## CSE 150 Homework 5

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## 1 Maximum Likelihood Estimation

(a) Complete data

$$P(B = b | A = a) = \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(a, a_t) \cdot I(b, b_t)}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(a, a_t)}$$

$$P(C = c | A = a, B = b) = \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(a, a_t) \cdot I(b, b_t) \cdot I(c, c_t)}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(a, a_t) \cdot I(b, b_t)}$$

$$P(D = d | A = a, C = c) = \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(a, a_t) \cdot I(c, c_t) \cdot I(d, d_t)}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(a, a_t) \cdot I(d, d_t)}$$

(b) Posterior probability

$$P(a,c|b,d) = \frac{P(a,b,c,d)}{P(b,d)}$$

$$= \frac{P(a) \cdot P(b|a) \cdot P(c|a,b) \cdot P(d|a,c)}{\sum_{a'} \sum_{c'} P(a=a') \cdot P(b|a=a') \cdot P(c=c'|a=a',b) \cdot P(d|a=a',c=c')}$$

(c) Posterior probability

$$P(a|b,d) = \sum_{c'} P(a,c=c'|b,d)$$
  
$$P(c|b,d) = \sum_{a'} P(a=a',c|b,d)$$

(d) Log-likelihood

$$L = \sum_{t} \log P(B = b_{T}, D = d_{t})$$

$$= \sum_{t} \log \sum_{a} \sum_{c} P(A = a, B = b_{T}, C = c, D = d_{t})$$

$$= \sum_{t} \log \sum_{a} \sum_{c} P(A = a) \cdot P(B = b_{T}|A = a) \cdot P(C = c|A = a, B = b_{t}) \cdot P(D = d_{t}|A = a, C = c)$$

(e) EM algorithm

$$P(A = a) \longleftarrow \frac{\widehat{count}(A = a)}{T}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} P(A = a | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{T}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{c} P(A = a, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{T}$$

$$P(B = b | A = a) \longleftarrow \frac{\widehat{count}(A = a, B = b)}{\widehat{count}(A = a)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} P(A = a, B = b | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\widehat{count}(A = a)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(b, b_t) \cdot P(A = a | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\widehat{count}(A = a)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{c} I(b, b_t) \cdot P(A = a, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\widehat{count}(A = a)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{c} I(b, b_t) \cdot P(A = a, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{c} P(A = a, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}$$

$$P(C = c | A = a, B = b) \longleftarrow \frac{\widehat{count}(A = a, B = b, C = c)}{\widehat{count}(A = a, B = b)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} P(A = a, B = b, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\widehat{count}(A = a, B = b)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(b, b_t) \cdot P(A = a, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\widehat{count}(A = a, B = b)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(b, b_t) \cdot P(A = a, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{c'} I(b, b_t) \cdot P(A = a, C = c' | B = b_t, D = d_t)}$$

$$P(D = d | A = a, C = c) \longleftarrow \frac{\widehat{count}(A = a, C = c, D = d)}{\widehat{count}(A = a, C = c)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} P(A = a, C = c, D = d | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\widehat{count}(A = a, C = c)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(d, d_t) \cdot P(A = a, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\widehat{count}(A = a, C = c)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} I(d, d_t) \cdot P(A = a, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} P(A = a, C = c | B = b_t, D = d_t)}$$

## 2 EM algorithm for noisy-OR

#### (a) Equivalence of models

- (i) Marginalization over  $\overrightarrow{z}$
- (ii) Product/chain rule was applied along with conditional independence between every  $z_i$  since all paths between different  $z_i$  are d-separated due to rule #3.
- (iii)  $P_B(Y=0|\overrightarrow{Z}=\overrightarrow{z})=0$  for any  $z_i=1$ , so the only remaining term is for  $\overrightarrow{Z}=0$ .
- (iv)  $P_B(Z_i = 0 | X_i = 1) = 1 p_i$  and  $P_B(Z_i = 0 | X_i = 0) = 1$ . Then  $P_B(Z_i = 0 | X_i = x_i) = (1 p_i)^{x_i}$

