

CamPUF: Physically Unclonable Function based on CMOS Image sensor Fixed Pattern Noise

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01. Introduction

CamPUF

- ◆ FPN extract from an image
- ◆ Image Sensor PUF based on DSNU
- ◆ Derive a unique and stable key



01. Introduction

CamPUF

◆ PRNU

- Photo-Response Non-Uniformity
- Caused by the responsivity variation between pixels
- Be vulnerable to shared images

◆ DSNU

- Dark Signal Non-Uniformity
- be extracted only from dark frames
- Caused by the variations of dark current



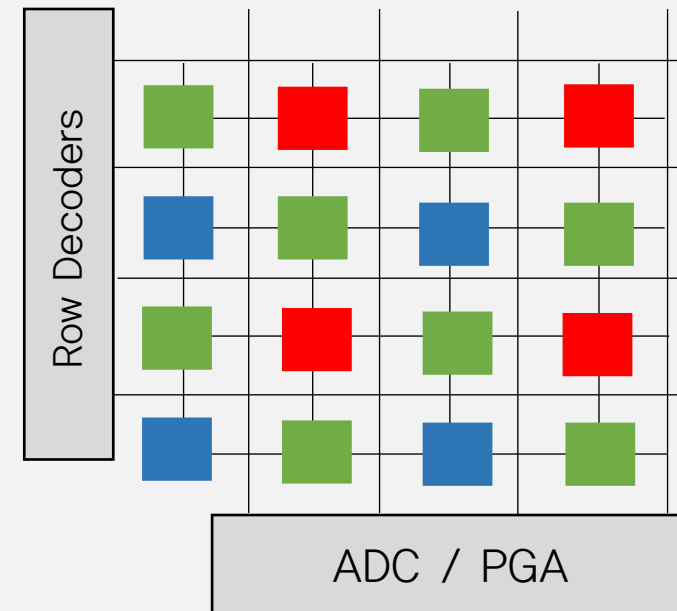
02.Noise in cmos image sensor

■ Noise source introduce FPN

- Temporal Noise
- Shot Noise, Thermal Noise, etc

■ CDS(Correlated double sampling)

