

构建全栈 AdventureX & OpenBuild Badge DApp

In Solidity + Remix

pseudoyu

About me



pseudoyu (x.com/pseudo_yu)

Blockchain developer | github.com/pseudoyu

- Tech writer/content creator | pseudoyu.com
- Back-end dev at [RSS3](#)
- Smart contract dev at [Crossbell](#)
- Solidity courses/tutorials contributor of [OpenBuild](#)

什么是智能合约

智能合约是运行在链上的程序

合约开发者可以通过智能合约实现
与链上资产、数据进行交互

用户可以通过自己的链上账户来
调用合约、访问资产与数据

与一般程序的差异

原生支持资产流动

部署与后续写入需要一定费用

存储数据的成本更高

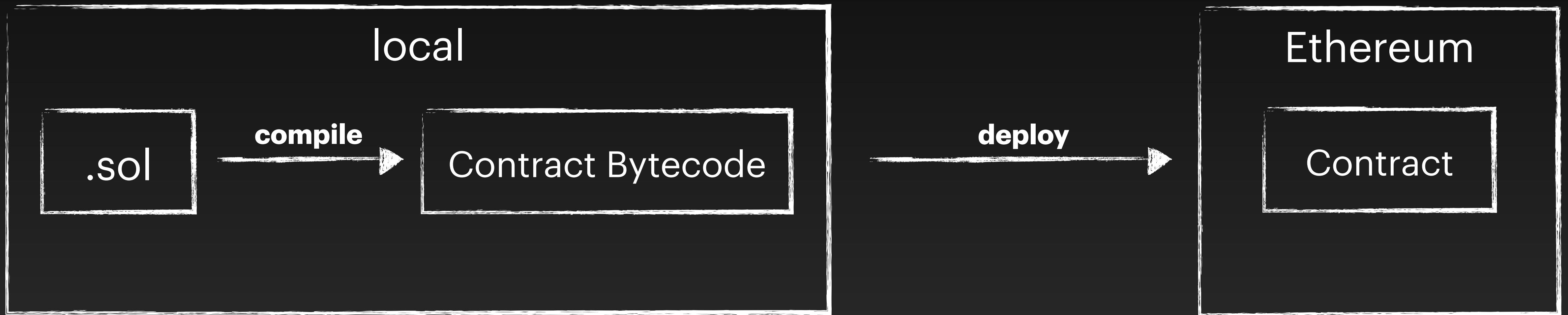
部署后无法更改（可升级合约？）

...

Solidity

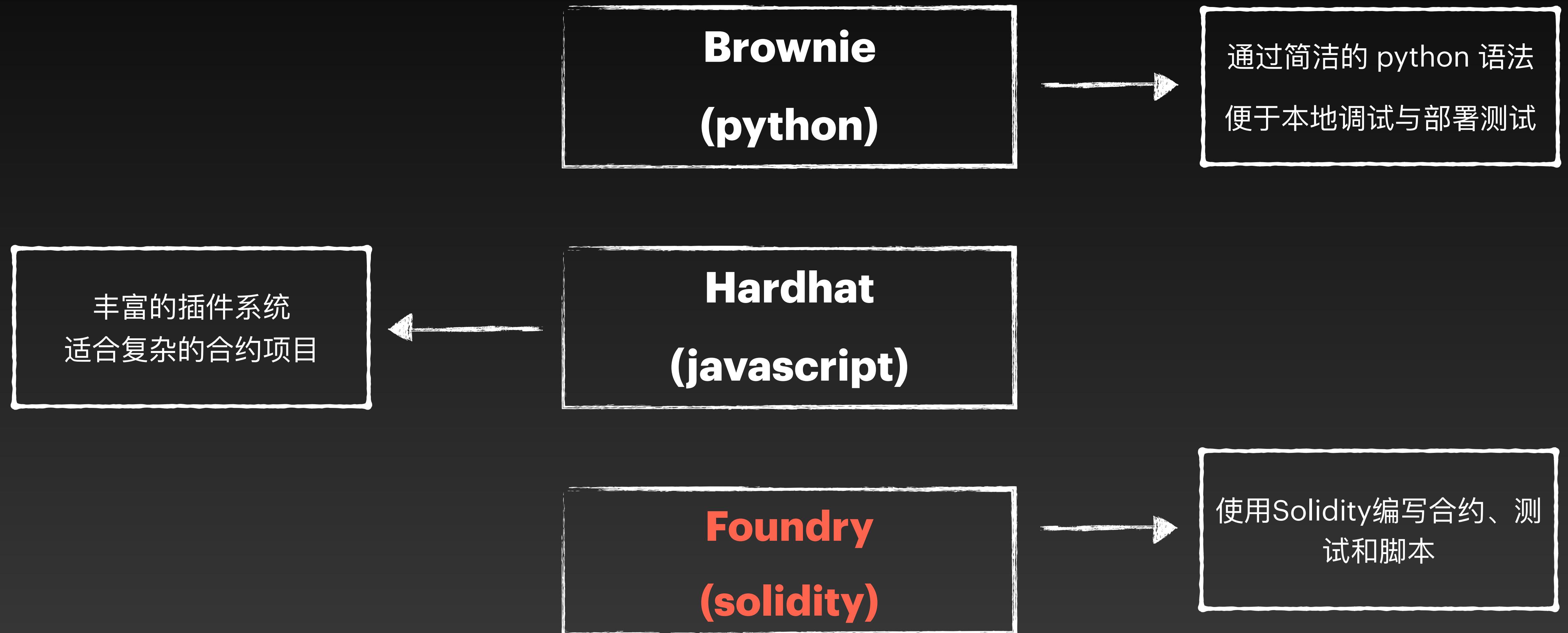
一门面向合约的、为实现智能合约而创建的高级编程语言
在 EVM 虚拟机上运行
语法整体类似于 javascript
是目前最流行的智能合约语言
也是入门区块链所必须掌握的语言