#### (b) EM Implementation: Per-iteration statistics

iteration	number of mistakes $M$	$oxed{log}$ conditional likelihood $L$
0	175	-0.9581
1	56	-0.4959
2	43	-0.4082
4	42	-0.3646
8	44	-0.3475
16	40	-0.1146
32	37	-0.3226
64	37	-0.3148
128	36	-0.3112
256	36	-0.3102
512	36	-0.3100

### (c) EM Implementation: Estimated values for $p_i$

i	$p_i$
1	7.952606636558421e-05
2	0.00481741209369718
3	2.5702471621528087e-11
4	0.26533320243361963
5	1.4919335171144578e-05
6	0.009464229795569459
7	0.24030074435506368
8	0.11345165109907844
9	0.0001434658634790401
10	0.5234804065754611
11	0.4072853322527083
12	9.074568784373926e-08
13	0.6157947609276805
14	5.954608022848239e-06
15	0.04490171238688918
16	0.5899773388133327
17	0.99999999999938
18	0.9999999821990931
19	4.154500914170821e-09
20	0.4629914874582514
21	0.3531984001127537
22	0.5248644134908856
23	0.19475859952835034

## (d) EM Implementation: Source code

```
In [102]: p = []
          for i in range(0, 23):
              p.append(0.05)
In [103]: def updatePi():
              newP = []
              for i in range(0, 23):
                  pi = 0
                  Ti = 0
                  for t in range(0, len(X)):
                      prod = 1
                      for j in range(0, len(X[0])):
                          prod *= (1-p[j])**X[t][j]
                      pi += y[t]*X[t][i]*p[i]/(1-prod)
                      Ti += X[t][i]
                  pi = pi/Ti
                  newP.append(pi)
              return newP
In [104]: def computePYX():
              PYX = []
              for i in range(0,len(X)):
                  pyx = 1
                  for j in range(0, len(X[0])):
                      pyx *= (1-p[j])**X[i][j]
                  PYX.append(1-pyx)
              return PYX
In [105]: def loglikelihood(probabilities):
              11 = 0
              for i in range(len(y)):
                  if y[i] == 0:
                      11 += math.log(1-probabilities[i])
                      11 += math.log(probabilities[i])
              11 /= len(y)
              return 11
In [106]: iterations = []
          probabilities = computePYX()
          11 = loglikelihood(probabilities)
          errors = 0
          for i in range(0, len(y)):
              if (probabilities[i] >= 0.5 \text{ and } y[i] == 0)
              or (probabilities[i] < 0.5 and y[i] == 1):
                  errors +=1
          iterations.append((errors, 11))
          for i in range(0,512):
              p = updatePi();
              probabilities = computePYX()
              11 = loglikelihood(probabilities)
```

```
errors = 0
              for i in range(0, len(y)):
                  if (probabilities[i] >= 0.5 \text{ and } y[i] == 0)
                  or (probabilities[i] < 0.5 and y[i] == 1):</pre>
                      errors +=1
              iterations.append((errors, 11))
In [120]: table = []
          table.append((0, iterations[0][0], iterations[0][1]))
          i = 1
          while i <= 512:
              table.append((i, iterations[i][0], iterations[i][1]))
              i *= 2
In [121]: table
Out[121]: [(0, 175, -0.9580854082157914),
           (1, 56, -0.49591639407753635),
           (2, 43, -0.40822081705839114),
           (4, 42, -0.3646149825001877),
           (8, 44, -0.34750061620878253),
           (16, 40, -0.33461704895854844),
           (32, 37, -0.3225814031674978),
           (64, 37, -0.3148266983628557),
           (128, 36, -0.3111558472151897),
           (256, 36, -0.3101613534740759),
           (512, 36, -0.30999030298497576)
In [122]: p
Out[122]: [7.952606636558421e-05,
           0.004817412093697185,
           2.5702471621528087e-11,
           0.26533320243361963,
           1.4919335171144578e-05,
           0.009464229795569459,
           0.24030074435506368,
           0.11345165109907844,
           0.0001434658634790401,
           0.5234804065754611,
           0.4072853322527083,
           9.074568784373926e-08,
           0.6157947609276805,
           5.954608022848239e-06,
           0.04490171238688918,
           0.5899773388133327,
           0.99999999999938,
           0.9999999821990931,
           4.154500914170821e-09,
           0.4629914874582514,
           0.3531984001127537,
           0.5248644134908856,
           0.194758599528350347
```

