: clf = LocalOutlierFactor(n_neighbors=20, algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metri
c='minkowski',p=2, metric_params=None, contamination=outlier_fraction)
y_train_pred = clf.fit_predict(X_train)
#print(y_pred)
scores_prediction = clf.negative_outlier_factor_
y_train_pred[y_train_pred == 1] = 0
y_train_pred[y_train_pred == -1] = 1

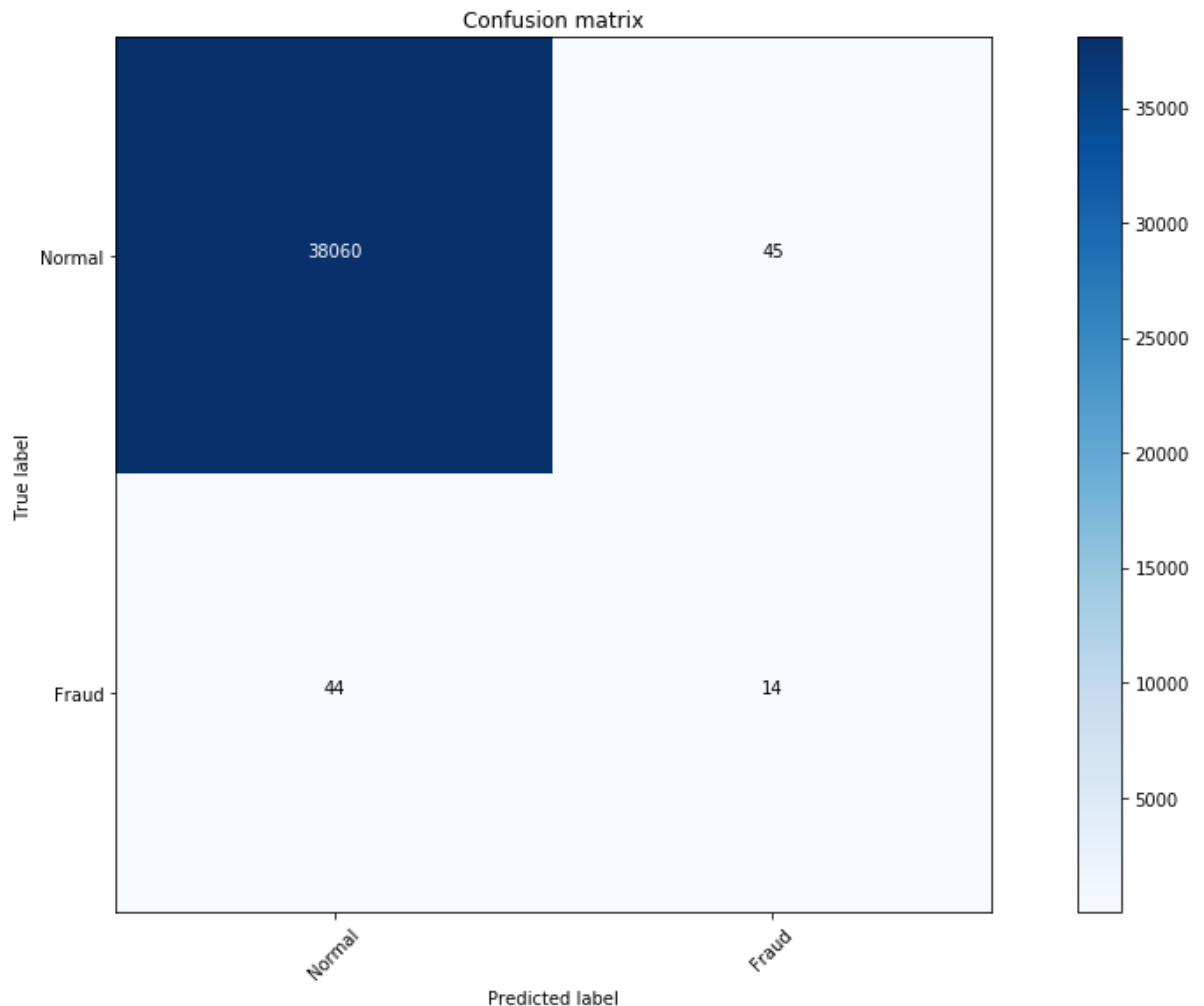
# on test data
y_test_pred = clf.fit_predict(X_test)
y_test_pred[y_test_pred == 1] = 0
y_test_pred[y_test_pred == -1] = 1
```

```
In [25]: import itertools
classes = np.array(['0','1'])
def plot_confusion_matrix(cm, classes,title='Confusion matrix', cmap=plt.cm.Bl
ues):
    plt.imshow(cm, interpolation='nearest', cmap=cmap)
    plt.title(title)
    plt.colorbar()
    tick_marks = np.arange(len(classes))
    plt.xticks(tick_marks, classes, rotation=45)
    plt.yticks(tick_marks, classes)

    fmt = 'd'
    thresh = cm.max() / 2.
    for i, j in itertools.product(range(cm.shape[0]), range(cm.shape[1])):
        plt.text(j, i, format(cm[i, j], fmt),
                horizontalalignment="center",
                color="white" if cm[i, j] > thresh else "black")

    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.ylabel('True label')
    plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
```

```
In [26]: cm_train = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred)
plot_confusion_matrix(cm_train, ["Normal", "Fraud"])
```



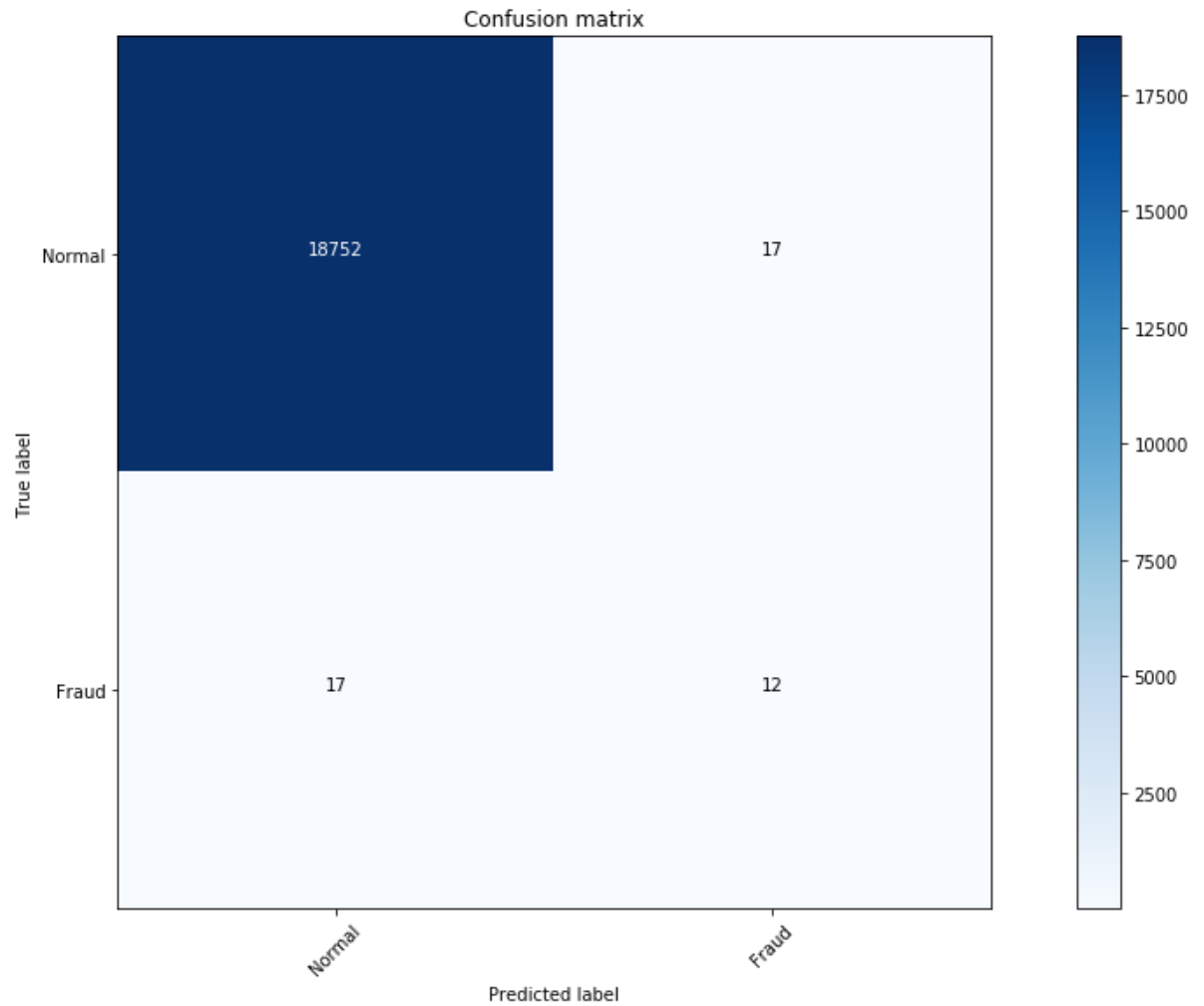
```
In [27]: print('Total fraudulent transactions detected in training set: ' + str(cm_train[1][1]) + ' / ' + str(cm_train[1][1]+cm_train[1][0]))
print('Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in training set: ' + str(cm_train[0][0]) + ' / ' + str(cm_train[0][1]+cm_train[0][0]))

print('Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the training set: ' + str(cm_train[1][1]/(cm_train[1][1]+cm_train[1][0])))
print('Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the training set: ' + str(cm_train[0][0]/(cm_train[0][1]+cm_train[0][0])))

print("Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the training set: " + str(100*(cm_train[0][0]+cm_train[1][1]) / (sum(cm_train[0]) + sum(cm_train[1])))) + "%")
```

Total fraudulent transactions detected in training set: 14 / 58  
 Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in training set: 38060 / 38105  
 Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the training set: 0.2413793103448276  
 Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the training set: 0.9988190526177667  
 Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the training set: 99.76678982260304%

```
In [28]: cm_test = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_test_pred)
plot_confusion_matrix(cm_test,["Normal", "Fraud"])
```



