RaCoCOS: Range-constrained co-occurrence simulation

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Introduction

This is supplementary information for the manuscript Range-constrained co-occurrence simulation reveals little niche partitioning among rock-dwelling Montenegrina land snails (Gastropoda: Clausiliidae) by Z. Feher, K. Jaksch, M. Szekeres, E. Haring, S. Bamberger, B. Pall-Gergely, and P. Solymos (Journal of Biogeography, in press). The document is a tutorial and reproducible example of the Range-constrained co-occurrence simulation (RaCoCOS) methodology outlined in the manuscript.

Required packages

The following packages are required to run the code:

```
if (!require(mefa))
    install.packages("mefa")
library(mefa)
if (!require(pbapply))
    install.packages("pbapply")
library(pbapply)
if (!require(vegan))
    install.packages("vegan")
library(vegan)
if (!require(RColorBrewer))
    install.packages("RColorBrewer")
library(RColorBrewer)
if (!require(rworldmap))
    install.packages("rworldmap")
library(rworldmap)
if (!require(sp))
    install.packages("sp")
library(sp)
```

Distribution data

Use the setwd to set working directory where the Supplementary_data_1.csv file can be found.

```
d <- read.csv("Supplementary_data_1.csv")
## sample identifiers and coordinates
x <- d[,c("ID","code","habitat_type","Latitude","Longitude")]
rownames(x) <- d$ID
summary(x)</pre>
```

```
##
                      code
                                habitat_type
                                                Latitude
## Min.
         :
             3
                 0
                       : 172 Min.
                                     :1.000
                                                    :36.45
                                             Min.
## 1st Qu.: 759
                1972/001: 1
                               1st Qu.:1.000
                                              1st Qu.:40.69
## Median :1428
               1972/002: 1 Median:1.000
                                              Median :41.89
## Mean :1394
                1972/004:
                           1
                               Mean :1.146
                                                    :41.77
                                              Mean
```

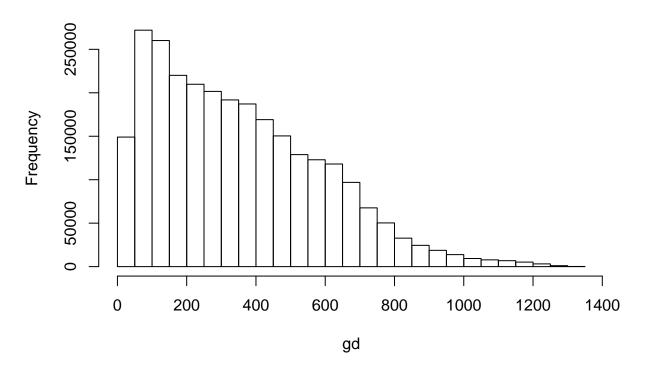
```
## 3rd Qu.:2004
                  1972/005: 1 3rd Qu.:1.000 3rd Qu.:42.91
## Max. :2637
                1972/010: 1 Max. :3.000 Max. :46.56
##
                  (Other) :1472
##
     Longitude
## Min. :13.48
## 1st Qu.:19.17
## Median:20.16
## Mean :20.14
## 3rd Qu.:20.98
## Max. :27.62
##
## detections
y <- d[,!(colnames(d) %in% colnames(x))]
rownames(y) <- d$ID
y <- as.matrix(y)</pre>
y[y > 0] <- 1
str(y)
## num [1:1649, 1:47] 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 ...
## - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
## ..$: chr [1:1649] "3" "16" "19" "20" ...
    ...$ : chr [1:47] "prosobranch" "Carychiidae" "Ferussaciidae" "Azeciidae" ...
```

Definition of taxon ranges

Calculate great circle distance from latitude/longidtude in km's:

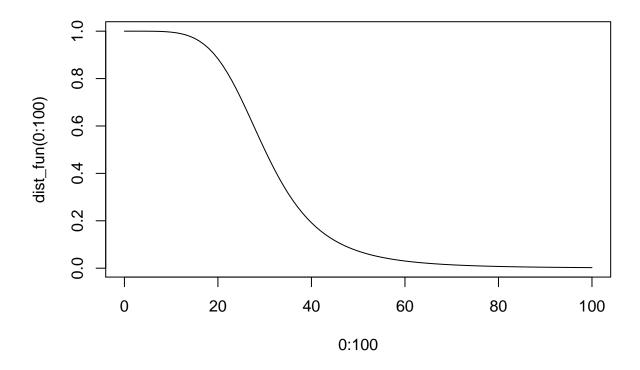
```
xy <- as.matrix(x[,c("Longitude", "Latitude")])
gd <- spDists(x=xy, longlat=TRUE)
str(gd)
## num [1:1649, 1:1649] 0 184.52 142.53 20.09 1.13 ...
hist(gd)</pre>
```