如何部署智能合约

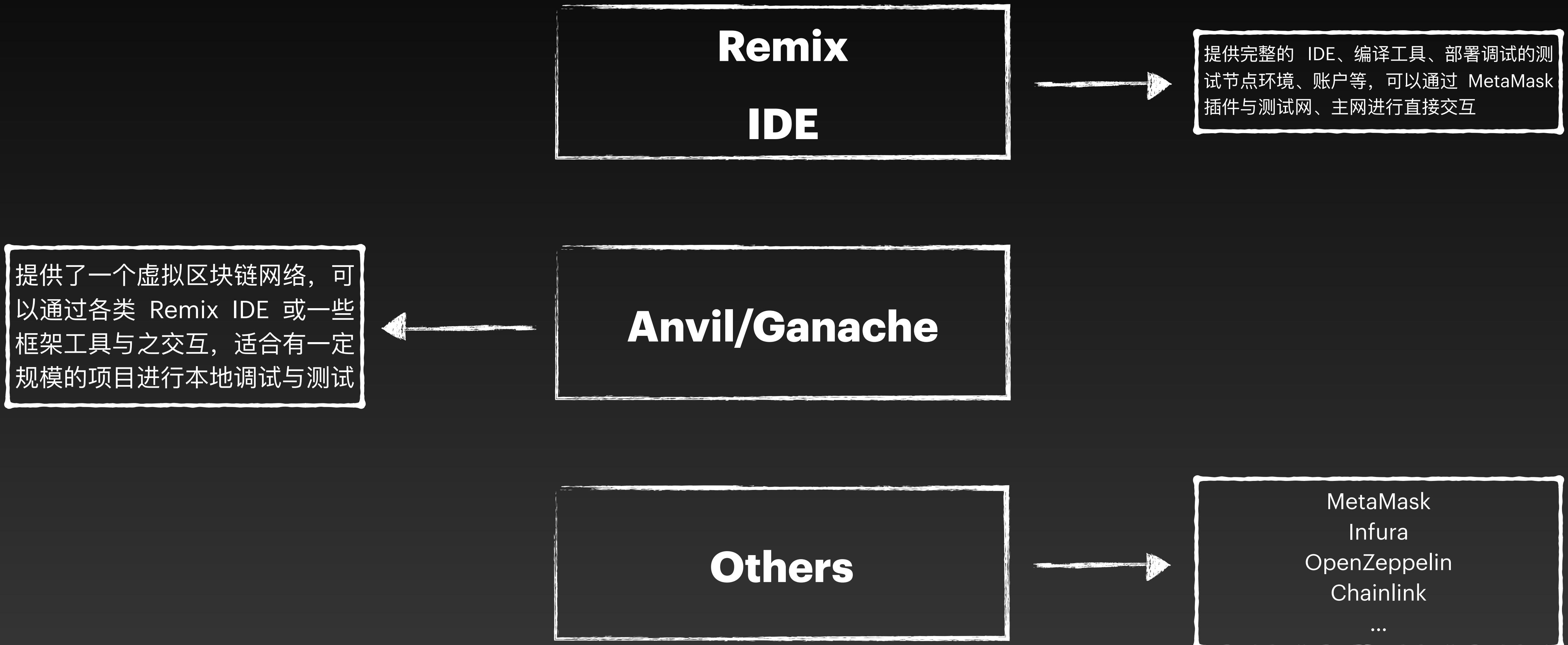


Solidity 合约是以 .sol 为后缀的文件，无法直接执行，需要编译为 **EVM** (Ethereum Virtual Machine) 可识别的字节码才能在链上运行。

开发框架 & 工具



开发框架 & 工具



如何与合约交互



与传统应用不同，用户通常需要通过**浏览器插件等方式**连接钱包

并通过钱包账户与智能合约交互（调用合约方法、读取链上数据等）

前端框架 Remix

基于 **React Router** 的 full stack 框架，可以直接使用 React 生态组件

标准 Form 表单提交、验证，无须手动管理很多 State

对多平台部署有较好的支持，如 **Zeabur, Vercel, Cloudflare** 等

...

Viem

TypeScript Interface for Ethereum

比起 ethers.js 等更加易用、高效

性能更好

...

Solidity 核心语法讲解

数据类型

基本

boolean

int

uint

address

bytes

...

数据类型

enum

```
enum Status {  
    Unknown,  
    Start,  
    End,  
    Pause  
}  
  
// 实例化枚举类型  
Status public status;  
  
// 更新枚举值  
function pause() public {  
    status = Status.Pause;  
}  
  
// 初始化枚举值  
function reset() public {  
    delete status;  
}
```

数据类型

array

```
// 定义数组类型  
uint[7] public arr;  
  
// 添加数据  
arr.push(7);  
  
// 删除最后一个数据  
arr.pop();  
  
// 删除某个索引值数据  
delete arr[1];  
  
// 获取数组长度  
uint len = arr.length;
```

数据类型 mapping



```
// 定义嵌套 mapping 类型
mapping(string => mapping(string => string)) nestedMap;

// 设置值
nestedMap[id][key] = "0707";

// 读取值
string value = nestedMap[id][key];

// 删除值
delete nestedMap[id][key];
```

数据类型

struct

```
contract Struct {  
    struct Data {  
        string id;  
        string hash;  
    }  
  
    Data public data;  
  
    // 添加数据  
    function create(string calldata _id) public {  
