

Homework 4

Q1) given Image —

$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$
$(255, 0, 0)$	$(255, 0, 0)$	$(255, 0, 0)$	$(255, 0, 0)$
$(100, 100, 100)$	$(100, 100, 100)$	$(100, 100, 100)$	$(100, 100, 100)$
$(0, 100, 100)$	$(0, 100, 100)$	$(0, 100, 100)$	$(0, 100, 100)$

Convert to non-linear RGB.

Divide each pixel by 255.

$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$
$(1, 0, 0)$	$(1, 0, 0)$	$(1, 0, 0)$	$(1, 0, 0)$
$(0.39, 0.39, 0.39)$	$(0.39, 0.39, 0.39)$	$(0.39, 0.39, 0.39)$	$(0.39, 0.39, 0.39)$
$(0, 0.39, 0.39)$	$(0, 0.39, 0.39)$	$(0, 0.39, 0.39)$	$(0, 0.39, 0.39)$

Convert to Linear RGB by

perform inverse gamma correction

$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$
$(1, 0, 0)$	$(1, 0, 0)$	$(1, 0, 0)$	$(1, 0, 0)$
$(0.126, 0.126, 0.126)$	$(0.126, 0.126, 0.126)$	$(0.126, 0.126, 0.126)$	$(0.126, 0.126, 0.126)$
$(0, 0.126, 0.126)$	$(0, 0.126, 0.126)$	$(0, 0.126, 0.126)$	$(0, 0.126, 0.126)$

Convert to XYZ

Perform Linear Transform

for pixel with value $(0, 0, 0)$ the XYZ values after transform = $(0, 0, 0)$

for Pixel with RGB value $(1, 0, 0)$ the XYZ values after transform =

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.413 & 0.358 & 0.180 \\ 0.213 & 0.715 & 0.072 \\ 0.019 & 0.119 & 0.950 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.413 \\ 0.213 \\ 0.019 \end{bmatrix}$$

for Pixel with RGB value $(0.126, 0.126, 0.126)$

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.413 & 0.358 & 0.180 \\ 0.213 & 0.715 & 0.072 \\ 0.019 & 0.119 & 0.950 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 0.126 \\ 0.126 \\ 0.126 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.119 \\ 0.126 \\ 0.137 \end{bmatrix}$$

For Pixel with value $(0, 0.126, 0.126)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.413 & 0.358 & 0.180 \\ 0.213 & 0.715 & 0.721 \\ 0.019 & 0.119 & 0.950 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0.126 \\ 0.126 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.068 \\ 0.099 \\ 0.135 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hence, XYZ matrix is

$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$
$(0.413, 0.213, 0.019)$	$(0.413, 0.213, 0.019)$	$(0.413, 0.213, 0.019)$	$(0.413, 0.213, 0.019)$
$(0.119, 0.126, 0.137)$	$(0.119, 0.126, 0.137)$	$(0.119, 0.126, 0.137)$	$(0.119, 0.126, 0.137)$
$(0.068, 0.099, 0.135)$	$(0.068, 0.099, 0.135)$	$(0.068, 0.099, 0.135)$	$(0.068, 0.099, 0.135)$
$(0.068, 0.099, 0.135)$	$(0.068, 0.099, 0.135)$	$(0.068, 0.099, 0.135)$	$(0.068, 0.099, 0.135)$

Convert to xyY

Use formula

$$Y = Y \quad x = \frac{X}{X+Y+Z} \quad y = \frac{Y}{X+Y+Z}$$

for pixel $(0, 0, 0)$ $xyY = (0, 0, 0)$

for pixel $(0.413, 0.213, 0.019)$

$$Y = 0.213 \quad x = \frac{0.413}{0.645} = 0.640 \quad y = \frac{0.213}{0.645} = 0.330$$

