

Assignment 3

Linked Lists

Submitting Assignments

- You ***MUST*** include your source code!!!
 - This means you *.java files
- Follow the instructions in the assignment
 - Use the class names specified in the assignment
 - Methods must have the same “signature”
 - Same parameter types
 - Same return values
- Double check what you’re submitting
 - From the command line:

```
$ jar tf assignment.jar
```
 - Using Eclipse, export your assignment, then import into another project

Overview

- The same as assignment 2 except with linked lists
 - MyLinkedList still implements the List211 interface
 - All the methods in this interface should behave identically to those in A02
- Sorting algorithms are conceptually the same, but differ slightly in practice:
 - You can't use indices to directly access element
 - You need to traverse the list using the next/prev member variables of a node
 - Swapping elements also looks a little different
- Your existing ContactList class can be used with minimal changes

Linked List

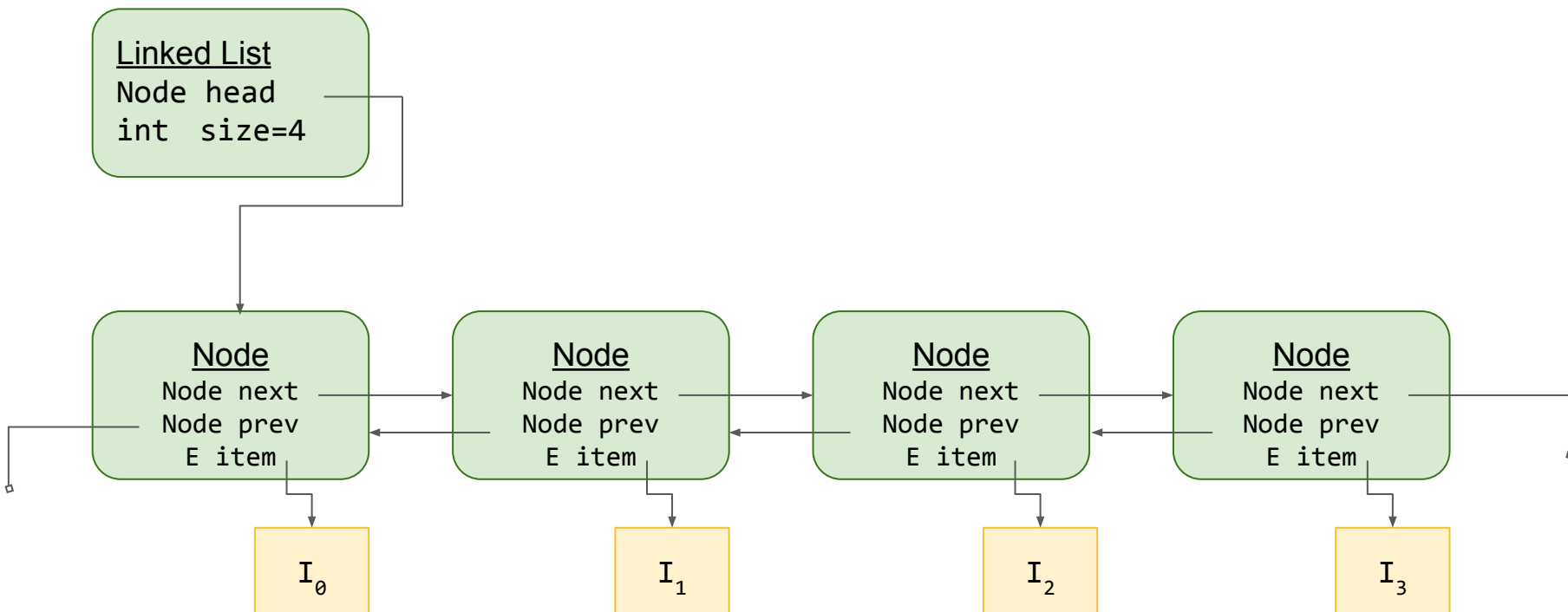
Node head
Node tail
int size

Node

Node next
Node prev
E item

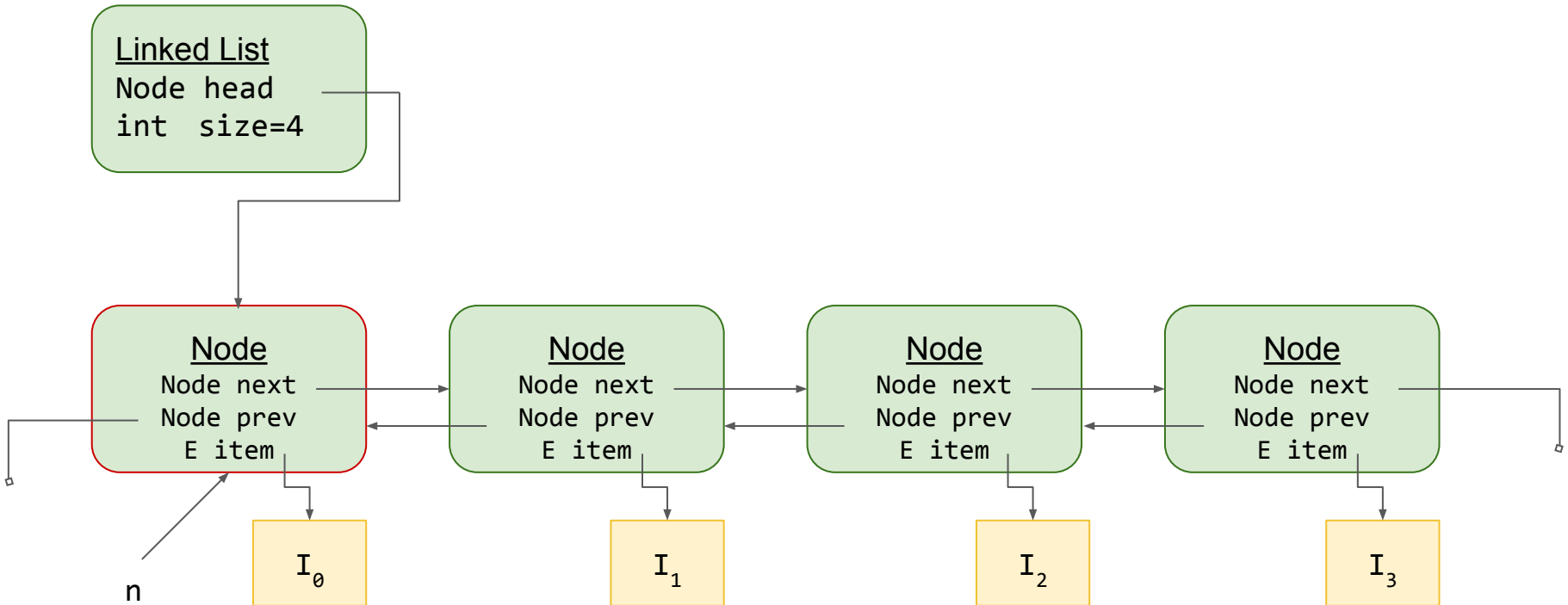
Example

- The “tail” field omitted for simplicity



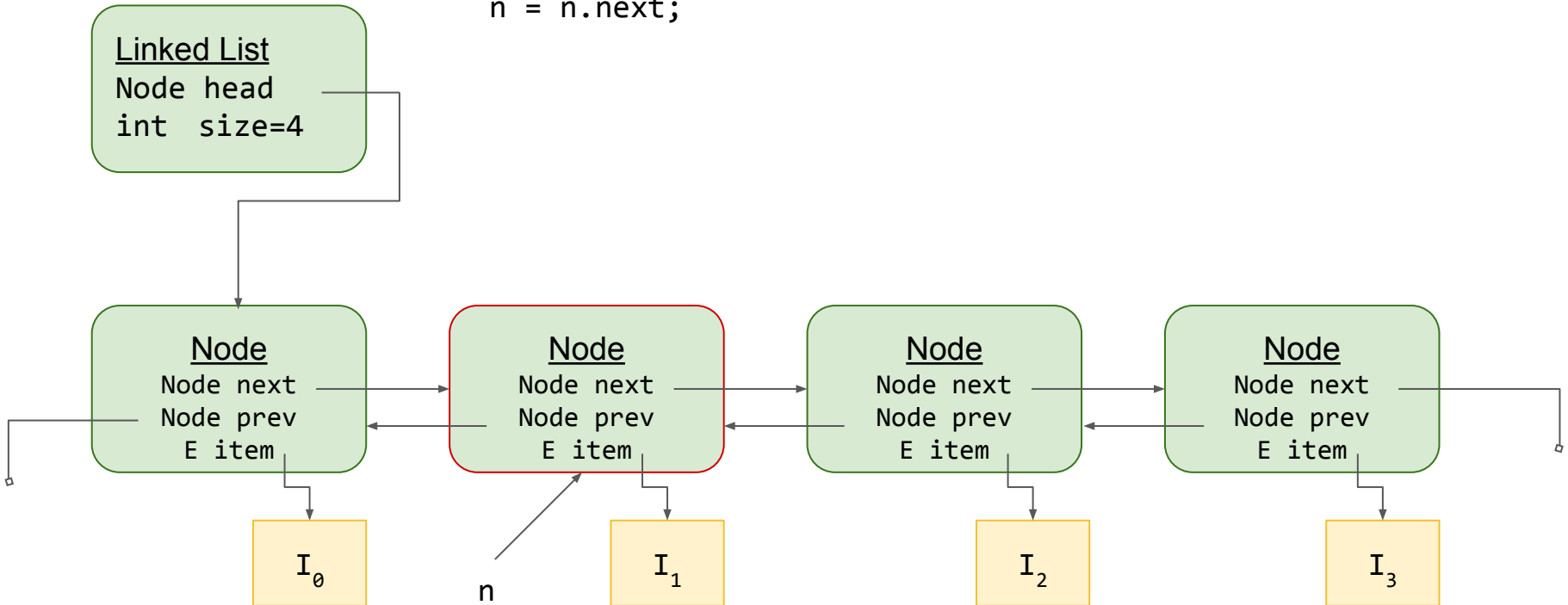
Example

```
n = list.head;
```



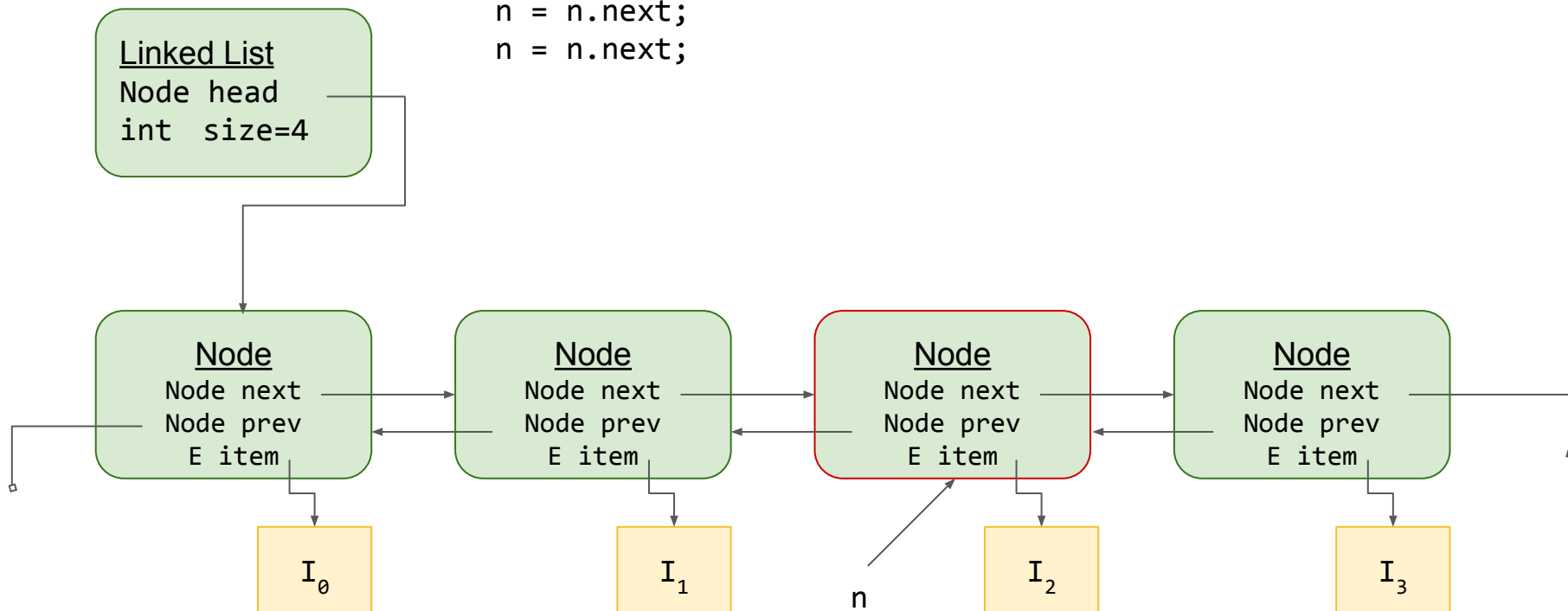
Example

```
n = list.head;  
n = n.next;
```



