

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as pltj
import matplotlib.ticker as mtick
```

```
In [2]: telecom_cust=pd.read_csv
("C:\\\\Users\\\\SRI KAAVYA\\\\Downloads\\\\churn pred in telecom.zip")
```

In [3]: `telecom_cust.head(19)`

Out[3]:

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	PhoneService	MultipleLines
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1	No	No phone service
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34	Yes	No
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2	Yes	No
3	7795-CFOCW	Male	0	No	No	45	No	No phone service
4	9237-HQITU	Female	0	No	No	2	Yes	No
5	9305-CDSKC	Female	0	No	No	8	Yes	Yes
6	1452-KIOVK	Male	0	No	Yes	22	Yes	Yes
7	6713-OKOMC	Female	0	No	No	10	No	No phone service
8	7892-POOKP	Female	0	Yes	No	28	Yes	Yes
9	6388-TABGU	Male	0	No	Yes	62	Yes	No
10	9763-GRSKD	Male	0	Yes	Yes	13	Yes	No
11	7469-LKBCI	Male	0	No	No	16	Yes	No
12	8091-TTVAX	Male	0	Yes	No	58	Yes	Yes
13	0280-XJGEX	Male	0	No	No	49	Yes	Yes
14	5129-JLPIS	Male	0	No	No	25	Yes	No
15	3655-SNQYZ	Female	0	Yes	Yes	69	Yes	Yes
16	8191-XWSZG	Female	0	No	No	52	Yes	No
17	9959-WOFKT	Male	0	No	Yes	71	Yes	Yes
18	4190-MFLUW	Female	0	Yes	Yes	10	Yes	No

19 rows × 21 columns



```
In [4]: telecom_cust.columns.values
```

```
Out[4]: array(['customerID', 'gender', 'SeniorCitizen', 'Partner', 'Dependents',
   'tenure', 'PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',
   'OnlineSecurity', 'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection',
   'TechSupport', 'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies', 'Contract',
   'PaperlessBilling', 'PaymentMethod', 'MonthlyCharges',
   'TotalCharges', 'Churn'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [5]: telecom_cust.dtypes
```

```
Out[5]: customerID          object
gender              object
SeniorCitizen       int64
Partner             object
Dependents          object
tenure              int64
PhoneService        object
MultipleLines       object
InternetService    object
OnlineSecurity     object
OnlineBackup        object
DeviceProtection   object
TechSupport         object
StreamingTV        object
StreamingMovies    object
Contract            object
PaperlessBilling   object
PaymentMethod      object
MonthlyCharges     float64
TotalCharges        object
Churn               object
dtype: object
```

```
In [6]: telecom_cust.TotalCharges=pd.to_numeric(telecom_cust.TotalCharges,errors='coer'
telecom_cust.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[6]: customerID      0
gender          0
SeniorCitizen   0
Partner         0
Dependents     0
tenure          0
PhoneService    0
MultipleLines   0
InternetService 0
OnlineSecurity  0
OnlineBackup    0
DeviceProtection 0
TechSupport     0
StreamingTV    0
StreamingMovies 0
Contract        0
PaperlessBilling 0
PaymentMethod   0
MonthlyCharges  0
TotalCharges     11
Churn           0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [7]: telecom_cust.dropna(inplace = True)
df2 = telecom_cust.iloc[:,1:]
df2['Churn'].replace(to_replace='Yes', value=1, inplace=True)
df2['Churn'].replace(to_replace='No',  value=0, inplace=True)
df_dummies = pd.get_dummies(df2)
df_dummies.head()
```