        data = Data{id: _id, hash: "111222"};  
    }  
  
    // 更新数据  
    function update(string _id) public {  
        // 查询数据  
        string id = data.id;  
  
        // 更新  
        data.hash = "222333"  
    }  
}
```

变量

类型

local

state

global

关键字声明

storage

memory

calldata

constant
/
immutable

constant

值不可变

节约 gas fee

immutable

可以在 constructor 中初始化

但不可以再次改变

函数

可见性与关键字

可见性

public

private

internal

external

关键字

view

pure

函数 modifier

```
modifier onlyOwner() {
    require(msg.sender == owner, "Not owner");
    _;
}

modifier validAddress(address _addr) {
    require(_addr != address(0), "Not valid address");
    _;
}

modifier noReentrancy() {
    require(!locked, "No reentrancy");
    locked = true;
    _;
    locked = false;
}

function changeOwner(address _newOwner) public onlyOwner validAddress(_newOwner) {
    owner = _newOwner;
}

function decrement(uint i) public noReentrancy {
    x -= i;

    if (i > 1) {
        decrement(i - 1);
    }
}
```

函数 选择器

```
addr.call(abi.encodeWithSignature("transfer(address,uint256)", 0xSomeAddress, 123))

contract FunctionSelector {
    function getSelector(string calldata _func) external pure returns (bytes4) {
        return bytes4(keccak256(bytes(_func)));
    }
}
```

条件

if / else if / else



```
if (x < 10) {  
    return 0;  
} else if (x < 20) {  
    return 1;  
} else {  
    return 2;  
}  
  
x < 20 ? 1 : 2;
```