For pixel $(0.119, 0.126, 0.137)$ we get

$$Y = 0.126 \quad x = \frac{0.119}{0.382} \quad y = \frac{0.126}{0.382}$$

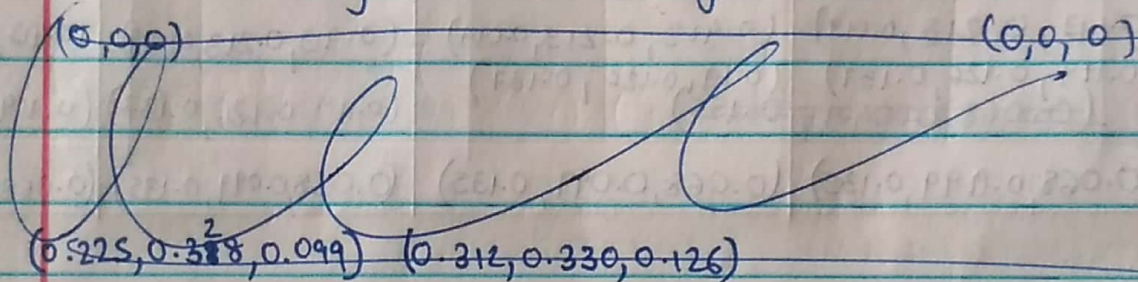
$$= 0.312 \quad = 0.330$$

For pixel $(0.068, 0.099, 0.135)$

$$Y = 0.099 \quad x = \frac{0.068}{0.302} \quad y = \frac{0.099}{0.302}$$

$$= 0.225 \quad = 0.328$$

Hence x, y, Y image is



$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$
$(0.640, 0.330, 0.213)$	$(0.640, 0.330, 0.213)$	$(0.640, 0.330, 0.213)$	$(0.640, 0.330, 0.213)$
$(0.312, 0.330, 0.126)$	$(0.312, 0.330, 0.126)$	$(0.312, 0.330, 0.126)$	$(0.312, 0.330, 0.126)$
$(0.225, 0.328, 0.099)$	$(0.225, 0.328, 0.099)$	$(0.225, 0.328, 0.099)$	$(0.225, 0.328, 0.099)$

* Convert Image to ~~YUV~~ Luv

$$(X_w, Y_w, Z_w) = (0.95, 1.0, 1.09)$$

$$u_w = \frac{4X_w}{X_w + 15Y_w + 3Z_w} = \frac{3.8}{19.22} = 0.198$$

$$v_w = \frac{9Y_w}{x_w + 15Y_w + 32z_w} = \underline{0.468}$$

for pixel $(0, 0, 0)$

$$t = 0Y/Y_w = 0 \quad L = 0$$

$$u = 0 \quad v = 0$$

for pixel $(\overset{0.413}{\cancel{0.640}}, \overset{0.213}{\cancel{0.330}}, \overset{0.019}{\cancel{0.213}})$

$$t = Y/Y_w = \cancel{0.330} \quad 0.213$$

$$L = 116 \cdot t^{1/3} - 16 = \cancel{64.16} \quad \underline{53.28}$$

$$d = x + 15Y + 3Z = 4.247$$

$$u' = 4x/d = \underline{0.389} \quad v' = 9Y/d = \underline{0.451}$$

$$\cancel{u = u' - u_w = 0.191}$$

$$u = 13L(u' - u_w) = \underline{132.29} \quad v = 13L(v' - v_w) = \underline{-11.77}$$

for pixel $(0.119, 0.126, 0.137)$

$$t = Y/Y_w = 0.126$$

$$L = 116 \cdot t^{1/3} - 16 = \underline{42.15}$$

$$d = x + 15Y + 3Z = 2.42$$

$$u' = 4x/d = 0.196 \quad v' = 9Y/d = \underline{0.469}$$

$$u = 13L(u' - u_w) = -1.095 = \underline{-1.10}$$

$$v = 13L(v' - v_w) = 0.547 = \underline{0.55}$$

For pixel $(0.068, 0.091, 0.135)$

$$t = Y/Y_w = 0.099$$

$$L = 116 t^{1/3} - 16 = 37.66$$

$$d = X + 15Y + 3Z = 1.958$$

$$u' = 4X/d = 0.1389 \quad v' = 9Y/d = 0.455$$

$$u = 13L(u' - u_w) = -28.89 \quad v = 13L(v' - v_w) = -6.37$$

Hence the image in ~~RGB~~ Luv format is.

$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$
$(53.28, 132.29, -11.77)$	$(53.28, 132.29, -11.77)$	$(53.28, 132.29, -11.77)$	$(53.28, 132.29, -11.77)$
$(42.15, -1.10, 0.55)$	$(42.15, -1.10, 0.55)$	$(42.15, -1.10, 0.55)$	$(42.15, -1.10, 0.55)$
$(37.66, -28.89, -6.37)$	$(37.66, -28.89, -6.37)$	$(37.66, -28.89, -6.37)$	$(37.66, -28.89, -6.37)$
$(37.66, -28.89, -6.37)$	$(37.66, -28.89, -6.37)$	$(37.66, -28.89, -6.37)$	$(37.66, -28.89, -6.37)$

To increase the luminosity we need to stretch

~~To perform~~ L values over 0-100. We will do this with histogram equalisation.