```
Out[7]:
```

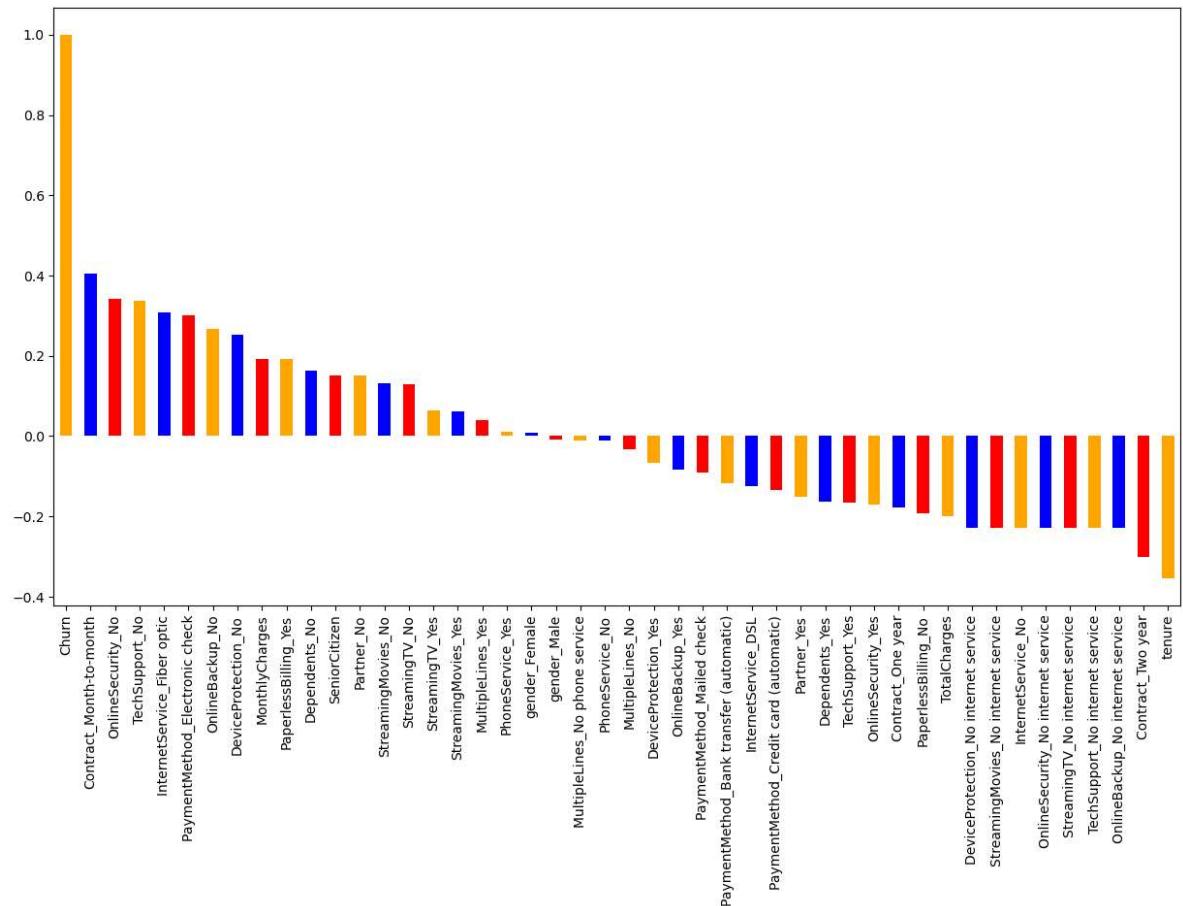
	SeniorCitizen	tenure	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges	Churn	gender_Female	gender_Male	Pi
0	0	1	29.85	29.85	0	1	0	0
1	0	34	56.95	1889.50	0	0	0	1
2	0	2	53.85	108.15	1	0	0	1
3	0	45	42.30	1840.75	0	0	0	1
4	0	2	70.70	151.65	1	1	0	0

5 rows × 46 columns

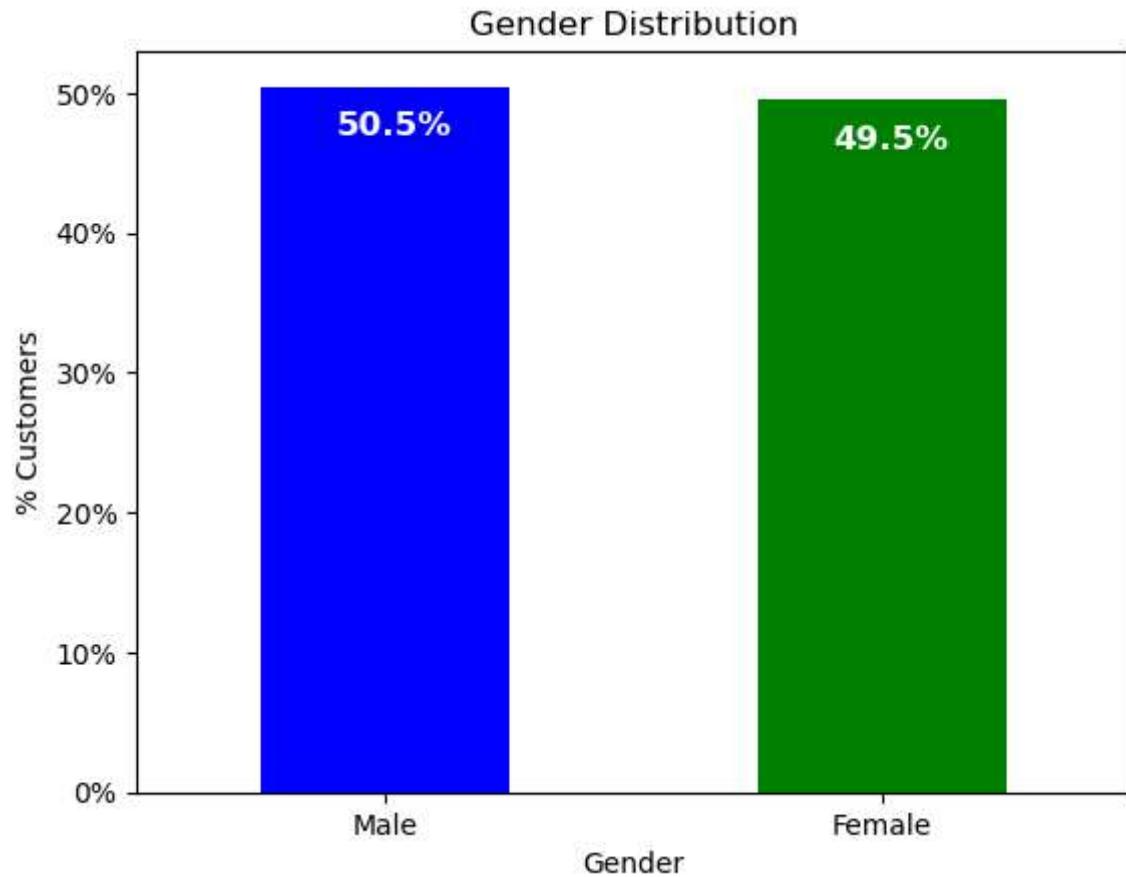


```
In [8]: colors=['orange','blue','red']
plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
df_dummies.corr()['Churn'].sort_values(ascending = False).plot(kind='bar',color=colors)
```

Out[8]: <Axes: >

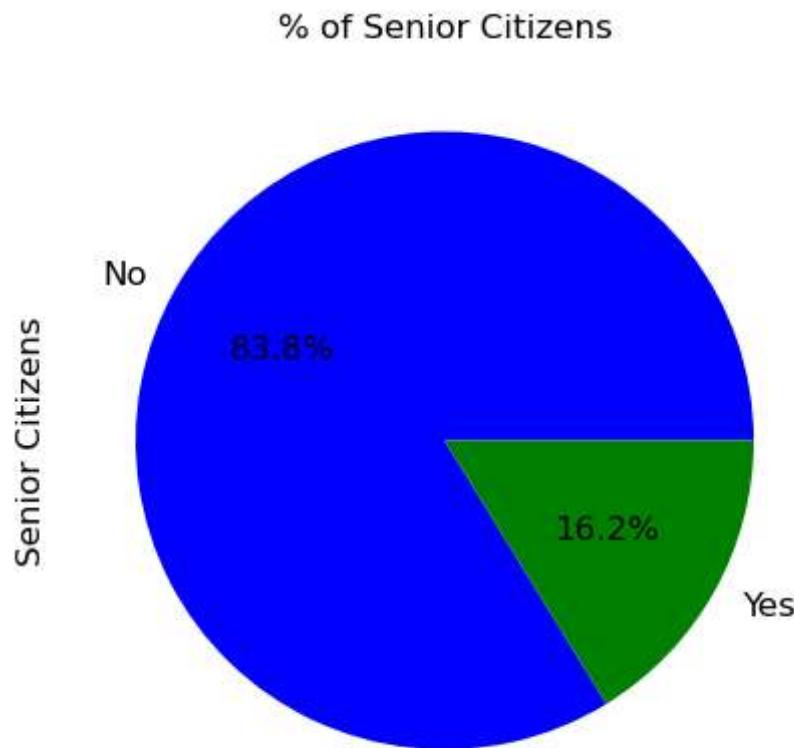


