

To witness $o2 = 1$, since $g9$ is an and gate, $o2 = 1$ is the output-controlling.

- ⇒ $f = 1$ and $g8 = 1$
- ⇒ build $f = 1$ (bdd node count = 1)
- ⇒ build witness bdd $g8 = 1$, first try to witness $g4 = 1$ (care set is $g7 = 0$)
 - ⇒ build $g4 = 1$, since $g4$ is an and gate, $g4 = 1$ is output controlling
 - ⇒ build $c = 1$
 - ⇒ build $g1 = 1$, since $g1$ is an and gate, $g1 = 1$ is output-controlling
 - ⇒ build $g1$
 - ⇒ That is, A is exactly the whole bdd of $g4$
- ⇒ build $g7 = 0$, since its "iscare" = true, we also have to build the whole bdd
- ⇒ That is, B is exactly the bdd of $\sim g7$
- ⇒ $R = \text{restrict}(A, B) = \text{restrict}(g4, \sim g7)$
- ⇒ And R with f gives
- ⇒ The output is:

```
78
79 BddNode R = bm.restrict(g4, ~g7);
80 cout << "R = " << R << endl;
81
82 BddNode witness_bdd = R & f;
83 cout << "winess_bdd = " << witness_bdd << endl;
84 // BddNode g = c | d;
85 // cout << g << endl;
86
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE **TERMINAL** PORTS

```
> building: testBdd
(base) yenlu_mepu@cthu:~/RicBDD$ ./testBdd
R = [4](+) 0x18d5c40 (2)
[3](+) 0x18d5bf0 (1)
[2](+) 0x18d5970 (6)
[0](+) 0x18d4310 (26)
[0](-) 0x18d4310 (26) (*)
[0](-) 0x18d4310 (26) (*)
[0](-) 0x18d4310 (26) (*)

==> Total #BddNodes : 4

winess_bdd = [6](+) 0x18d64e0 (1)
[4](+) 0x18d5c40 (3)
[3](+) 0x18d5bf0 (1)
[2](+) 0x18d5970 (6)
[0](+) 0x18d4310 (27)
[0](-) 0x18d4310 (27) (*)
[0](-) 0x18d4310 (27) (*)
[0](-) 0x18d4310 (27) (*)
[0](-) 0x18d4310 (27) (*)

==> Total #BddNodes : 5
```

- ⇒ The total bdd node = 5, which is less than the original 10 nodes