

Transforming Tables

1. Append Table Task

2. Split Columns Task

3. Stack Columns Task

Transforming Tables

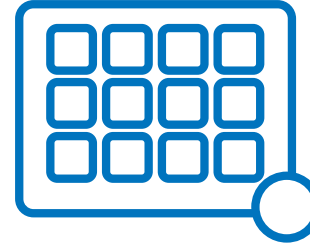
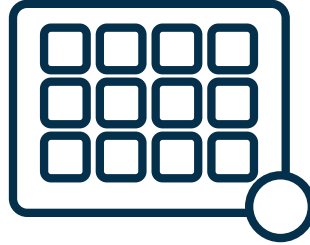
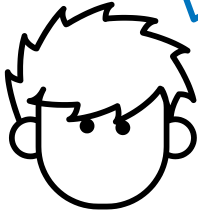
1. Append Table Task

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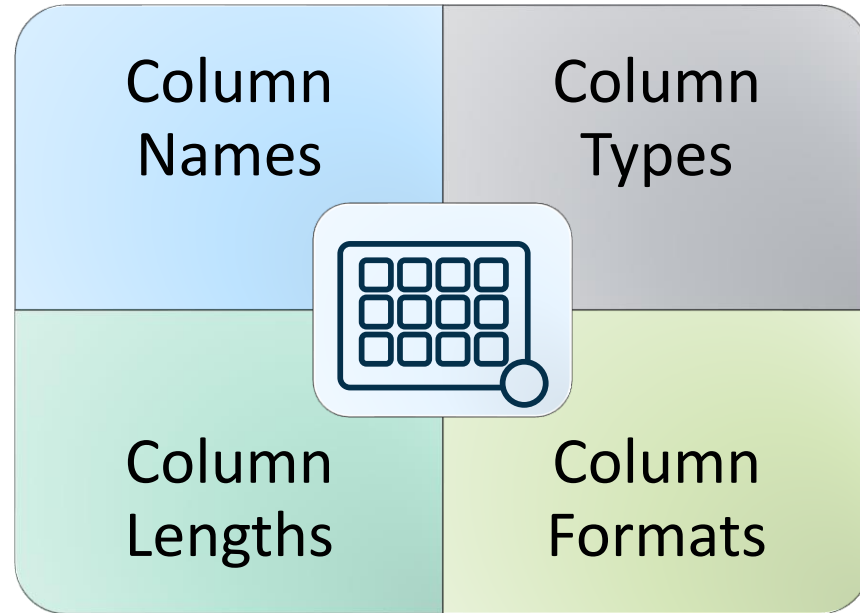
3. Stack Columns Task

Appending Data

I've got tables for
monthly orders. I need
one table for the year.



Appending Data: Table Structure



2.01 Activity

Compare the table structure of three tables, including the column names, lengths, types, and formats.

1. Using the Servers pane, expand **Servers** ⇒ **Local** ⇒ **Libraries** ⇒ **ORION**.
2. Right-click **ORDERS07** and select **Properties**. Note the column details.
3. Right-click **ORDERS08** and select **Properties**. Note the column details.
4. Right-click **ORDERS09** and select **Properties**. Note the column details.

Can you append the **ORDERS07**, **ORDERS08**, and **ORDERS09** tables?

2.01 Activity – Correct Answer

Can you append the **ORDERS07**, **ORDERS08**, and **ORDERS09** tables?

| General Columns | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|--------|--------|----------|----------------------|
| Name | Type | Length | Format | Informat | Label |
| ⊕ Customer_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Customer ID |
| 📅 Order_Date | Date | 8 | DATE9. | | Order Placement Date |
| ⊕ Order_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Order ID |
| ⊕ Order_Type | Numeric | 3 | 2. | | Order Type |

| General Columns | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|--------|-----------|----------|----------------------|
| Name | Type | Length | Format | Informat | Label |
| ⊕ Customer_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Customer ID |
| 📅 Order_Date | Date | 8 | MMDDYY10. | | Order Placement Date |
| ⊕ Order_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Order ID |
| ⊕ Order_Type | Numeric | 3 | 2. | | Order Type |
| ⊕ Product_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Product ID |

| General Columns | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|--------|--------|----------|----------------------|
| Name | Type | Length | Format | Informat | Label |
| ⊕ Customer_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Customer ID |
| 📅 Order_Date | Date | 8 | DATE9. | | Order Placement Date |
| ⊕ Order_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Order ID |
| ⊕ Order_Type | Numeric | 3 | 2. | | Order Type |

Yes, although **ORDERS09** has an additional column and the **Order_Date** format does not match.





