A1_template

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1 FIT5202 Assignment 1: Analysing eCommerce Data

1.1 Table of Contents

- - Part 1 : Working with RDD
 - * 1.1 Data Preparation and Loading
 - * 1.2 Data Partitioning in RDD
 - * 1.3 Query/Analysis
 - Part 2: Working with DataFrames
 - * 2.1 Data Preparation and Loading
 - * 2.2 Query/Analysis
 - Part 3 : RDDs vs DataFrame vs Spark SQL

2 Part 1: Working with RDDs

2.1 1.1 Working with RDD

In this section, you will need to create RDDs from the given datasets, perform partitioning in these RDDs and use various RDD operations to answer the queries for retail analysis.

2.1.1 1.1.1 Data Preparation and Loading

Write the code to create a SparkContext object using SparkSession. To create a SparkSession you first need to build a SparkConf object that contains information about your application, use Melbourne time as the session timezone. Give an appropriate name for your application and run Spark locally with as many working processors as logical cores on your machine.

```
[503]: # Import libraries needed from pyspark
from pyspark import SparkConf
from pyspark import SparkContext
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession

# Create Spark Configuration Object
master = "local[*]"
```

1.1.2 Load all CSV files into RDDs.

```
[504]: app_rdd = sc.textFile("A1 dataset/application_data.csv")
pre_app_rdd = sc.textFile("A1 dataset/previous_application.csv")
value_dict_rdd = sc.textFile("A1 dataset/value_dict.csv")
```

1.1.3 For each RDD, remove the header rows and display the total count and first 10 records. (Hint: You can use csv.reader to parse rows into RDDs.)

```
[505]: # application_data
       app_header = app_rdd.first()
       app_rdd_1 = app_rdd.filter(lambda x: x != app_header)
       print("### Application data RDD ###")
       print("Total count: ", app_rdd_1.count())
       print("The first 10 records: \n", app_rdd_1.take(10))
       # previous_application
       pre_app_header = pre_app_rdd.first()
       pre_app_rdd_1 = pre_app_rdd.filter(lambda x: x != pre_app_header)
       print("\n### Previous application RDD ###")
       print("Total count: ", pre_app_rdd_1.count())
       print("The first 10 records: \n", pre_app_rdd_1.take(10))
       # value_dict
       value_dict_header = value_dict_rdd.first()
       value_dict_rdd_1 = value_dict_rdd.filter(lambda x: x != value_dict_header)
       print("\n### Value dict RDD ###")
       print("Total count: ", value_dict_rdd_1.count())
       print("The first 10 records: \n", value_dict_rdd_1.take(10))
```

```
### Application data RDD ###
Total count: 172591
The first 10 records:
['118100,0,2,F,Y,Y,1,247500.0,667237.5,52848.0,576000.0,2,4,3,6,0.018801,-
11258,-1596,13.0,1,1,0,1,0,0,12,3.0,FRIDAY,8,28,0.60994226,0.5884348,,-
733.0,,,,,', '110133,0,2,F,N,Y,2,112500.0,1374480.0,49500.0,1125000.0,8,1,3,6,0.006233,-11044,-
```

```
942,,1,1,1,1,0,0,16,4.0,MONDAY,10,42,0.7081764,0.6865754,,0.0,,,,,,', '110215,0,
2,F,N,Y,0,166500.0,545040.0,26640.0,450000.0,2,1,6,6,0.032561,-17115,-
581,,1,1,0,1,1,0,19,1.0,MONDAY,14,22,0.49497995,0.58477587,0.47225335,-
1598.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0,3.0', '194051,0,2,F,N,N,0,112500.0,900000.0,24750.0,9
00000.0,2,1,2,6,0.015221,-17855,-
5470,,1,1,0,1,1,0,8,2.0,FRIDAY,15,30,,0.59620756,0.6195277,-
734.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0', '110368,0,2,F,N,Y,0,261000.0,1237684.5,47272.5,1
138500.0,5,4,3,6,0.020713,-
22818,365243,,1,0,0,1,0,0,18,2.0,FRIDAY,10,31,,0.64156574,0.3996756,-
979.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0', '110498,0,2,F,N,N,0,157500.0,179865.0,11133.0,14
8500.0,5,1,3,6,0.00496,-
21183,365243,,1,0,0,1,0,0,18,2.0,THURSDAY,14,31,,0.14626195,0.5064842,0.0,0.0,0.
0,0.0,0.0,0.0,4.0', '110561,0,2,F,N,Y,1,157500.0,1256400.0,36864.0,900000.0,8,4,
6,6,0.018029,-9537,-182,,1,1,0,1,0,0,10,2.0,TUESDAY,8,39,0.13320908,0.5543784,,-
1810.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0', '110836,0,2,F,N,N,1,126000.0,454500.0,14791.5,4
54500.0,8,1,3,6,0.009334,-13351,-
6261,,1,1,1,1,0,18,3.0,TUESDAY,13,38,,0.78073716,0.5797274,-
1197.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0', '110985,0,2,F,N,Y,0,76500.0,454500.0,14791.5,45
4500.0,8,4,2,6,0.007114,-16847,-
1194, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 19, 2.0, SUNDAY, 15, 50, 0.19403037, -1150.0, ., ., ., '109621, 0, 2, F
,N,N,1,67500.0,513531.0,24835.5,459000.0,2,1,3,6,0.008068,-10828,-
2693,,1,1,0,1,0,0,10,3.0,THURSDAY,12,28,0.42454174,0.17806706,0.59892625,0.0,0.0
,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,2.0']
### Previous application RDD ###
Total count: 935037
The first 10 records:
 ['269239,3,,0.0,0.0,,,8,,,,XNA,Canceled,-
207, XNA, XAP, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, "6", -1, XNA, , XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 65', '221473, 3, , 0
.0,0.0,,,8,,,,XNA,Canceled,-317,XNA,XAP,"",Refreshed,XNA,XNA,XNA,"6",-
1,XNA,,XNA,Cash,,,,,,7817',
'107678,4,,24480.0,24480.0,0.0,24480.0,12,0.0,,,XAP,Refused,-1252,Cash through
the bank, LIMIT, "", Repeater, Mobile, XNA, XNA, "3", 92, Connectivity, , XNA, POS mobile
with interest,,,,,,172',
'168941,4,9580.455,41296.5,46593.0,0.0,41296.5,8,0.0,,,XAP,Approved,-633,Cash
through the bank, XAP, "", New, Mobile, POS, XNA, "3", 55, Connectivity, 6.0, high, POS
mobile with interest, 365243.0, -602.0, -452.0, -452.0, -444.0, 0.0, 285', '204082, 3, 4
50000.0,450000.0,0.0,450000.0,17,0.0,,,XNA,Refused,-
368, XNA, HC, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, XNA, "3", 60, Connectivity, , XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 391', '14
8658,2,7875.0,0.0,157500.0,,,9,,,,XAP,Refused,-
419, XNA, HC, "", Repeater, XNA, Cards, x-sell, "8", 4, XNA, 0.0, XNA, Card
X-Sell,,,,,,,471', '190200,3,,0.0,0.0,,,12,,,,XNA,Refused,-
405, XNA, SCOFR, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, "6", -1, XNA, , XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 691', '152739, 3
,,0.0,0.0,,,6,,,,XNA,Canceled,-413,XNA,XAP,"",Repeater,XNA,XNA,XNA,"6",-
1,XNA,,XNA,Cash,,,,,,,967', '265668,3,,0.0,0.0,,,11,,,,XNA,Canceled,-
231, XNA, XAP, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, "6", -1, XNA, , XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 127572', '162831,
2,4500.0,90000.0,90000.0,,90000.0,11,,,,XAP,Refused,-
23, XNA, HC, Family, Refreshed, XNA, Cards, x-sell, "4", 150, Furniture, 0.0, XNA, Card
```

```
X-Sell,,,,,,1302']
      ### Value dict RDD ###
      Total count: 126
      The first 10 records:
       ['4,name_type_suite,Other_B,2', '5,name_type_suite,Children,3',
      '55, organization type, Business Entity Type 2,1',
      '56,organization_type,Agriculture,2', '57,organization_type,Industry: type
      13,3', '58,organization_type,Religion,4', '59,organization_type,Construction,5',
      '60, organization_type, Police, 6', '30, housing_type, Rented apartment, 1',
      '31, housing_type, Co-op apartment, 2']
      1.1.4 Drop the following columns from RDDs:
      previous application: sellerplace area, name seller industry
      application data:
                         All columns start with flag and amt credit req (except for
      amt credit reg last year).
[506]: pre_app_header = pre_app_rdd.first().split(',')
       dropped_pre_indices = [pre_app_header.index('"sellerplace_area"'),_
        ⇒pre app header.index('"name seller industry"')]
       app_header = app_rdd.first().split(',')
       dropped_app_indices = []
       for i in range(len(app_header)):
           if app_header[i].startswith('"flag_') or app_header[i].

startswith('"amt_credit_req_') and not app_header[i] ==

□
        ⇔'"amt credit req last year"':
               dropped_app_indices.append(i)
       def drop_pre_app(line):
           array_line = line.split(',')
           # Creates a new line with selected columns removed
           new_line = [array_line[i] for i in range(len(array_line)) if i not in_

¬dropped_pre_indices]
           return ','.join(new_line)
       def drop_app(line):
           array_line = line.split(',')
           new_line = [array_line[i] for i in range(len(array_line)) if i not in_
        →dropped_app_indices]
           return ','.join(new_line)
[507]: pre_app_rdd_1 = pre_app_rdd.map(drop_pre_app)
       pre_app_rdd_1.take(5)
```

n_payment", "amt_goods_price", "hour_appr_process_start", "rate_down_payment", "rate