- Removes offset FPN factors
- Does not reduce DSNU

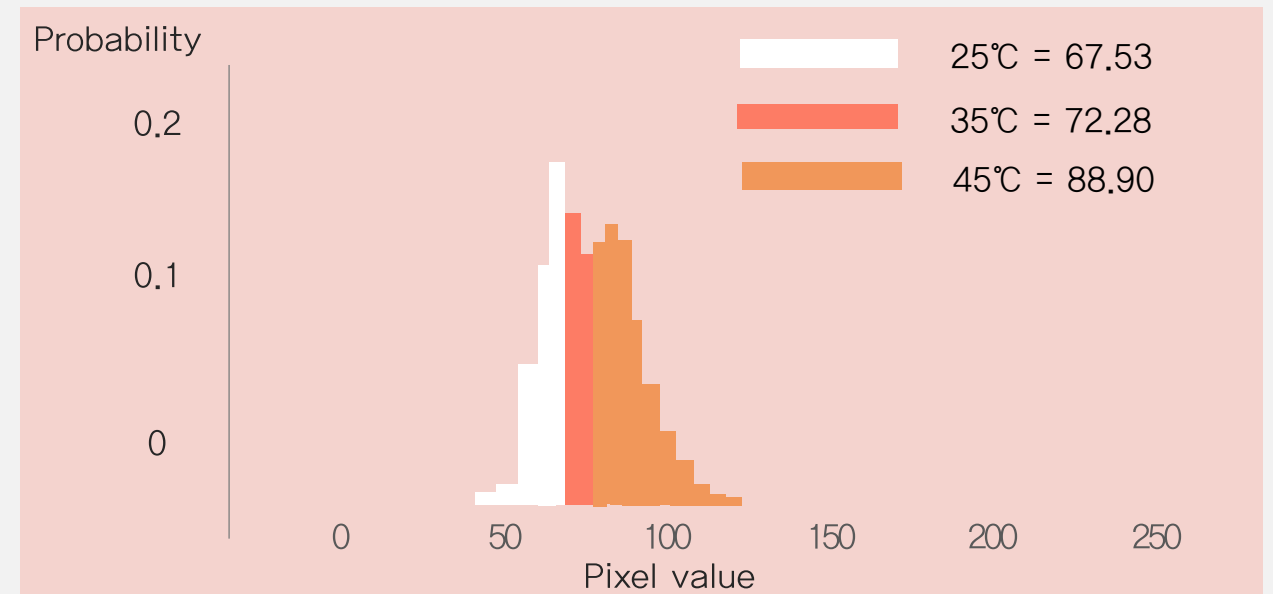




02.Noise in cmos image sensor

■ Thermal Noise

- DSNU Increases as temperature increases
- Use Relative value
- Pixel that used to be bright keeps bright even if the temperature changes



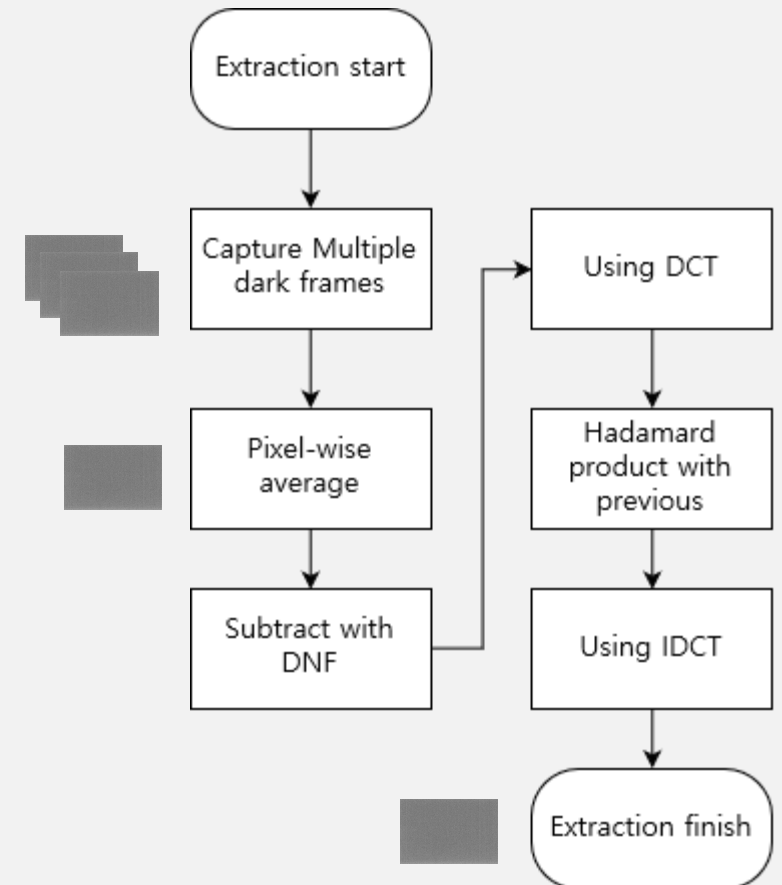


03.DSNU based PUF design

enrollment and Authentication

◆ DSNU fingerprint is extracted from raw dark frames

- Noise Residual $n = f - \text{DNF}(f)$
(Using Filter e.g. Wiener filter)
- Extract only high-frequency noise component