# 3 EM algorithm for binary matrix completion

#### (a) Sanity check

['The\_Last\_Airbender', 'Batman\_v\_Superman:\_Dawn\_of\_Justice', 'Justice\_League', 'Suicide\_Squad', 'It', 'Terminator\_Genisys', 'World\_War\_Z', 'The\_Shape\_of\_Water', 'Venom', 'Man\_of\_Steel', 'Tron', 'Blade\_Runner\_2049', 'The\_Lego\_Movie', 'Star\_Wars:\_The\_Phantom\_Menace', 'Jurassic World', 'The\_Greatest\_Showman', 'The\_Hunger\_Games', 'Terminator 2', 'Oceans 8', 'Star\_Wars:\_The\_Last\_Jedi', 'La\_La\_Land', 'Mad\_Max:\_Fury\_Road', 'Furious 7', 'Get\_Out', '2001:\_A\_Space\_Odyssey', 'Jumanji:\_Welcome\_to\_the\_Jungle', 'Wonder Woman', 'Frozen', 'Captain\_America:\_Civil\_War', 'Guardians\_of\_the\_Galaxy\_Vol.\_2', 'Star Trek Beyond', 'Harry\_Potter\_and\_the\_Deathly\_Hallows:\_Part\_2', 'Ex Machina', 'Ant-Man and the Wasp', 'Fantastic Beasts and Where To Find Them', 'Rogue One', 'Logan', 'Zootopia', 'The\_Lord\_of\_the\_Rings:\_The\_Fellowship\_of\_the\_Ring', 'Thor: Ragnarok', 'Deadpool 2', 'The\_Imitation\_Game', 'Guardians\_of\_the\_Galaxy', 'Iron\_Man\_3', 'Black\_Panther', 'The\_Martian', 'The\_Wolf\_of\_Wall\_Street', 'The\_Dark\_Knight', 'Jurassic\_Park\_(1993)', 'Avengers:\_Infinity\_War', 'Mission: Impossible -- Fallout', 'Coco', 'Moana', 'Interstellar', 'The Matrix', 'The Avengers', 'WALL-E', 'Inception', 'Solo', 'Doctor\_Strange']

#### (b) Likelihood

$$P(\{R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_{t}}) = \sum_{i=1}^{k} P(\{R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_{t}}, Y = i)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{k} P(Y = i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_{t}} P(R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)} | Y = i, R_{1} = r_{1}^{(t)}, ..., R_{j-1} = r_{j-1}^{(t)})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{k} P(Y = i) \prod_{i \in \Omega} P(R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)} | Y = i)$$
(Cond. Ind. in Bayes' Net)

### (c) E-step

$$P(Y = i | \{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t}) = \frac{P(Y = i, \{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t})}{P(\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t})}$$

$$= \frac{P(Y = i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P(R_j = r_j^{(t)} | Y = i, R_1 = r_1^{(t)}, ..., R_{j-1} = r_{j-1}^{(t)})}{P(\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t})}$$

$$= \frac{P(Y = i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P(R_j = r_j^{(t)} | Y = i)}{P(\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t})}$$

$$= \frac{P(Y = i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P(R_j = r_j^{(t)} | Y = i)}{P(\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t})}$$
(Cond. Ind. in Bayes' Net)
$$= \frac{P(Y = i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P(R_j = r_j^{(t)} | Y = i)}{\sum_{y=1}^k P(Y = y) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P(R_j = r_j^{(t)} | Y = y)}$$
(Replacing denominator)