```
In [9]: colors = ['blue','green']
ax = (telecom_cust['gender'].value_counts()*100.0 /len(telecom_cust)).plot(kind='bar', color=colors, rot=90)
ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(mtick.PercentFormatter())
ax.set_ylabel('% Customers')
ax.set_xlabel('Gender')
ax.set_ylabel('% Customers')
ax.set_title('Gender Distribution')
totals=[]
for i in ax.patches:
    totals.append(i.get_width())
total=sum(totals)
for i in ax.patches:
    ax.text(i.get_x()+.15, i.get_height()-3.5, \
            str(round((i.get_height()/total), 1))+'%', \
            fontsize=12, \
            color='white', \
            weight='bold')
```

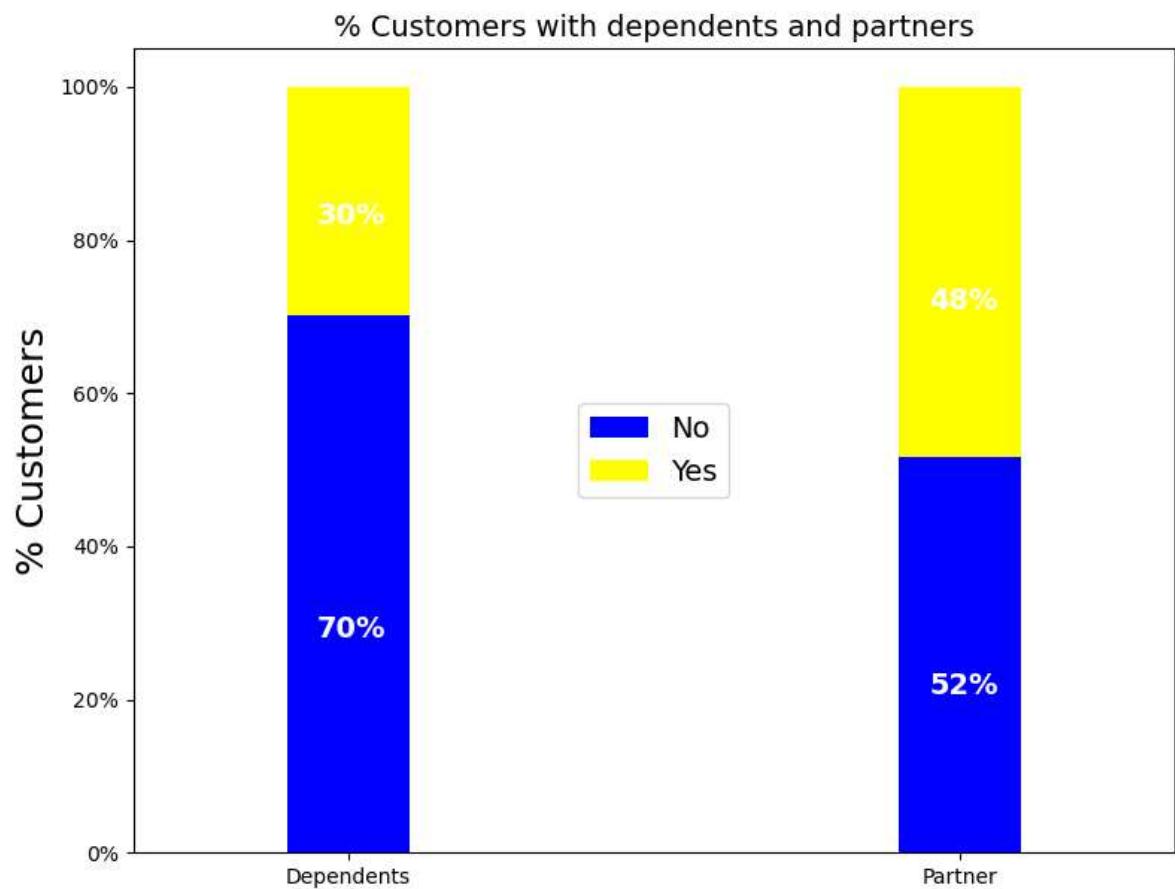


```
In [10]: ax = (telecom_cust['SeniorCitizen'].value_counts()*100.0 /len(telecom_cust))\
.plot.pie(autopct='%.1f%%', labels = ['No', 'Yes'],figsize=(5,5),fontsize = 12,
ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(mtick.PercentFormatter())
ax.set_ylabel('Senior Citizens',fontsize=12)
ax.set_title('% of Senior Citizens',fontsize=12)
```

```
Out[10]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '% of Senior Citizens')
```

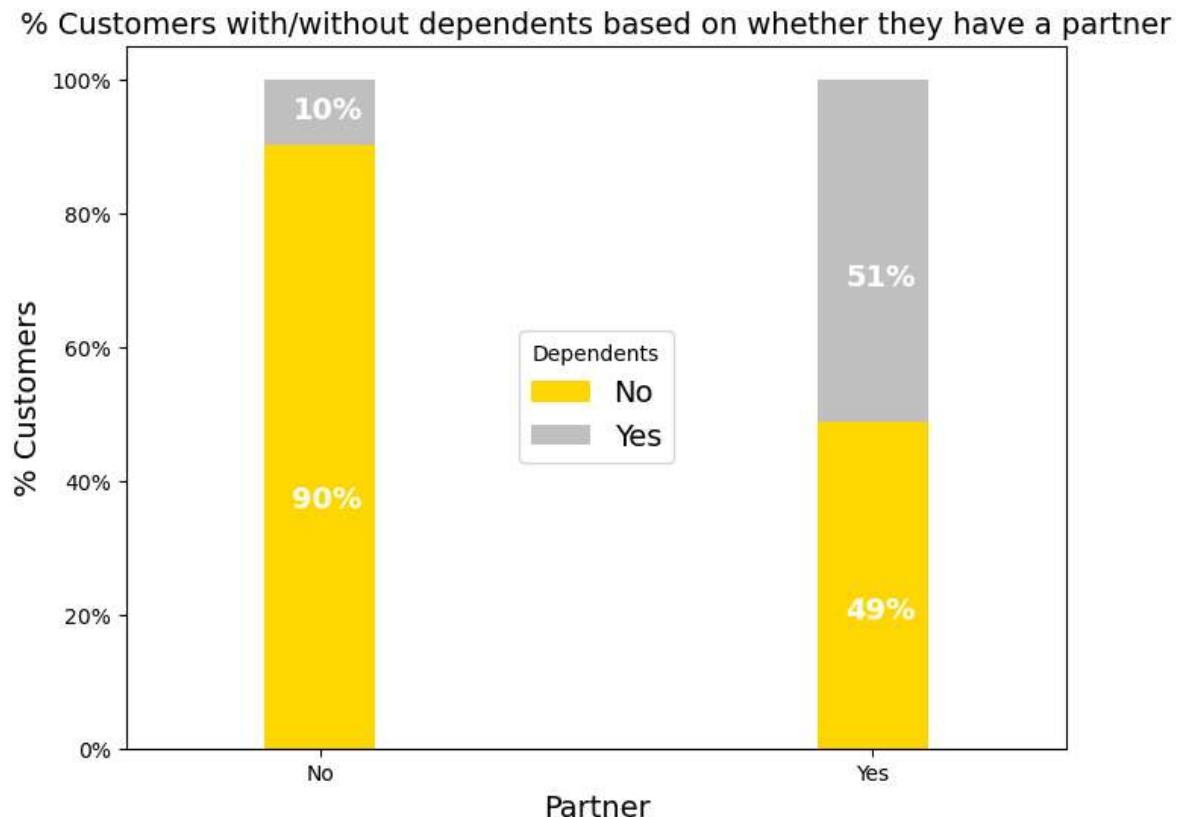