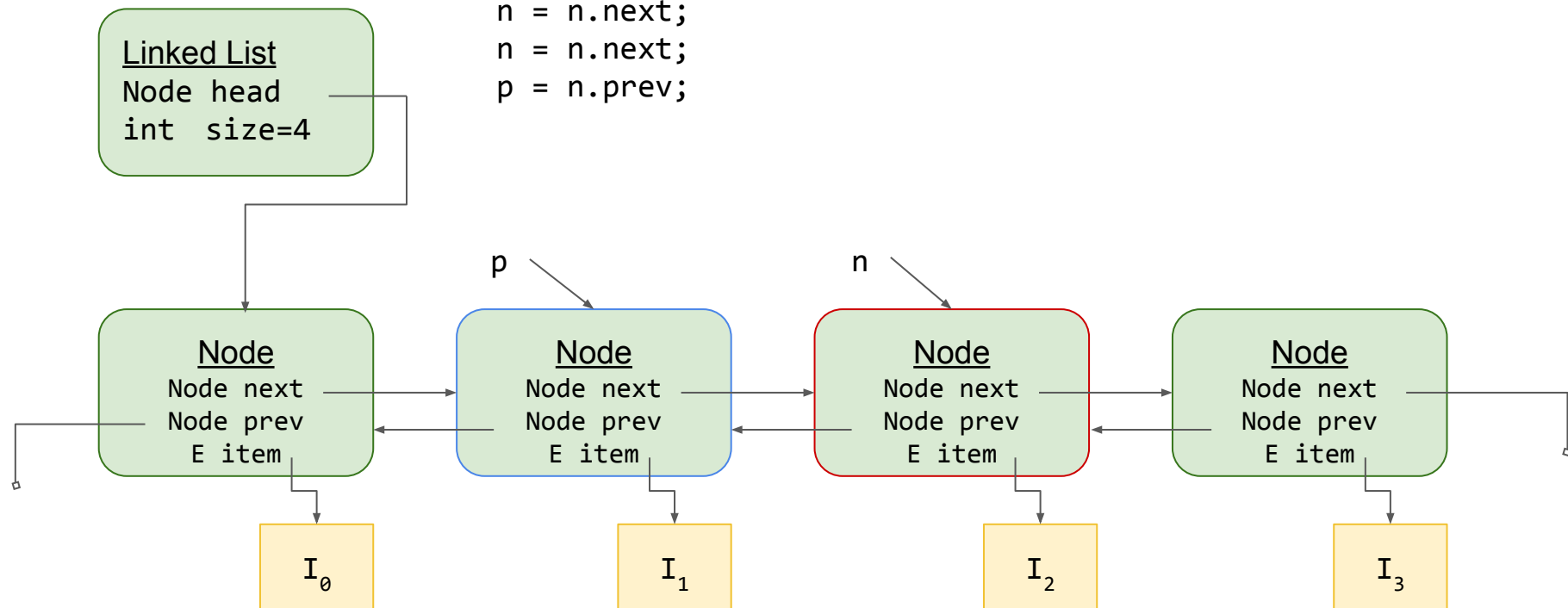
Example

```
n = list.head;  
n = n.next;  
n = n.next;
```