Histogram of gd



The function $dist_fun$ calculates the distance weights based on the distances (d) and the k and d0 arguments:

```
dist_fum <- function(d, k=5, d0=30) {
  1 / (1 + exp(k * (log(d) - log(d0))))
}
plot(0:100, dist_fun(0:100), type="l")</pre>
```



```
w <- dist_fun(gd, k=5, d0=30)
str(w)</pre>
```

num [1:1649, 1:1649] 1 0.000114 0.000413 0.881231 1 ...

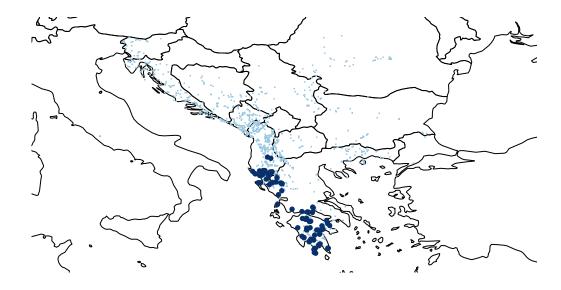
Next we calculate the OP matrix. The fun_ij function calculates the OP for site i and taxon j, the y arument is the site x taxa table (the function can be rused for simulated matrices as well). The fun_j function calculates the OP for spacies j at all sites. The OP_fun calculates all the OP values based on an input matrix y given the w weight matrix based on the distances and the distance decay function:

```
fun_ij <- function(i, j, y) {
    sum(w[which(y[,j] > 0), i]) / sum(w[, i])
}
fun_j <- function(j, y) {
    sapply(1:nrow(y), fun_ij, j=j, y=y)
}
OP_fun <- function(y) {
    pbsapply(1:ncol(y), fun_j, y=y)
}
OP <- OP_fun(y)
dimnames(OP) <- dimnames(y)
str(OP)
## num [1:1649, 1:47] 0.674 0.889 0.765 0.676 0.678 ...</pre>
```

```
## num [1:1649, 1:47] 0.674 0.889 0.765 0.676 0.678 ...
## - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
## ..$ : chr [1:1649] "3" "16" "19" "20" ...
## ..$ : chr [1:47] "prosobranch" "Carychiidae" "Ferussaciidae" "Azeciidae" ...
```

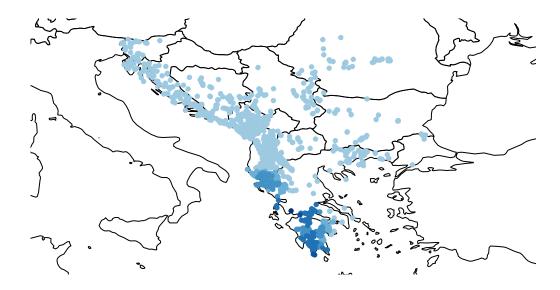
The following function puts the detections or distance weighted probabilities from the OP matrix onto the map:

detections



```
plot_distr(32, "p", main="distance weighted probabilities")
```