```
In [11]: df2=pd.melt(telecom_cust, id_vars=['customerID'], value_vars=['Dependents', 'Partners'])
df3=df2.groupby(['variable','value']).count().unstack()
df3=df3*100/len(telecom_cust)
colors=['blue', 'yellow']
ax=df3.loc[:, 'customerID'].plot.bar(stacked=True, color=colors,
                                         figsize=(9,7), rot=0,
                                         width=0.2)
ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(mtick.PercentFormatter())
ax.set_ylabel('% Customers', size = 18)
ax.set_xlabel('')
ax.set_title('% Customers with dependents and partners', size = 14)
ax.legend(loc='center', prop={'size':14})
for p in ax.patches:
    width,height=p.get_width(),p.get_height()
    x,y=p.get_xy()
    ax.annotate('{:.0f}%'.format(height), (p.get_x()+.25*width, p.get_y()+.4*height),
               color='white',
               weight='bold',
               size=14)
```



```
In [12]: colors=['gold','silver']
partner_dependents=telecom_cust.groupby(['Partner','Dependents']).size().unstack()
ax=(partner_dependents.T*100.0 / partner_dependents.T.sum()).T.plot(kind='bar'
                                                               width=0.2,
                                                               stacked=True,
                                                               rot=0,
                                                               figsize=(8,6),
                                                               color=colors)

ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(mtick.PercentFormatter())
ax.legend(loc='center',prop={'size':14},title = 'Dependents',fontsize =14)
ax.set_ylabel('% Customers',size = 14)
ax.set_title('% Customers with/without dependents based on whether they have a partner',size = 14)
ax.xaxis.label.set_size(14)
for p in ax.patches:
    width, height = p.get_width(), p.get_height()
    x,y=p.get_xy()
    ax.annotate('{:.0f}%'.format(height), (p.get_x()+.25*width, p.get_y()+.4*height),
               color='white',
               weight='bold',
               size=14)
```



```
In [38]: ax=sns.distplot(telecom_cust['tenure'],hist=True, kde=False,
                      bins=int(180/5), color = 'red',
                      hist_kws={'edgecolor':'black'},
                      kde_kws={'linewidth': 4})
ax.set_ylabel('# of Customers')
ax.set_xlabel('Tenure (months)')
ax.set_title('# of Customers by their tenure')
```

C:\Users\SRI KAAVYA\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7180\3753719227.py:1: UserWarning:

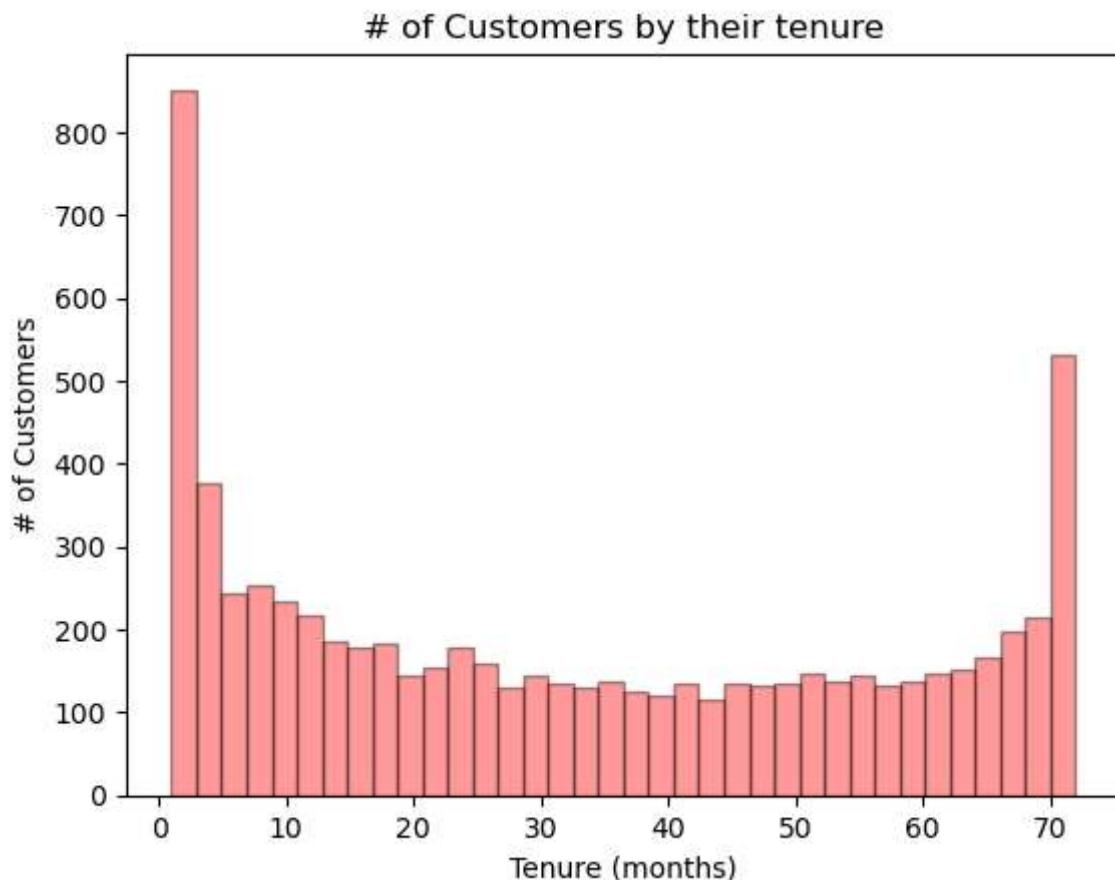
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751> (<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>)

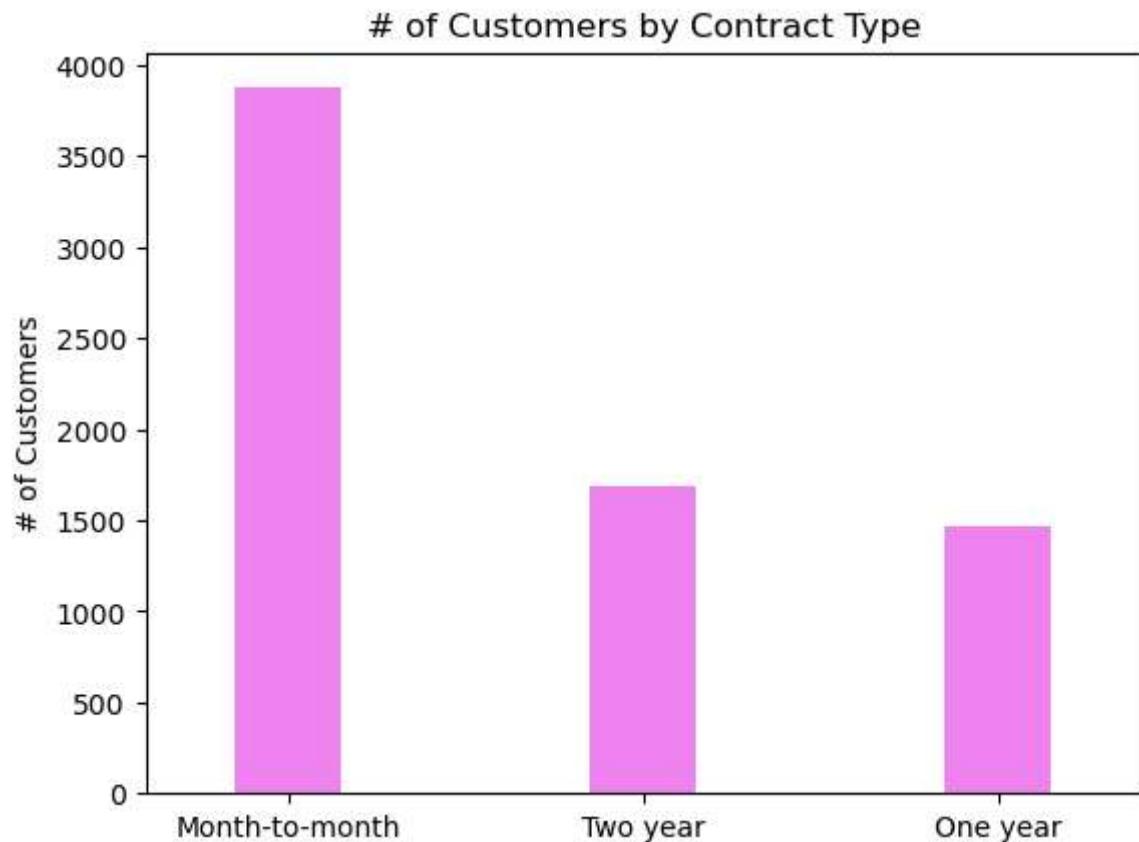
```
ax=sns.distplot(telecom_cust['tenure'],hist=True, kde=False,
```

Out[38]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '# of Customers by their tenure')