For that we first perform quantisation of L values (Round it to nearest whole integer)

Hence L values for the image are

0	0	0	0
53	53	53	53
42	42	42	42
38	38	38	38

Image histogram

Pixel values	# Pixels.
0	4
38	4
42	4
53	4

of grades $(k) = (0 - 100) = 101$

pixels $(n) = 16$

$$\frac{k}{n} = \frac{101}{16} = 6.313$$

i	$h(i)$	$f(i)$	$\frac{f(i) + f(i-1)}{2} \cdot \frac{k}{n}$	f_{100}	
0	4	4	$2 \times 6.313 = 12.626$	12	$0 \rightarrow 12$
38	4	8	$6 \times 6.313 = 37.878$	37	$38 \rightarrow 37$
42	4	12	$10 \times 6.313 = 63.13$	63	$42 \rightarrow 63$
53	4	16	$14 \times 6.313 = 88.38$	88	$53 \rightarrow 88$

Hence Luv image is \rightarrow

$(12, 0, 0)$	$(12, 0, 0)$	$(12, 0, 0)$	$(12, 0, 0)$
$(88, 132.29, -11.77)$	$(88, 132.29, -11.77)$	$(88, 132.29, -11.77)$	$(88, 132.29, -11.77)$
$(63, -1.10, 0.55)$	$(63, -1.10, 0.55)$	$(63, -1.10, 0.55)$	$(63, -1.10, 0.55)$
$(37, -28.89, -6.37)$	$(37, -28.89, -6.37)$	$(37, -28.89, -6.37)$	$(37, -28.89, -6.37)$

Luv to XYZ conversion

$$u' = \frac{13u_w L + u}{13L}$$

$$v' = \frac{v + 13v_w L}{13L}$$

For pixel (12, 0, 0)

$$\cancel{u' = 33.462} \quad \cancel{v' =}$$

$$u' = 0.198 \quad v' = 0.468$$

$$Y = \cancel{0.016} 0.014$$

$$X = 0.013 \quad Z = \cancel{0.012} 0.015$$

For pixel (88, 132.29, -11, 77)

$$u' = 0.313 \quad v' = 0.458$$

$$Y = 0.72 \quad \cancel{Z}$$

$$X = 1.107 \approx 1.0 \quad Z = 0.747$$

For pixel (63, -1.10, 0.55)

$$u' = 0.197 \quad v' = 0.4689$$

$$Y = 0.316$$

$$X = 0.29 \quad Z = 0.346$$

For pixel (37, -28.89, -6.37)

$$u' = 0.137 \quad v' = 0.454$$

$$Y = 0.095$$

$$X = 0.067 \quad Z = 0.131$$

Hence XYZ image is

(0.013, 0.014, 0.015)	(0.013, 0.014, 0.015)	(0.013, 0.014, 0.015)	(0.013, 0.014, 0.015)
(1.0, 0.72, 0.747)	(1.0, 0.72, 0.747)	(1.0, 0.72, 0.747)	(1.0, 0.72, 0.747)
(0.29, 0.316, 0.346)	(0.29, 0.316, 0.346)	(0.29, 0.316, 0.346)	(0.29, 0.316, 0.346)
(0.067, 0.095, 0.131)	(0.067, 0.095, 0.131)	(0.067, 0.095, 0.131)	(0.067, 0.095, 0.131)

Q2]

$$g_1 = f_1 \otimes g$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

\otimes

1	1	1	1	1
0	1	2	3	4
0	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2

$$g_1 =$$

2	2	3	3	3	1	1
0	2	4	7	10	3	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	2	6	6	6	2	2

$$h = f \times g$$

$$= f' \otimes g$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

\otimes

1	1	1	1	1
0	1	2	3	4
0	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2

$$=$$

1	1	3	3	3	2	2
0	1	2	5	8	6	8
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	2	6	6	6	4	4

$$g_2 = f_2 \otimes g_1$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 7 & 10 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -2 & -3 & -3 & -3 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 & -1 & -4 & 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 & 11 & 17 & 13 & 7 & 4 \\ -4 & -4 & -6 & -6 & -6 & -2 & -2 & 0 \\ 4 & 8 & 10 & 12 & 12 & 8 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q2] Find f such that $g_2 = f \otimes g$

$$g_2 = f_2 \otimes g_1$$

$$= f_2 \otimes (f_1 \otimes g)$$

$$= f_2' * (f_1' * g) \quad \leftarrow \text{Change from cross correlation to convolution.}$$

$$= (f_2' * f_1') * g \quad \leftarrow \text{rearrange parenthesis.}$$

$$g_2 = (f_2' * f_1')' \otimes g$$

$$= f \otimes g$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Thus } f &= (f_2' * f_1')' \\
 &= ((f_2')' \otimes f_1')' \\
 &= (f_2 \otimes f_1')^1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f' = f_2 \otimes f_1' = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & -1 & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$f' = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline -2 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$f = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ \hline 0 & -1 & 0 & -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$