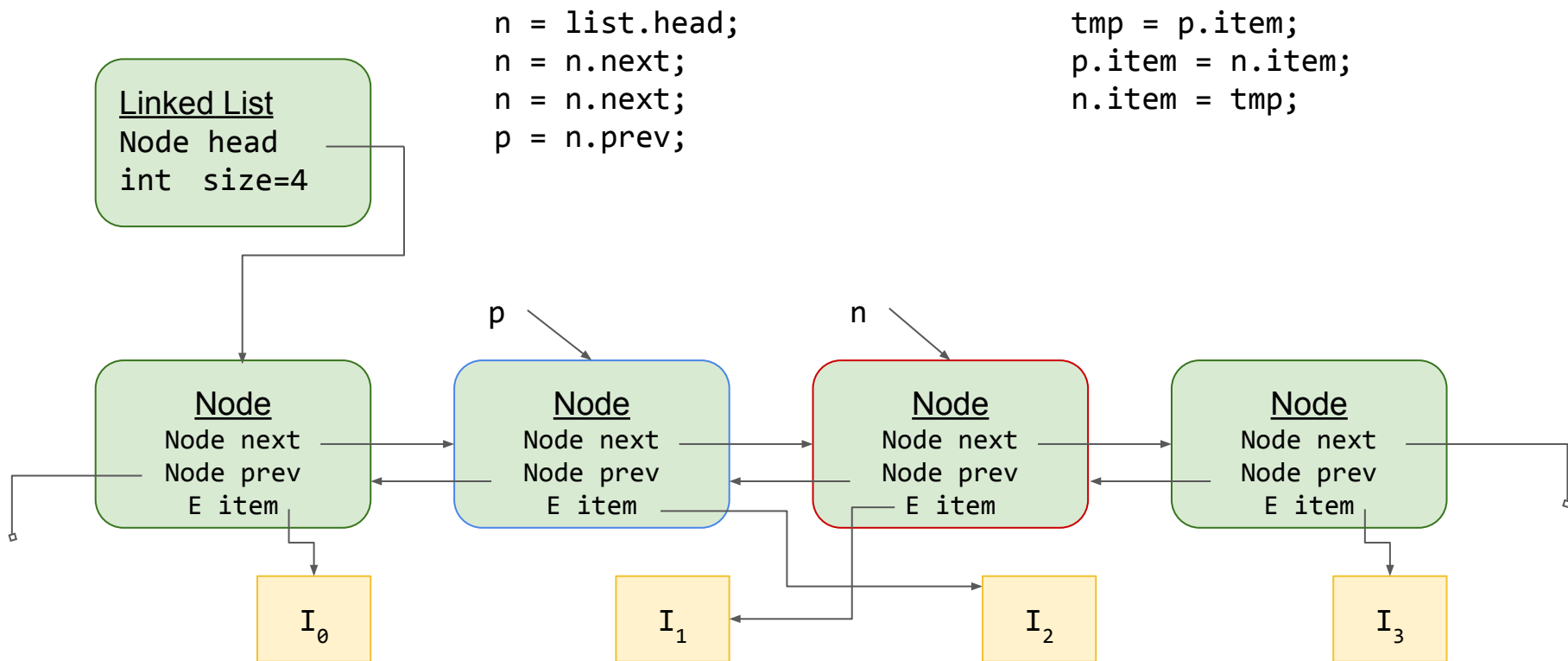


Example

```
n = list.head;  
n = n.next;  
n = n.next;  
p = n.prev;
```



Example



Extra Credit #1

```
public interface List211<E> {  
    boolean add(E e);  
    void add(int index, E element);  
    E remove(int index);  
    E get(int index);  
    E set(int index, E element);  
    int indexOf(Object obj);  
    int size();  
}
```