```
In [41]: ax=telecom_cust['Contract'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar',rot=0,width=0.3,color='pink')
ax.set_ylabel('# of Customers')
ax.set_title('# of Customers by Contract Type')
```

```
Out[41]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '# of Customers by Contract Type')
```



```
In [15]: fig,(ax1,ax2,ax3)=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=3,sharey=True,figsize=(20,6))
ax = sns.distplot(telecom_cust[telecom_cust['Contract']=='Month-to-month'][['tenure']],
                  hist=True, kde=False,
                  bins=int(180/5), color = 'turquoise',
                  hist_kws={'edgecolor':'black'},
                  kde_kws={'linewidth': 4},
                  ax=ax1)
ax.set_ylabel('# of Customers')
ax.set_xlabel('Tenure (months)')
ax.set_title('Month to Month Contract')

ax=sns.distplot(telecom_cust[telecom_cust['Contract']=='One year']['tenure'],
                 hist=True,kde=False,
                 bins=int(180/5), color = 'steelblue',
                 hist_kws={'edgecolor':'black'},
                 kde_kws={'linewidth': 4},
                 ax=ax2)
ax.set_xlabel('Tenure (months)',size = 14)
ax.set_title('One Year Contract',size = 14)

ax = sns.distplot(telecom_cust[telecom_cust['Contract']=='Two year']['tenure'],
                  hist=True, kde=False,
                  bins=int(180/5), color = 'darkblue',
                  hist_kws={'edgecolor':'black'},
                  kde_kws={'linewidth': 4},
                  ax=ax3)
ax.set_xlabel('Tenure (months)')
ax.set_title('Two Year Contract')
```

```
C:\Users\SRI KAAVYA\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7180\1065370864.py:2: UserWarning:
```

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751> (<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>)

```
ax = sns.distplot(telecom_cust[telecom_cust['Contract']=='Month-to-month']['tenure'],
```

```
C:\Users\SRI KAAVYA\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7180\1065370864.py:12: UserWarning:
```

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751> (<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>)

```
ax=sns.distplot(telecom_cust[telecom_cust['Contract']=='One year']['tenure'],
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```
C:\Users\SRI KAAVYA\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7180\1065370864.py:21: UserWarning:
```

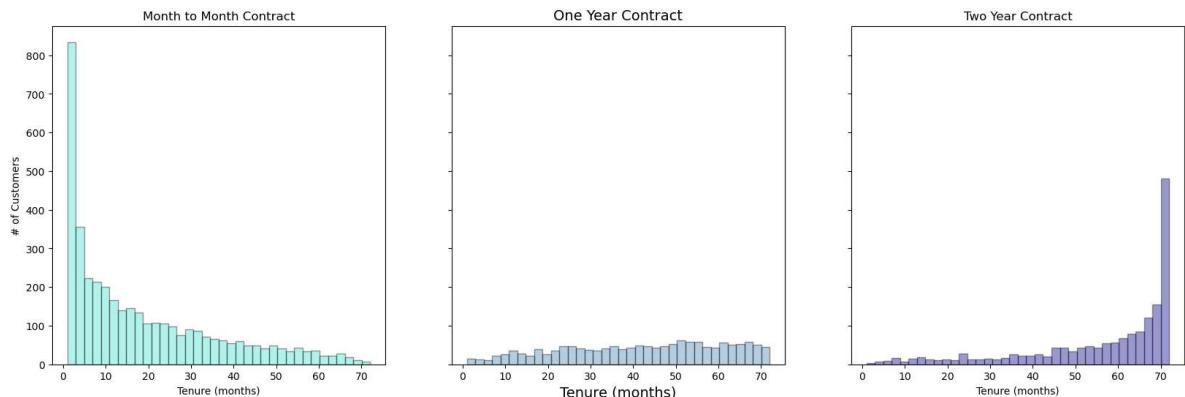
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751> (<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>)