[507]: ['"id_app", "contract_type", "amt_annuity", "amt_application", "amt_credit", "amt_dow

```
_interest_primary", "rate_interest_privileged", "name_cash_loan_purpose", "name_con
tract_status", "days_decision", "name_payment_type", "code_rejection_reason", "name_
type_suite", "name_client_type", "name_goods_category", "name_portfolio", "name_prod
uct_type","channel_type","cnt_payment","name_yield_group","product_combination",
"days_first_drawing", "days_first_due", "days_last_due_1st_version", "days_last_due
","days_termination","nflag_insured_on_approval","id"',
 '269239,3,,0.0,0.0,,,8,,,,XNA,Canceled,-
207, XNA, XAP, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, XNA, "6", , XNA, Cash, , , , , , 65',
 '221473,3,,0.0,0.0,,,8,,,,XNA,Canceled,-
317, XNA, XAP, "", Refreshed, XNA, XNA, XNA, "6", , XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 7817',
 '107678,4,,24480.0,24480.0,0.0,24480.0,12,0.0,,,XAP,Refused,-1252,Cash through
the bank, LIMIT, "", Repeater, Mobile, XNA, XNA, "3",, XNA, POS mobile with
interest,,,,,,172',
 '168941,4,9580.455,41296.5,46593.0,0.0,41296.5,8,0.0,,,XAP,Approved,-633,Cash
through the bank, XAP, "", New, Mobile, POS, XNA, "3", 6.0, high, POS mobile with
interest,365243.0,-602.0,-452.0,-452.0,-444.0,0.0,285']
```

```
[508]: app_rdd_1 = app_rdd.map(drop_app)
app_rdd_1.take(5)
```

2.1.2 1.2 Data Partitioning in RDD

1.2.1 For each RDD, print out the total number of partitions and the number of records in each partition. Answer the following questions:

How many partitions do the above RDDs have?

How is the data in these RDDs partitioned by default, when we do not explicitly specify any partitioning strategy?

Can you explain why it will be partitioned in this number? If I only have one single-core CPU on my PC, what is the default partition's number? (Hint: search the Spark source code to try to answer this question.)

Write the code and your explanation in Markdown cells.

a. How many partitions do the above RDDs have?

```
[509]: def print_partitions(data):
           numPartitions = data.getNumPartitions()
           partitions = data.glom().collect()
           print(f"NUMBER OF PARTITIONS: {numPartitions}")
           for index, partition in enumerate(partitions):
               if len(partition) > 0:
                   print(f"Partition {index}: {len(partition)} records")
       # application_data
       print("### Application data ###")
       print_partitions(app_rdd)
       # previous_application
       print("\n### Previous application ###")
       print_partitions(pre_app_rdd)
       # value_dict
       print("\n### Value dict ###")
       print_partitions(value_dict_rdd)
      ### Application data ###
```

```
### Application data ###
NUMBER OF PARTITIONS: 2
Partition 0: 86273 records
Partition 1: 86319 records

### Previous application ###
NUMBER OF PARTITIONS: 6
Partition 0: 167805 records
Partition 1: 163835 records
Partition 2: 162603 records
Partition 3: 162683 records
Partition 4: 162437 records
Partition 5: 115675 records

### Value dict ###
NUMBER OF PARTITIONS: 2
Partition 0: 67 records
Partition 1: 60 records
```

b. How is the data in these RDDs partitioned by default, when we do not explicitly specify any partitioning strategy?

The number of partitions is determined by the number of cores by default. Spark will automatically distributes the data based on the available resources. hash

c. Can you explain why it will be partitioned in this number? If I only have one single-core CPU on my PC, what is the default partition's number? (Hint: search the Spark source code to try to answer this question.)

These Rdds are partitioned based on the number of cores, in the Spark environment. Default partitioning aims to balance the workload for efficient parallel processing. Since the data size of previous_application.csv is larger than the data size of application_data.csv and value_dict.csv, previous_data.csv needs more partitions than application_data.csv and value_dict.csv.

According to the source code, the minimum partitions of the data read from textFile function is 2. Therefore, even though there is only one single-core CPU in the computer, the partition will be 2. However, the paralleling processing will be limited that it will result in serial processing due to the single core.

1.2.2. The metadata shows that days in the dataset are stored as a relative number. For example, if the application date is 2/Jan/2024, -1 means 1/Jan/2024, -2 means 31/Dec/2023.

Create a UDF function that takes two parameters: a date and an integer value, and returns a date. (note: the integer can be either positive or negative). (3%)

Assuming all applications are made on 1/Jan/2024, create a new column named decision_date, use the UDF function to fill its values from days decisions (3%)

```
[510]: from datetime import datetime, timedelta
       # The function calculates the decision date
       def date_calculate(date, days_decision):
           date_decision = date + timedelta(days = days_decision)
           return date_decision.strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
       # The function adds the new column to each row
       def add_date_decision(line):
           line list = line.split(',')
           # Converts days decision to an integer
           days_decision = int(line_list[days_decision_index])
           # Calculates the decision date with the date calculate function
           date_decision = date_calculate(date, days_decision)
           return ','.join(line_list + [date_decision])
       # Removes the header
       header= pre_app_rdd.first()
       pre_app_no_header_rdd = pre_app_rdd.filter(lambda x: x != header)
       # Finds the index of "days_decision"
       header_list = header.split(',')
       days decision index = header list.index('"days decision"')
       date = datetime(2024, 1, 1)
```

