PHD CANDIDATE · ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING

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Education

Cornell University Ithaca, NY 14853, USA

PHD CANDIDATE

ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING (GPA: 4.06)

Apvisor: Prof. Edwin C. Kan

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (GPA: 9.34/10)

August 2015 - Expected August 2020

THESIS: RF Sensor Systems for Indoor People Tracking and Cardiopulmonary Monitoring.

Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Kharagpur

Kharagpur, WB 721302, India

BACHELORS IN TECHNOLOGY

2011 - 2015

Publications

P. Sharma, X. Hui, J. Zhou, T. Conroy and E. C. Kan, "Wearable Radio Frequency Sensor for Respiratory Rate, Respiratory Volume and Heart Rate Monitoring," 2020. (*Under Submission*)

J. Zhou, **P.Sharma**, X. Hui, E. C. Kan, "A Wireless Wearable RF Sensor for Brumation Study of Chelonians," in *IEEE Journal of Electromagnetics, RF and Microwaves in Medicine and Biology*, 2020.

G. Xu, P. Sharma, X. Hui and E. C. Kan, "3D Device-Free Object Locating Using Passive Radio-Frequency Identification," 2020. (Under Submission)

P. Sharma, X. Hui and E. C. Kan, "A Wearable RF Sensor for Monitoring Respiratory Patterns," at *IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society Conference (EMBC)*, Berlin, Germany, July 23-27, 2019, pp. 1217-1223.

D. L. Hysell, **P. Sharma**, M. Urco and M. A. Milla, "Aperture-Synthesis Radar Imaging With Compressive Sensing for Ionospheric Research," in *Radio Science*, vol. 54, pp. 503–516, 2019.

X. Hui, **P. Sharma** and E. C. Kan, "Microwave Stethoscope for Heart Sound by Near-Field Coherent Sensing," at *IEEE MTT-S International Microwave Symposium (IMS)* Boston, MA, June 2 - 7, 2019.

P. Sharma and E. C. Kan, "Sleep Scoring With a UHF RFID Tag by Near Field Coherent Sensing," at *IEEE MTT-S International Microwave Symposium (IMS)*, Philadelphia, PA, June 10 - 15, 2018, pp. 1419-1422.

Projects

People Counting and Location Estimate Using Ambient Radio Signals

Cornell University

Funded by ARPA-E (Department Of Energy)

PROFS. EDWIN KAN AND DAVID HYSELL

January 2016 - Present

- Using ambient low-cost passive RFID tag backscattered signal for un-tagged occupancy counting in a room using machine learning, and further estimating their locations and postures using 3D reconstructed image by solving inverse problem.
- Using a CNN model for fast occupant counting with high accuracy of **93%** for up to five objects in different positions and postures, which is further useful for tunable parameter selection in reconstructed image.
- Implemented novel sparsity-based OMP and FISTA reconstruction algorithms for high resolution 3D RF imaging, by setting up signal model as a linear inverse problem, giving improved performance than traditional matched-filtering and Capon's method.
- Developed simulation study in CST Microwave Studio to compare relative tag-receiver placement and algorithm performance.
- Designed a background-subtraction calibration algorithm with improved noise-cancellation, detecting one occupant presence with **100%** accuracy and decimeter level accuracy in a 4 m × 4 m room.
- Developed ensemble algorithms to improve the performance and reduce parameter sensitivity for inverse methods with limited bandwidth and spatial diversity.
- Implemented convex optimization and level-set approaches to extract object shape and size from the pixel reflectivity of imaging domain.
- Developed an optimal frequency selection algorithm for a multi-frequency setup to generate improved Fourier-reconstructed image based on K-space sampling.

Respiratory Pattern Monitoring with RF Near-Field Coherent Sensing (NCS)

Cornell University

Funded by National Institutes of Health (NIH), Department of Defense (DoD) CDMRP Discovery Award

August 2016 - Present

PROF. EDWIN KAN, DR. ANA KRIEGER

• Developed an over-clothing cardiopulmonary sensor by a software-defined radio to collect detailed respiratory and heartbeat waveforms. Designed and implemented a testing protocol to perform human study (**N** = **30**) on simulated breathing disorders and central and obstructive sleep apnea.