```
In [29]: print('Total fraudulent transactions detected in test set: ' + str(cm_test[1][1]) + ' / ' + str(cm_test[1][1]+cm_test[1][0]))
print('Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in test set: ' + str(cm_test[0][0]) + ' / ' + str(cm_test[0][1]+cm_test[0][0]))

print('Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the test set: ' + str(cm_test[1][1]/(cm_test[1][1]+cm_test[1][0])))
print('Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the test set: ' + str(cm_test[0][0]/(cm_test[0][1]+cm_test[0][0])))

print("Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the test set: "+str(100*(cm_test[0][0]+cm_test[1][1]) / (sum(cm_test[0]) + sum(cm_test[1])))) + "%")
print("ROC_AUC_score : %.6f" % (roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_pred)))
```

Total fraudulent transactions detected in test set: 12 / 29  
 Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in test set: 18752 / 18769  
 Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the test set: 0.41379310344827586  
 Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the test set: 0.9990942511588258  
 Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the test set: 99.81912969464837%  
 ROC\_AUC\_score : 0.706444

```
In [30]: print(classification_report(y_test,y_test_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	18769
1	0.41	0.41	0.41	29
accuracy			1.00	18798
macro avg	0.71	0.71	0.71	18798
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	18798

```
In [31]: #plot_roc_curve(clf,X_test,y_test_pred)
```

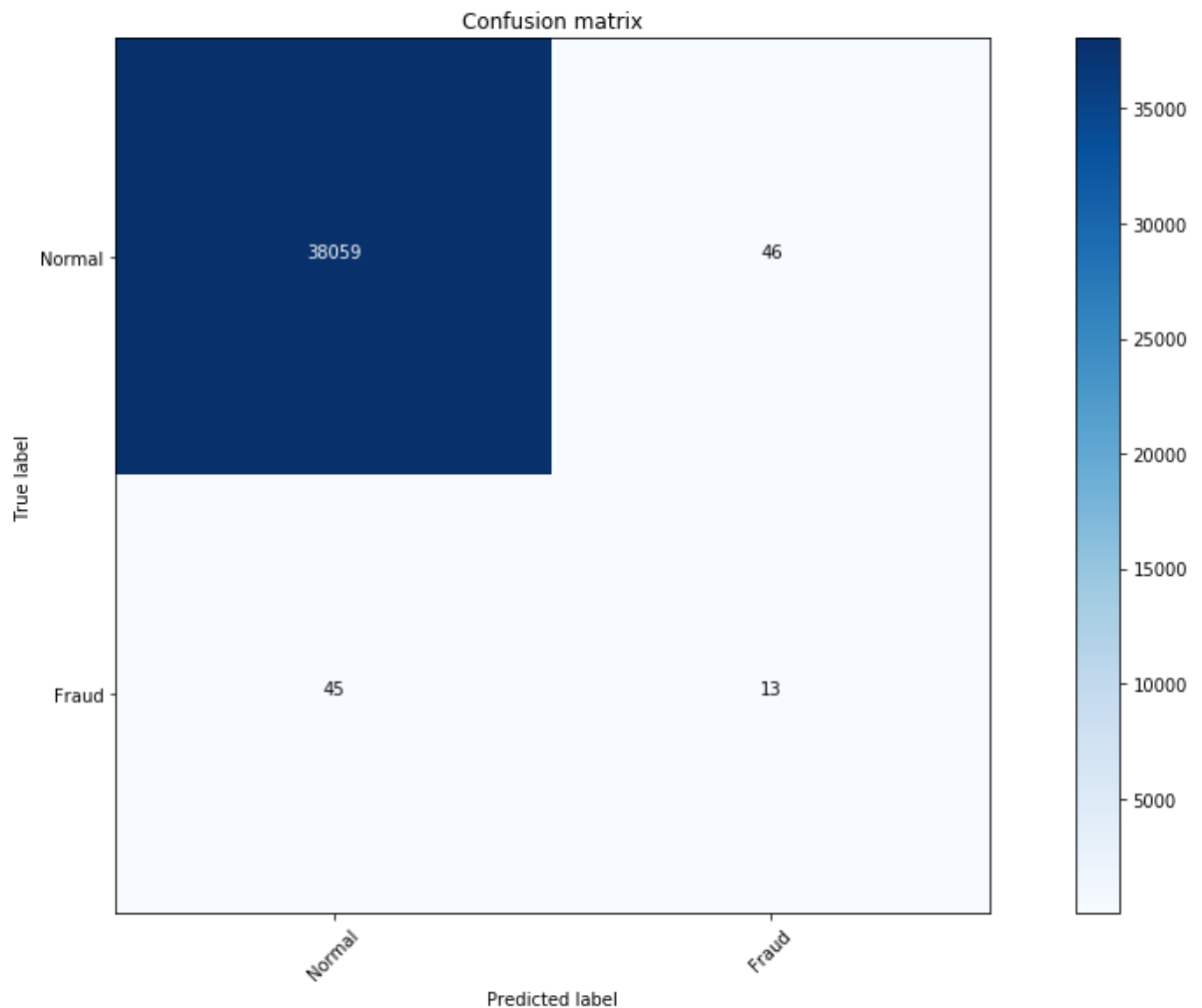
## Isolation Forest

```
In [32]: clf = IsolationForest(n_estimators=100, max_samples=len(X), contamination=outlier_fraction, random_state=state, verbose=0)
clf.fit(X_train)
#scores_prediction = clf.decision_function(X)
y_train_pred = clf.predict(X_train)
y_train_pred[y_train_pred == 1] = 0
y_train_pred[y_train_pred == -1] = 1

# On test set
y_test_pred = clf.fit_predict(X_test)
y_test_pred[y_test_pred == 1] = 0
y_test_pred[y_test_pred == -1] = 1
```

C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\\_iforest.py:281:  
UserWarning: max\_samples (56961) is greater than the total number of samples (38163). max\_samples will be set to n\_samples for estimation.  
% (self.max\_samples, n\_samples))  
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\\_iforest.py:281:  
UserWarning: max\_samples (56961) is greater than the total number of samples (18798). max\_samples will be set to n\_samples for estimation.  
% (self.max\_samples, n\_samples))

```
In [33]: cm_train = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred)
plot_confusion_matrix(cm_train, ["Normal", "Fraud"])
```





```
In [34]: print('Total fraudulent transactions detected in training set: ' + str(cm_train[1][1]) + ' / ' + str(cm_train[1][1]+cm_train[1][0]))
print('Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in training set: ' + str(cm_train[0][0]) + ' / ' + str(cm_train[0][1]+cm_train[0][0]))

print('Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the training set: ' + str(cm_train[1][1]/(cm_train[1][1]+cm_train[1][0])))
print('Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the training set: ' + str(cm_train[0][0]/(cm_train[0][1]+cm_train[0][0])))

print("Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the training set: " + str(100*(cm_train[0][0]+cm_train[1][1]) / (sum(cm_train[0]) + sum(cm_train[1])))) + "%")
```

Total fraudulent transactions detected in training set: 13 / 58

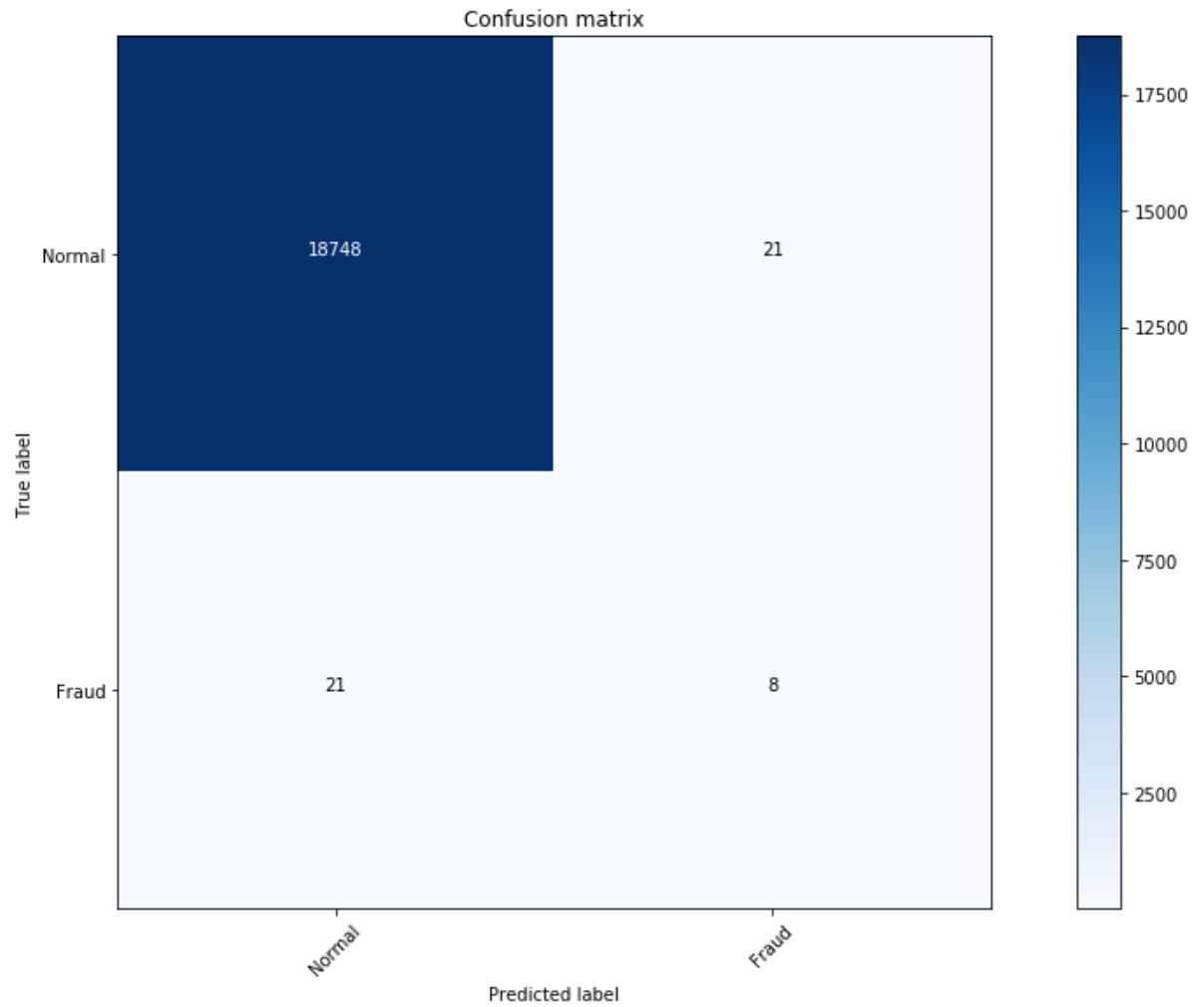
Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in training set: 38059 / 38105

Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the training set: 0.22413793103448276

Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the training set: 0.998792809342606

Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the training set: 99.7615491444593%

```
In [35]: cm_test = confusion_matrix( y_test,y_test_pred)  
plot_confusion_matrix(cm_test,["Normal", "Fraud"])
```



```
In [36]: print('Total fraudulent transactions detected in test set: ' + str(cm_test[1][1]) + ' / ' + str(cm_test[1][1]+cm_test[1][0]))
print('Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in test set: ' + str(cm_test[0][0]) + ' / ' + str(cm_test[0][1]+cm_test[0][0]))

print('Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the test set: ' + str(cm_test[1][1]/(cm_test[1][1]+cm_test[1][0])))
print('Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the test set: ' + str(cm_test[0][0]/(cm_test[0][1]+cm_test[0][0])))

print("Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the test set: "+str(100*(cm_test[0][0]+cm_test[1][1]) / (sum(cm_test[0]) + sum(cm_test[1])))) + "%")
print("ROC_AUC_score : %.6f" % (roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_pred)))
```

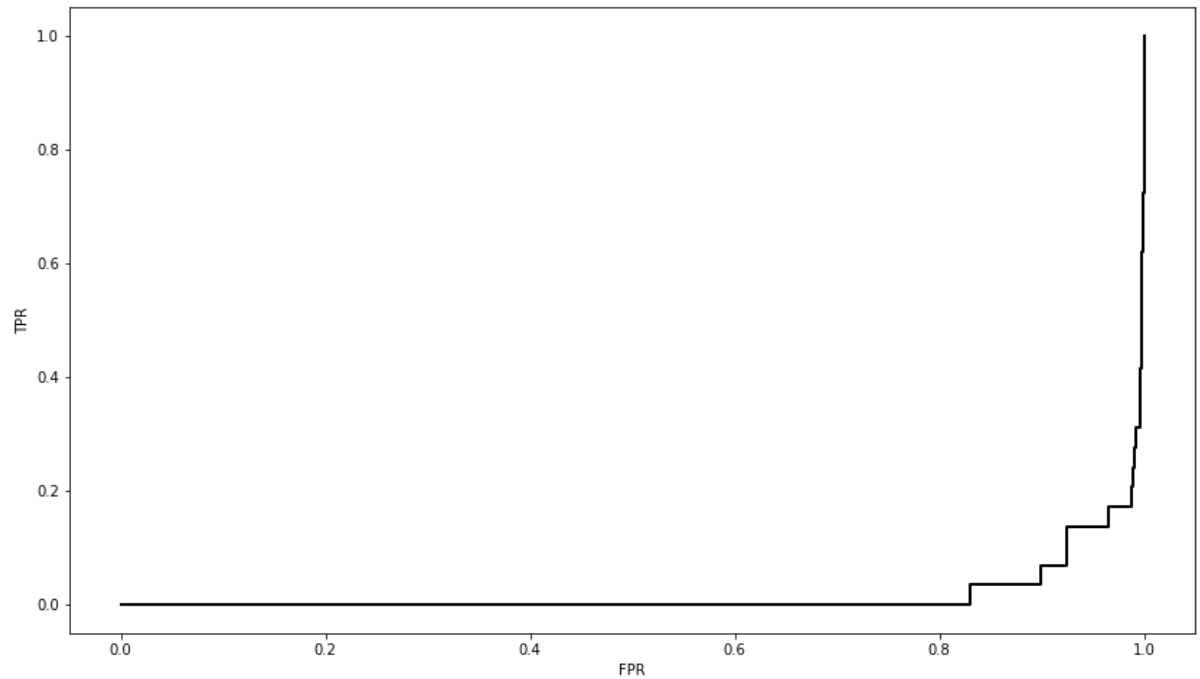
Total fraudulent transactions detected in test set: 8 / 29  
 Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in test set: 18748 / 18769  
 Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the test set: 0.27586206896551724  
 Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the test set: 0.9988811337844318  
 Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the test set: 99.7765719757421%  
 ROC\_AUC\_score : 0.637372

```
In [37]: print(classification_report(y_test,y_test_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	18769
1	0.28	0.28	0.28	29
accuracy			1.00	18798
macro avg	0.64	0.64	0.64	18798
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	18798

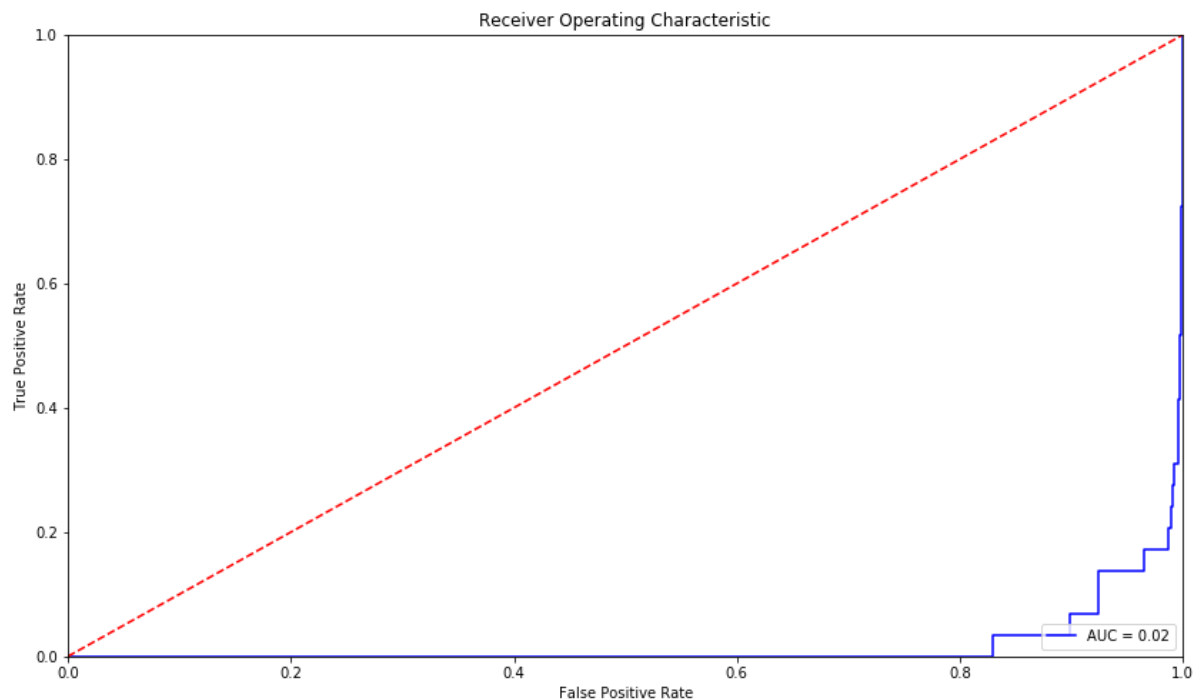
```
In [38]: y_pred = clf.decision_function(X_test)

from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, roc_auc_score
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, 'k-', lw=2)
plt.xlabel('FPR')
plt.ylabel('TPR')
plt.show()
print("ROC_AUC_score : %.6f" % (roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred)))
```



ROC\_AUC\_score : 0.018295

```
In [39]: plot_roc(y_test,y_pred)
```



The results we've got through this model are far from ideal. We have not been able to classify fraudulent transactions efficiently despite having a high accuracy (which is not a good metric to measure performance on a skewed dataset anyways). Supervised learning for anomaly detection is the move for this dataset since we have the labels. One reason why unsupervised learning did not perform well enough is because most of the fraudulent transactions did not have much unusual characteristics regarding them which can be well separated from normal transactions and I feel that's the main reason they provided us with a labelled dataset. Anyways, this notebook represents how unsupervised learning captures anomalies. The accuracy of detecting anomalies on the test set is 25%, which is way better than a random guess (the fraction of anomalies in the dataset is  $< 0.1\%$ ). I have also implemented the supervised learning model for this dataset, which works extremely well.

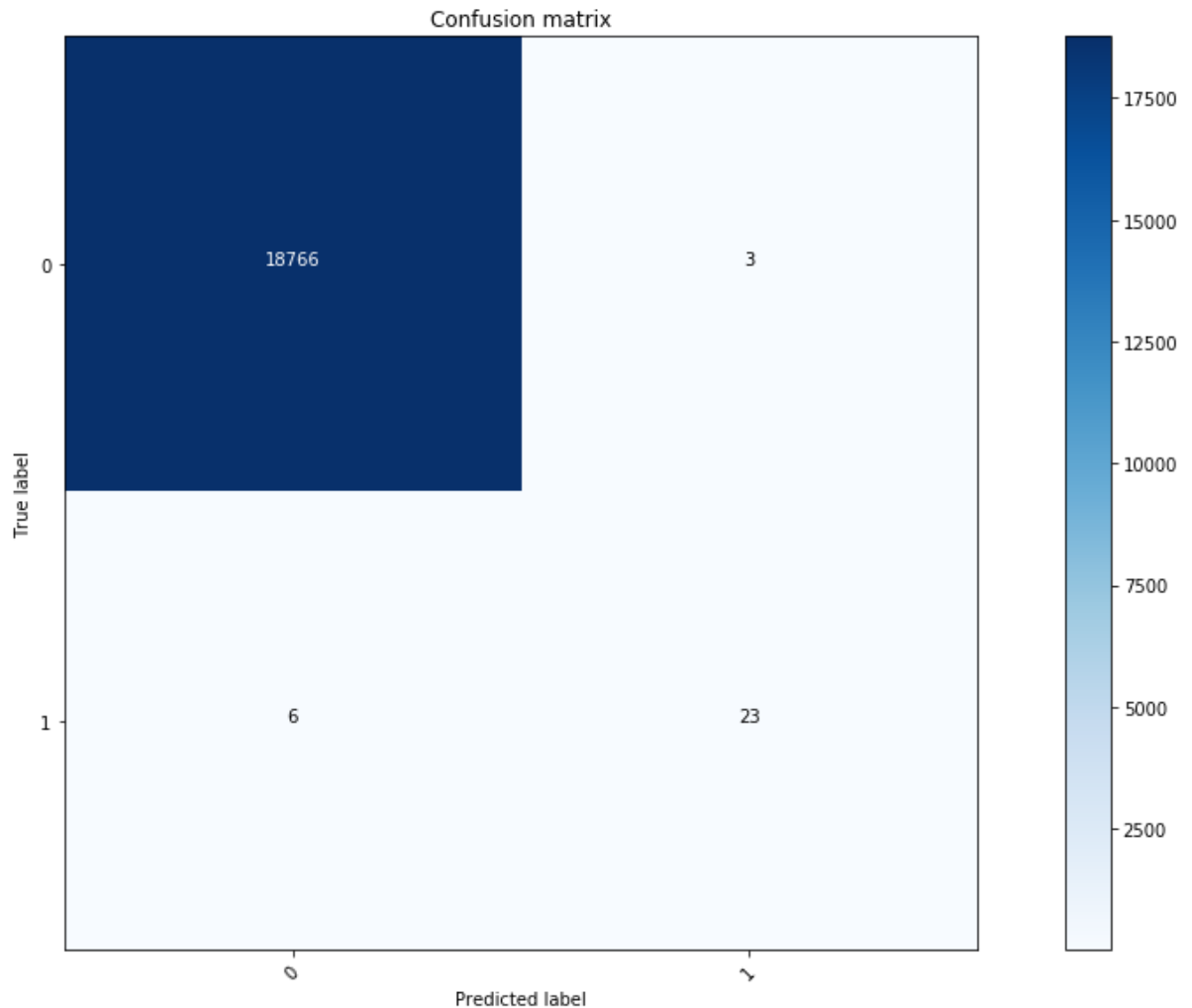
## Supervised SVM