1.2.3. Join application_data and previous_application with value_dict and replace integer values with string values from the dictionary. (5%)

```
[511]: def parseLine(line):
           line = line.split(',')
           return line
       # The function aims to match the category in the value dict Rdd and attributes,
        \rightarrow in the header
       def search_category(header_list, rdd):
           category_list = []
           rdd_list = rdd.map(parseLine).collect()
           for i in range(len(header_list)):
               for v in rdd_list:
                   if header_list[i].strip('"') == v[1]:
                       if [i, header list[i]] not in category list:
                           category_list.append([i, header_list[i]])
           return category_list
       # The function adds the index in RDD
       def add index(category list, line):
           line_list = line.split(',')
           for c in category_list:
           # Check the category index in line_list
               if c[1].strip('"') == line_list[1]:
```

```
return ','.join(line_list + [str(c[0])])
    else:
        return line
# The function replaces integers with strings
def replace_integer(line, value_list):
    line_list = line.split(',')
    for v in value_list:
        if line list[v[0]] == v[1][0]:
            line_list[v[0]] = v[1][1]
    return ','.join(line_list)
### joins application_data and value_dict
app_header_list = app_rdd_1.first().split(',')
category_app = search_category(app_header_list, value_dict_rdd)
# adds index and filter the line with index
result_rdd = value_dict_rdd_1.map(lambda x: add_index(category_app, x))
result_rdd_1 = result_rdd.filter(lambda x: len((x.split(','))) == 5)
app_header = app_rdd_1.first()
app_rdd_2= app_rdd_1.filter(lambda x: x != app_header)
# formats RDD
value format = result rdd 1.map(parseLine).map(lambda x: (int(x[4]), [x[3], ...)
 \hookrightarrow x[2]))
value_list = value_format.collect()
# replaces integers and formats application data RDD
app_rdd_replaced = app_rdd_2.map(lambda x: replace_integer(x, value_list))
app_rdd_header = sc.parallelize([app_header] + app_rdd_replaced.collect())
### join pre application data and value dict
pre_header_list = pre_app_rdd_1.first().split(',')
category_pre = search_category(pre_header_list, value_dict_rdd)
# adds index and filter the line with index
result_rdd = value_dict_rdd_1.map(lambda x: add_index(category_pre, x))
result_rdd_1 = result_rdd.filter(lambda x: len((x.split(','))) == 5)
pre_header = pre_app_rdd_1.first()
pre_rdd_2= pre_app_rdd_1.filter(lambda x: x != pre_header)
# formats RDD
value_format = result_rdd_1.map(parseLine).map(lambda x: (int(x[4]), [x[3],
 \rightarrow x[2]))
```

```
value_list = value_format.collect()
       # replaces integers and formats application data RDD
       pre_rdd_replaced = pre_rdd_2.map(lambda x: replace_integer(x, value list))
       pre_rdd_header = sc.parallelize([pre_header] + pre_rdd_replaced.collect())
[512]: app_rdd_header.take(10)
[512]: ['"id_app", "target", "contract_type", "gender", "own_car", "own_property", "num_of_ch
       ildren", "income_total", "amt_credit", "amt_annuity", "amt_goods_price", "income_type
       ","education_type","family_status","housing_type","region_population","days_birt
       h", "days_employed", "own_car_age", "occupation_type", "cnt_fam_members", "weekday_ap
       p_process_start", "hour_app_process_start", "organization_type", "credit_score_1", "
       credit_score_2","credit_score_3","days_last_phone_change","amt_credit_req_last_y
       ear"',
        '118100,0,Revolving
       loans, F, Y, Y, 1, 247500.0, 667237.5, 52848.0, 576000.0, Working, Higher
       education, Married, House / apartment, 0.018801, -11258, -
       1596,13.0,Laborers,3.0,FRIDAY,8,Government,0.60994226,0.5884348,,-733.0,',
        '110133,0,Revolving
       loans, F, N, Y, 2, 112500.0, 1374480.0, 49500.0, 1125000.0, Commercial
       associate, Secondary / secondary special, Married, House /
       apartment, 0.006233, -11044, -942, , Sales staff, 4.0, MONDAY, 10, Trade: type
       7,0.7081764,0.6865754,,0.0,',
        '110215,0,Revolving
       loans, F, N, Y, 0, 166500.0, 545040.0, 26640.0, 450000.0, Working, Secondary / secondary
       special, Single / not married, House / apartment, 0.032561, -17115, -581,, Core
       staff, 1.0, MONDAY, 14, Medicine, 0.49497995, 0.58477587, 0.47225335, -1598.0, 3.0',
        '194051,0,Revolving
       loans, F, N, N, 0, 112500.0, 900000.0, 24750.0, 900000.0, Working, Secondary / secondary
       special, Civil marriage, House / apartment, 0.015221, -17855, -5470,, Security
       staff, 2.0, FRIDAY, 15, School, , 0.59620756, 0.6195277, -734.0, 1.0',
        '110368,0,Revolving
       loans, F, N, Y, 0, 261000.0, 1237684.5, 47272.5, 1138500.0, Pensioner, Higher
       education, Married, House / apartment, 0.020713, -
       22818,365243,,(Empty),2.0,FRIDAY,10,XNA,,0.64156574,0.3996756,-979.0,0.0',
        '110498,0,Revolving
       loans, F, N, N, 0, 157500.0, 179865.0, 11133.0, 148500.0, Pensioner, Secondary / secondary
       special, Married, House / apartment, 0.00496, -
       21183,365243,,(Empty),2.0,THURSDAY,14,XNA,,0.14626195,0.5064842,0.0,4.0',
        '110561,0,Revolving
       loans, F, N, Y, 1, 157500.0, 1256400.0, 36864.0, 900000.0, Commercial associate, Higher
       education, Single / not married, House / apartment, 0.018029, -9537, -
       182,,Accountants,2.0,TUESDAY,8,Bank,0.13320908,0.5543784,,-1810.0,0.0',
        '110836,0,Revolving loans,F,N,N,1,126000.0,454500.0,14791.5,454500.0,Commercial
       associate, Secondary / secondary special, Married, House /
       apartment, 0.009334, -13351, -6261, (Empty), 3.0, TUESDAY, 13, Transport: type
```

```
'110985,0, Revolving loans, F, N, Y, 0, 76500.0, 454500.0, 14791.5, 454500.0, Commercial
       associate, Higher education, Civil marriage, House /
       apartment, 0.007114, -16847, -1194, Core staff, 2.0, SUNDAY, 15, Self-
       employed,,0.19403037,,-1150.0,']
[513]: pre_rdd_header.take(10)
[513]: ['"id_app", "contract_type", "amt_annuity", "amt_application", "amt_credit", "amt_dow
       n_payment", "amt_goods_price", "hour_appr_process_start", "rate_down_payment", "rate
       _interest_primary", "rate_interest_privileged", "name_cash_loan_purpose", "name_con
       tract_status", "days_decision", "name_payment_type", "code_rejection_reason", "name_
       type_suite", "name_client_type", "name_goods_category", "name_portfolio", "name prod
       uct_type", "channel_type", "cnt_payment", "name_yield_group", "product_combination",
       "days first drawing", "days first due", "days last due 1st version", "days last due
       ","days_termination","nflag_insured_on_approval","id"',
         '269239, Cash loans, , 0.0, 0.0, , , 8, , , , XNA, Canceled, -
       207, XNA, XAP, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, XNA, "6", , XNA, Cash, , , , , , 65',
         '221473, Cash loans,,0.0,0.0,,,8,,,,XNA, Canceled,-
       317, XNA, XAP, "", Refreshed, XNA, XNA, XNA, "6", , XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 7817',
         '107678, Consumer
       loans,,24480.0,24480.0,0.0,24480.0,12,0.0,,,XAP,Refused,-1252,Cash through the
       bank, LIMIT, "", Repeater, Mobile, XNA, XNA, "3", , XNA, POS mobile with
       interest,,,,,,172',
         '168941, Consumer
       loans, 9580.455, 41296.5, 46593.0, 0.0, 41296.5, 8, 0.0, ,, XAP, Approved, -633, Cash
       through the bank, XAP, "", New, Mobile, POS, XNA, "3", 6.0, high, POS mobile with
       interest, 365243.0, -602.0, -452.0, -452.0, -444.0, 0.0, 285',
         '204082, Cash loans, ,450000.0,450000.0,0.0,450000.0,17,0.0,,,XNA, Refused, -
       368, XNA, HC, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, XNA, "3", , XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 391',
         '148658, Revolving loans, 7875.0, 0.0, 157500.0, ,, 9, ,, , XAP, Refused, -
       419, XNA, HC, "", Repeater, XNA, Cards, x-sell, "8", 0.0, XNA, Card X-Sell, , , , , , , 471',
         '190200, Cash loans, ,0.0,0.0, ,,12, ,, ,XNA, Refused, -
       405, XNA, SCOFR, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, XNA, "6", , XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 691',
         '152739, Cash loans,,0.0,0.0,,,6,,,,XNA, Canceled,-
       413, XNA, XAP, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, XNA, "6", , XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 967',
         '265668, Cash loans,, 0.0, 0.0,,,11,,,, XNA, Canceled,-
       231, XNA, XAP, "", Repeater, XNA, XNA, XNA, "6", XNA, Cash, , , , , , , 127572']
```

2.1.3 1.3 Query/Analysis

4,,0.78073716,0.5797274,-1197.0,1.0',

For this part, write relevant RDD operations to answer the following queries.

1.3.1 Calculate the total approved loan amount for each year, each month. Print the results in the format of year, month, total_amount. (5%)

```
[514]: # Parses records and return decision year-month, loan amount, and contract
        \hookrightarrowstatus
       def extract_data(line):
           line = line.split(',')
           return line[-1][:7],line[loan_index],line[status_index]
       pre_app_rdd_2 = pre_app_rdd_with_header
       # Finds the indices of amt_credit and name_contract_status
       pre_app_header_list = pre_app_rdd_2.first().split(',')
       loan_index = pre_app_header_list.index('"amt_credit"')
       status_index = pre_app_header_list.index('"name_contract_status"')
       # Removes the header, extracts year and month, filters the data
       pre_app_rdd_3 = pre_app_rdd_2.filter(lambda x: x != pre_app_header).
        map(extract_data).filter(lambda x: x[2] == "Approved")\
                                   .map(lambda x: (x[0], float(x[1])))
       # Calculates the amount and sorts the data
       total_rdd = pre_app_rdd_3.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a + b)\
                               .sortBy(lambda x: (int(x[0][:4]), int(x[0][5:7])),_{\sqcup}
        ⇔ascending = True)
       total = total rdd.collect()
       for year month, total amount in total:
           year, month = year_month[:4], year_month[5:7]
           print(f"Year: {year}, Month: {month}, Total Amount: {total_amount}")
      Year: 2016, Month: 01, Total Amount: 172331955.0
      Year: 2016, Month: 02, Total Amount: 176301522.0
      Year: 2016, Month: 03, Total Amount: 190586187.0
      Year: 2016, Month: 04, Total Amount: 196686805.5
      Year: 2016, Month: 05, Total Amount: 195882363.0
      Year: 2016, Month: 06, Total Amount: 200585488.5
      Year: 2016, Month: 07, Total Amount: 228541482.0
      Year: 2016, Month: 08, Total Amount: 241038688.5
      Year: 2016, Month: 09, Total Amount: 252035883.0
      Year: 2016, Month: 10, Total Amount: 271204798.5
      Year: 2016, Month: 11, Total Amount: 270581526.0
      Year: 2016, Month: 12, Total Amount: 297452236.5
      Year: 2017, Month: 01, Total Amount: 314613220.5
      Year: 2017, Month: 02, Total Amount: 279918481.5
      Year: 2017, Month: 03, Total Amount: 326222946.0
      Year: 2017, Month: 04, Total Amount: 336857661.0
```