Appending Tables

Append EMPS_AU, EMPS_DE and EMPS_US.

This demonstration illustrates appending tables with different structures.

2.02 Multiple Answer Question

Which properties of the output table might be affected by the order in which tables are listed in the Append Table task? (Select all that apply.)

- a. the number of rows
- b. the order of rows
- c. the number of columns
- d. the order of columns
- e. the names of columns

2.02 Multiple Answer Question – Correct Answers

Which properties of the output table might be affected by the order in which tables are listed in the Append Table task? (Select all that apply.)

- a. the number of rows
- ☒ b. the order of rows
- c. the number of columns
- ☒ d. the order of columns
- e. the names of columns

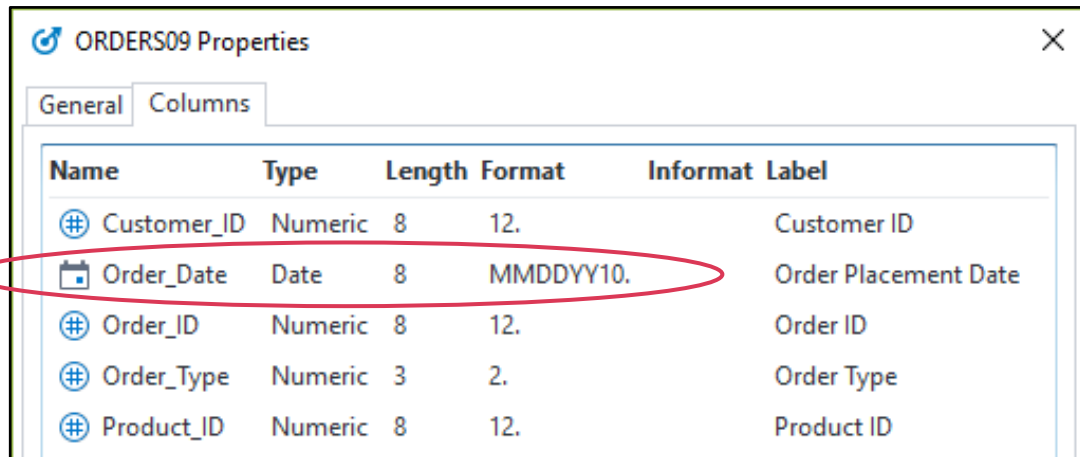
2.03 Activity

1. Add the **orders07**, **orders08**, and **orders09** tables from the **orion** library.
2. Use the Append Table task to concatenate the tables.
 - Select tables so that rows are ordered by descending months (**orders09**, **orders08**, and **orders07**).
 - Specify **SummerOrders** as the name of the output table.
3. Verify that there are 3,363 rows in the new table.
4. Answer the following question:

Why do the **Order_Date** values appear in the MM/DD/YYYY format?

2.03 Activity – Correct Answer

Why do the **Order_Date** values appear in the MM/DD/YYYY format?



ORDERS09 Properties

General Columns

| Name | Type | Length | Format | Informat | Label |
|-------------|---------|--------|-----------|----------|----------------------|
| Customer_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Customer ID |
| Order_Date | Date | 8 | MMDDYY10. | | Order Placement Date |
| Order_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Order ID |
| Order_Type | Numeric | 3 | 2. | | Order Type |
| Product_ID | Numeric | 8 | 12. | | Product ID |

The format (MMDDYY10.)
from the first table
(**ORDERS09**) is used.



Transforming Tables

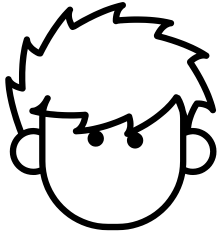
1. Append Table Task

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Corporate Training Report

In order to create the report, our data needs to be structured in a different way.



Restructuring Data



Split Columns



Stack Columns



Transpose

Splitting Columns

| ID | Name | Course | Course_Date |
|--------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|
| 120101 | Lu, Patrick | Compliance Training | 2-Mar-19 |
| 120101 | Lu, Patrick | Corporate Security | 1-Jun-19 |
| 120101 | Lu, Patrick | On the Job Safety | 7-Sep-19 |
| 120102 | Zhou, Tom | Compliance Training | 2-Mar-19 |
| 120102 | Zhou, Tom | Corporate Security | 1-Jun-19 |
| 120102 | Zhou, Tom | On the Job Safety | 7-Sep-19 |
| 120103 | Dawes, Wilson | Corporate Security | 1-Jun-19 |

I need one row per employee.



| ID | Name | Compliance Training | Corporate Security | On the Job Safety |
|--------|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 120101 | Lu, Patrick | 2-Mar-19 | 1-Jun-19 | 7-Sep-19 |
| 120102 | Zhou, Tom | 2-Mar-19 | 1-Jun-19 | 7-Sep-19 |
| 120103 | Dawes, Wilson | . | 1-Jun-19 | . |

2.04 Multiple Choice Question

Given the table shown here, which column contains the values to be split into the new column values?