```
In [40]: from sklearn import preprocessing, svm
classifier = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[40]: SVC(C=1.0, break_ties=False, cache_size=200, class_weight=None, coef0=0.0,
decision_function_shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma='scale', kernel='linear',
max_iter=-1, probability=False, random_state=None, shrinking=True,
tol=0.001, verbose=False)
```

```
In [41]: predictions = classifier.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [42]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions)
plot_confusion_matrix(cm, classes)
```



```
In [43]: print('Total fraudulent transactions detected: ' + str(cm[1][1]) + ' / ' + str(
(cm[1][1]+cm[1][0]))
print('Total non-fraudulent transactions detected: ' + str(cm[0][0]) + ' / ' +
str(cm[0][1]+cm[0][0]))

print('Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction: ' + str(cm[1][1]/(cm[1]
[1]+cm[1][0])))
print('Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction: ' + str(cm[0][0]/(c
m[0][1]+cm[0][0])))

print("Accuracy of the Logistic Regression model : "+str(100*(cm[0][0]+cm[1][1]
) / (sum(cm[0]) + sum(cm[1])))) + "%")
print("ROC_AUC_score : %.6f" % (roc_auc_score(y_test, predictions)))
```

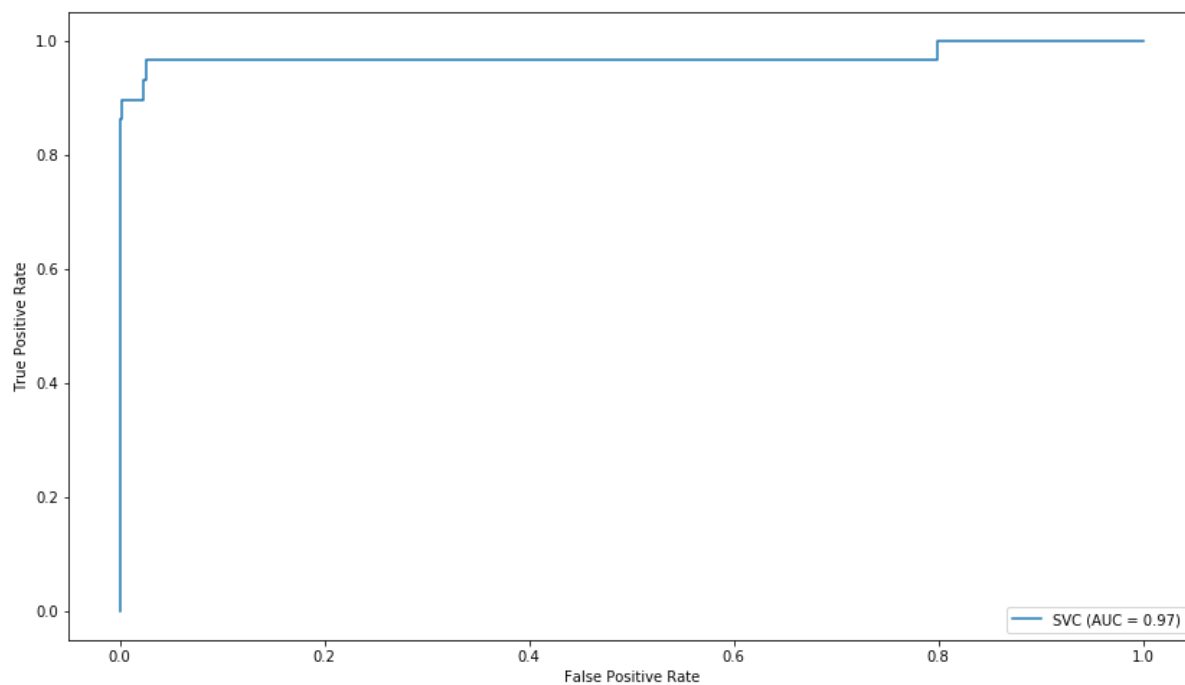
```
Total fraudulent transactions detected: 23 / 29
Total non-fraudulent transactions detected: 18766 / 18769
Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction: 0.7931034482758621
Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction: 0.9998401619692046
Accuracy of the Logistic Regression model : 99.95212256623044%
ROC_AUC_score : 0.896472
```

```
In [44]: print(classification_report(y_test,predictions))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	18769
1	0.88	0.79	0.84	29
accuracy			1.00	18798
macro avg	0.94	0.90	0.92	18798
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	18798

```
In [45]: plot_roc_curve(classifier,X_test,y_test)
```

```
Out[45]: <sklearn.metrics._plot.roc_curve.RocCurveDisplay at 0x1f0a5946c08>
```



## Logistic Regression

```
In [46]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
classifier = LogisticRegression()
classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:940: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
```

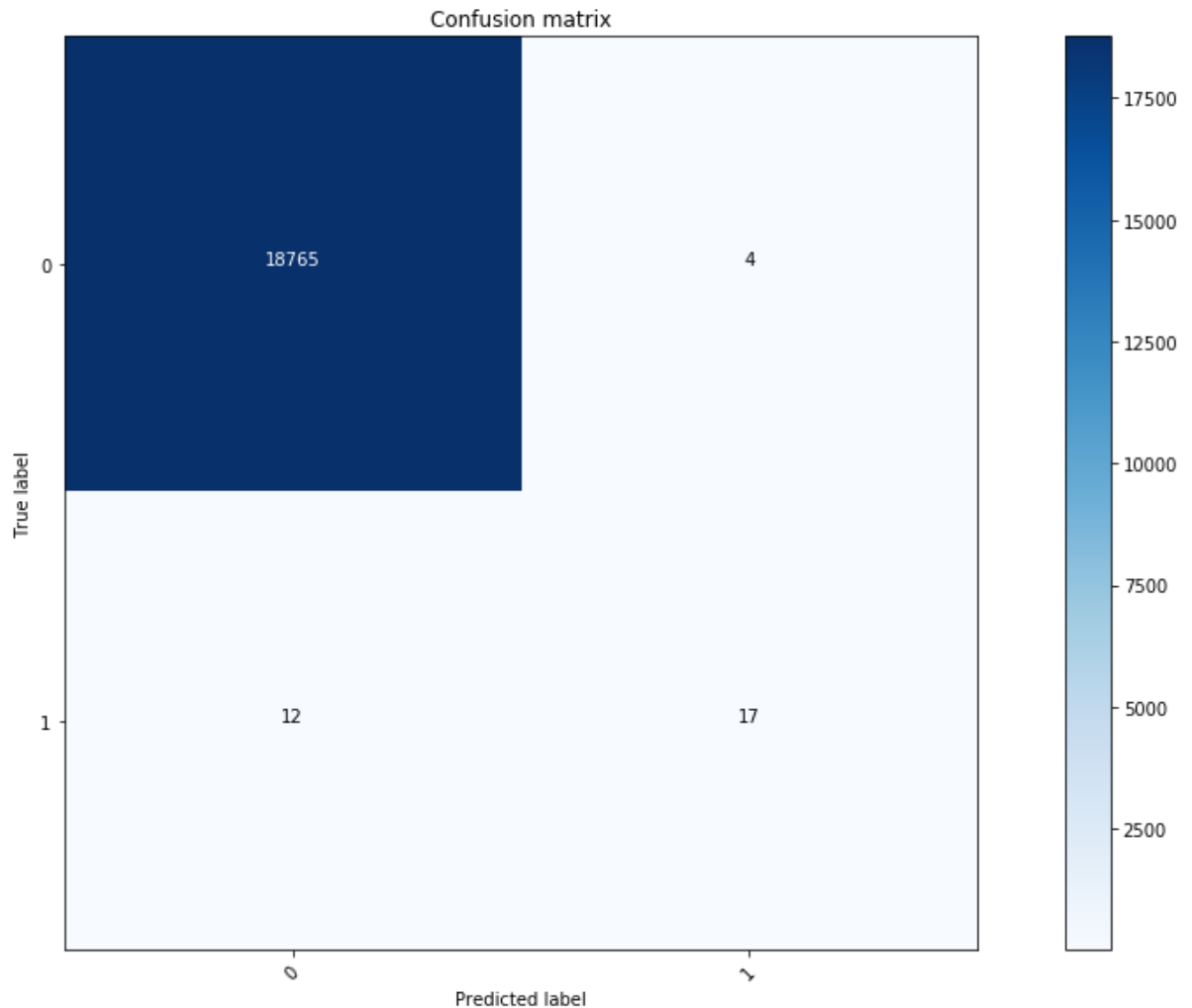
Increase the number of iterations (max\_iter) or scale the data as shown in:  
<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>  
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:  
[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression)  
extra\_warning\_msg=\_LOGISTIC\_SOLVER\_CONVERGENCE\_MSG)

```
Out[46]: LogisticRegression(C=1.0, class_weight=None, dual=False, fit_intercept=True,
                           intercept_scaling=1, l1_ratio=None, max_iter=100,
                           multi_class='auto', n_jobs=None, penalty='l2',
                           random_state=None, solver='lbfgs', tol=0.0001, verbose=0,
                           warm_start=False)
```

```
In [47]: predictions = classifier.predict(X_test)
```



```
In [48]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions)
plot_confusion_matrix(cm, classes)
```



```
In [49]: print('Total fraudulent transactions detected: ' + str(cm[1][1]) + ' / ' + str(
(cm[1][1]+cm[1][0]))
print('Total non-fraudulent transactions detected: ' + str(cm[0][0]) + ' / ' +
str(cm[0][1]+cm[0][0]))

print('Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction: ' + str(cm[1][1]/(cm[1]
[1]+cm[1][0])))
print('Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction: ' + str(cm[0][0]/(c
m[0][1]+cm[0][0])))

print("Accuracy of the Logistic Regression model : "+str(100*(cm[0][0]+cm[1][1]
) / (sum(cm[0]) + sum(cm[1])))) + "%")
print("ROC_AUC_score : %.6f" % (roc_auc_score(y_test, predictions)))
```