```
ax = sns.distplot(telecom_cust[telecom_cust['Contract']=='Two year']['tenure'],
```

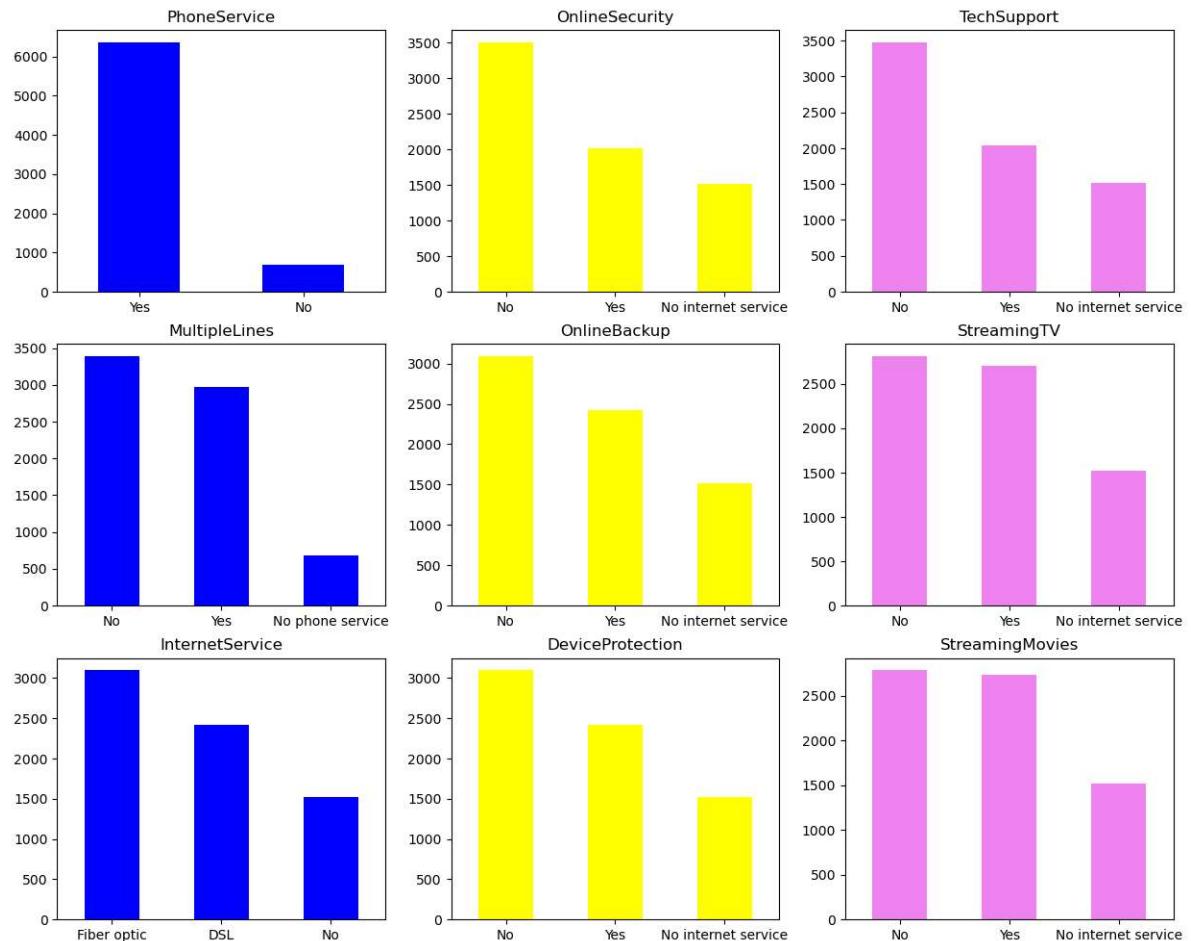
Out[15]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Two Year Contract')



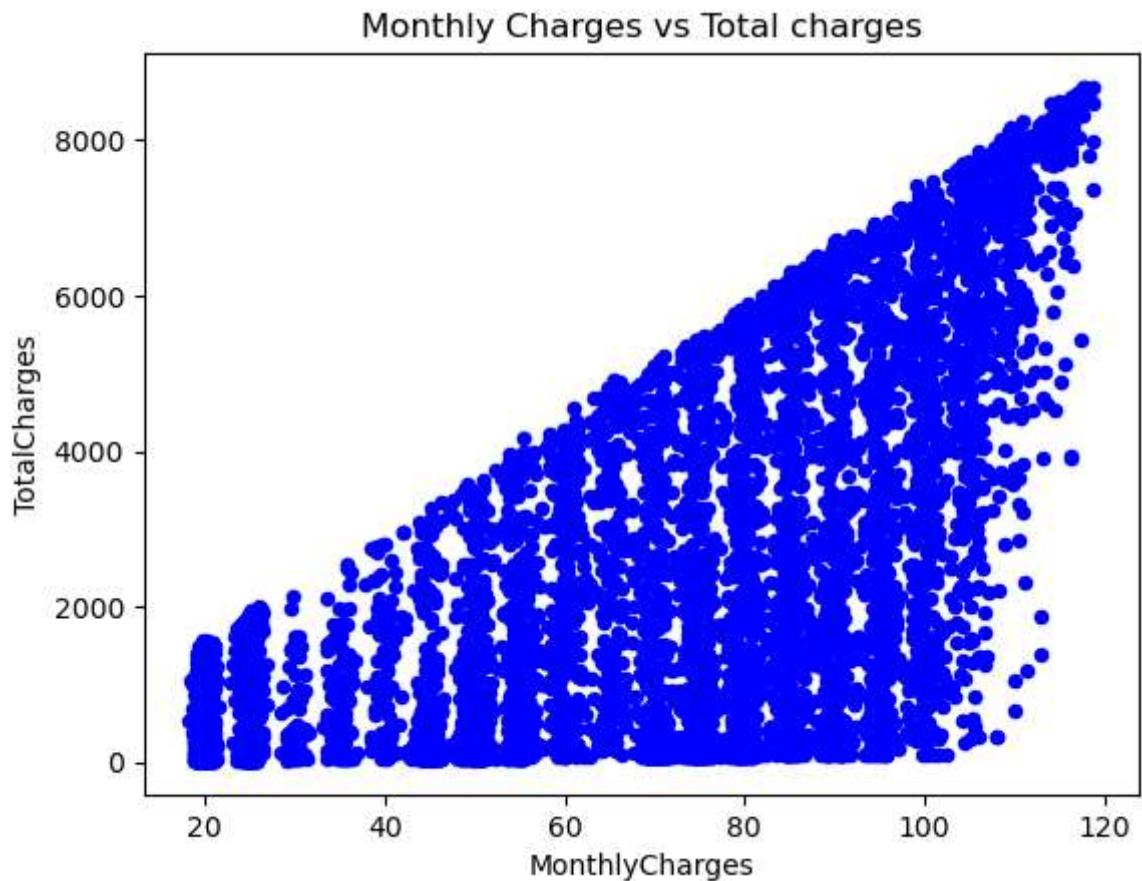
```
In [16]: telecom_cust.columns.values
```

```
Out[16]: array(['customerID', 'gender', 'SeniorCitizen', 'Partner', 'Dependents',
       'tenure', 'PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',
       'OnlineSecurity', 'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection',
       'TechSupport', 'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies', 'Contract',
       'PaperlessBilling', 'PaymentMethod', 'MonthlyCharges',
       'TotalCharges', 'Churn'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [46]: services=['PhoneService','MultipleLines','InternetService','OnlineSecurity',
                 'OnlineBackup','DeviceProtection','TechSupport','StreamingTV','StreamingMovies']
fig,axes=plt.subplots(nrows=3,ncols=3,figsize=(15,12))
for i,item in enumerate(services):
    if i<3:
        ax=telecom_cust[item].value_counts().plot(kind='bar',ax=axes[i,0],rot=0)
    elif i>=3 and i < 6:
        ax = telecom_cust[item].value_counts().plot(kind = 'bar',ax=axes[i-3,1])
    elif i < 9:
        ax = telecom_cust[item].value_counts().plot(kind = 'bar',ax=axes[i-6,2])
    ax.set_title(item)
```