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- Implemented a tuning-free peak-detection algorithm to identify respiratory disorder with broad frequency range of 2-40 breaths per minute (BPM), which achieved high respiratory rate accuracy of **94.8%** (RMSE: 2.9 BPM) and respiratory volume accuracy of **77.5%** (RMSE: 0.11 L).
- Designed a semi-supervised support-vector machine (SVM) outlier-classification algorithm to detect motion artifacts with an accuracy of 91%.
- Designed and implemented a bed-integrated sensor for sleep apnea detection in collaboration with Cornell Weill medical sleep center. The sensor is invisible to the user with improved antenna design and placement to measure chest motion. (Ongoing)
- Programmed an attention test protocol on PsyToolkit for a large-scale human study to evaluate stress/attention using both respiratory and heartbeat characteristics from the NCS sensor. (Ongoing)

Accuracy and Resources Trade-off in Machine Learning Algorithms

ornell University

COURSE: CS 6780 ADVANCED MACHINE LEARNING

March - May 2019

- Developed approximation techniques to tackle constrained-resource issues with large training data and limited CPU, memory and energy availability, specifically in mobile devices.
- Implemented different approximation techniques including parameter pruning, loop perforation and quantization at both training and inference in machine learning algorithms including regression, neural networks and SVM in TensorFlow.

Online Trainable Near-Field Communication (NFC) Reader

Maxim Integrated, Dallas

INTERNSHIP: MAXIM INTEGRATED (MICROS, SECURITY AND SOFTWARE BU)

May - July 2017

- Programmed an NFC reader model including analog frontend and digital baseband processing in Python. Implemented new modulation protocols on output of the existing hardware to predict future challenges.
- Performed intelligent digital data demodulation using a simple neural network architecture in Python using Keras library, which achieved a test error of 1% under optimal conditions and 11% with low coupling efficiency and high noise.
- Implemented a real-time trainable setup for testing the experimental data from the reader, resulting in a low test error of < 2%.

Low-Voltage Arc Detection and Sensor Placement

IIT Kharagpur

PROF. AUROBINDA ROUTRAY

May 2014 - April 2015

- Developed an algorithm for low-voltage (230 V, 50 Hz) are characterization and classification from other spikes using k-means clustering of PSD spectral distance measurements, achieving high accuracy > 96%.
- Developed an algorithm to estimate optimal sensor number and location for arc detection using bipartite graph approach with high accuracy, which achieved cost reduction by **24.8%**.

Awards

2015	George W. Holbrook Jr.'52, Graduate Research Award.	Cornell University
2015	Best Signal Processing Project, for B.Tech. project in Department of Electrical Engineering.	IIT Kharagpur
2011	Inspire Scholarship, among top 2% candidates in IIT Joint Entrance Examination (0.45 million applicants).	IIT Kharagpur
2011	Certificate of Merit in Chemistry, for being among top 0.1% candidates in Chemistry in All India Senior	Delhi
	School Certificate Examination (12^{th} grade).	
2009	Indian Prime Minister's Guest, at Republic Day parade, for excellent performance in All India Secondary	Delhi
	School Certificate Examination $(10^{th}\ {\rm grade})$, with 97.80% score.	

Teaching Experience

ECE 4960, Scientific and Numerical Computation, Teaching Assistant.

Spring 2018

ECE 4880, *Radio Frequency Systems*, assisted lab development and headed sessions.

Fall 2016

Technical Skills _____

Programming: MATLAB, Python (PyTorch, TensorFlow, Keras, Pandas), C, C++.

Tools: CST Microwave Studio, LabVIEW.

Relevant Courses

Wireless and RF System: RF Systems, Wireless Communications, Advanced High Speed and RF Integrated Circuits.

Algorithms and Data Processing: Inverse Methods in Natural Sciences, Scientific and Numerical Computation, Advanced Machine Learning, Digital Signal Processing, Digital Image Processing.

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