

# Code Logic - Retail Data Analysis

In this document, you will describe the code and the overall steps taken to solve the project. Following steps were taken for the code:

- 1) Imported all necessary python libraries and functions for executing spark sql
- 2) Create spark session
- 3) Connect to the kafka server where data was hosted to read the source data set
- 4) Define schema to read columns by assigning appropriate data types.
- 5) As the data is stored in binary format in Kafka, the cast to string type was done
- 6) Used the explode function to read the nested data in source file and stored the data in a dataframe where each nested columns will now be available in a columnar structure.
- 7) Define UDF's. As per the requirement, UDF's were to be calculated which is done as below:

Each order will contain returns and orders, if type is return then that amount has to be deducted hence multiplied with -1 to make amount negative else total sales will be unit price\* quantity

#UDF to determine total\_sales

```
def total_sales(type,unit_price,quantity):
```

```
    if (type == 'RETURN'):
```

```
        return (-1*(unit_price*quantity))
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return (unit_price*quantity)
```

this is a flag to indicate return or no return

# UDF to determine Is\_Return in case of Return.

```
def Is_Return(type):
```

```
    if type == "RETURN":
```

```
        return(1)
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return(0)
```

flag to indicate order or not order and not return

# UDF to determine Is\_Order in case of Order.

```
def Is_Order(type):
```

```
    if type == "ORDER":
```

```
        return(1)
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return(0)
```

- 8) The data was then written to console for a tumbling window of one minute, with write format of append to avoid repeated data, and considering a watermark of 1 second. This can be increased or decreased based on the requirement.
- 9) The next step was to calculate KPI's as per the instructions in project description for a tumbling window of one min. This was done using the window function.
- 10) Last step was to write data in json on hdfs..
- 11) To run script, go to ec2 instance and login as root user and run the script as follows:

```
[root@ip-10-0-0-96 ~]# export SPARK_KAFKA_VERSION=0.10
[root@ip-10-0-0-96 ~]# spark2-submit --jars spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11-2.3.0.jar spark-streaming.py > console_output
21/03/29 13:34:05 INFO spark.SparkContext: Running Spark version 2.3.0.cloudera2
21/03/29 13:34:05 INFO spark.SparkContext: Submitted application: Project_kafka
21/03/29 13:34:05 INFO spark.SecurityManager: Changing view acls to: root
21/03/29 13:34:05 INFO spark.SecurityManager: Changing modify acls to: root
21/03/29 13:34:05 INFO spark.SecurityManager: Changing view acls groups to:
21/03/29 13:34:05 INFO spark.SecurityManager: Changing modify acls groups to:
21/03/29 13:34:05 INFO spark.SecurityManager: SecurityManager: authentication disabled; ui acls disabled; users with view permissions: Set(root); groups with view permissions: Set(); users with modify permissions: Set(root); groups with modify permissions: Set()
21/03/29 13:34:06 INFO util.Utils: Successfully started service 'sparkDriver' on port 34414.
21/03/29 13:34:06 INFO spark.SparkEnv: Registering MapOutputTracker
21/03/29 13:34:06 INFO spark.SparkEnv: Registering BlockManagerMaster
21/03/29 13:34:06 INFO storage.BlockManagerMasterEndpoint: Using org.apache.spark.storage.DefaultTopologyMapper for getting topology
21/03/29 13:34:06 INFO storage.BlockManagerMasterEndpoint: BlockManagerMasterEndpoint up
21/03/29 13:34:06 INFO storage.DiskBlockManager: Created local directory at /tmp/blockmgr-0ceb7eb8-4682-45c7-a81d-a81c9acfee3
21/03/29 13:34:06 INFO memory.MemoryStore: MemoryStore started with capacity 366.3 MB
21/03/29 13:34:06 INFO spark.SparkEnv: Registering OutputCommitCoordinator
```

- 12) Manually terminate the session from putty , until then data will be written to console\_output and later to respective hdfs paths where json output is recorded.