```
In [50]: telecom_cust[['MonthlyCharges', 'TotalCharges']].plot.scatter(x = 'MonthlyCharg  
y='TotalCharg  
plt.title('Monthly Charges vs Total charges')  
plt.show()
```



```
In [51]: colors = ['blue','orange']
ax = (telecom_cust['Churn'].value_counts()*100.0 /len(telecom_cust)).plot(kind='bar', color=colors, rot=90)
figsize=(10,6)
ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(mtick.PercentFormatter())
ax.set_ylabel('% Customers',size = 14)
ax.set_xlabel('Churn',size = 14)
ax.set_title('Churn Rate', size = 14)
totals = []
for i in ax.patches:
    totals.append(i.get_width())
total = sum(totals)
for i in ax.patches:
    ax.text(i.get_x()+.15, i.get_height()-4.0, \
            str(round((i.get_height()/total), 1))+'%',\
            fontsize=12, color='white', weight = 'bold', size = 14)
```

```

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```

TypeError Traceback (most recent call last)

Cell In[51], line 23

```

 20 total = sum(totals)
 21 for i in ax.patches:
---> 23     ax.text(i.get_x()+.15, i.get_height()-4.0, \
 24                 str(round((i.get_height()/total), 1))+'%', 
 25                 fontsize=12,
 26                 color='white',
 27                 weight = 'bold',
 28                 size = 14)
```

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\axes_axes.py:689, in Axes.text(self, x, y, s, fontdict, **kwargs)

```

628 """
629 Add text to the Axes.
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631 """
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File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib_api\deprecation.py:454, in make_keyword_only.<locals>.wrapper(*args, **kwargs)

```

448 if len(args) > name_idx:
449     warn_deprecated(
450         since, message="Passing the %(name)s %(obj_type)s "
451         "positionally is deprecated since Matplotlib %(since)s; the "
452         "parameter will become keyword-only %(removal)s.",
453         name=name, obj_type=f"parameter of {func.__name__}()")
---> 454 return func(*args, **kwargs)
```

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\text.py:183, in Text.__init__(self, x, y, text, color, verticalalignment, horizontalalignment, multialignment, fontproperties, rotation, linespacing, rotation_mode, usetex, wrap, transform_rotates_text, parse_math, **kwargs)

```

167 self._text = ''
168 self._reset_visual_defaults(
169     text=text,
170     color=color,
171     verticalalignment=verticalalignment,
172     horizontalalignment=horizontalalignment,
173     multialignment=multialignment,
174     fontproperties=fontproperties,
175     rotation=rotation,
176     linespacing=linespacing,
177     rotation_mode=rotation_mode,
178     usetex=usetex,
179     wrap=wrap,
180     transform_rotates_text=transform_rotates_text,
181     parse_math=parse_math)
---> 183 self.update(kwargs)
```

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\text.py:223, in Text.update(self, kwargs)

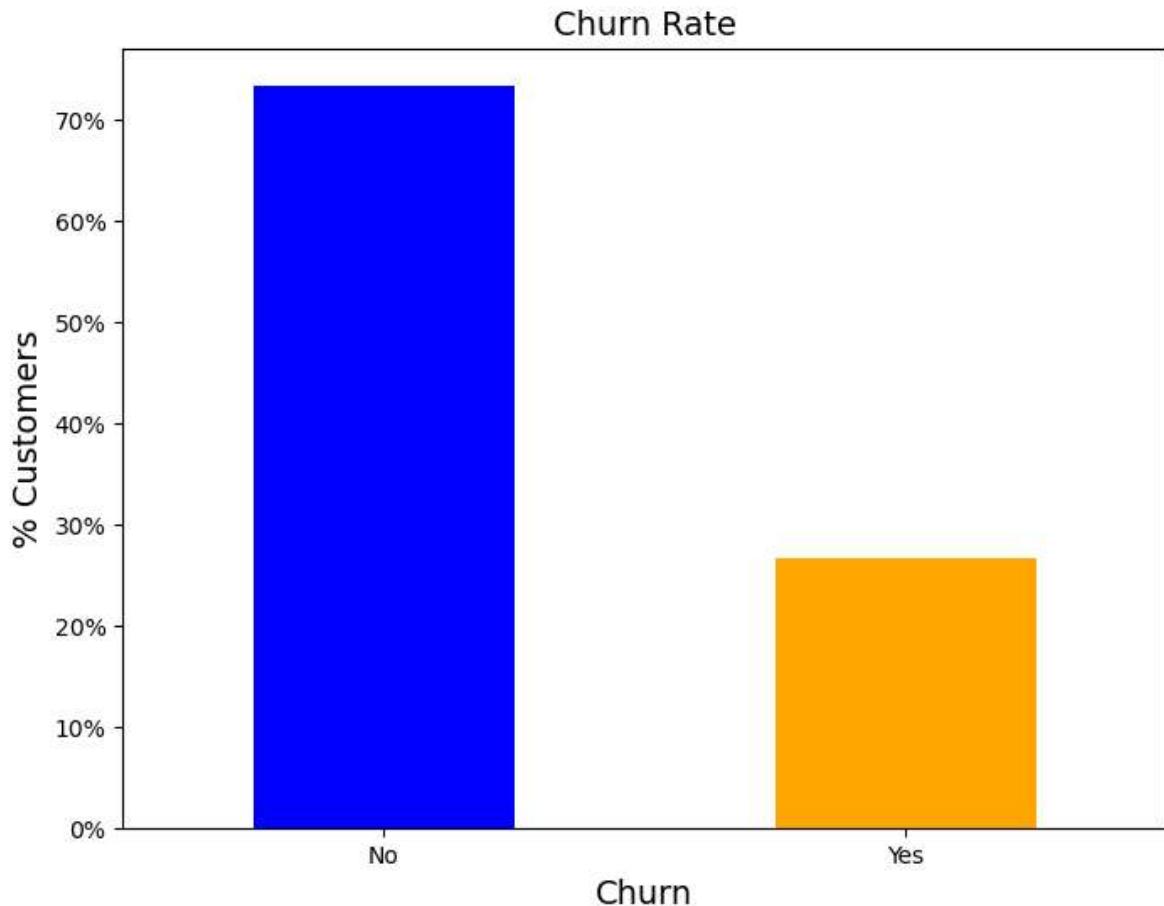
```

221 def update(self, kwargs):
222     # docstring inherited
```

```
--> 223     kwargs = cbook.normalize_kwargs(kwargs, Text)
224     sentinel = object() # bbox can be None, so use another sentinel.
225     # Update fontproperties first, as it has lowest priority.