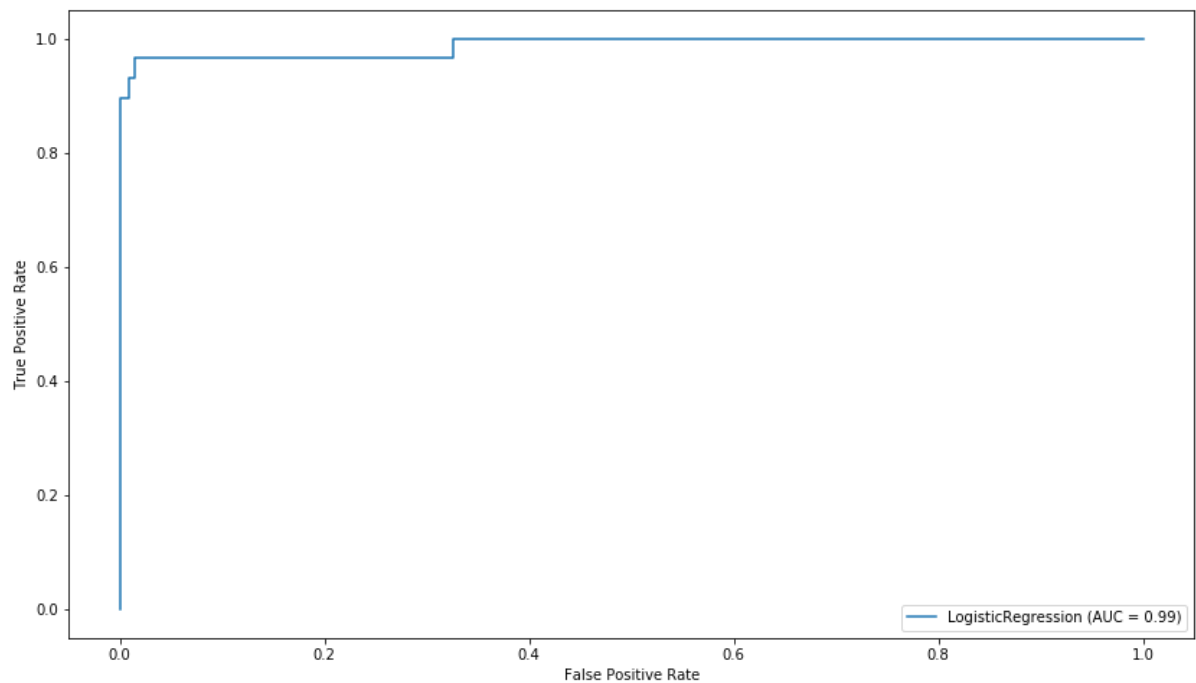
```
Total fraudulent transactions detected: 17 / 29
Total non-fraudulent transactions detected: 18765 / 18769
Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction: 0.5862068965517241
Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction: 0.999786882625606
Accuracy of the Logistic Regression model : 99.91488456218747%
ROC_AUC_score : 0.792997
```

```
In [50]: print(classification_report(y_test,predictions))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	18769
1	0.81	0.59	0.68	29
accuracy			1.00	18798
macro avg	0.90	0.79	0.84	18798
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	18798

```
In [51]: plot_roc_curve(classifier,X_test,y_test)
```

```
Out[51]: <sklearn.metrics._plot.roc_curve.RocCurveDisplay at 0x1f0a5e36188>
```

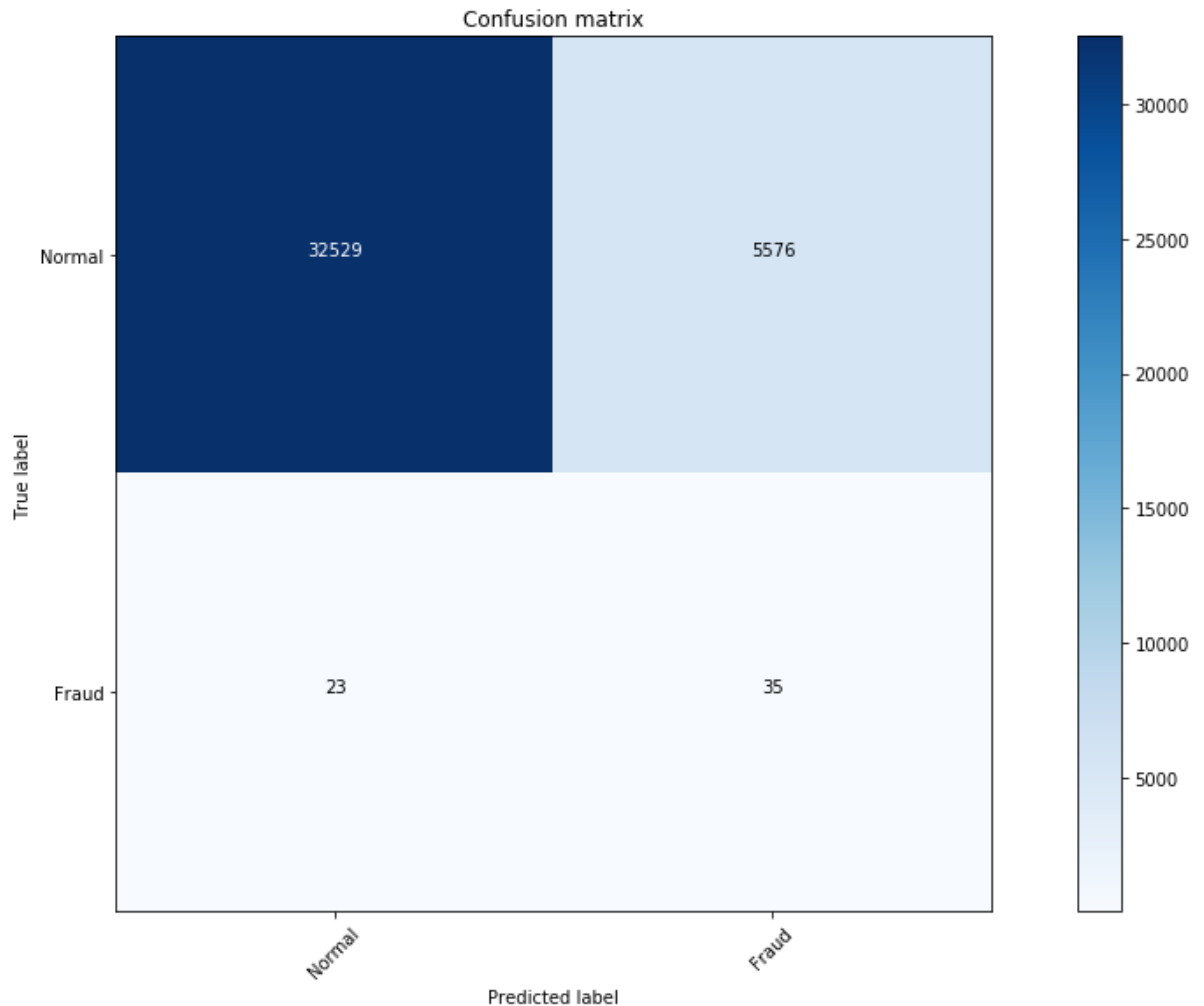


## One Class SVM

```
In [52]: clf = OneClassSVM(kernel='rbf', degree=3, gamma=0.1, nu=0.05, max_iter=-1)
clf.fit(X_train)
#scores_prediction = clf.decision_function(X)
y_train_pred = clf.predict(X_train)
y_train_pred[y_train_pred == 1] = 0
y_train_pred[y_train_pred == -1] = 1

# On test set
y_test_pred = clf.fit_predict(X_test)
y_test_pred[y_test_pred == 1] = 0
y_test_pred[y_test_pred == -1] = 1
```

```
In [53]: cm_train = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred)
plot_confusion_matrix(cm_train, ["Normal", "Fraud"])
```



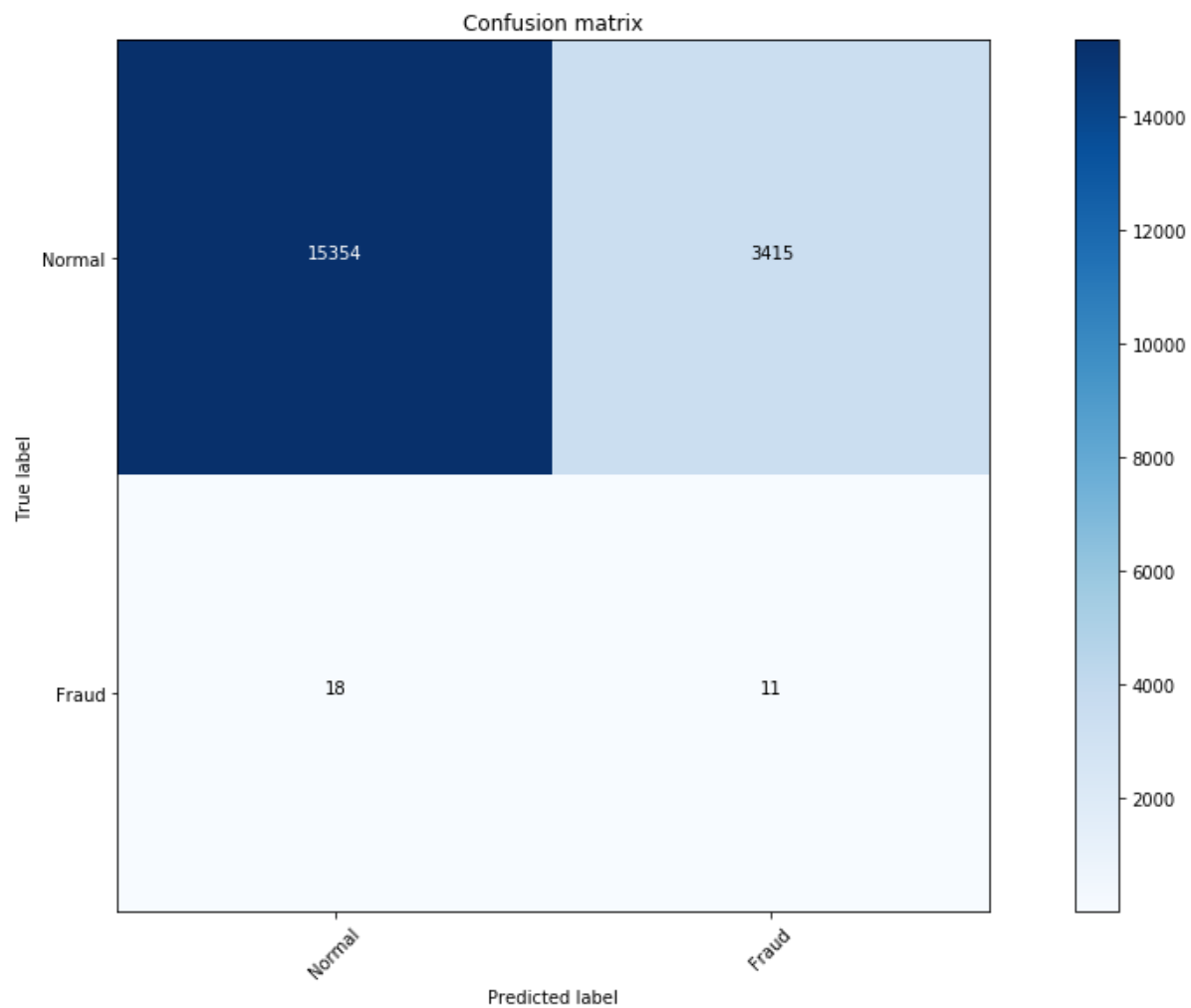
```
In [54]: print('Total fraudulent transactions detected in training set: ' + str(cm_train[1][1]) + ' / ' + str(cm_train[1][1]+cm_train[1][0]))
print('Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in training set: ' + str(cm_train[0][0]) + ' / ' + str(cm_train[0][1]+cm_train[0][0]))