distance weighted probabilities



Uncorrected, soft, and hard correction:

```
rnd_fun <- function(y, OP, type="uncorrected") {</pre>
    type <- match.arg(type, c("uncorrected", "hard", "soft"))</pre>
    yout <- y
    yout[] <- 0
    if (type=="uncorrected") {
        n <- nrow(y)</pre>
        for (i in 1:ncol(yout)) {
             yout[sample.int(n, sum(y[,i] > 0), replace=FALSE,
                  prob=OP[,i]),i] <- 1</pre>
         }
    } else {
         wfun_hard <- function(y) {</pre>
             rsum <- rowSums(y)</pre>
             sample(rsum)
        wfun_soft <- function(y) {</pre>
           rsum <- rowSums(y)+1</pre>
           sample(rsum)
         if (type == "hard")
             w <- wfun_hard(y)</pre>
         if (type == "soft")
             w <- wfun_soft(y)
         wOP <- w*OP
         yout[sample.int(prod(dim(y)), sum(y > 0),
```

```
prob=wOP)] <- 1</pre>
   }
   yout
}
str(rnd_fun(y, OP, "uncorrected"))
## num [1:1649, 1:47] 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 ...
## - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
    ..$ : chr [1:1649] "3" "16" "19" "20" ...
     ..$ : chr [1:47] "prosobranch" "Carychiidae" "Ferussaciidae" "Azeciidae" ...
str(rnd fun(y, OP, "hard"))
## num [1:1649, 1:47] 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
     ..$ : chr [1:1649] "3" "16" "19" "20" ...
##
     ..$ : chr [1:47] "prosobranch" "Carychiidae" "Ferussaciidae" "Azeciidae" ...
str(rnd_fun(y, OP, "soft"))
## num [1:1649, 1:47] 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 ...
## - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
    ..$ : chr [1:1649] "3" "16" "19" "20" ...
     ..$ : chr [1:47] "prosobranch" "Carychiidae" "Ferussaciidae" "Azeciidae" ...
```

Co-occurrecnce simulations

Now we can calculate co-occurrences. The coocc_fun calculates joint occurrences for species pairs (lower traingle of taxa x taxa matrix).

```
coocc_fun <- function(y) {
   co <- t(y) %*% y
   as.dist(co)
}</pre>
```

We set number of simulations, and set correction type (change these settings as desired):

```
B <- 99
TYPE <- "uncorrected"
```

We use the summloden infrastructure in the **vegan** package:

```
## List of 2
## $ statistic:Class 'dist' atomic [1:1081] 4 17 33 9 293 6 1 155 163 6 ...
     ... - attr(*, "Labels")= chr [1:47] "prosobranch" "Carychiidae" "Ferussaciidae" "Azeciidae" ...
     .. ..- attr(*, "Size")= int 47
##
     .. ..- attr(*, "call")= language as.dist.default(m = co)
    ....- attr(*, "Diag")= logi FALSE
##
    ....- attr(*, "Upper")= logi FALSE
##
   $ oecosimu :List of 8
                    :Class 'dist' atomic [1:1081] 0.798 2.463 3.356 1.472 4.782 ...
##
     ..... attr(*, "Labels")= chr [1:47] "prosobranch" "Carychiidae" "Ferussaciidae" "Azeciidae" ...
##
     .. .. ..- attr(*, "Size")= int 47
     ..... attr(*, "call")= language as.dist.default(m = co)
##
     .. .. - attr(*, "Diag")= logi FALSE
##
     .. .. ..- attr(*, "Upper")= logi FALSE
##
##
                    : num [1:1081] 3 11.55 22.52 6.46 247.83 ...
     ..$ means
##
     ..$ pval
                    : num [1:1081] 0.69 0.01 0.01 0.23 0.01 0.11 1 0.01 0.01 0.23 ...
##
     ..$ simulated : num [1:1081, 1:99] 2 9 21 5 245 2 1 118 106 4 ...
##
                 : chr "dist_prob"
     ..$ statistic :Class 'dist' atomic [1:1081] 4 17 33 9 293 6 1 155 163 6 ...
##
     ....- attr(*, "Labels")= chr [1:47] "prosobranch" "Carychiidae" "Ferussaciidae" "Azeciidae" ...
##
##
     .. .. ..- attr(*, "Size")= int 47
     ..... attr(*, "call")= language as.dist.default(m = co)
     .. .. - attr(*, "Diag")= logi FALSE
##
     .. .. ..- attr(*, "Upper")= logi FALSE
     ..$ alternative: chr "two.sided"
##
    ..$ isSeq
                  : logi FALSE
## - attr(*, "call")= language oecosimu(comm = nm, nestfun = coocc_fun, nsimul = B)
## - attr(*, "class")= chr "oecosimu"
Now we list species co-occurrences:
str(coocc <- coocc fun(y))</pre>
## Class 'dist' atomic [1:1081] 4 17 33 9 293 6 1 155 163 6 ...
    ..- attr(*, "Labels")= chr [1:47] "prosobranch" "Carychiidae" "Ferussaciidae" "Azeciidae" ...
     ..- attr(*, "Size")= int 47
     ..- attr(*, "call")= language as.dist.default(m = co)
     ..- attr(*, "Diag")= logi FALSE
     ..- attr(*, "Upper")= logi FALSE
stack dist <-
    function (x, dim.names = FALSE, ...)
        id <- as.matrix(x)</pre>
        id[lower.tri(id)] <- 1</pre>
        id[upper.tri(id)] <- 0</pre>
        diag(id) <- 0</pre>
       rm <- row(id)
        cm <- col(id)
        rm <- array(rm)[array(id) == 1]
        cm <- array(cm)[array(id) == 1]</pre>
        d <- as.vector(x)</pre>
        attr(d, "call") <- attr(x, "call")</pre>
        attr(d, "method") <- attr(x, "method")</pre>
        out <- data.frame(row=rm, col=cm, dist=d)</pre>
        if (dim.names) {
```