Announcements

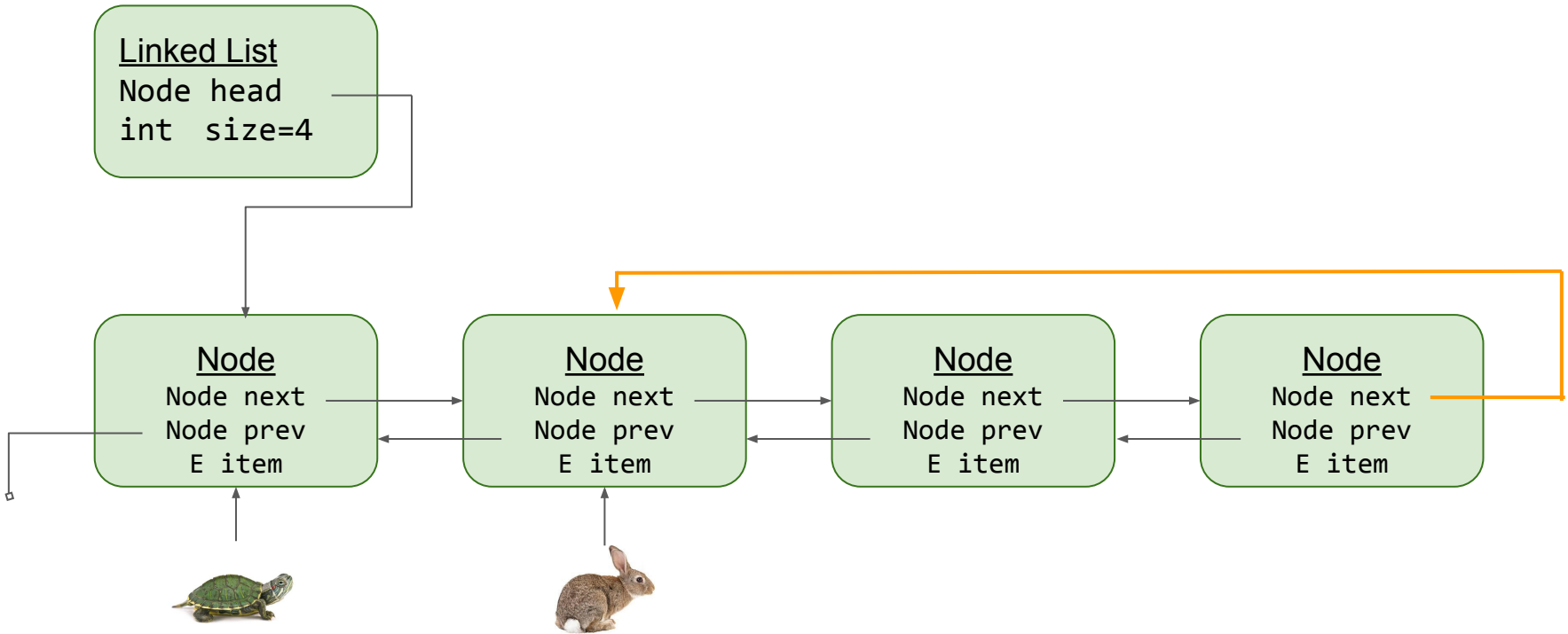
- Attendance - 2 absences allowed
- Extra credit
 - Last weeks EC worth 5 points
 - Extra credit will add up to a possible 5% of overall grade
 - EC is “all or nothing”
 - Don’t wait until the end of the semester
- Follow assignment and submission instructions
 - Code must be implemented as per assignment instructions (class names, interfaces, etc.)
 - Code must compile without errors
 - Submit JAR files (not ZIPs, tarballs, separate source files, etc.)
 - Failure to follow these instructions will result in a **5 point deduction**
- Starting with assignment 3, submissions with missing files will **get no credit!!!**