Year: 2017, Month: 05, Total Amount: 315156078.0

```
Year: 2017, Month: 06, Total Amount: 272737849.5
Year: 2017, Month: 07, Total Amount: 302933970.0
Year: 2017, Month: 08, Total Amount: 298022152.5
Year: 2017, Month: 09, Total Amount: 299728480.5
Year: 2017, Month: 10, Total Amount: 300883900.5
Year: 2017, Month: 11, Total Amount: 290715579.0
Year: 2017, Month: 12, Total Amount: 273326589.0
Year: 2018, Month: 01, Total Amount: 264444129.0
Year: 2018, Month: 02, Total Amount: 232951590.0
Year: 2018, Month: 03, Total Amount: 229787244.0
Year: 2018, Month: 04, Total Amount: 218495137.5
Year: 2018, Month: 05, Total Amount: 221873809.5
Year: 2018, Month: 06, Total Amount: 219596395.5
Year: 2018, Month: 07, Total Amount: 231478654.5
Year: 2018, Month: 08, Total Amount: 233366589.0
Year: 2018, Month: 09, Total Amount: 235388583.0
Year: 2018, Month: 10, Total Amount: 243185103.0
Year: 2018, Month: 11, Total Amount: 246664471.5
Year: 2018, Month: 12, Total Amount: 268972204.5
Year: 2019, Month: 01, Total Amount: 312502351.5
Year: 2019, Month: 02, Total Amount: 289844473.5
Year: 2019, Month: 03, Total Amount: 346178065.5
Year: 2019, Month: 04, Total Amount: 362230330.5
Year: 2019, Month: 05, Total Amount: 368580523.5
Year: 2019, Month: 06, Total Amount: 353045331.0
Year: 2019, Month: 07, Total Amount: 421113402.0
Year: 2019, Month: 08, Total Amount: 480168891.0
Year: 2019, Month: 09, Total Amount: 487566238.5
Year: 2019, Month: 10, Total Amount: 569283871.5
Year: 2019, Month: 11, Total Amount: 574195972.5
Year: 2019, Month: 12, Total Amount: 630278480.53
Year: 2020, Month: 01, Total Amount: 661536540.52
Year: 2020, Month: 02, Total Amount: 639844456.11
Year: 2020, Month: 03, Total Amount: 696430869.12
Year: 2020, Month: 04, Total Amount: 697139741.98
Year: 2020, Month: 05, Total Amount: 740129531.2199999
Year: 2020, Month: 06, Total Amount: 758230286.89
Year: 2020, Month: 07, Total Amount: 852021502.3199999
Year: 2020, Month: 08, Total Amount: 925993174.95
Year: 2020, Month: 09, Total Amount: 945548278.87
Year: 2020, Month: 10, Total Amount: 1054130882.5400001
Year: 2020, Month: 11, Total Amount: 1222475720.1200001
Year: 2020, Month: 12, Total Amount: 1453848381.54
Year: 2021, Month: 01, Total Amount: 1638594905.3200002
Year: 2021, Month: 02, Total Amount: 1506077740.13
Year: 2021, Month: 03, Total Amount: 1785125823.0400002
Year: 2021, Month: 04, Total Amount: 1905605053.56
Year: 2021, Month: 05, Total Amount: 2109288236.2000003
```

```
Year: 2021, Month: 06, Total Amount: 2159683930.57
Year: 2021, Month: 07, Total Amount: 2456136761.42
Year: 2021, Month: 08, Total Amount: 2620455701.2539997
Year: 2021, Month: 09, Total Amount: 2743595918.63
Year: 2021, Month: 10, Total Amount: 2809307024.5299997
Year: 2021, Month: 11, Total Amount: 3110750973.1799994
Year: 2021, Month: 12, Total Amount: 3442364323.8599997
Year: 2022, Month: 01, Total Amount: 3736882127.2349997
Year: 2022, Month: 02, Total Amount: 3141359382.5
Year: 2022, Month: 03, Total Amount: 3360006106.6280003
Year: 2022, Month: 04, Total Amount: 3235593134.1879997
Year: 2022, Month: 05, Total Amount: 3384010629.309
Year: 2022, Month: 06, Total Amount: 3204646891.918999
Year: 2022, Month: 07, Total Amount: 3421806601.9700003
Year: 2022, Month: 08, Total Amount: 3494581257.898
Year: 2022, Month: 09, Total Amount: 3219852918.103
Year: 2022, Month: 10, Total Amount: 3103696486.0160007
Year: 2022, Month: 11, Total Amount: 2943577039.117
Year: 2022, Month: 12, Total Amount: 3204203654.96
Year: 2023, Month: 01, Total Amount: 3271347924.7879996
Year: 2023, Month: 02, Total Amount: 2752321157.494
Year: 2023, Month: 03, Total Amount: 3032140853.3409996
Year: 2023, Month: 04, Total Amount: 2896655922.809
Year: 2023, Month: 05, Total Amount: 2732017860.2109995
Year: 2023, Month: 06, Total Amount: 2523485234.977
Year: 2023, Month: 07, Total Amount: 2112219144.3280005
Year: 2023, Month: 08, Total Amount: 1610579708.6430004
Year: 2023, Month: 09, Total Amount: 1258096566.5370002
Year: 2023, Month: 10, Total Amount: 913411315.6860001
Year: 2023, Month: 11, Total Amount: 763031928.926
Year: 2023, Month: 12, Total Amount: 1126614326.829
```

1.3.2 For each hour when the applications start (0-23), compute and print the percentage ratio of application cancellation. (5%)

```
[515]: def parseRow(line):
    line = line.split(',')

# if the application is cancelled
    if line[status_index] == "Canceled":
        return line[hour_index], 1, 1

    else:
        return line[hour_index], 1, 0

# Finds the indices of target attributes
pre_app_rdd_2 = pre_app_rdd_with_header
pre_app_header_list = pre_app_rdd_2.first().split(',')
```

```
hour index = pre app header list.index('"hour appr process start"')
status_index = pre_app_header_list.index('"name_contract_status"')
pre_app_header = pre_app_rdd_2.first()
pre_app_rdd_4 = pre_app_rdd_2.filter(lambda x: x != pre_app_header)
pre_app_rdd_4 = pre_app_rdd_4.map(parseRow)
\# Calculates the total number of applications and the number of cancelled
 → applications
total_rdd = pre_app_rdd_4.map(lambda x: (x[0], (x[1], x[2]))).
 \rightarrowreduceByKey(lambda a, b: (a[0] + b[0], a[1] + b[1]))
# Calculates the ratio
ratio_rdd = total_rdd.map(lambda x: (x[0], x[1][1] / x[1][0] * 100)).
 \RightarrowsortBy(lambda x: int(x[0]), ascending = True)
ratio = ratio rdd.collect()
for hour, ratio in ratio:
    print(f"Hour: {hour}, Ratio: {ratio}")
Hour: 0, Ratio: 11.864406779661017
Hour: 1, Ratio: 31.2
Hour: 2, Ratio: 37.850467289719624
Hour: 3, Ratio: 31.748911465892597
Hour: 4, Ratio: 26.306850349122474
Hour: 5, Ratio: 24.281113411548194
Hour: 6, Ratio: 22.477605721824872
Hour: 7, Ratio: 22.43704685429173
Hour: 8, Ratio: 20.612833628275677
Hour: 9, Ratio: 22.198257633426373
Hour: 10, Ratio: 21.436402435443135
Hour: 11, Ratio: 19.65048973902126
Hour: 12, Ratio: 18.78137858595203
Hour: 13, Ratio: 18.17456782706868
Hour: 14, Ratio: 18.078999715828363
Hour: 15, Ratio: 17.791441774260203
Hour: 16, Ratio: 17.52002940095553
Hour: 17, Ratio: 16.7146482821319
Hour: 18, Ratio: 14.318538444295001
Hour: 19, Ratio: 10.293274990883992
Hour: 20, Ratio: 7.287947802536008
Hour: 21, Ratio: 10.340196956132498
Hour: 22, Ratio: 18.159806295399516
Hour: 23, Ratio: 11.711711711711
```

2.2 Part 2. Working with DataFrames

In this section, you will need to load the given datasets into PySpark DataFrames and use DataFrame functions to answer the queries. ### 2.1 Data Preparation and Loading

2.1.1. Load CSVs into separate dataframes. When you create your dataframes, please refer to the metadata file and use appropriate data type for each column.

```
[516]: from pyspark.sql import functions as F
       from pyspark.sql.types import IntegerType, FloatType
       # Load CSVs
       df_app = spark.read.csv("A1 dataset/application_data.csv", header = True)
       df_pre_app = spark.read.csv("A1 dataset/previous_application.csv", header =__
       df value = spark.read.csv("A1 dataset/value dict.csv", header = True)
       def change_datatype(df, column_dictionary):
           for column, data type in column dictionary.items():
               df = df.withColumn(column, F.col(column).cast(data_type))
           return df
       # application data dictionary
       app_data_column = {
           "num_of_children": IntegerType(),
           "income_total": FloatType(),
           "amt credit": FloatType(),
           "amt_annuity": FloatType(),
           "amt_goods_price": FloatType(),
           "region_population": FloatType(),
           "days birth": IntegerType(),
           "days_employed": IntegerType(),
           "own_car_age": IntegerType(),
           "cnt fam members": IntegerType(),
           "credit_score_1": FloatType(),
           "credit_score_2": FloatType(),
           "credit_score_3": FloatType(),
           "days_last_phone_change": IntegerType(),
           "amt_credit_req_last_hour": IntegerType(),
           "amt_credit_req_last_day": IntegerType(),
           "amt_credit_req_last_week": IntegerType(),
           "amt_credit_req_last_month": IntegerType(),
           "amt_credit_req_last_quarter": IntegerType(),
           "amt_credit_req_last_year": IntegerType()
       }
       #previous application dictionary
       pre_data_column = {
```

```
"amt_annuity": FloatType(),
    "amt_application": FloatType(),
    "amt_credit": FloatType(),
    "amt_down_payment": FloatType(),
    "amt_goods_price": FloatType(),
    "rate_down_payment": FloatType(),
    "rate_interest_primary": FloatType(),
    "rate_interest_privileged": FloatType(),
    "days_decision": IntegerType(),
    "sellerplace_area": IntegerType(),
    "cnt_payment": IntegerType(),
    "days_first_drawing": IntegerType(),
    "days_first_due": IntegerType(),
    "days_last_due_1st_version": IntegerType(),
    "days_last_due": IntegerType(),
    "days_termination": IntegerType()
}
df_app = change_datatype(df_app, app_data_column)
df_pre_app = change_datatype(df_pre_app, pre_data_column)
```