print('Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the training set: ' + str(cm_train[1][1]/(cm_train[1][1]+cm_train[1][0])))
print('Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the training set: ' + str(cm_train[0][0]/(cm_train[0][1]+cm_train[0][0])))

print("Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the training set: " + str(100*(cm_train[0][0]+cm_train[1][1]) / (sum(cm_train[0]) + sum(cm_train[1]))) + "%")
```

Total fraudulent transactions detected in training set: 35 / 58  
 Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in training set: 32529 / 38105  
 Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the training set: 0.603448275862069  
 Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the training set: 0.8536674977037134  
 Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the training set: 85.32872153656683%

```
In [55]: cm_test = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_test_pred )  
plot_confusion_matrix(cm_test,["Normal", "Fraud"])
```



```
In [56]: print('Total fraudulent transactions detected in test set: ' + str(cm_test[1][1]) + ' / ' + str(cm_test[1][1]+cm_test[1][0]))
print('Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in test set: ' + str(cm_test[0][0]) + ' / ' + str(cm_test[0][1]+cm_test[0][0]))

print('Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the test set: ' + str(cm_test[1][1]/(cm_test[1][1]+cm_test[1][0])))
print('Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the test set: ' + str(cm_test[0][0]/(cm_test[0][1]+cm_test[0][0])))

print("Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the test set: "+str(100*(cm_test[0][0]+cm_test[1][1]) / (sum(cm_test[0]) + sum(cm_test[1])))) + "%")
print("ROC_AUC_score : %.6f" % (roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_pred)))
```

Total fraudulent transactions detected in test set: 11 / 29  
 Total non-fraudulent transactions detected in test set: 15354 / 18769  
 Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction in the test set: 0.3793103448275862  
 Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction in the test set: 0.8180510416111674  
 Accuracy of unsupervised anomaly detection model on the test set: 81.73741887434834%  
 ROC\_AUC\_score : 0.598681

```
In [57]: print(classification_report(y_test,y_test_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	0.82	0.90	18769
1	0.00	0.38	0.01	29
accuracy			0.82	18798
macro avg	0.50	0.60	0.45	18798
weighted avg	1.00	0.82	0.90	18798

One class SVM doesnt work well because it works on decision separating boundary

```
In [58]: #plot_roc_curve(clf,X_test,y_test)
```

## Multivariate Gaussian Anomaly detection

```
In [59]: def covariance_matrix(X):
    m, n = X.shape
    tmp_mat = np.zeros((n, n))
    mu = X.mean(axis=0)
    for i in range(m):
        tmp_mat += np.outer(X[i] - mu, X[i] - mu)
    return tmp_mat / m
```

```
In [60]: y_test
```

```
Out[60]: 150340    0
          130939    0
          150066    0
          284285    0
          196462    0
          ..
          196504    0
          39304     0
          183807    0
          37174     0
          138361    0
          Name: Class, Length: 18798, dtype: int64
```

```
In [61]: cov_mat = covariance_matrix(np.array(X_train))  
cov_mat
```

```

Out[61]: array([[ 3.76983157e+00,  5.69398438e-02, -1.08915251e-01,
                  1.39361900e-02, -1.25841357e-01,  5.09740584e-02,
                  3.76852701e-02, -4.74898142e-02, -6.96788550e-03,
                  -2.69690314e-02,  1.89724048e-02, -4.10063310e-02,
                  -1.10822011e-02, -3.18423285e-02, -1.59334145e-03,
                  -1.60992897e-02, -5.05926075e-02, -2.93453073e-02,
                  1.00823486e-02, -7.64231919e-02, -5.13399425e-02,
                  2.51336812e-02,  2.17613086e-02,  5.14124630e-03,
                  -7.74853407e-04, -1.76959755e-02,  8.30014233e-03,
                  -1.17708414e+02],
 [ 5.69398438e-02,  2.80234992e+00,  2.89273765e-03,
   -3.98528034e-02, -9.04445297e-02,  6.65076074e-02,
    1.22359772e-01,  2.97771244e-03,  1.18336515e-02,
    2.79667132e-02,  2.33974242e-03,  3.30202416e-02,
    5.75754933e-03,  8.62543733e-03,  1.16782569e-02,
    2.10451164e-02,  3.05374301e-02, -7.27917453e-03,
    7.82874261e-03, -1.06772600e-01, -2.26868451e-02,
    2.94055111e-03,  1.23216210e-02,  2.90494984e-03,
    -2.24932267e-03,  1.16388540e-02,  2.02930379e-02,
    -2.32940560e+02],
 [-1.08915251e-01,  2.89273765e-03,  2.18764188e+00,
   4.45775160e-02, -5.91685757e-02,  2.97134548e-02,
   -3.98756707e-02, -3.89424302e-02, -1.00716110e-02,
   -3.94104602e-02,  2.38724193e-02, -3.84931392e-02,
    1.76552440e-03, -4.23193302e-02, -3.43693391e-03,
   -2.37758373e-02, -5.63867800e-02, -2.18752102e-02,
    1.67512163e-02, -3.25295153e-02, -2.43877549e-02,
    1.27720135e-02,  1.89223397e-02,  2.36519681e-04,
   -8.93581528e-04,  2.20827332e-03, -2.02936342e-03,
   -7.81214884e+01],
 [ 1.39361900e-02, -3.98528034e-02,  4.45775160e-02,
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    1.30978662e-02,  2.37576742e-02,  2.82601886e-02,
    9.81574724e-03, -5.72581762e-03,  3.25898170e-02,
   -7.78799326e-03,  2.23902549e-02,  6.20565864e-03,
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   -1.44747375e-02, -2.04712916e-03, -3.14856560e-03,
   -2.55560282e-03,  9.18095212e-03, -6.90122068e-03,
    3.84002706e+01],
 [-1.25841357e-01, -9.04445297e-02, -5.91685757e-02,
    2.69051214e-02,  1.88976586e+00, -1.82842414e-03,
   -2.25789537e-02, -3.40420187e-02, -5.93858729e-03,
   -3.32803833e-02,  2.87600891e-02, -2.99783859e-02,
    5.91343970e-03, -1.14664381e-02, -3.03053605e-03,
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    9.56199896e-03, -3.31134252e-02, -2.42209170e-02,
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   -1.22865511e+02],
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   -1.37915887e-02,  1.77092209e-02, -3.69200635e-03,
   -5.16031143e-03, -2.51430929e-03,  3.20849760e-03,
    1.46957499e-04, -1.27438135e-02, -2.72989597e-03,
   -1.04646552e-02, -4.49632428e-03, -5.54287983e-03,
    2.19224281e-03,  1.68173466e-02,  3.26475231e-02,

```



```
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-1.17890070e+01],
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1.13110244e+00, 9.88926176e-03, -2.68967858e-02,
-9.75936766e-03, -1.23415497e-02, 2.87483857e-04,
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5.53032673e-03, 7.19383868e-03, 1.89048541e-03,
3.14646817e-03, 1.14631512e-02, 5.48420889e-03,
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```

```
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1.81115051e-03, 7.20000309e-03, 3.60362193e-03,  
1.84756051e-03, -3.35245165e-04, -1.85044722e-03,  
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```

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```

```
In [62]: cov_mat_inv = np.linalg.pinv(cov_mat)
cov_mat_det = np.linalg.det(cov_mat)
def multi_gauss(x):
    n = len(cov_mat)
    #print(x)
    return (np.exp(-0.5 * np.dot(x, np.dot(cov_mat_inv, x.transpose()))))
        / (2. * np.pi)**(n/2.)
        / np.sqrt(cov_mat_det))
```

```
In [63]: X_test = np.array(X_test)
y_test = np.array(y_test)
y_test
```

```
Out[63]: array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [64]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

def stats(X_test, y_test, eps):
    predictions = np.array([multi_gauss(x) <= eps for x in X_test], dtype=bool
    )
    #print("fk")
    y_test = np.array(y_test, dtype=bool)
    #print("fk")
    #print(y_test)
    #print(predictions)
    tn, fp, fn, tp = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions).ravel()
    #print("fk")
    recall = tp / (tp + fn)
    prec = tp / (tp + fp)
    F1 = 2 * recall * prec / (recall + prec)
    return recall, prec, F1
```

```
In [65]: eps = 0.000000000002
```

```
In [66]: #print(y_test)
recall, prec, F1 = stats(X_test, y_test, eps)
print("For a boundary of:", eps)
print("Recall:", recall)
print("Precision:", prec)
print("F1-score:", F1)
```

```
For a boundary of: 2e-12
Recall: 1.0
Precision: 0.001542717310352165
F1-score: 0.003080681999256387
```