- a. **DayOfWeek**
- b. **SaleType**
- c. **TotalSales**

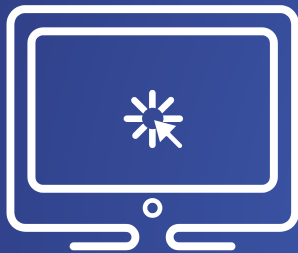
| DayOfWeek | SaleType | TotalSales |
|-----------|----------|------------|
| Monday | Retail | \$3,316.88 |
| Monday | Internet | \$361.40 |
| Tuesday | Retail | \$8,111.78 |
| Tuesday | Internet | \$745.50 |
| Tuesday | Phone | \$1,173.20 |
| Wednesday | Retail | \$4,501.56 |
| Wednesday | Internet | \$592.00 |
| Wednesday | Phone | \$246.60 |

2.04 Multiple Choice Question – Correct Answer

Given the table shown here, which column contains the values to be split into the new column values?

- a. **DayOfWeek**
- b. **SaleType**
- c. **TotalSales**

| DayOfWeek | SaleType | TotalSales |
|-----------|----------|------------|
| Monday | Retail | \$3,316.88 |
| Monday | Internet | \$361.40 |
| Tuesday | Retail | \$8,111.78 |
| Tuesday | Internet | \$745.50 |
| Tuesday | Phone | \$1,173.20 |
| Wednesday | Retail | \$4,501.56 |
| Wednesday | Internet | \$592.00 |
| Wednesday | Phone | \$246.60 |

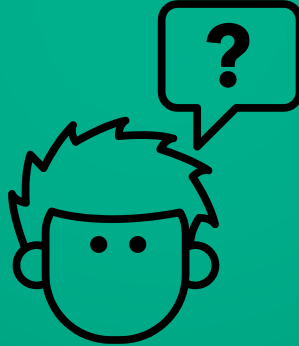


Split Columns Task

Use the Split Columns task to restructure the employee_training table.

This demonstration illustrates using the Split Columns task to restructure a table.

Questions?



Transforming Tables

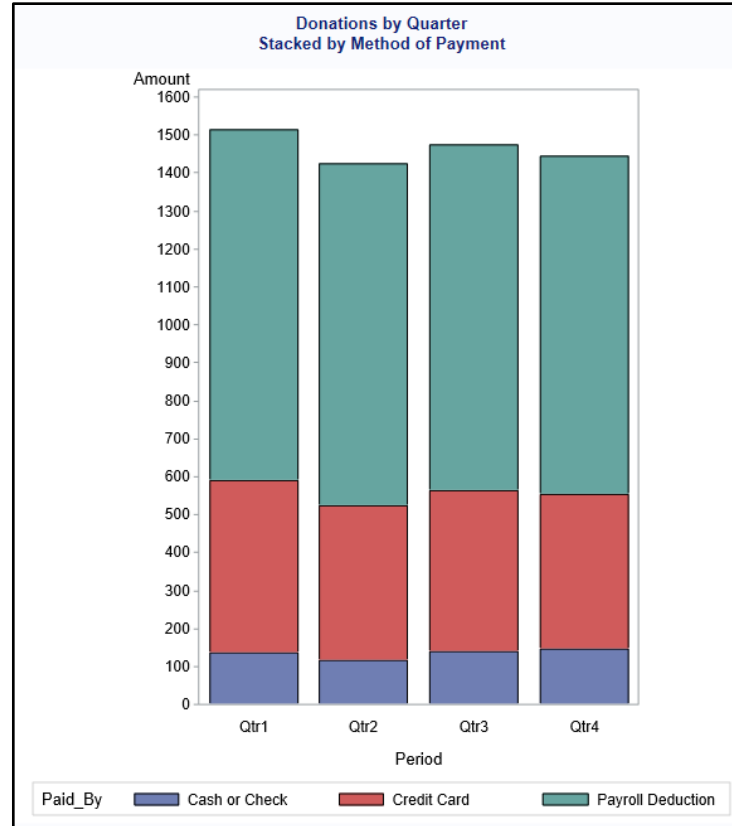
1. Append Table Task

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Total Employee Donations by Quarter

