# Service Signatures

Service signatures define argument ordering, and optionally the host and directory path parts of service URLs.

See <u>Relation Configuration Concerns</u> for Analysis on how Service Signatures and configuration for Relationships should work

# **Specifics**

Services require approximately the same data to invoke them whether they are web services, messaging services, or methods within a local process. The attributes of the Service Signature will be used by configuration generation tools and API generation tools

### Schema

### **Service Signature**

#### Service Name

Location - The DNS name of a load balancer or host, or the name needed to locate and contact the top layer of the <u>Tech Stack</u>. In on a publish subscribe Tech Stack, the Location is a topic. If the service is available in the same running process, is the name used by a location such as a <u>Service Reference in OSGI</u>, or it may be unused if the method is packaged in a way that it can be called directly.

Spec Reference - reference to a spec in an external application that can generate API code. Module - A reference name for the path part of the service URL, which may be a webapp, or OSGI ????

## Context

Service signature may be moved to be considered part of service and message spec software. The important point is to note the parallels between pub / sub messaging, and web services.