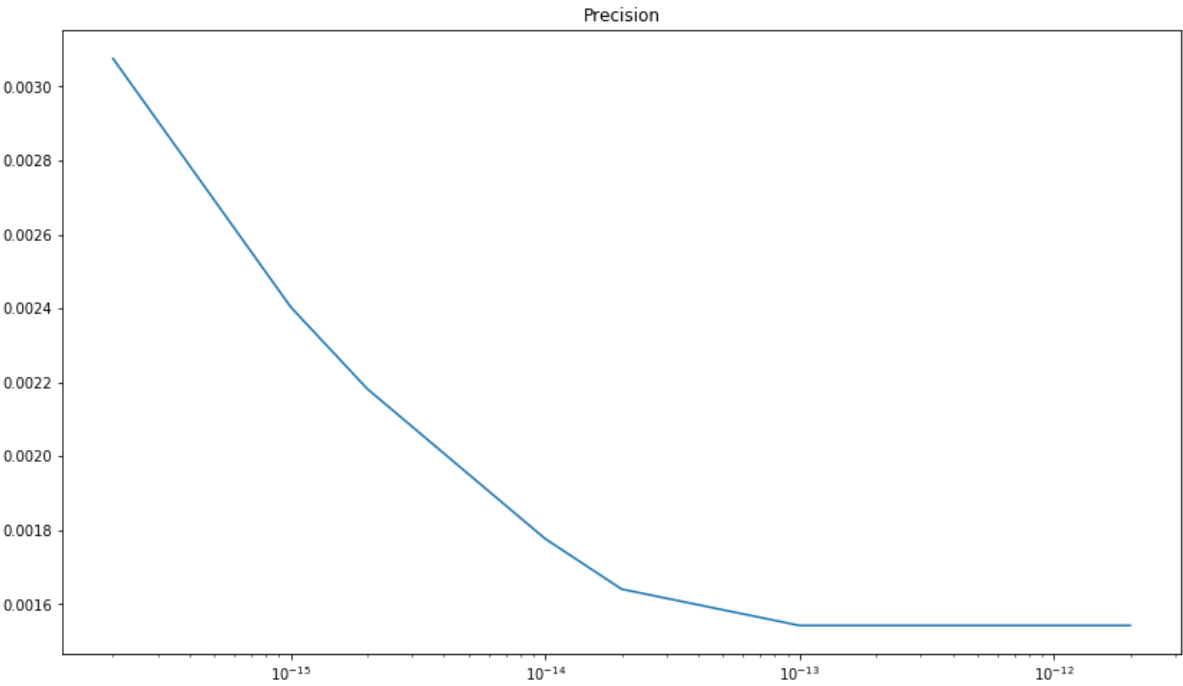
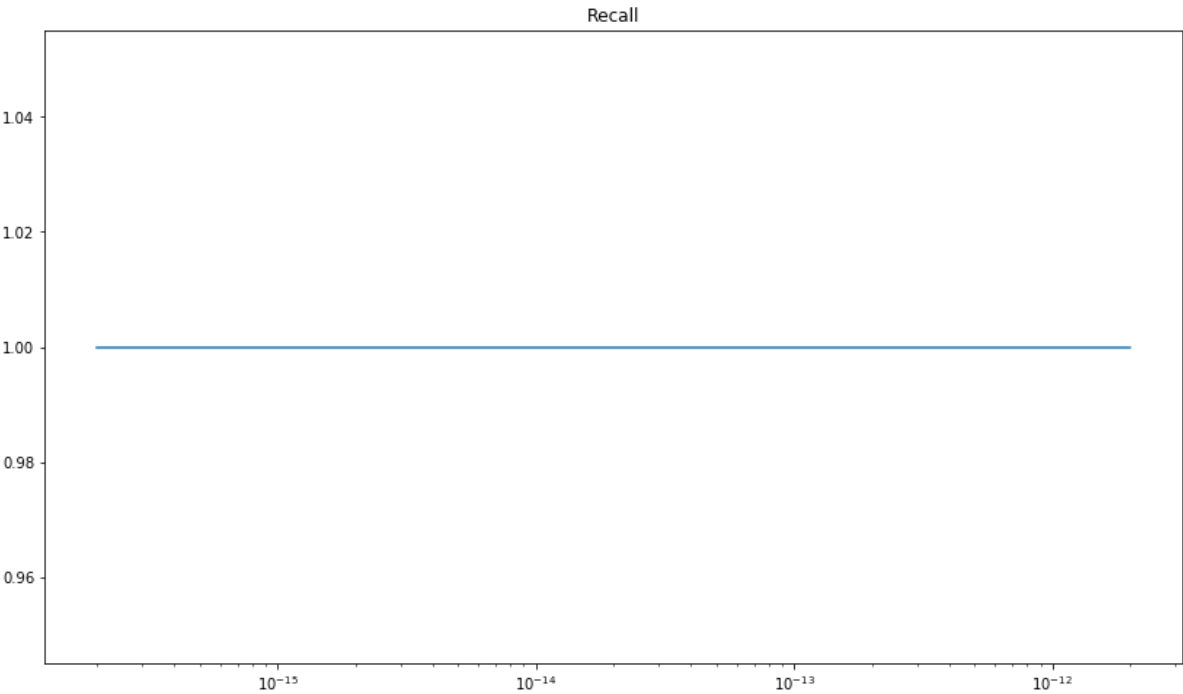
```

In [67]: validation = []
print(X_test)
print(y_test)
for thresh in np.array([1, 0.5, 0.1, 0.05, 0.01, 0.005, 0.001, 0.0005, 0.0001
]) * eps:
    recall, prec, F1 = stats(X_test, y_test, thresh)
    validation.append([thresh, recall, prec, F1])

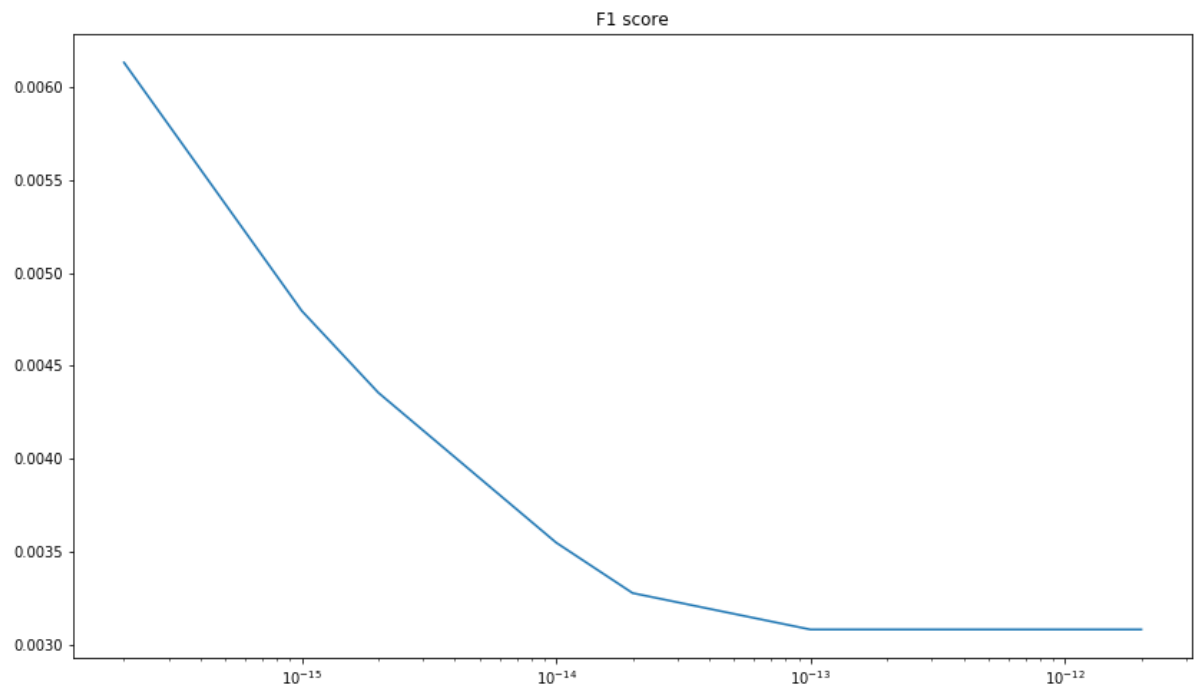
[[-2.00352998e+00  2.17175749e+00  1.63056588e-01 ... -3.81730874e-01
  -8.77567419e-02  1.62700000e+01]
 [-8.01828442e-01  3.77739279e-01  2.58826668e+00 ...  1.81501353e-01
  -9.50373581e-02  1.00000000e+00]
 [ 1.50217591e+00 -1.22822172e+00  2.96940079e-01 ... -4.77335933e-02
  2.51610419e-03  2.38800000e+02]
 ...
 [ 1.13241622e+00 -3.04147959e+00 -5.57578299e-01 ...  5.24909234e-03
  5.00017408e-02  5.06640000e+02]
 [-8.81068584e-01  8.17336277e-02  2.43029614e+00 ... -2.26184111e-02
  9.98425163e-02  1.23980000e+02]
 [ 8.72839078e-01 -1.04666626e+00  5.49059518e-01 ... -5.61891006e-02
  3.31845223e-02  1.91720000e+02]]
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]

```

```
In [68]: x = np.array(validation)[: , 0]
y1 = np.array(validation)[: , 1]
y2 = np.array(validation)[: , 2]
y3 = np.array(validation)[: , 3]
plt.plot(x, y1)
plt.title("Recall")
plt.xscale('log')
plt.show()
plt.plot(x, y2)
plt.title("Precision")
plt.xscale('log')
plt.show()
plt.plot(x, y3)
plt.title("F1 score")
plt.xscale('log')
plt.show()
```







## Classification Using Neural Networks

```
In [69]: import tensorflow
from tensorflow import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
```

```

C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype
s.py:516: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is
deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type,
(1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_qint8 = np.dtype(["qint8", np.int8, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype
s.py:517: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is
deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type,
(1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_quint8 = np.dtype(["quint8", np.uint8, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype
s.py:518: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is
deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type,
(1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_qint16 = np.dtype(["qint16", np.int16, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype
s.py:519: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is
deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type,
(1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_quint16 = np.dtype(["quint16", np.uint16, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype
s.py:520: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is
deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type,
(1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_qint32 = np.dtype(["qint32", np.int32, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\framework\dtype
s.py:525: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of type is
deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (type,
(1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    np_resource = np.dtype(["resource", np.ubyte, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow_stu
b\dtypes.py:541: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of
type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (t
ype, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_qint8 = np.dtype(["qint8", np.int8, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow_stu
b\dtypes.py:542: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of
type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (t
ype, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_quint8 = np.dtype(["quint8", np.uint8, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow_stu
b\dtypes.py:543: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of
type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (t
ype, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_qint16 = np.dtype(["qint16", np.int16, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow_stu
b\dtypes.py:544: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of
type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (t
ype, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_quint16 = np.dtype(["quint16", np.uint16, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow_stu
b\dtypes.py:545: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of
type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (t
ype, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    _np_qint32 = np.dtype(["qint32", np.int32, 1])
C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorboard\compat\tensorflow_stu
b\dtypes.py:550: FutureWarning: Passing (type, 1) or '1type' as a synonym of