循环

for / while / do while



```
for (uint i = 0; i < 10; i++) {  
    // 业务逻辑  
}  
  
uint j;  
while (j < 10) {  
    j++;  
}
```

合约 constructor



```
constructor(string memory _name) {  
    name = _name;  
}
```

合约 interface

```
contract Counter {
    uint public count;

    function increment() external {
        count += 1;
    }
}

interface ICounter {
    function count() external view returns (uint);
    function increment() external;
}

contract MyContract {
    function incrementCounter(address _counter) external {
        ICounter(_counter).increment();
    }

    function getCount(address _counter) external view returns (uint) {
        return ICounter(_counter).count();
    }
}
```

合约 继承

```
// 定义父合约 A
contract A {
    function foo() public pure virtual returns (string memory) {
        return "A";
    }
}

// B 合约继承 A 合约并重写函数
contract B is A {
    function foo() public pure virtual override returns (string memory) {
        return "B";
    }
}

// D 合约继承 B、C 合约并重写函数
contract D is B, C {
    function foo() public pure override(B, C) returns (string memory) {
        return super.foo();
    }
}

contract B is A {
    function foo() public virtual override {
        // 直接调用
        A.foo();
    }

    function bar() public virtual override {
        // 通过 super 关键字调用
        super.bar();
    }
}
```

合约 创建

```
function create(address _owner, string memory _model) public {
    Car car = new Car(_owner, _model);
    cars.push(car);
}
```

```
function create2(address _owner, string memory _model, bytes32 _salt) public {
    Car car = (new Car){salt: _salt}(_owner, _model);
    cars.push(car);
}
```

合约 导入合约



```
// 本地导入
import "./Foo.sol";

// 外部导入
import "https://github.com/owner/repo/blob/branch/path/to/Contract.sol";
```

合约 导入库

```
library SafeMath {
    function add(uint x, uint y) internal pure returns (uint) {
        uint z = x + y;
        require(z >= x, "uint overflow");
        return z;
    }
}

contract TestSafeMath {
    using SafeMath for uint;
}
```

事件 event



```
// 定义事件
event Log(address indexed sender, string message);
event AnotherLog();

// 抛出事件
emit Log(msg.sender, "Hello World!");
emit Log(msg.sender, "Hello EVM!");
emit AnotherLog();
```

错误处理

require / revert / assert

```
function testRequire(uint _i) public pure {
    require(_i > 10, "Input must be greater than 10");
}

function testRevert(uint _i) public pure {
    if (_i <= 10) {
        revert("Input must be greater than 10");
    }
}

function testAssert() public view {
    assert(num == 0);
}
```

错误处理

try / catch

```
event Log(string message);
event LogBytes(bytes data);

function tryCatchNewContract(address _owner) public {
    try new Foo(_owner) returns (Foo foo) {
        emit Log("Foo created");
    } catch Error(string memory reason) {
        emit Log(reason);
    } catch (bytes memory reason) {
        emit LogBytes(reason);
    }
}
```

资产 payable



```
// 地址类型可以声明 payable
address payable public owner;

constructor() payable {
    owner = payable(msg.sender);
}

// 方法声明 payable 来接收 Ether
function deposit() public payable {}
```

资产 发送

```
contract SendEther {
    function sendViaCall(address payable _to) public payable {
        (bool sent, bytes memory data) = _to.call{value: msg.value}("");
        require(sent, "Failed to send Ether");
    }
}
```

资产 接收

```
contract ReceiveEther {  
  
    // 当 msg.data 为空时  
    receive() external payable {}  
  
    // 当 msg.data 非空时  
    fallback() external payable {}  
  
    function getBalance() public view returns (uint) {  
        return address(this).balance;  
    }  
}
```

资产

Gas Fee

参数

gas spent

gas price

gas limit

block gas limit

技巧

使用 calldata 替换 memory

将状态变量载入内存

使用 `i++` 而不是 `++i`

缓存数组元素

...

References

Demo code repository

<https://github.com/pseudoyu/AdventureX-Badges>

Solidity Smart Contract Development - Basics

https://www.pseudoyu.com/zh/2022/05/25/learn_solidity_from_scratch_basic/

Remix IDE

<https://remix.ethereum.org/>

viem

<https://viem.sh>

Remix

<https://remix.run>

[Remix 入门实战](#)

Other resources

[Solidity by Example](#)

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Thank you!

emit Log(msg.sender, "Thank You");



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