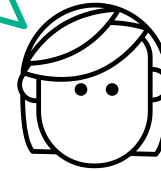
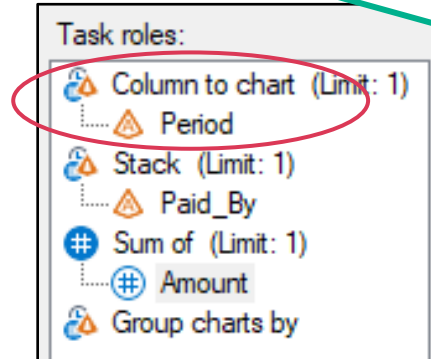
How do charitable donations break down by quarter?



Total Employee Donations by Quarter

| ID | Paid_By | Period | Amount |
|--------|-------------------|--------|--------|
| 120265 | Cash or Check | Qtr1 | . |
| 120265 | Cash or Check | Qtr2 | . |
| 120265 | Cash or Check | Qtr3 | . |
| 120265 | Cash or Check | Qtr4 | 25 |
| 120267 | Payroll Deduction | Qtr1 | 15 |
| 120267 | Payroll Deduction | Qtr2 | 15 |
| 120267 | Payroll Deduction | Qtr3 | 15 |
| 120267 | Payroll Deduction | Qtr4 | 15 |
| 120269 | Payroll Deduction | Qtr1 | 20 |
| 120269 | Payroll Deduction | Qtr2 | 20 |

Many tasks require a single numeric column that contains measurement values and classification columns that identify groups.



Stacking Columns

| ID | Paid_By | Qtr1 | Qtr2 | Qtr3 | Qtr4 |
|--------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 120265 | Cash or Check | . | . | . | 25 |
| 120267 | Payroll Deduction | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 120269 | Payroll Deduction | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |

I need one column for the donation period.



| Period | Amount | ID | Paid_By |
|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|
| Qtr1 | . | 120265 | Cash or Check |
| Qtr2 | . | 120265 | Cash or Check |
| Qtr3 | . | 120265 | Cash or Check |
| Qtr4 | 25 | 120265 | Cash or Check |
| Qtr1 | 15 | 120267 | Payroll Deduction |
| Qtr2 | 15 | 120267 | Payroll Deduction |
| Qtr3 | 15 | 120267 | Payroll Deduction |
| Qtr4 | 15 | 120267 | Payroll Deduction |
| Qtr1 | 20 | 120269 | Payroll Deduction |
| Qtr2 | 20 | 120269 | Payroll Deduction |

2.06 Multiple Choice Question

When stacking **Salary**, **Bonus**, and **Commissions**, how many rows are generated for each sales ID?

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3
- d. 4

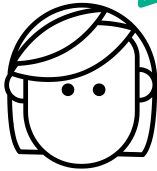
| SalesID | Salary | Bonus | Commissions |
|---------|----------|----------|-------------|
| 1 | \$75,686 | \$52,980 | \$12,555 |
| 2 | \$64,567 | \$45,197 | \$14,534 |
| 3 | \$81,788 | \$57,252 | \$9,873 |
| 4 | \$69,877 | \$48,914 | \$15,778 |
| 5 | \$78,009 | \$54,606 | \$11,701 |

2.06 Multiple Choice Question – Correct Answer

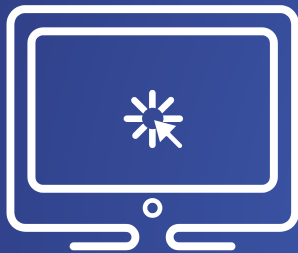
When stacking **Salary**, **Bonus**, and **Commissions**, how many rows are generated for each sales ID?

- a. 1
- b. 2
- ☒ c. 3
- d. 4

The three stacked columns cause three rows to be created for each unique value of **SalesID**.



| SalesID | ValueSource | StackedValues |
|---------|-------------|---------------|
| 1 | Salary | \$75,686 |
| 1 | Bonus | \$52,980 |
| 1 | Commissions | \$12,555 |
| 2 | Salary | \$64,567 |
| 2 | Bonus | \$45,197 |
| 2 | Commissions | \$14,534 |
| 3 | Salary | \$81,788 |
| 3 | Bonus | \$57,252 |
| 3 | Commissions | \$9,873 |



Stack Columns Task

Use the Stack Columns task to restructure the **employee_donations** table.

This demonstration illustrates using the Stack Columns task to restructure a table.

Questions?