#### (d) M-step

$$P(Y=i) \longleftarrow \sum_{t=1}^{T} P(Y=i, \{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t}) \qquad \text{(Marginalization over samples)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \sum_{t=1}^{T} P(Y=i | \{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t}) \cdot P(\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t}) \qquad \text{(Product rule)}$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} P(Y=i | \{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t}) \qquad (P(\{R_j = r_j^{(t)}\}_{j \in \Omega_t}) = \frac{1}{T})$$

$$\longleftarrow \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} p_{it}$$

$$\begin{split} P(R_{j} = 1 | Y = 1) &\longleftarrow \frac{P(Y = i | R_{j} = 1) \cdot P(R_{j} = 1)}{P(Y = 1)} \\ &\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t} P(Y = i, \{R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)}\} | R_{j} = 1) \cdot P(R_{j} = 1)}{P(Y = 1)} \\ &\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t} P(Y = i, R_{j} = 1 | \{R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)}\}) \cdot P(\{R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)}\})}{P(Y = 1)} \\ &\longleftarrow \frac{\frac{1}{T}(\sum_{t:j \in \Omega_{t}} P(Y = i | \{R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)}\}) \cdot I(r_{j}^{(t)}, 1) + \sum_{t:j \not\in \Omega_{t}} P(Y = i | \{R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)}\}) \cdot P(R_{j} = 1 | Y = i))}{P(Y = 1)} \\ &\longleftarrow \frac{\frac{1}{T}(\sum_{t:j \in \Omega_{t}} p_{it} \cdot I(r_{j}^{(t)}, 1) + \sum_{t:j \not\in \Omega_{t}} p_{it} \cdot P(R_{j} = 1 | Y = i))}{P(Y = 1)} \\ &\longleftarrow \frac{\frac{1}{T}(\sum_{t:j \in \Omega_{t}} p_{it} \cdot I(r_{j}^{(t)}, 1) + \sum_{t:j \not\in \Omega_{t}} p_{it} \cdot P(R_{j} = 1 | Y = i))}{\frac{1}{T}\sum_{t=1}^{T} p_{it}} \\ &\longleftarrow \frac{\sum_{t:j \in \Omega_{t}} p_{it} \cdot I(r_{j}^{(t)}, 1) + \sum_{t:j \not\in \Omega_{t}} p_{it} \cdot P(R_{j} = 1 | Y = i)}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} p_{it}} \end{split}$$

#### (e) Implementation

$oxed{log-likelihood} L$
-27.9848
-15.5730
-13.6614
-12.5566
-12.1332
-12.0195
-12.0040
-12.0005
-12.0000

(f) **Personal categorization** Given my personal ratings, the *i* that maximizes  $P(Y = i|my \ ratings)$  is i = 1, which gives a probability of 1.

#### (g) Personal movie recommendations

unseen movies	$P(R_j = 1   my \ ratings)$
Black Panther	0.9436
The Last Airbender	0.2642
2001: A Space Odyssey	0.9494
Terminator Genisys	0.5840
Terminator 2	0.8577
Coco	0.9357
Ant-Man and the Wasp	0.8815
Venom	0.6962
Oceans 8	0.9449
The Lego Movie	0.7885
Jumanji: Welcome to the Jungle	0.8222
Solo	1.0000
Furious 7	0.8332

This list reflects my personal tastes better than the list in item (a).