2.1.2 Display the schema of all dataframes.

```
[517]: print(f"###### application_data.csv INFO:")
    df_app.printSchema()

    print(f"###### previous_application.csv INFO:")
    df_pre_app.printSchema()

    print(f"###### value_dict.csv INFO:")
    df_value.printSchema()
```

```
###### application_data.csv INFO:
root
 |-- id_app: string (nullable = true)
 |-- target: string (nullable = true)
 |-- contract_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- gender: string (nullable = true)
 |-- own_car: string (nullable = true)
 |-- own property: string (nullable = true)
 |-- num_of_children: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- income total: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_annuity: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_goods_price: float (nullable = true)
 |-- income_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- education_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- family_status: string (nullable = true)
```

```
|-- housing_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- region_population: float (nullable = true)
 |-- days_birth: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- days_employed: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- own car age: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- flag_mobile: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag emp phone: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag_work_phone: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag cont mobile: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag_phone: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag_email: string (nullable = true)
 |-- occupation_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- cnt_fam_members: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- weekday_app_process_start: string (nullable = true)
 |-- hour_app_process_start: string (nullable = true)
 |-- organization_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- credit_score_1: float (nullable = true)
 |-- credit_score_2: float (nullable = true)
 |-- credit_score_3: float (nullable = true)
 |-- days last phone change: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit_req_last_hour: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- amt credit reg last day: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit_req_last_week: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit_req_last_month: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit_req_last_quarter: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit_req_last_year: integer (nullable = true)
###### previous_application.csv INFO:
root
 |-- id_app: string (nullable = true)
 |-- contract_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_annuity: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_application: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt down payment: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_goods_price: float (nullable = true)
 |-- hour_appr_process_start: string (nullable = true)
 |-- rate_down_payment: float (nullable = true)
 |-- rate_interest_primary: float (nullable = true)
 |-- rate_interest_privileged: float (nullable = true)
 |-- name_cash_loan_purpose: string (nullable = true)
 |-- name_contract_status: string (nullable = true)
 |-- days_decision: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- name_payment_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- code_rejection_reason: string (nullable = true)
 |-- name_type_suite: string (nullable = true)
 |-- name_client_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- name_goods_category: string (nullable = true)
```

```
|-- name_portfolio: string (nullable = true)
 |-- name_product_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- channel_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- sellerplace_area: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- name seller industry: string (nullable = true)
 |-- cnt_payment: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- name yield group: string (nullable = true)
 |-- product_combination: string (nullable = true)
 |-- days first drawing: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- days_first_due: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- days_last_due_1st_version: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- days_last_due: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- days_termination: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- nflag_insured_on_approval: string (nullable = true)
 |-- id: string (nullable = true)
###### value_dict.csv INFO:
root
 |-- id: string (nullable = true)
 |-- category: string (nullable = true)
 |-- key: string (nullable = true)
 |-- value: string (nullable = true)
```

2.2.1 2.2 QueryAnalysis

Implement the following queries using dataframes. You need to be able to perform operations like filtering, sorting, joining and group by using the functions provided by the DataFrame API.

2.2.1. alculate the average income for each education_type group, and print the result. (4%)

```
[518]: df_avg_income = df_app.groupBy("education_type").agg(F.avg("income_total").

alias("average_income"))

df_avg_income = df_avg_income.orderBy("education_type", ascending = True)

df_avg_income.show()
```

2.2.2. Find the applicants who made credit requests last year with an average credit score of less than 0.5 from the three credit rating sources. (note: impute null value in credit score with 0.5, not 0). (4%)

```
+----+
|id_app|average_credit_score|
+----+
|170773| 0.38805461426575977|
1207396 | 0.312442605694135 |
1297564 | 0.3646637921531995 |
|105259| 0.40238819519678753|
|110064| 0.27770336469014484|
|112434| 0.3429948588212331|
|113292|
        0.474180946747462
|185297| 0.4968619147936503|
|187412| 0.45689691106478375|
|189219| 0.38212726016839343|
|130816| 0.42631927132606506|
|140141| 0.4787156780560811|
|117530| 0.4869733254114787|
|117754| 0.3643556733926137|
|120138| 0.46015167484680813|
|122626| 0.288748433192571|
|113473| 0.4514952600002289|
|125633| 0.47104446093241376|
|128701| 0.49194658795992535|
|129248| 0.43062155445416767|
+----+
only showing top 20 rows
```

2.2.3. Transform the 'days_birth' column in the application_data to age(integer rounded down) and date_of_birth; then show the schema. You are allowed to use the UDF defined in part 1. (4%)

```
[520]: import math
       from datetime import datetime, timedelta
       from pyspark.sql.functions import udf
       from pyspark.sql.types import DateType
       def date_calculate(date, days_birth):
           birth_date = date + timedelta(days = days_birth)
           return birth_date
       def age_calculate(days_birth):
           age = math.floor(days_birth/-365)
           return age
       date = datetime(2024,1,1)
       # Registers the functions as UDFs
       date_calculate_udf = udf(date_calculate, DateType())
       age_calculate_udf = udf(age_calculate, IntegerType())
       # Calculates the age and birth dates, and adds columns
       df_added = df_app.withColumn("date_of_birth", date_calculate_udf(F.lit(date), F.

col("days_birth"))) \

                        .withColumn("age", age_calculate_udf(F.col("days_birth")))
       df_result = df_added.drop("days_birth")
       df_result.select("id_app", "age", "date_of_birth").show()
       df_result.printSchema()
```

```
|id_app|age|date_of_birth|
+----+
|118100| 30| 1993-03-06|
|110133| 30| 1993-10-06|
|110215| 46| 1977-02-21|
|194051| 48| 1975-02-12|
|110368| 62| 1961-07-12|
|110498| 58| 1966-01-02|
|110561| 26| 1997-11-21|
|110836| 36| 1987-06-13|
|110985| 46| 1977-11-16|
|109621| 29| 1994-05-10|
|111097| 50| 1973-12-15|
|111245| 54| 1970-01-14|
```

```
1992-02-221
|111288| 31| |
|165103| 32| 1991-02-12|
|111444| 36| 1987-04-23|
|111509| 54| 1969-08-08|
|111556| 46| 1977-03-12|
|111642| 47|
              1976-06-27
|111869| 58|
             1965-12-18
|158585| 32|
             1991-06-06
+----+
only showing top 20 rows
root
 |-- id_app: string (nullable = true)
 |-- target: string (nullable = true)
 |-- contract_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- gender: string (nullable = true)
 |-- own_car: string (nullable = true)
 |-- own_property: string (nullable = true)
 |-- num_of_children: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- income total: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt credit: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt annuity: float (nullable = true)
 |-- amt goods price: float (nullable = true)
 |-- income_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- education_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- family_status: string (nullable = true)
 |-- housing_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- region_population: float (nullable = true)
 |-- days_employed: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- own_car_age: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- flag_mobile: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag_emp_phone: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag_work_phone: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag_cont_mobile: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag phone: string (nullable = true)
 |-- flag email: string (nullable = true)
 |-- occupation type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- cnt_fam_members: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- weekday_app_process_start: string (nullable = true)
 |-- hour_app_process_start: string (nullable = true)
 |-- organization_type: string (nullable = true)
 |-- credit_score_1: double (nullable = false)
 |-- credit_score_2: double (nullable = false)
 |-- credit score 3: double (nullable = false)
 |-- days_last_phone_change: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit_req_last_hour: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit_req_last_day: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- amt_credit_req_last_week: integer (nullable = true)
```

```
|-- amt_credit_req_last_month: integer (nullable = true)
|-- amt_credit_req_last_quarter: integer (nullable = true)
|-- amt_credit_req_last_year: integer (nullable = true)
|-- date_of_birth: date (nullable = true)
|-- age: integer (nullable = true)
```

2.2.4. Using an age bucket of 10(0-10, 11-20, 21-30, etc..), compute the percentage of applicants owning a car and a property. (8%)

```
[521]: from pyspark.sql.types import StringType
      age_range = [0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100]
      def classify_age(age):
          for i in range(len(age range)):
              if age_range[i] < age <= age_range[i + 1]:</pre>
                 return f"{age range[i]+1}-{age range[i + 1]}"
          return "100+"
      # Registers the UDF
      classify_age_udf = udf(classify_age, StringType())
      # Calculate the age, bucketize it, and calculate ownership percentages
      df_age = df_result.withColumn("age_bucket", classify_age_udf(F.col("age")))
      df_car_property = df_age.withColumn("car_and_property", F.when((F.
       →alias("car_and_property_owners")
      # Counts total applicants and applicants owning a car and a property
      df_count = df_car_property.groupBy("age_bucket").agg(F.count("age").
       →alias("total_applicants"), F.sum("car_and_property").
       →alias("car_and_property_applicants"))
      # Adds a new column "percentage"
      df_percentage = df_count.withColumn("percentage", (F.
       Gool("car_and_property_applicants") / F.col("total_applicants") *100)).
       ⇔select("age_bucket", "percentage")
      df_percentage.sort("age_bucket").show()
```

```
+-----+
|age_bucket| percentage|
+-----+
| 21-30|23.338033843674456|
| 31-40|26.909759329714017|
| 41-50| 26.81282832401833|
```

```
| 51-60| 20.21760999629375|
| 61-70|13.944920884164755|
+-----
```