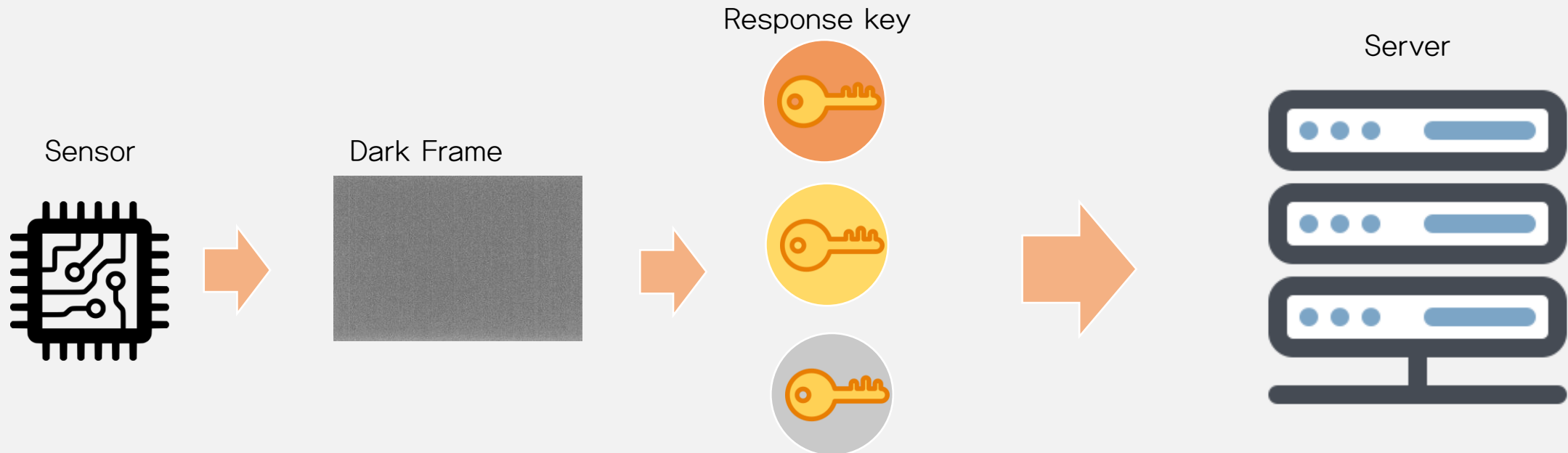




03.DSNU based PUF design

Enrollment and Authentication

■ Enrollment

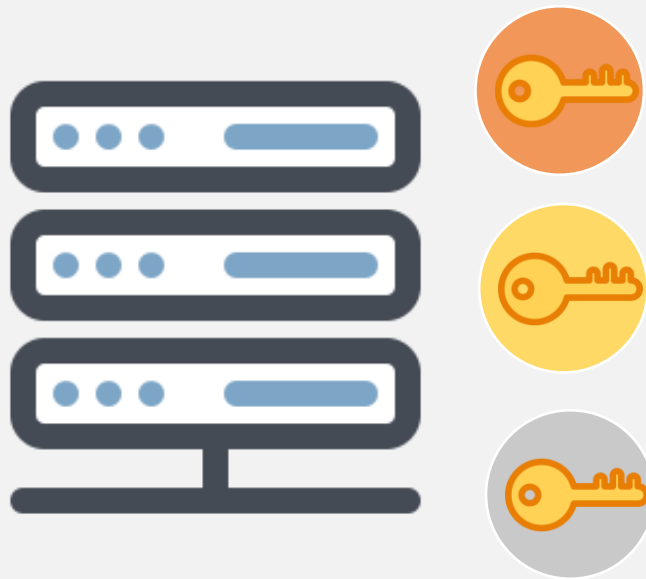




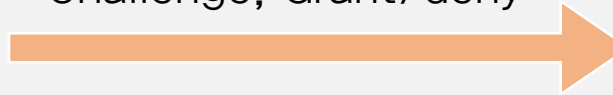
03.DSNU based PUF design

Enrollment and Authentication

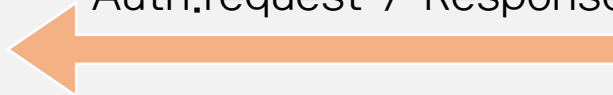
■ Authentication



Challenge, Grant/deny



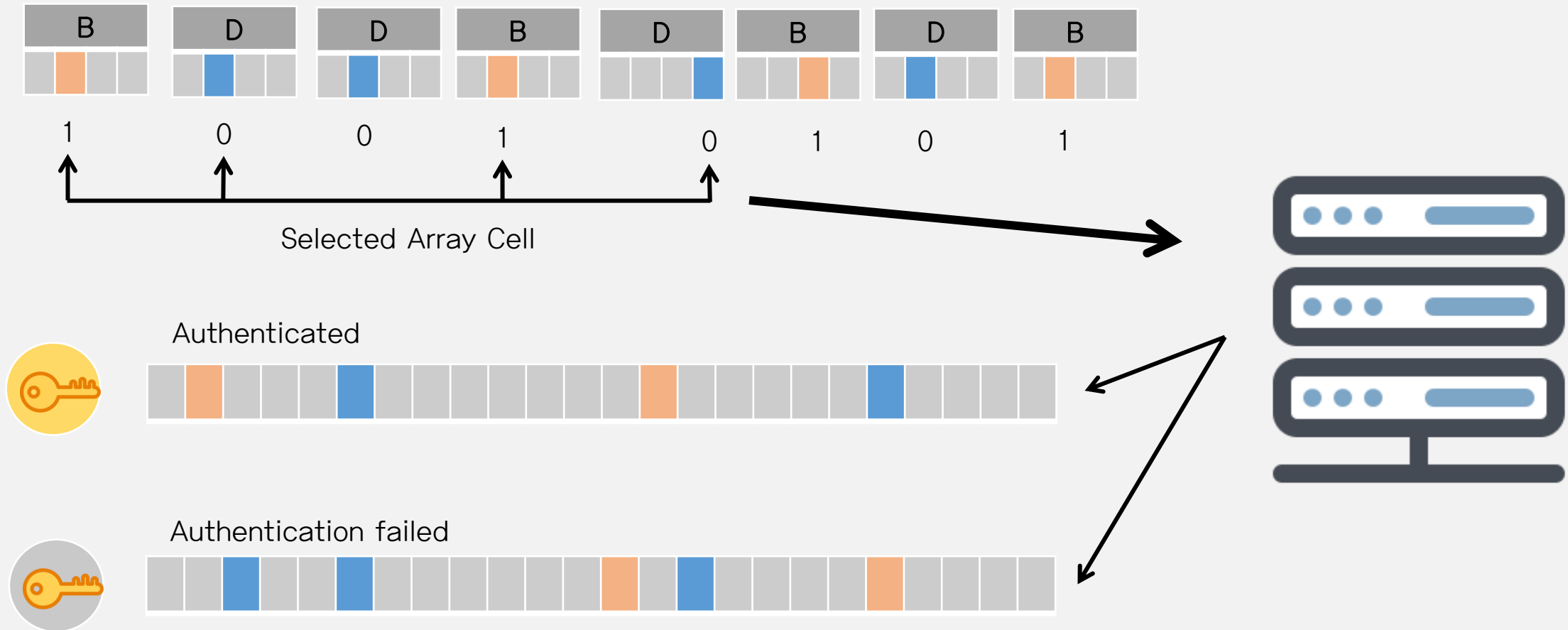
Auth.request / Response





03.DSNU based PUF design

Enrollment and Authentication





03.DSNU based PUF design

Some problem in CamPUF

◆ Sensor Aging and Defect Compensation