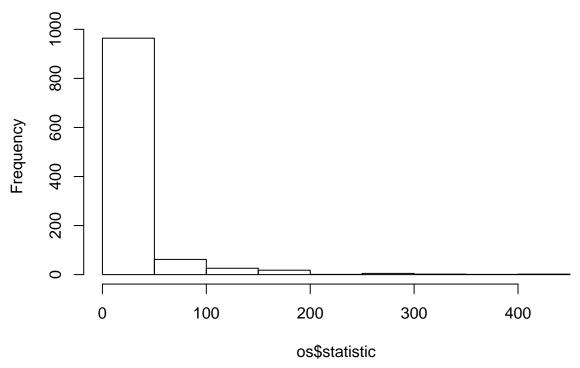
```
out$row <- as.factor(out$row)
    out$col <- as.factor(out$col)
    levels(out$row) <- rownames(id)[-1]
    levels(out$col) <- colnames(id)[-ncol(id)]
    }
    out
}
sc <- stack_dist(coocc, dim.names = TRUE)
sc <- sc[order(sc$dist, decreasing=TRUE),]
head(sc)</pre>
```

```
## row col dist
## 18 Chondrinidae prosobranch 430
## 12 Helicidae prosobranch 419
## 492 Chondrinidae Helicidae 352
## 14 Hygromiidae prosobranch 326
## 488 Hygromiidae Helicidae 319
## 5 Enidae prosobranch 293
```

The d2tab function makes a sorted table of the distances. Let's inspect the nullmodel object and plot the results:

```
d2tab <- function(d) {
    if (!inherits(d, "dist"))
        d <- vec2dist(d, attr(coocc, "Size"))
    tab <- stack(d, dim.names=TRUE)
    tab[order(tab$dist, decreasing=TRUE),]
}
## observed co-occurrences
hist(os$statistic)</pre>
```

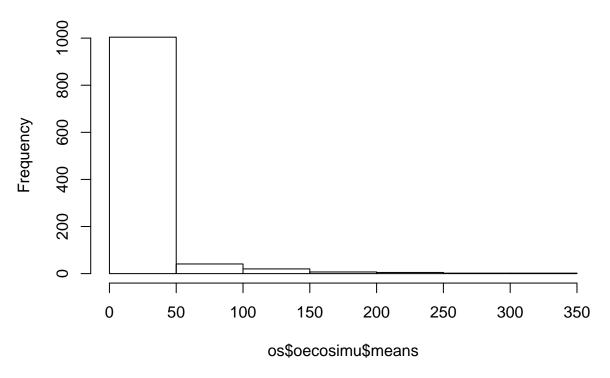
Histogram of os\$statistic



head(d2tab(os\$statistic))

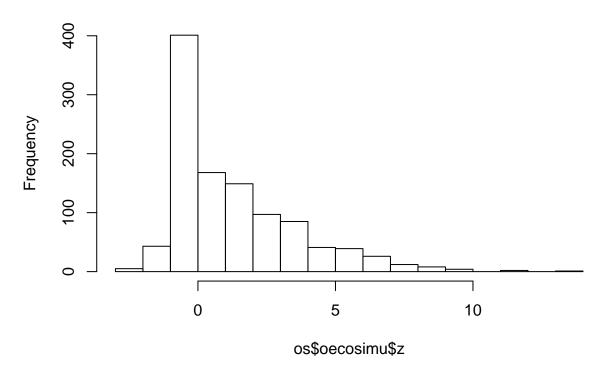
```
##
                            col dist
               row
## 18 Chondrinidae prosobranch 430
          Helicidae prosobranch
## 12
## 492 Chondrinidae
                     Helicidae
                                352
## 14
       Hygromiidae prosobranch
## 488 Hygromiidae
                     Helicidae
            Enidae prosobranch 293
## simulated co-occurrences, average
hist(os$oecosimu$means)
```