#### (h) Source code

(a)

#### **3.0.1 Question 3**

```
In [138]: X = []
          for 1 in open("hw5_movieRatings_fa18.txt"):
              v = []
              for x in l.split():
                  if x != '?':
                      v.append(int(x))
                  else:
                      v.append(x)
              X.append(v)
In [132]: titles = []
          for 1 in open("hw5_movieTitles_fa18.txt"):
              titles.append(1.split()[0])
In [154]: moviesAvg = []
          for i in range(0, len(titles)):
              moviesAvg.append([0,0,0])
          for i in range(0, len(X)):
              for j in range(0, len(titles)):
                  if X[i][j] == 1:
                      moviesAvg[j][0] += 1
                  if X[i][j] != '?':
                      moviesAvg[j][1] += 1
          for i in range(0, len(titles)):
              moviesAvg[i][2] = moviesAvg[i][0]/moviesAvg[i][1]
```

moviesAvg = list(zip(titles, moviesAvg))

In [160]: moviesAvg = sorted(moviesAvg, key=lambda x:x[1][2])

```
In [164]: [v[0] for v in moviesAvg]
Out[164]: ['The_Last_Airbender',
           'Batman_v_Superman:_Dawn_of_Justice',
           'Justice_League',
           'Suicide_Squad',
           'It',
           'Terminator_Genisys',
           'World_War_Z',
           'The_Shape_of_Water',
           'Venom',
           'Man_of_Steel',
           'Tron',
           'Blade_Runner_2049',
           'The_Lego_Movie',
           'Star_Wars: _The_Phantom_Menace',
           'Jurassic_World',
           'The_Greatest_Showman',
           'The_Hunger_Games',
           'Terminator_2',
           'Oceans_8',
           'Star_Wars:_The_Last_Jedi',
           'La_La_Land',
           'Mad_Max:_Fury_Road',
           'Get_Out',
           'Furious_7',
           'Jumanji: _Welcome_to_the_Jungle',
           '2001:_A_Space_Odyssey',
           'Wonder_Woman',
           'Frozen',
           'Star_Trek_Beyond',
           'Captain_America:_Civil_War',
           'Guardians_of_the_Galaxy_Vol._2',
           'Ex_Machina',
           'Harry_Potter_and_the_Deathly_Hallows:_Part_2',
           'Ant-Man_and_the_Wasp',
           'Fantastic_Beasts_and_Where_To_Find_Them',
           'Rogue_One',
           'Logan',
           'Zootopia',
           'The_Lord_of_the_Rings:_The_Fellowship_of_the_Ring',
           'Thor:_Ragnarok',
           'Deadpool_2',
           'The_Imitation_Game',
           'Guardians_of_the_Galaxy',
           'Iron_Man_3',
           'Black_Panther',
           'The_Martian',
           'The_Wolf_of_Wall_Street',
           'The_Dark_Knight',
           'Jurassic_Park_(1993)',
           'Avengers:_Infinity_War',
           'Mission:_Impossible_-_Fallout',
           'Coco',
```

```
'Moana',
           'Interstellar',
           'The_Matrix',
           'The_Avengers',
           'WALL-E',
           'Inception',
           'Solo',
           'Doctor_Strange']
(e)
In [170]: pY = []
          for l in open("hw5_probType_init_fa18.txt"):
              pY.append(float(l.split()[0]))
          pRY = []
          for 1 in open("hw5_probRatingGivenType_init_fa18.txt"):
              probs = [float(x) for x in l.split()]
              pRY.append(probs)
In [189]: def computePit():
              vPit = []
              for t in range(0, len(X)):
                  vPt = []
                  for i in range(0, len(pY)):
                      prod = pY[i]
                      for j in range(0, len(pRY)):
                          if X[t][j] == 1:
                              prod *= pRY[j][i]
                          elif X[t][j] == 0:
                              prod *= (1-pRY[j][i])
                      vPt.append(prod)
                  vPt = [x/sum(vPt) for x in vPt]
                  vPit.append(vPt)