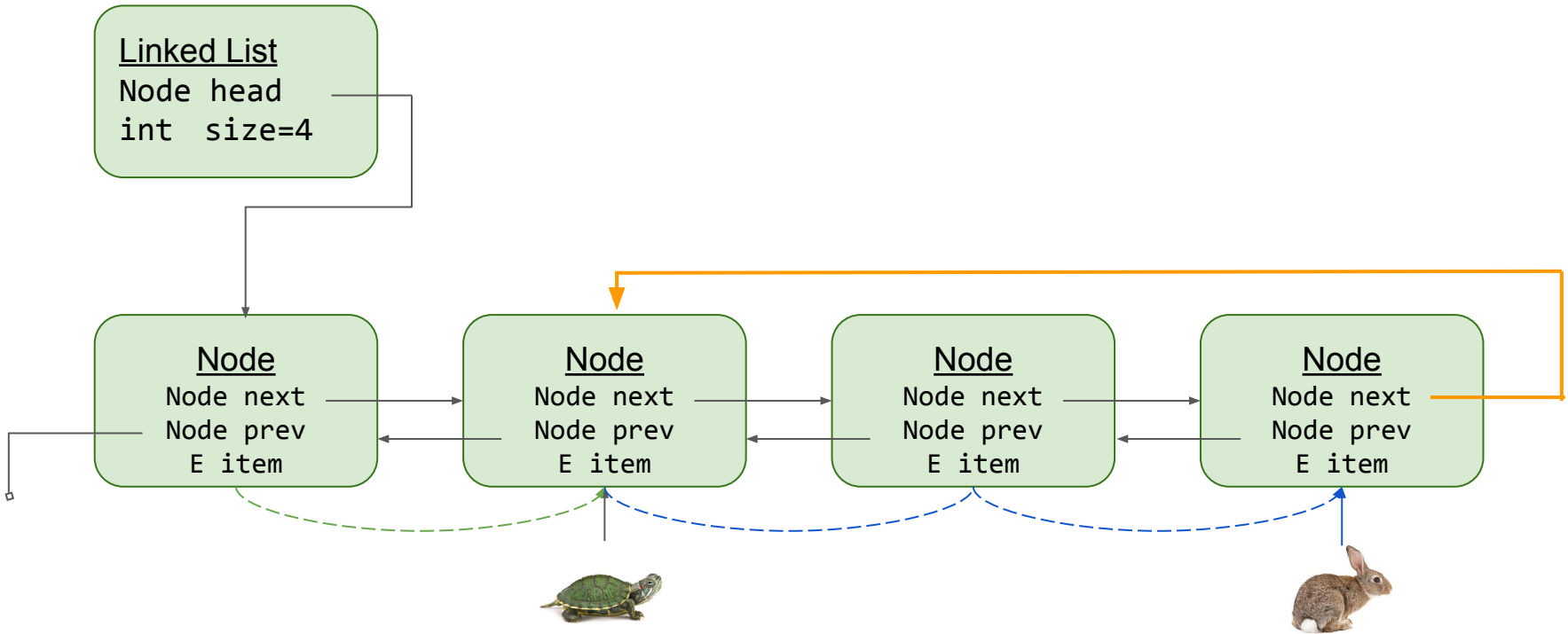
Assignment #2 Extra Credit - Detecting a Cycle