Histogram of os\$oecosimu\$means



standardized effect size
hist(os\$oecosimu\$z)

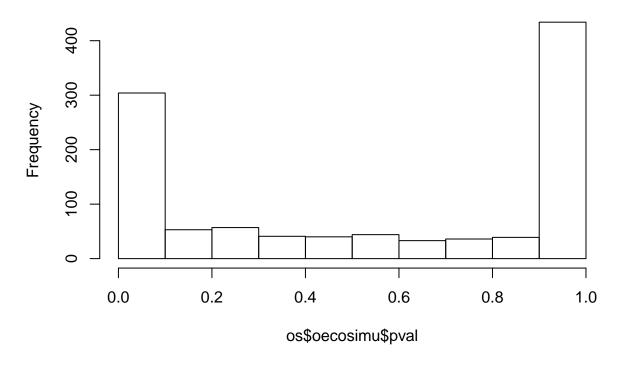
Histogram of os\$oecosimu\$z

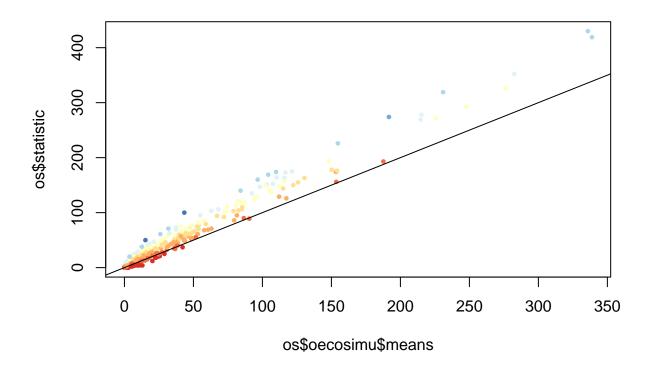


head(d2tab(os\$oecosimu\$z))

```
##
                                   col
                                            dist
                   row
## 341 Pristilomatidae
                           Oxychilidae 13.063188
          Vertiginidae Pristilomatidae 11.461709
## 394
## 229
           Hygromiidae
                                Enidae 11.129885
## 344
             Helicidae
                           Oxychilidae 9.478166
## 346
           Hygromiidae
                           Oxychilidae 9.260751
## 566
           Oleacinidae
                           Hygromiidae 9.194819
## two-sided p-values
hist(os$oecosimu$pval)
```

Histogram of os\$oecosimu\$pval





Session info

sessionInfo()

```
## R version 3.3.3 (2017-03-06)
## Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)
## Running under: Windows 10 x64 (build 15063)
##
## locale:
## [1] LC_COLLATE=English_United States.1252
## [2] LC_CTYPE=English_United States.1252
## [3] LC_MONETARY=English_United States.1252
## [4] LC_NUMERIC=C
## [5] LC_TIME=English_United States.1252
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats
                 graphics grDevices utils
                                               datasets methods
                                                                    base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] rworldmap_1.3-6
                          sp_1.2-4
                                             RColorBrewer_1.1-2
## [4] vegan_2.4-3
                          lattice_0.20-35
                                             permute_0.9-4
## [7] pbapply_1.3-4
                          mefa_3.2-7
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
  [1] Rcpp_0.12.13
                         knitr_1.15.1
                                          cluster_2.0.6
                                                           magrittr_1.5
```

##	[5]	maptools_0.9-2	maps_3.2.0	MASS_7.3-45	stringr_1.2.0
##	[9]	fields_9.0	tools_3.3.3	dotCall64_0.9-04	parallel_3.3.3
##	[13]	grid_3.3.3	spam_2.1-1	nlme_3.1-131	mgcv_1.8-17
##	[17]	htmltools_0.3.5	yaml_2.1.14	rprojroot_1.2	digest_0.6.12
##	[21]	Matrix_1.2-8	evaluate_0.10.1	rmarkdown_1.6	stringi_1.1.5
##	[25]	backports_1.0.5	foreign_0.8-67		