Deep Learning: Assignment 2

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1. Apply the normalization on the training and test data

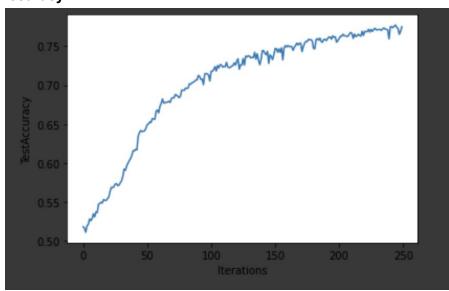
```
from scipy import stats
X = stats.zscore(X_train, axis=1)
X_T = stats.zscore(X_test, axis=1)
```

2. As a baseline, train a linear classifier y^{= v T x and quadratic loss. Report its test accuracy}

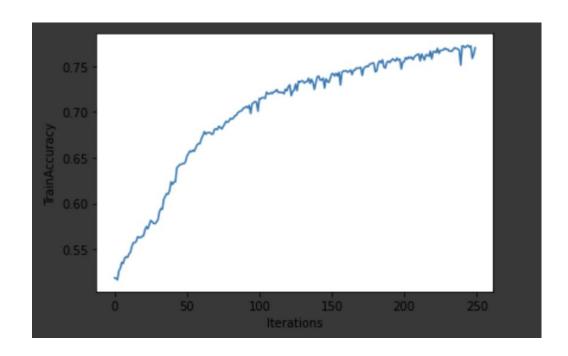
Test Accuracy: 84.37%

- 3. Learning rate = 0.0001
 - a. k=5:

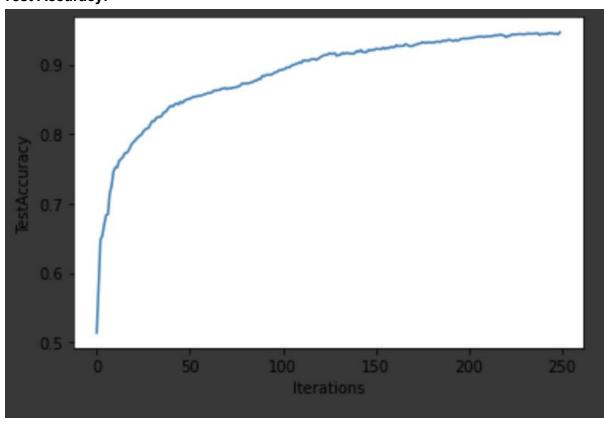
Test Accuracy:



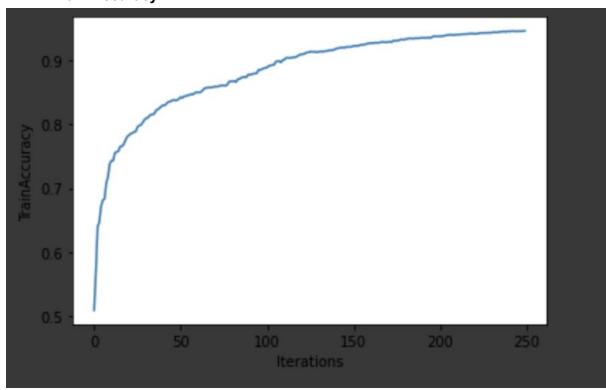
Train Accuracy:



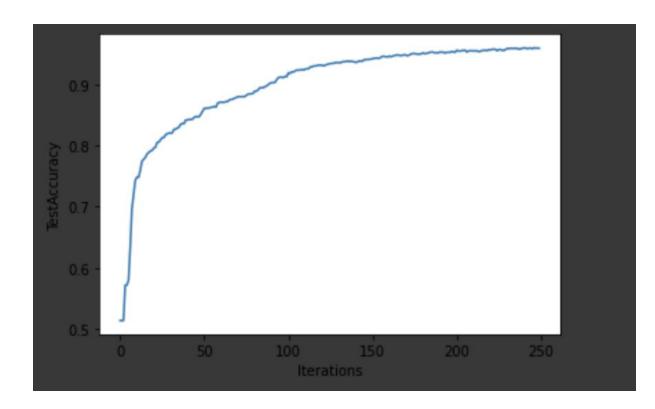
b. k=40 Test Accuracy:



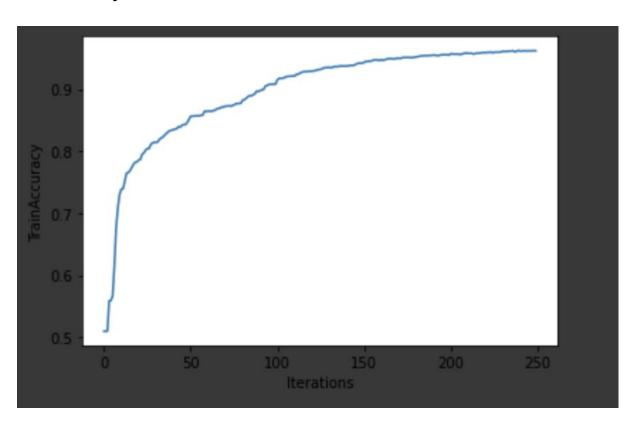
Train Accuracy:



c. k=200 Test Accuracy:



Train Accuracy:

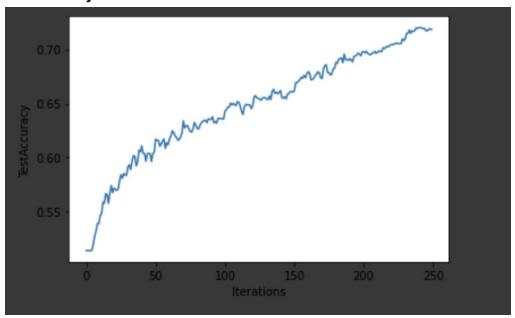


d.

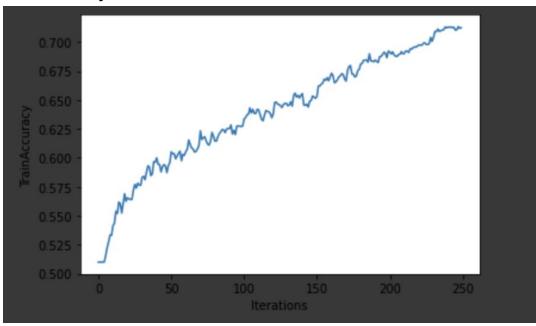
4. Learning Rate = 0.0001

a. k=5:

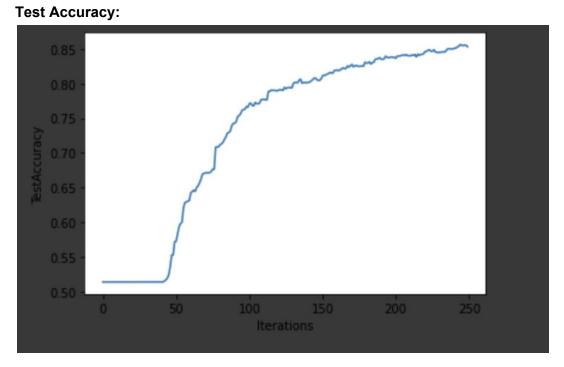
Test Accuracy:



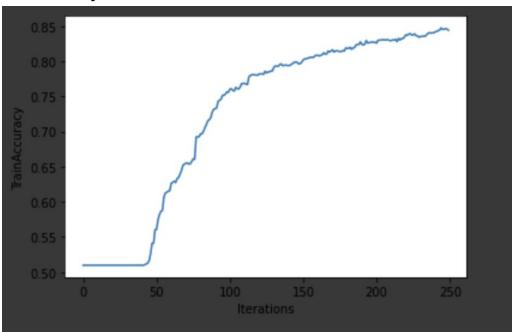
Train Accuracy:



b. k=40

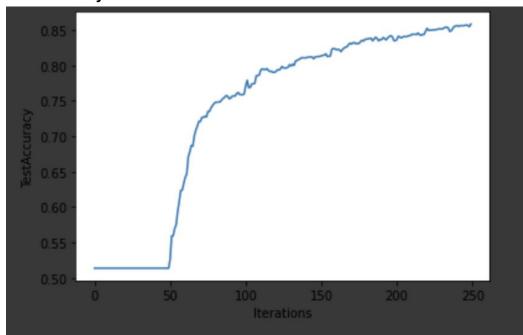


Train Accuracy:

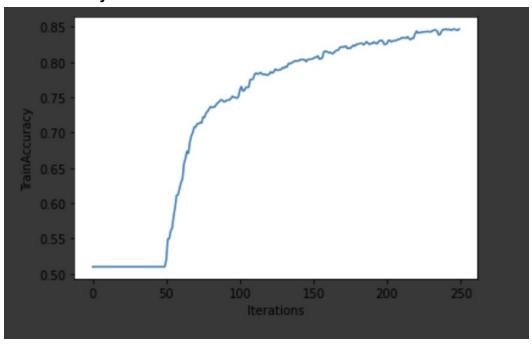


c. k=200

Test Accuracy:



Train Accuracy:



d. Comment on the role of hidden units k on the ease of optimization and accuracy

As k increases, the train and the test accuracy increases based on the above plots.

5. Comment on the difference between linear model and neural net. Comment on the differences between logistic and quadratic loss in terms of optimization and test/train accuracy

The neural net provides a non-linear boundary while the linear model provides a linear boundary. Neural network provides better efficiency as compared to linear classifier because of its non-linear decision making.

The logistic loss takes much less time to calculate as compared to quadratic loss. Therefore, converges faster and has a higher accuracy.