- Worth 15 points (all or nothing)
- A cycle occurs if the current node can be reached again by traversing a link exiting the current node
 1. Doubly linked lists always have cycles (`next.prev`)
 2. For the extra credit, only consider the next link
- Algorithm (tortoise and hare):
 1. “Tortoise” pointer starts at first node (`head`)
 2. “Hare” pointer starts at second node (`head.next`)
 3. On each iteration, tortoise moves one node, hare moves two
 4. Keep looping until one of the following conditions becomes true:
 - a. Tortoise becomes null (no cycle)
 - b. Tortoise == Hare (has a cycle)

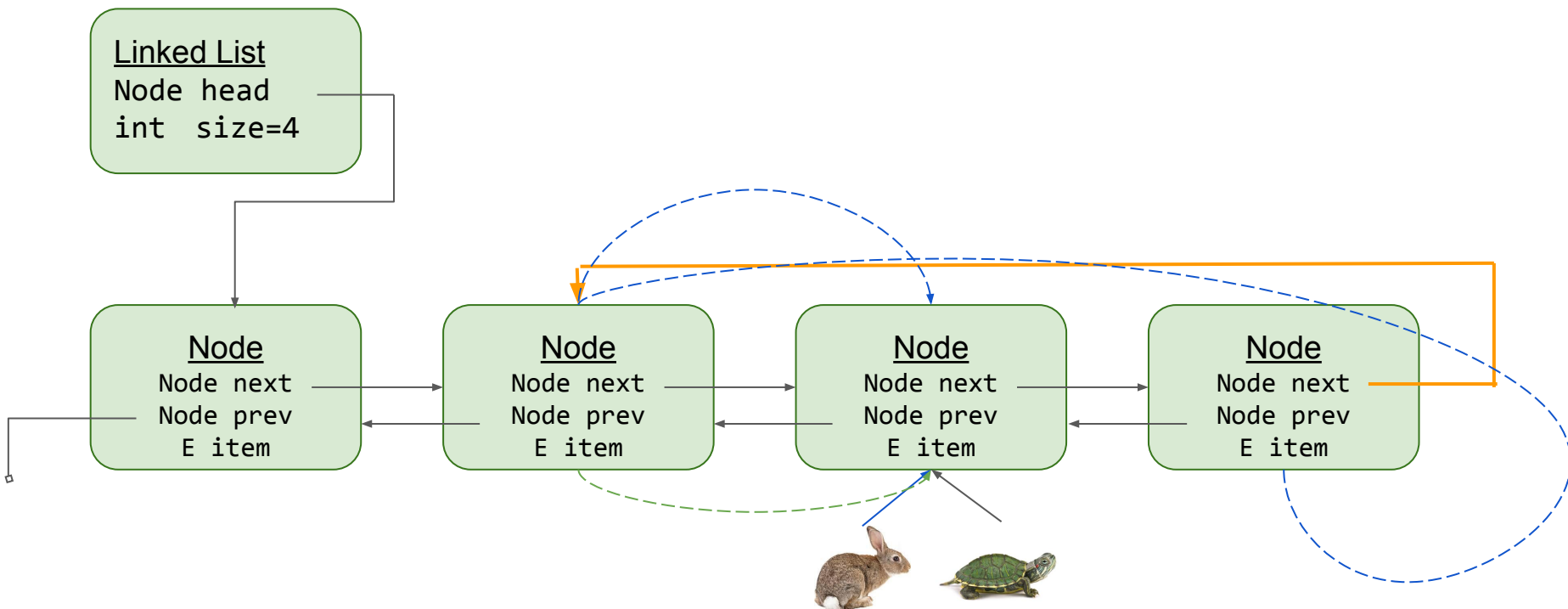
Example



Example



Example



Methods to Implement for MyLinkedList

- Implement the following methods:

```
/**
 * Adds a cycle from the tail node to the node at index "cycleTo"
 * @param cycleTo Changes the "next" field of the node referenced by the tail member
 *                to point to the node at position "cycleTo".
 */
void addCycle(int cycleTo);

/**
 * Determines if a cycle exists
 * @return Returns true if a cycle exists, false otherwise
 */
boolean hasCycle()
```