```

```
type is deprecated; in a future version of numpy, it will be understood as (t
ype, (1,)) / '(1,)type'.
    np_resource = np.dtype([("resource", np.ubyte, 1)])
Using TensorFlow backend.
```

```
In [70]: X_train.shape
```

```
Out[70]: (38163, 28)
```

```
In [71]: # Building our model with 2 hidden layers
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(32, kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform', input_dim=X_train.shape[
1], activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform', activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, kernel_initializer = 'glorot_uniform', activation='sigmoid'
))
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accurac
y'])
# compile the keras model
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accurac
y'])
# fit the keras model on the dataset
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=10)
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\ops\nn\_impl.py:180: add\_dispatch\_support.<locals>.wrapper (from tensorflow.python.ops.array\_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Piyush\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow\_backend.py:422: The name tf.global\_variables is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.global\_variables instead.

Epoch 1/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 325us/step - loss: 0.1341  
- accuracy: 0.9926

Epoch 2/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 307us/step - loss: 0.0384  
- accuracy: 0.9986

Epoch 3/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 307us/step - loss: 0.0407  
- accuracy: 0.9987

Epoch 4/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 307us/step - loss: 0.0206  
- accuracy: 0.9990

Epoch 5/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 308us/step - loss: 0.0203  
- accuracy: 0.9988

Epoch 6/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 11s 279us/step - loss: 0.0144  
- accuracy: 0.9988

Epoch 7/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 301us/step - loss: 0.0159  
- accuracy: 0.9991

Epoch 8/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 307us/step - loss: 0.0095  
- accuracy: 0.9991

Epoch 9/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 307us/step - loss: 0.0099  
- accuracy: 0.9993

Epoch 10/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 11s 296us/step - loss: 0.0104  
- accuracy: 0.9991

Epoch 11/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 10s 250us/step - loss: 0.0085  
- accuracy: 0.9991

Epoch 12/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 315us/step - loss: 0.0108  
- accuracy: 0.9991

Epoch 13/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 320us/step - loss: 0.0056  
- accuracy: 0.9993

Epoch 14/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 319us/step - loss: 0.0059  
- accuracy: 0.9994

Epoch 15/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 11s 295us/step - loss: 0.0059  
- accuracy: 0.9995

Epoch 16/50

38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 304us/step - loss: 0.0076

```
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 17/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 304us/step - loss: 0.0052
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 18/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 306us/step - loss: 0.0058
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 19/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 304us/step - loss: 0.0042
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 20/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 305us/step - loss: 0.0060
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 21/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 10s 273us/step - loss: 0.0044
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 22/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 10s 269us/step - loss: 0.0042
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 23/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 307us/step - loss: 0.0044
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 24/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 11s 293us/step - loss: 0.0048
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 25/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 11s 295us/step - loss: 0.0054
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 26/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 11s 289us/step - loss: 0.0056
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 27/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 303us/step - loss: 0.0079
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 28/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 11s 292us/step - loss: 0.0038
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 29/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 307us/step - loss: 0.0061
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 30/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 304us/step - loss: 0.0051
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 31/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 12s 302us/step - loss: 0.0030
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 32/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 11s 300us/step - loss: 0.0032
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 33/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 8s 207us/step - loss: 0.0030 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 34/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 165us/step - loss: 0.0042 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 35/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0032 -
```

```

accuracy: 0.9997
Epoch 36/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0095 -
accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 37/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0044 -
accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 38/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0048 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 39/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 163us/step - loss: 0.0054 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 40/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 163us/step - loss: 0.0071 -
accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 41/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0057 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 42/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0048 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 43/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0041 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 44/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 165us/step - loss: 0.0035 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 45/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 165us/step - loss: 0.0034 -
accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 46/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0052 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 47/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 163us/step - loss: 0.0035 -
accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 48/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0045 -
accuracy: 0.9997
Epoch 49/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 164us/step - loss: 0.0021 -
accuracy: 0.9997
Epoch 50/50
38163/38163 [=====] - 6s 163us/step - loss: 0.0040 -
accuracy: 0.9996

```

Out[71]: <keras.callbacks.callbacks.History at 0x1f0c934e7c8>

```

In [72]: # evaluate the keras model
_, accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print('Accuracy: %.2f' % (accuracy*100))

```

```

18798/18798 [=====] - 1s 28us/step
Accuracy: 99.94

```



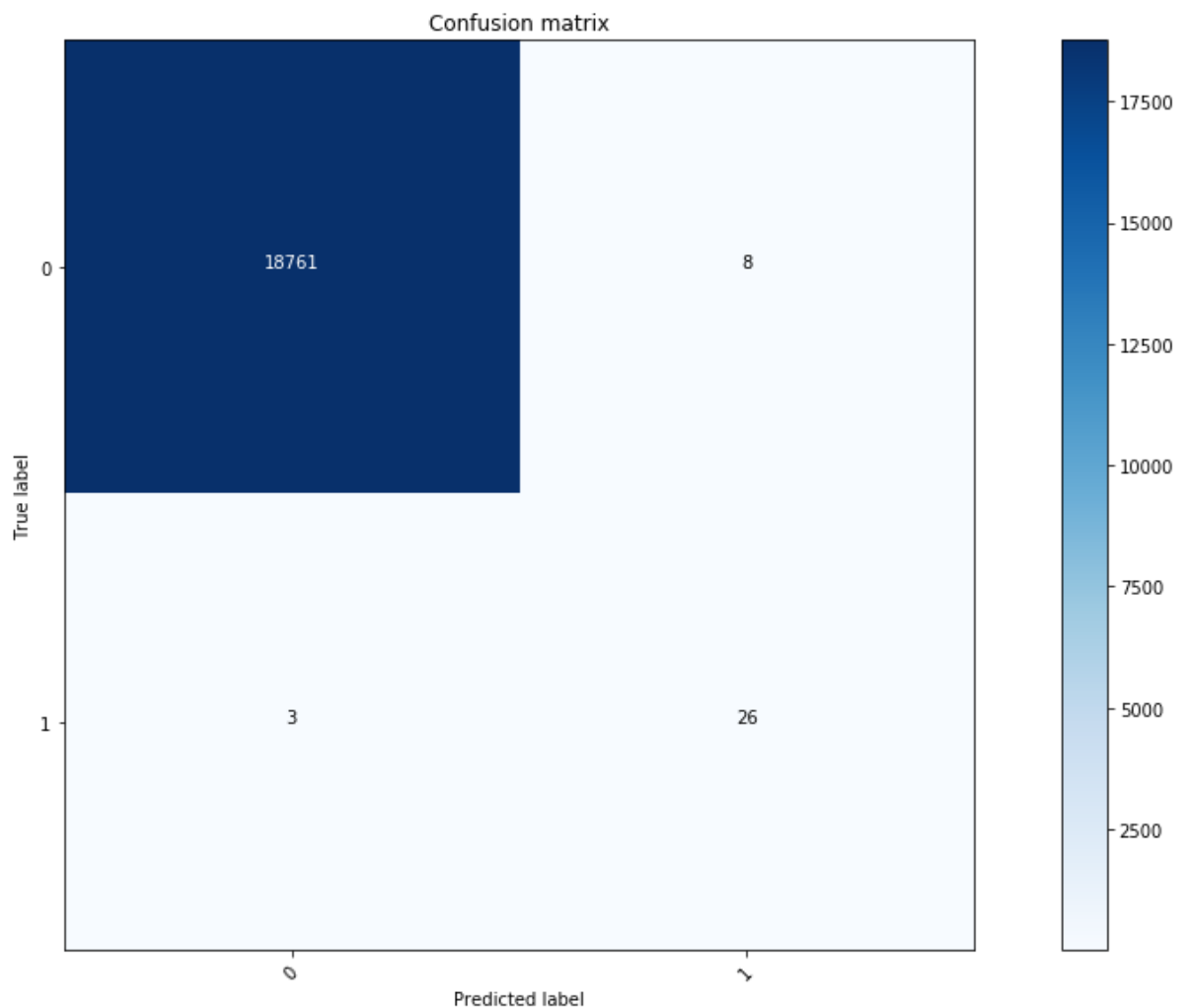
```
In [73]: # make probability predictions with the model
predictions = model.predict(X_test)
# round predictions
rounded = [round(x[0]) for x in predictions]
rounded = np.array(rounded)
rounded.shape
```

Out[73]: (18798,)

```
In [74]: # make class predictions with the model
predictions = model.predict_classes(X_test)
predictions.shape
```

Out[74]: (18798, 1)

```
In [75]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions)
plot_confusion_matrix(cm, classes)
```



```
In [76]: print('Total fraudulent transactions detected: ' + str(cm[1][1]) + ' / ' + str
(cm[1][1]+cm[1][0]))
print('Total non-fraudulent transactions detected: ' + str(cm[0][0]) + ' / ' +
str(cm[0][1]+cm[0][0]))

print('Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction: ' + str(cm[1][1]/(cm[1]
[1]+cm[1][0])))
print('Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction: ' + str(cm[0][0]/(c
m[0][1]+cm[0][0])))

print("Accuracy of the Neural Network model : "+str(100*(cm[0][0]+cm[1][1]) /
(sum(cm[0]) + sum(cm[1])))) + "%")
print("ROC_AUC_score : %.6f" % (roc_auc_score(y_test, predictions)))
```

Total fraudulent transactions detected: 26 / 29  
Total non-fraudulent transactions detected: 18761 / 18769  
Probability to detect a fraudulent transaction: 0.896551724137931  
Probability to detect a non-fraudulent transaction: 0.9995737652512121  
Accuracy of the Neural Network model : 99.94148313650388%  
ROC\_AUC\_score : 0.948063

```
In [77]: print(classification_report(y_test,predictions))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	18769
1	0.76	0.90	0.83	29
accuracy			1.00	18798
macro avg	0.88	0.95	0.91	18798
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	18798

```
In [ ]:
```