과목 : 인공지능과 기계학습

과제 : 손글씨 분류 구현



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```
In [2]: import warnings
warnings.simplefilter(action='ignore', category=FutureWarning)
          import sys
          import tensorflow as tf
          import keras
          from keras.models import Sequential
          from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
from keras.layers.convolutional import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
          import numpy as np
          np.random.seed(7)
         print('Python version : ', sys.version)
print('TensorFlow version : ', tf.__version__)
print('Keras version : ', keras.__version__)
          Python version: 3.7.4 (default, Aug 9 2019, 18:34:13) [MSC v.1915 64 bit (AMD64)]
          TensorFlow version : 2.1.0
          Keras version : 2.3.1
          Using TensorFlow backend.
In [3]: img_rows = 28
          img\_cols = 28
          (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = keras.datasets.mnist.load_data()
          input_shape = (img_rows, img_cols, 1)
          x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
          x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
          x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.
          x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255.
          print('x_train shape:', x_train.shape)
print(x_train.shape[0], 'train samples')
print(x_test.shape[0], 'test samples')
          batch_size = 128
          num_classes = 10
          epochs = 12
          y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
          y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
          x_train shape: (60000, 28, 28, 1)
```

60000 train samples 10000 test samples

Model: "sequential_1"

| Layer (type) | Output | Shape | Param # |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------|---------|
| conv2d_1 (Conv2D) | (None, | 28, 28, 32) | 832 |
| max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2 | (None, | 14, 14, 32) | 0 |
| conv2d_2 (Conv2D) | (None, | 14, 14, 64) | 8256 |
| max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2 | (None, | 7, 7, 64) | 0 |
| dropout_1 (Dropout) | (None, | 7, 7, 64) | 0 |
| flatten_1 (Flatten) | (None, | 3136) | 0 |
| dense_1 (Dense) | (None, | 1000) | 3137000 |
| dropout_2 (Dropout) | (None, | 1000) | 0 |
| dense_2 (Dense) | (None, | 10) | 10010 |

Total params: 3,156,098 Trainable params: 3,156,098 Non-trainable params: 0

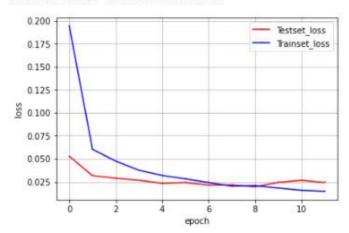
```
verbose=1
           validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
   Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [====== - 61
         acy: 0.9831
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [:
             60000/60000 [------] - 045 1ms/step - 1055 0.0415 accuracy: 0.3834 1.3555 0.0267 - val_accur
60000/60000 [------] - 63s 1ms/step - 10ss: 0.0375 - accuracy: 0.9880 - val_loss: 0.0267 - val_accur
   acy: 0.9912
Epoch 5/12
   60000/60000 [
         acy: 0.9913
Epoch 6/12
   60000/60000 [
             acy: 0.9917
Epoch 7/12
   60000/60000 [
             acy: 0.9933
Epoch 8/12
   60000/60000 [
acy: 0.9926
Epoch 9/12
             60000/60000 [
            acy: 0.9930
Epoch 10/12
   60000/60000 [========================== ] - 65s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0158 - accuracy: 0.9948 - val_loss: 0.0266 - val_accur
   acy: 0.9915
Epoch 12/12
   60000/60000 [
acy: 0.9925
```

```
In [14]:

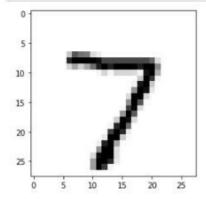
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
#레스트, 尊音 오차 그래프
y_vloss = hist.history['val_loss']
y_loss = hist.history['loss']
x_len = np.arange(len(y_loss))
plt.plot(x_len, y_vloss, marker=',',c="red", label='Testset_loss')
plt.plot(x_len, y_loss, marker=',',c="blue",label='Trainset_loss')
plt.legend(loc='upper right')
plt.grid()
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.show()
```

Test loss: 0.024134845009130004 Test accuracy: 0.9925000071525574



```
In [15]: n = 0
plt.imshow(x_test[n].reshape(28, 28), cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
plt.show()
print('The Answer is ', model.predict_classes(x_test[n].reshape((1, 28, 28, 1))))
```



The Answer is [7]