2.2.5. Draw a barchart to show the total number of uncancelled applications from male/female in each year. (10%)

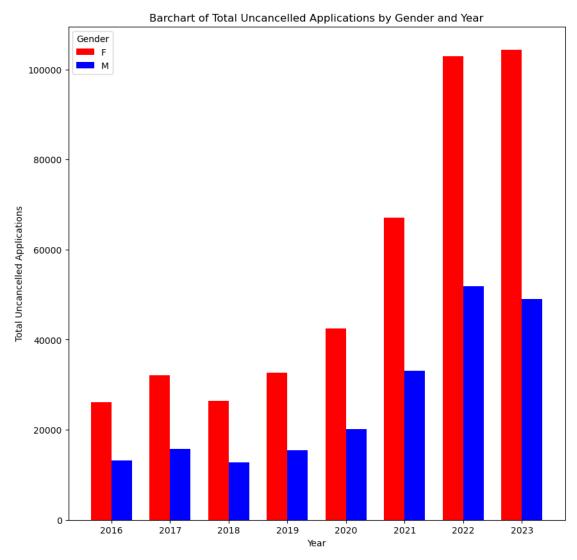
```
[522]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       import pandas as pd
       import seaborn as sns
       def date_calculate(date, days_decision):
           date_decision = date + timedelta(days = days_decision)
           return date_decision
       df_uncanceled = df_pre_app.filter(F.col("name_contract_status") != "Canceled")
       date_calculate_udf = udf(date_calculate, DateType())
       date = datetime(2024, 1, 1)
       df_pre_app_added = df_uncanceled.withColumn("date_decision",__

date calculate_udf(F.lit(date), F.col("days_decision"))) \

                                       .withColumn("year", F.year("date_decision"))
       df_joined = df_pre_app_added.join(df_app, df_pre_app_added.id_app == df_app.

→id_app, how = "left_outer")
       # Groups the joined dfs by gender and year, and count the total applications
       df_grouped = df_joined.groupBy("gender", "year").agg(F.
        →count("name_contract_status").alias("total_applications"))\
                               .orderBy(F.col("year"))
       df grouped filtered = df grouped.filter((F.col("gender") != "NULL") & (F.

col("gender") != "XNA"))
       #df_grouped_filtered.orderBy("year", "gender").show()
       # Plots a barchart
       plot_data = df_grouped_filtered.toPandas()
       plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
       # Creates side-by-side bars for different genders in the same year
       unique_years = plot_data["year"].unique()
       bar width = 0.35
       index = range(len(unique_years))
       colors = {'F': 'red', 'M': 'blue'}
```



2.2.6. Draw a scatter plot of the applicants' age and their total approved credit. You

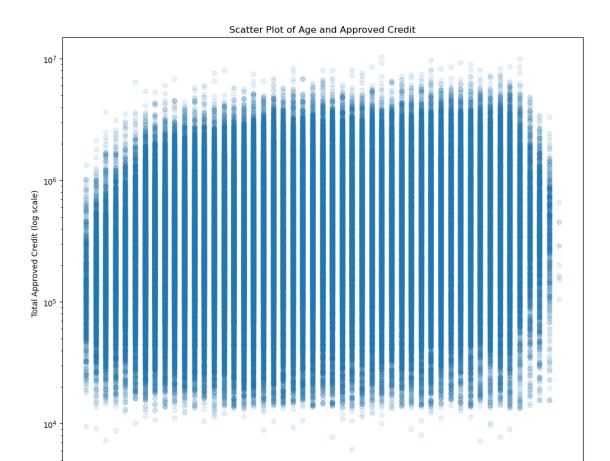
may use log scales for the XY axis if necessary. (10%)

```
[523]: # Calculates applicants' total credit
                   \#df\_total\_credit = df\_pre\_app.filter((F.col("amt\_credit") != 0) & (F.col("amt\_credit") != 0) & (F.col
                     ⇒col("name contract status") == "Approved"))\
                                                                                             # .groupby(F.col("id_app")).agg(F.sum(F.
                      →col("amt_credit")).alias("total_approved_credit"))
                   df_total_credit = df_pre_app.filter((F.col("name_contract_status") ==_u

¬"Approved"))\
                                                                                                .groupby(F.col("id_app")).agg(F.sum(F.
                     ⇔col("amt_credit")).alias("total_approved_credit"))
                   # Joins the dataframes to get the applicants' age
                   df_added_1 = df_added.withColumnRenamed("id_app", "id_app_1")
                   df_joined = df_total_credit.join(df_added_1, df_total_credit.id_app ==__

df_added_1.id_app_1, how = "left_outer")

                   df_age_credit = df_joined.filter(F.col("age").isNotNull())
                   df_age_credit = df_age_credit.select("id_app", "age", "total_approved_credit")
                   df age credit.count()
                   # Plots a scatter graph
                   plot_data = df_age_credit.toPandas()
                   plt.figure(figsize = (12, 10))
                   # Scatter plot with log scales
                   plt.scatter(plot_data["age"], plot_data["total_approved_credit"], alpha = 0.1)
                   plt.yscale('log')
                   plt.title("Scatter Plot of Age and Approved Credit")
                   plt.xlabel("Age")
                   plt.ylabel("Total Approved Credit (log scale)")
                   plt.show()
                   #df_age_credit.count()
```



2.2.2 Part 3 RDDs vs DataFrame vs Spark SQL (15%)

Implement the following queries using RDDs, DataFrames in SparkSQL separately. Log the time taken for each query in each approach using the "%%time" built-in magic command in Jupyter Notebook and discuss the performance difference between these three approaches.

Age

60

70

Complex Query (high-risk applicants): Find the top 100 applicants who are married with children and have a total approved credit that is more than five times their incomes (regardless of any payments made), sorted by the total credit/income ratio. (hint: intermediate dataframes/tables are allowed if necessary)