- Select more pixels than necessary
- Re-enrollment will not happen

◆ Multiple Challenge-Response Pairs

- Generating a limited number of CRPs
- Focus on single-CRP implementation

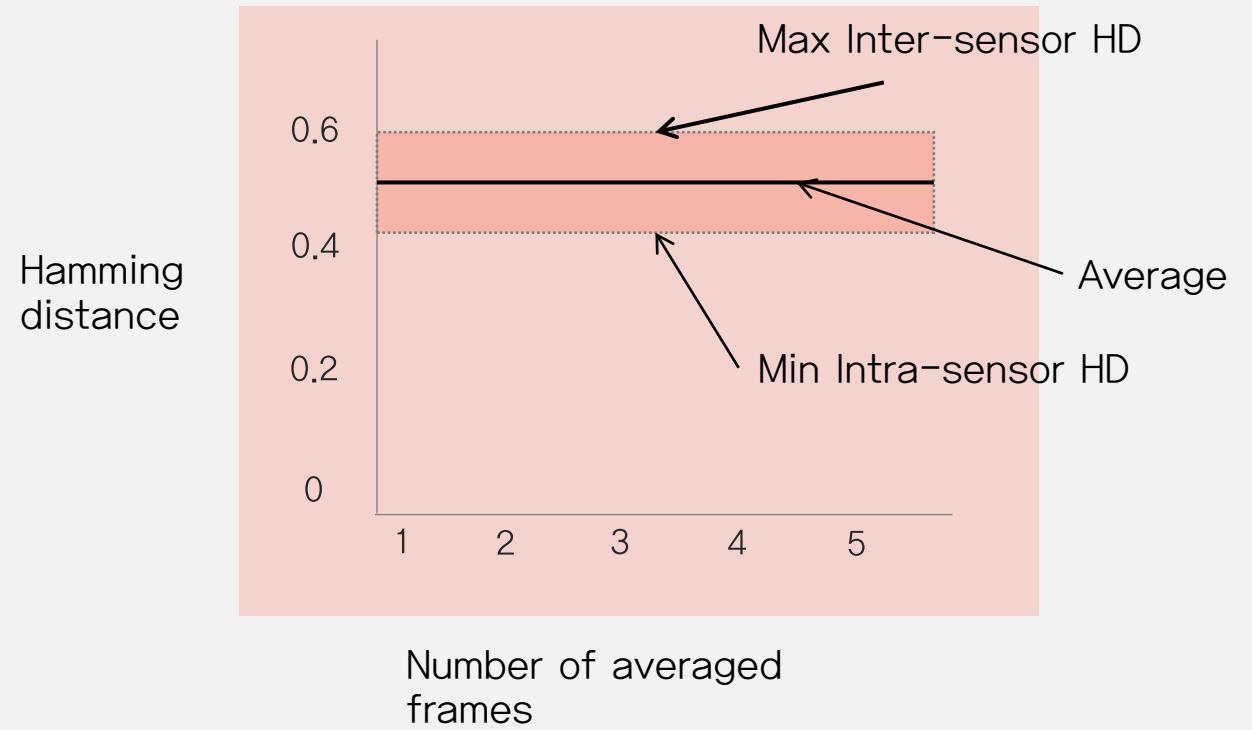


04. Experimental Validation

Uniqueness and Robustness of Keys

■ Intra and Inter-sensor HDs

- Margin is wide enough
- HD is observed in N1 frame





04. Experimental Validation

Uniqueness and Robustness of Keys

■ Intra HDs for varying temperatures

- Captured 20 frame at different temperatures
- Rate of HD in different temperatures
(Lower is better)

- Intra-sensor HDs -

Enrollment		Authentication		
		25°C	35°C	45°C
	25°C	0.000	0.000	0.000
	35°C	0.023	0.002	0.000
	45°C	0.062	0.001	0.000



Reference

- CamPUF: Physically Unclonable Function based on CMOS Image Sensor Fixed Pattern Noise
- E.J. Alles et al. 2009. Source Camera Identification for Heavily JPEG Compressed Low Resolution Still Images.
- Y. Cao et al. 2015. COMS Image Sensor Based Physical Unclonable Function for coherent Sensor-Level Authentication.
- W. E. Porter et al. 2008. Dark current measurements in a CMOS imager.

T H A N K Y O U