              return list(map(list, zip(*vPit)))
In [208]: def updatePY(Pit):
              newPY = []
              for i in range(0, len(pY)):
                  for t in range(0, len(X)):
                      sum += Pit[i][t]
                  sum /= len(X)
                  newPY.append(sum)
              return newPY
In [203]: def updatePRY(Pit):
              newPRY = []
              for j in range(0, len(pRY)):
                  newPy = []
                  for i in range(0, len(pY)):
                      sumT = 0
                      sumNotT = 0
                      for t in range(0, len(X)):
```

```
if X[t][j] == 1:
                              sumT += Pit[i][t]
                          elif X[t][j] == '?':
                              sumNotT += Pit[i][t]*pRY[j][i]
                      newPy.append((sumT + sumNotT)/sum(Pit[i]))
                  newPRY.append(newPy)
              return newPRY
In [214]: def computePR(Pit, t):
              sum = 0
              for i in range(0, len(pY)):
                  prod = pY[i]
                  for j in range(0, len(pRY)):
                      if X[t][j] == 1:
                          prod *= pRY[j][i]
                      elif X[t][j] == 0:
                          prod *= (1-pRY[j][i])
                  sum += prod
              return sum
In [215]: def loglikelihood(Pit):
              11 = 0
              for t in range(0, len(X)):
                  11 += math.log(computePR(Pit, t))
              11 /= len(X)
              return 11
In [220]: loglikelihood(computePit())
Out[220]: -27.98479373624261
In [221]: iterations = []
          pit = computePit()
          11 = loglikelihood(pit)
          iterations.append([0, 11])
          for i in range(0,128):
              pY = updatePY(pit)
              pRY = updatePRY(pit)
              pit = computePit()
              11 = loglikelihood(pit)
              iterations.append([i+1, 11])
In [223]: table = []
          table.append(iterations[0])
          while i <= 128:
              table.append(iterations[i])
              i *= 2
In [224]: table
```

```
Out[224]: [[0, -27.98479373624261],
           [1, -15.572996571571787],
           [2, -13.66141481085908],
           [4, -12.556587236861157],
           [8, -12.13316136441514],
           [16, -12.019531087089582],
           [32, -12.004032227091116]
           [64, -12.000469747436933],
           [128, -12.00004068559657]]
(f)
In [238]: myRatings = ['?', 1, '?', 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, '?', 1, '?',
  '?', 1, '?', '?', '?', '?', 1, '?', 1, 1, 1, 1, '?', 1, 0, 1, 1, '?', 1, 0, 1, 1, '?']
In [239]: X.index(myRatings)
Out[239]: 111
In [240]: myProbs = [p[111] for p in pit]
In [241]: myProbs
Out[241]: [1.0, 5.151841717383405e-86, -3.573574433350554e-63, 0.0]
(g)
In [244]: unseenMovies = []
          for j in range(0, len(myRatings)):
              sum = 0
              if myRatings[j] == '?':
                  for i in range(0, len(pY)):
                      sum += pit[i][111]*pRY[j][i]
                  unseenMovies.append([titles[j], sum])
In [245]: unseenMovies
Out[245]: [['Black_Panther', 0.9435799253823884],
           ['The_Last_Airbender', 0.2641657488701842],
           ['2001:_A_Space_Odyssey', 0.9494494359912142],
           ['Terminator_Genisys', 0.5840336593899693],
           ['Terminator_2', 0.8577013829345648],
           ['Coco', 0.935731301447267],
           ['Ant-Man_and_the_Wasp', 0.8815382276129842],
           ['Venom', 0.6962129331476755],
           ['Oceans_8', 0.944858959209109],
           ['The_Lego_Movie', 0.7885033530939412],
           ['Jumanji:_Welcome_to_the_Jungle', 0.8222240618014134],
           ['Solo', 0.99999999999999],
           ['Furious_7', 0.8331588178649978]]
```