3.1. RDD Implementation

20

```
[524]: %%time
    #value_dict_rdd.collect()
    def parseLine(line):
```

```
line = line.split(',')
    return line
def map_to_kvp(line):
    if len(line) < 3:
        return line
    return line[0], line[1:]
def add ratio(x):
   ratio = int(x[1][1]) / int(x[1][0][0])
    return x[0], x[1], ratio
# Filters out the values of family status
value_dict_rdd_1 = value_dict_rdd.map(parseLine)
value_header = value_dict_rdd_1.first()
value_dict_rdd_1 = value_dict_rdd_1.filter(lambda line: line != value_header)
value = value_dict_rdd_1.filter(lambda x: x[1] == "family_status").

→filter(lambda x: x[2] == "Married").map(lambda x: x[3]).collect()

# Filters the conditions in the application data
app rdd 1 = app rdd.map(parseLine)
app_header = app_rdd_1.first()
children_index = app_header.index('"num_of_children"')
fam_index = app_header.index('"family_status"')
income_index = app_header.index('"income_total"')
app_rdd_1 = app_rdd_1.filter(lambda x: x != app_header)
app_filtered_rdd = app_rdd_1.filter(lambda x: int(x[children_index]) > 0 and__

¬x[fam_index] == value[0])
app_filtered_rdd_1 = app_filtered_rdd.map(lambda x: (x[0],__
 →float(x[income_index]), x[children_index], x[fam_index]))
#Filters the conditions in the previous application data
pre_rdd_1 = pre_app_rdd.map(parseLine)
pre_header = pre_rdd_1.first()
status_index = pre_header.index('"name_contract_status"')
credit_index = pre_header.index('"amt_credit"')
pre rdd 1 = pre rdd 1.filter(lambda x: x != pre header)
pre_filtered_rdd = pre_rdd_1.filter(lambda x: x[status_index] == "Approved")
# Calculates total credit
pre filtered rdd 1 = pre filtered rdd.map(lambda x: (x[0], \dots)
 →float(x[credit_index])))
pre_filtered rdd_1 = pre_filtered rdd_1.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a + b)
# Joins the application RDD and previous application RDD
```

```
joined_rdd = app_filtered_rdd_1.map(map_to_kvp).join(pre_filtered_rdd_1.
        →map(map_to_kvp))
      joined_rdd_cal = joined_rdd.filter(lambda x : x[1][1] > 5 * x[1][0][0])
       joined_rdd_cal.map(lambda x : (x[0], list(x[1:])))
       # Calculates the ratio and sorts by ratio
      joined_ratio = joined_rdd_cal.map(add_ratio).map(lambda x: (x[0], x[1][0][0],
        \rightarrow x[1][0][1], x[1][0][2], x[1][1], x[2]))
      sorted_ratio = joined_ratio.sortBy(lambda x: x[5], ascending=False)
      new header = ('id_app', 'income_total', 'num_of_children', 'family_status',__
       # Combines the new header with the RDD data
      sorted_ratio_header = sc.parallelize([new_header] + sorted_ratio.collect())
      sorted_ratio_header.take(100)
      CPU times: user 87.3 ms, sys: 17.1 ms, total: 104 ms
      Wall time: 5.31 s
[524]: [('id_app',
        'income total',
         'num_of_children',
         'family status',
         'amt_credit',
        'name_contract_status',
        'credit_income_ratio'),
        ('147568', 67500.0, '1', '3', 4706523.0, 69.7262666666666),
        ('266003', 112500.0, '1', '3', 6690141.0, 59.46792),
        ('200310', 90000.0, '3', '3', 5042700.0, 56.03),
        ('266599', 67500.0, '1', '3', 3722490.0, 55.148),
        ('211517', 90000.0, '2', '3', 4604098.5, 51.15664444444446),
        ('260331', 88650.0, '1', '3', 4146012.0, 46.76832487309645),
        ('104007', 72000.0, '2', '3', 3353157.0, 46.571625),
        ('164041', 85500.0, '2', '3', 3876021.0, 45.33357894736842),
        ('171460', 90000.0, '1', '3', 4015030.5, 44.61144444444444),
        ('250994', 67500.0, '1', '3', 2992275.0, 44.33),
        ('134516', 49500.0, '2', '3', 2098467.0, 42.39327272727273),
        ('119480', 58500.0, '1', '3', 2417764.5, 41.329299145299146),
        ('270590', 67500.0, '1', '3', 2788060.5, 41.30459259259259),
        ('235212', 45000.0, '1', '3', 1852314.0, 41.162533333333333).
        ('299356', 67500.0, '1', '3', 2742232.5, 40.62565925925926),
        ('174824', 67500.0, '2', '3', 2732256.0, 40.47786666666664),
        ('112808', 112500.0, '2', '3', 4536441.0, 40.32392),
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        ('164657', 90000.0, '1', '3', 3512362.5, 39.02624444444444),
```

```
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('212734', 49500.0, '2', '3', 1879582.5, 37.971353535353536),
('165920', 67500.0, '1', '3', 2484634.5, 36.809392592592594),
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('295134', 72000.0, '1', '3', 2577078.0, 35.79275),
('134961', 67500.0, '1', '3', 2411833.5, 35.73085925925926),
('148445', 67500.0, '1', '3', 2410798.5, 35.715525925925924),
('265117', 121500.0, '1', '3', 4311863.7, 35.48858436213992),
('120387', 67500.0, '1', '3', 2388874.5, 35.39072592592593).
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('125410', 135000.0, '1', '3', 4755501.0, 35.2259333333333),
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('224608', 90000.0, '1', '3', 3105454.5, 34.50504444444444),
('144786', 112500.0, '1', '3', 3876529.5, 34.458035555555554),
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('120079', 135000.0, '1', '3', 4644607.5, 34.404496296296294),
('231642', 45000.0, '2', '3', 1543225.5, 34.29388888888889),
('187382', 67500.0, '1', '3', 2291512.5, 33.94832592592593),
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('295950', 99000.0, '2', '3', 3280815.0, 33.139545454545456),
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('282789', 90000.0, '2', '3', 2967075.0, 32.9675),
('164096', 90000.0, '1', '3', 2966769.0, 32.9641),
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('281562', 90000.0, '1', '3', 2936659.5, 32.62954444444444),
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('239659', 126000.0, '2', '3', 4089951.0, 32.45992857142857),
('285976', 135000.0, '1', '3', 4353543.0, 32.24846666666666),
('123388', 112500.0, '1', '3', 3626523.0, 32.23576),
('105372', 90000.0, '1', '3', 2894746.5, 32.1638444444444),
('293645', 36000.0, '1', '3', 1157274.0, 32.1465),
('219288', 135000.0, '1', '3', 4276836.0, 31.68026666666668),
('230087', 130500.0, '1', '3', 4133128.5, 31.671478927203065),
('178554', 103500.0, '1', '3', 3263681.3, 31.533149758454105),
('117209', 135000.0, '1', '3', 4236592.5, 31.382162962962962),
('171743', 135000.0, '1', '3', 4214461.5, 31.21822962962963),
('126669', 36000.0, '3', '3', 1123299.0, 31.20275),
('259516', 112500.0, '1', '3', 3506409.0, 31.16808),
('196765', 90000.0, '2', '3', 2801475.0, 31.1275),
```

```
('153684', 67500.0, '1', '3', 2098120.5, 31.083259259259258),
('152077', 90000.0, '1', '3', 2795404.5, 31.06004444444443),
('153454', 90000.0, '2', '3', 2783439.0, 30.9271),
('232686', 225000.0, '2', '3', 6884878.5, 30.59945777777778),
('226841', 112500.0, '1', '3', 3438000.0, 30.56),
('205998', 112500.0, '1', '3', 3431803.5, 30.504915555555556),
('247208', 112500.0, '1', '3', 3398454.0, 30.20848),
('203665', 76500.0, '1', '3', 2307807.0, 30.167411764705882),
('169407', 90000.0, '2', '3', 2700720.0, 30.008),
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('146586', 81000.0, '1', '3', 2425702.5, 29.94693827160494),
('247155', 76500.0, '1', '3', 2286094.5, 29.883581699346404),
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('232526', 157500.0, '1', '3', 4648725.0, 29.515714285714285),
('105961', 90000.0, '2', '3', 2652930.0, 29.477),
('153966', 108000.0, '1', '3', 3182123.0300000003, 29.46410185185185),
('118586', 180000.0, '1', '3', 5283342.0, 29.3519),
('167541', 135000.0, '1', '3', 3953587.5, 29.285829629629628),
('153639', 67500.0, '1', '3', 1974001.5, 29.24445925925926),
('137793', 45000.0, '1', '3', 1315750.5, 29.23888888888887),
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('155828', 103500.0, '2', '3', 2997706.5, 28.963342995169082),
('156839', 135000.0, '1', '3', 3909568.5, 28.959762962962962)]
```

3.2. DataFrame Implementation

```
[525]: %%time

# Finds the value of "Married" in value_dict

df_value_filtered = df_value.filter((F.col("category") == "family_status") & (F.

col("key") == "Married"))

value = df_value_filtered.collect()[0]['value']

df_app_filtered = df_app.filter((F.col("num_of_children") > 0) & (F.

col("family_status") == value))

# Change the column name to avoid replicate column name after joining dfs
```

```
df_app_filtered_1 = df_app_filtered.withColumnRenamed("amt_credit",_
 →"amt_credit_1").withColumnRenamed("id_app", "id_app_1")
df_pre_app_filtered = df_pre_app.filter(F.col("name_contract_status") ==_u

¬"Approved")

df_joined = df_pre_app_filtered.join(df_app_filtered_1, df_pre_app_filtered.
 ⇔id_app == df_app_filtered_1.id_app_1, how = "left_outer")
df_joined = df_joined.select("id_app", "num_of_children", "family_status", __
 →"amt_credit", "name_contract_status", "income_total")\
                   .filter(F.col("income_total") != 0)
# Calculates the total credit of id_app
df_joined_1 = df_joined.groupby("id_app").agg(F.sum(F.col("amt_credit")).
 ⇔alias("total_credit"))
df_joined_1 = df_joined_1.withColumnRenamed("id_app", "id_app_2")
# Joins the dfs to get other attributes
df_joined_2 = df_joined.join(df_joined_1, df_joined.id_app == df_joined_1.
 →id_app_2, how = "inner")
# Calculates the ratio and filters the total credit > 5 times of total income
df_result = df_joined_2.select("id_app", "num_of_children", "family_status", __

¬"total_credit", "name_contract_status", "income_total")
\
                     .withColumn("credit_income_ratio", F.
 ⇔col("total_credit") / F.col("income_total"))\
                     .filter(F.col("total credit") > 5 * F.
 .sort("credit_income_ratio", ascending=False)
df_result.show(100)
----+
|id_app|num_of_children|family_status|
total_credit|name_contract_status|income_total|credit_income_ratio|
----+
                               3|
|147568|
                   1 |
                                    4706523.0
                                                        Approved|
67500.0 | 69.72626666666666 |
12660031
                               3|
                                    6690141.0|
                                                        Approved|
112500.0
                59.467921
                               3|
[200310]
                  31
                                    5042700.01
                                                        Approved|
90000.0|
                   56.03|
12665991
                  1 |
                               31
                                    3722490.01
                                                        Approved|
```

55.148

67500.0|

211517	2	3	4604098.5	Approved
90000.0	51.15665	21	4146010 01	ا بـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ
260331 88650.0		3	4146012.0	Approved
104007		3	3353157.0	Approved
72000.0		01	0000101.01	npprovou
164041		3	3876021.0	Approved
85500.0				
171460	1	3	4015030.5	Approved
90000.0	44.61145			
250994	1	3	2992275.0	Approved
67500.0	44.33			
134516		3	2098467.0	Approved
49500.0				
119480		3	2417764.5	Approved
58500.0				
270590		3	2788060.5	Approved
67500.0		0.1	4050044.01	
235212		3	1852314.0	Approved
45000.0		3	0740020 El	٨ ١
299356 67500.0		31	2742232.5	Approved
174824		3	2732256.0	Approved
67500.0		91	2732230.01	Approved
112808		3	4536441.0	Approved
112500.0		01	1000111.01	mpp1000a1
296254	2	3	6520914.0	Approved
162000.0		•		11
122312	1	3	5286514.5	Approved
135000.0	39.15936666666666			••
164657	1	3	3512362.5	Approved
90000.0	39.02625			
171131	1	3	5132659.5	Approved
135000.0	38.0197			
212734	2	3	1879582.5	Approved
49500.0	37.971363636363634			
165920	1	3	2484634.5	Approved
67500.0	36.8094			
159527	1	3	2978118.0	Approved
81000.0	36.76688888888886			
268918	1	3	5758623.0	Approved
157500.0	36.56268571428571			
100831		3	2433460.5	Approved
67500.0				
295134		3	2577078.0	Approved
72000.0		_		
134961		3	2411833.5	Approved
67500.0	35.73086666666664			

148445	1	3	2410798.5	Approved
67500.0 265117	35.715533333333333 1	3	4311863.6875	Approved
121500.0 120387	35.48859002057613 1	3	2388874.5	Approved
67500.0 162416	35.390733333333333 1	31	2387439.0	Approved
67500.0	35.36946666666667			
234636 49500.0	2 35.359181818182	3	1750279.5	Approved
173017 135000.0	1 35.3575	3	4773262.5	Approved
125410	1	3	4755501.0	Approved
135000.0 243660	35.225933333333333 1	3	2818827.0	Approved
81000.0 222446	34.800333333333334 1	3	2891952.0	Approved
83250.0 224608	34.73816216216216 1	31	3105454.5	Approved
90000.0	34.50505			••
144786 112500.0	1 34.45804	3	3876529.5	Approved
259667 135000.0	3 34.42756666666664	3	4647721.5	Approved
120079 135000.0	1 34.4045	3	4644607.5	Approved
231642	2	3	1543225.5	Approved
45000.0 187382	34.2939 1	3	2291512.5	Approved
67500.0 238852	33.948333333333333	3	3774415.5	Approved
112500.0 218674	33.55036	21	1050500 F	
	2 33.34238461538462	3	1950529.5	Approved
295950 99000.01	2 33.139545454545456	3	3280815.0	Approved
255914 112500.0	1 33.02696	3	3715533.0	Approved
282789	2	3	2967075.0	Approved
90000.0 164096	32.9675 1	3	2966769.0	Approved
90000.0 271644	32.9641 2	31	3705327.0	Approved
112500.0	32.93624			
215679 67500.0	1 32.695114814814815	3	2206920.25	Approved
281562 90000.0	1 32.62955	3	2936659.5	Approved

137817	2	3	2348563.5	Approved
72000.0 190093	32.6189375 2	3	2927997.0	Approved
90000.01	32.5333			
239659	2	3	4089951.0	Approved
126000.0	32.45992857142857			
285976	1	3	4353543.0	Approved
	32.248466666666666	0.1	0404500 01	
123388	1	3	3626523.0	Approved
112500.0 105372	32.23576 1	3	2894746.5	Approved
90000.0	32.16385	31	2094140.51	Approved
293645	1	3	1157274.0	Approved
36000.0	32.1465	01	110/2/4.0	Approved
219288	1	3	4276836.0	Approved
135000.01		01	12.000010,	
230087	1	3	4133128.5	Approved
130500.0	31.67148275862069			
178554	1	3	3263681.25	Approved
103500.0	31.533152173913045			
117209	1	3	4236592.5	Approved
135000.0	31.382166666666667			
171743	1	3	4214461.5	Approved
	31.218233333333334			
126669	3	3	1123299.0	Approved
36000.0	31.20275	- 1		
259516	1	3	3506409.0	Approved
112500.0	31.16808	0.1	0004475 01	
196765	2	3	2801475.0	Approved
90000.0	31.1275	0.1	0000100 El	A
153684	1 31.08326666666667	3	2098120.5	Approved
1152077	1	3	2795404.5	Approxed
90000.0	31.06005	31	2193404.31	Approved
153454	2	3	2783439.0	Approved
90000.0	30.9271	01	2700100.07	npprovod
232686	2	3	6884878.5	Approved
225000.0	30.59946			
226841	1	3	3438000.0	Approved
112500.0	30.56			••
[205998]	1	3	3431803.5	Approved
112500.0	30.50492			
[247208]	1	3	3398454.0	Approved
112500.0	30.20848			
203665	1	3	2307807.0	Approved
	30.167411764705882			
169407	2	3	2700720.0	Approved
90000.0	30.008			

219945	2	3	2160387.0	Approved
72000.0 146586	30.005375 1	3	2425702.5	Annarradi
	29.946944444444444	31	2425702.51	Approved
247155	1	3	2286094.5	Approved
	29.883588235294116	01	2200001.01	npprovou
128485	1	3	2683278.0	Approved
90000.01	29.8142			11
[262039]	1	3	4687668.0	Approved
157500.0	29.76297142857143			
243750	1	3	2007382.5	Approved
67500.0	29.739			
143523	1	3	2132316.0	Approved
72000.0	29.6155			
119465	2	3	1997041.5	Approved
67500.0	29.5858			
184400	1	3	2660508.0	Approved
90000.0	29.5612	0.1	4040505 01	
232526	1	3	4648725.0	Approved
157500.0 105961	29.515714285714285	21	0650030 01	٨ ا
90000.0	2 29.477	3	2652930.0	Approved
153966	29.477	2 219	82123.03125	Approved
	29.464102141203703	31310	32123.031231	Approved
118586	1	3	5283342.0	Approved
180000.0	29.3519	01	0200012.01	npprovou
167541	1	3	3953587.5	Approved
135000.0		91	333333.131	PF
153639	1	3	1974001.5	Approved
67500.0	29.24446666666668			••
137793	1	3	1315750.5	Approved
45000.0	29.2389			
110363	1	3	2892028.5	Approved
99000.0	29.21240909090909			
194124	2	3	1702809.0	Approved
	29.107846153846154			
255909	2	3	3269808.0	Approved
112500.0	29.06496			
264997	2	3	3259728.0	Approved
112500.0	28.97536	0.1	0040545 51	
146540	1	3	3910747.5	Approved
135000.0	28.9685	2.1	0007706 F	A 11
103500 01	2	3	2997706.5	Approved
103500.0 156839	28.963347826086956 1	3	3909568.5	Approved
135000.0		٥ı	0909000.01	wbbrosed
172216	1	3	2201616.0	Approved
76500.0	28.77929411764706	J 1		11PP1 0 1 0 d 1

3.3. Spark SQL Implementation

```
[526]: %%time
       # Create Views from Dataframes
       df_app.createOrReplaceTempView("sql_app")
       df_pre_app.createOrReplaceTempView("sql_pre_app")
       df_value.createOrReplaceTempView("sql_value")
       sql_result = spark.sql("""
           SELECT p.id_app, a.num_of_children, a.family_status,
                  SUM(p.amt_credit) AS total_credit, p.name_contract_status, a.
        ⇔income_total,
                  SUM(p.amt_credit) / a.income_total AS credit_income_ratio
           FROM sql_pre_app p
           LEFT JOIN (
               SELECT id_app, num_of_children, family_status, amt_credit, income_total
               FROM sql_app
               WHERE num_of_children > 0 AND family_status = (
                   SELECT value FROM sql_value
                   WHERE category = 'family_status' AND key = 'Married'
           ) a ON p.id_app = a.id_app
           WHERE p.name_contract_status = 'Approved' AND a.income_total != 0
           GROUP BY p.id_app, a.num_of_children, a.family_status, p.
        ⇔name_contract_status, a.income_total
           HAVING SUM(p.amt credit) > 5 * a.income total
           ORDER BY credit_income_ratio DESC
           LIMIT 100
           """)
       result_df.show()
```

266003	1	3	6690141.0	Approved
112500.0	59.46792			
200310	3	3	5042700.0	Approved
90000.01	56.03			
266599	1	3	3722490.0	Approved
67500.0	55.148			
211517	2	3	4604098.5	Approved
90000.01	51.15665			
260331	1	3	4146012.0	Approved
88650.0	46.76832487309645			
104007	2	3	3353157.0	Approved
72000.0	46.571625	- 1		
164041	2	3	3876021.0	Approved
85500.0	45.33357894736842	0.1	4045000 51	
171460	1	3	4015030.5	Approved
90000.0	44.61145	0.1	0000075 01	
250994	1	3	2992275.0	Approved
67500.0	44.33	0.1	0000467 01	A 31
134516	2	3	2098467.0	Approved
49500.0	42.393272727273	21	2417764.5	Annarrad
119480	11.329307692307694	31	241//04.5	Approved
270590	1	3	2788060.5	Approved
67500.0	41.3046	31	2700000.51	Approved
235212	1	3	1852314.0	Approved
	41.162533333333336	01	1002014.01	Approved
12993561	1	3	2742232.5	Approved
67500.0	40.62566666666667	01	21 12202.01	Approved
174824	2	3	2732256.0	Approved
	10.47786666666664	01	55	PLT 0 1 0 0 1
112808	2	3	4536441.0	Approved
112500.0	40.32392	- •		11
296254	2	3	6520914.0	Approved
162000.0	40.25255555555555	•	·	
122312	1	3	5286514.5	Approved
135000.0	39.15936666666666			••
164657	1	3	3512362.5	Approved
90000.0	39.02625			
+		+		
+				

----+
only showing top 20 rows

CPU times: user 10.4 ms, sys: 2.71 ms, total: 13.1 ms $\,$

Wall time: 1.56 s

2.2.3 3.4 Observe the query execution time among RDD, DataFrame, SparkSQL, which is the fastest and why? (Maximum 500 words.)

The SparkSQL is the fastest. SQL queries are utilised in SparkSQL. Since SQL is high-level language, which allows for more concise and declarative expression to manipulate data. In addition, SparkSQL is optimised, aiming to generate execution plans for SQL queries with higher efficiency. An enture query plan can be compiled into a single function, reducing the overhead of separately processing each operation. Therefore, SparkSQL provides improved performance compared to RDDs and DataFrame.

Summary The time might differ when running on different machines. Overall, the DataFrame and SQL queries run compared with RDD.

2.2.4 Some ideas on the comparison

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