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\cbook\__init__.py:1774, in normalize_kwargs(kw, alias_mapping)
1772 canonical = to_canonical.get(k, k)
1773 if canonical in canonical_to_seen:
-> 1774     raise TypeError(f"Got both {canonical_to_seen[canonical]}!r} and "
1775                         f"{{k!r}, which are aliases of one another")
1776 canonical_to_seen[canonical] = k
1777 ret[canonical] = v
```

TypeError: Got both 'fontsize' and 'size', which are aliases of one another



```
In [52]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.ticker as mtick
colors = ['violet', 'red']

churn_percent = telecom_cust['Churn'].value_counts() * 100.0 / len(telecom_cus

ax = churn_percent.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, rot=0, color=colors, figsize=(10, 6))
ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(mtick.PercentFormatter())
ax.set_ylabel('% Customers', size=14)
ax.set_xlabel('Churn', size=14)
ax.set_title('Churn Rate', size=14)

for i in ax.patches:
    percentage = f'{round(i.get_height(), 1)}%'
    ax.text(i.get_x() + 0.15, i.get_height() - 4.0, percentage, fontsize=12, c

plt.show()
```

```

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TypeError                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[52], line 16
    14 for i in ax.patches:
    15     percentage = f"{round(i.get_height(), 1)}%"
---> 16     ax.text(i.get_x() + 0.15, i.get_height() - 4.0, percentage, font-
    17 size=12, color='white', weight='bold', size=14)
    18 plt.show()

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\axes\_axes.py:689, in Axes.text
(self, x, y, s, fontdict, **kwargs)
628 """
629 Add text to the Axes.
630
631 (...)
679     >>> text(x, y, s, bbox=dict(facecolor='red', alpha=0.5))
680 """
681 effective_kwargs = {
682     'verticalalignment': 'baseline',
683     'horizontalalignment': 'left',
684     ...
685     **kwargs,
686 }
---> 689 t = mtext.Text(x, y, text=s, **effective_kwargs)
690 t.set_clip_path(self.patch)
691 self._add_text(t)

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\_api\deprecation.py:454, in make_keyword_only.<locals>.wrapper(*args, **kwargs)
448 if len(args) > name_idx:
449     warn_deprecated(
450         since, message="Passing the %(name)s %(obj_type)s "
451         "positionally is deprecated since Matplotlib %(since)s; the "
452         "parameter will become keyword-only %(removal)s.",
453         name=name, obj_type=f"parameter of {func.__name__}()")
---> 454 return func(*args, **kwargs)

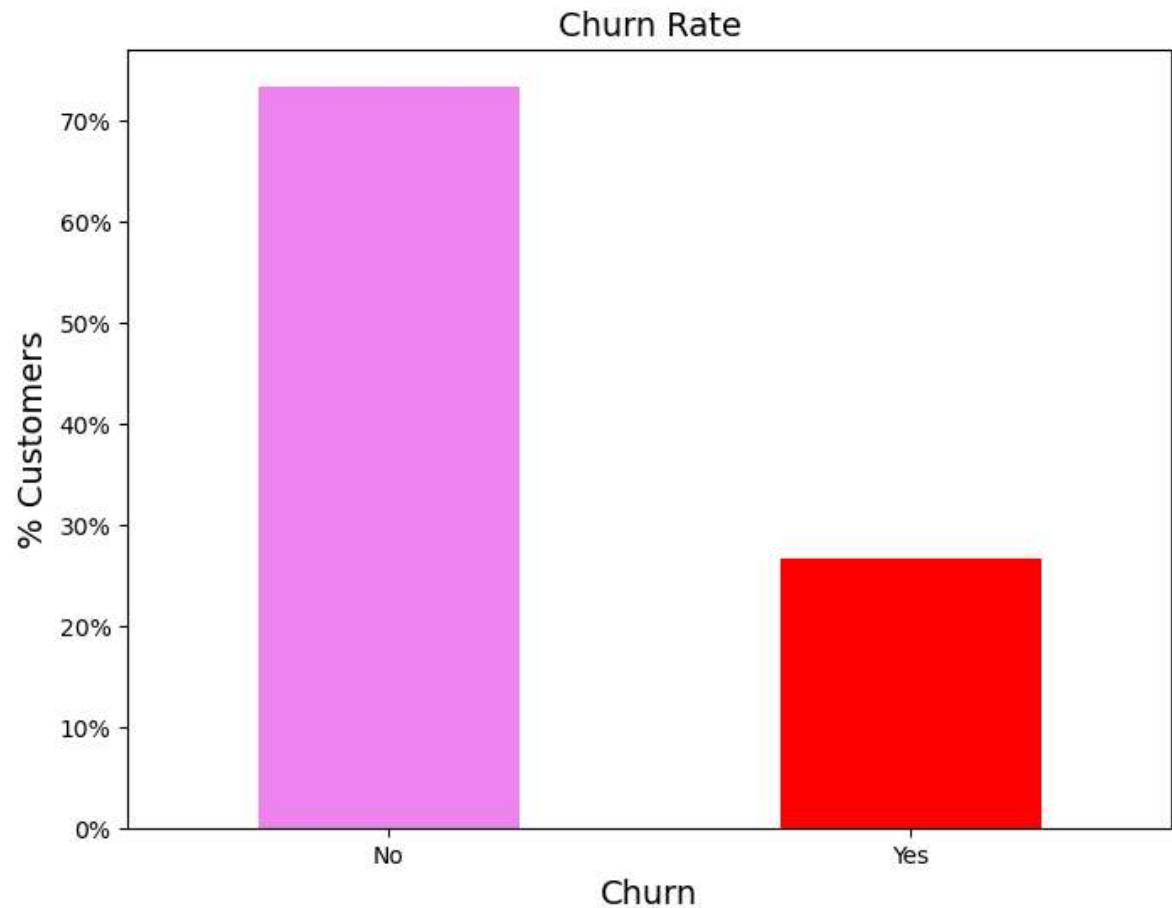
File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\text.py:183, in Text.__init__(self, x, y, text, color, verticalalignment, horizontalalignment, multialignment, fontproperties, rotation, linespacing, rotation_mode, usetex, wrap, transform_rotates_text, parse_math, **kwargs)
167 self._text = ''
168 self._reset_visual_defaults(
169     text=text,
170     color=color,
171     ...
181     rotation_mode=rotation_mode,
182 )
---> 183 self.update(kwargs)

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\text.py:223, in Text.update(self, kwargs)
221 def update(self, kwargs):
222     # docstring inherited
---> 223     kwargs = cbook.normalize_kwargs(kwargs, Text)
224     sentinel = object() # bbox can be None, so use another sentinel.
225     # Update fontproperties first, as it has lowest priority.

```

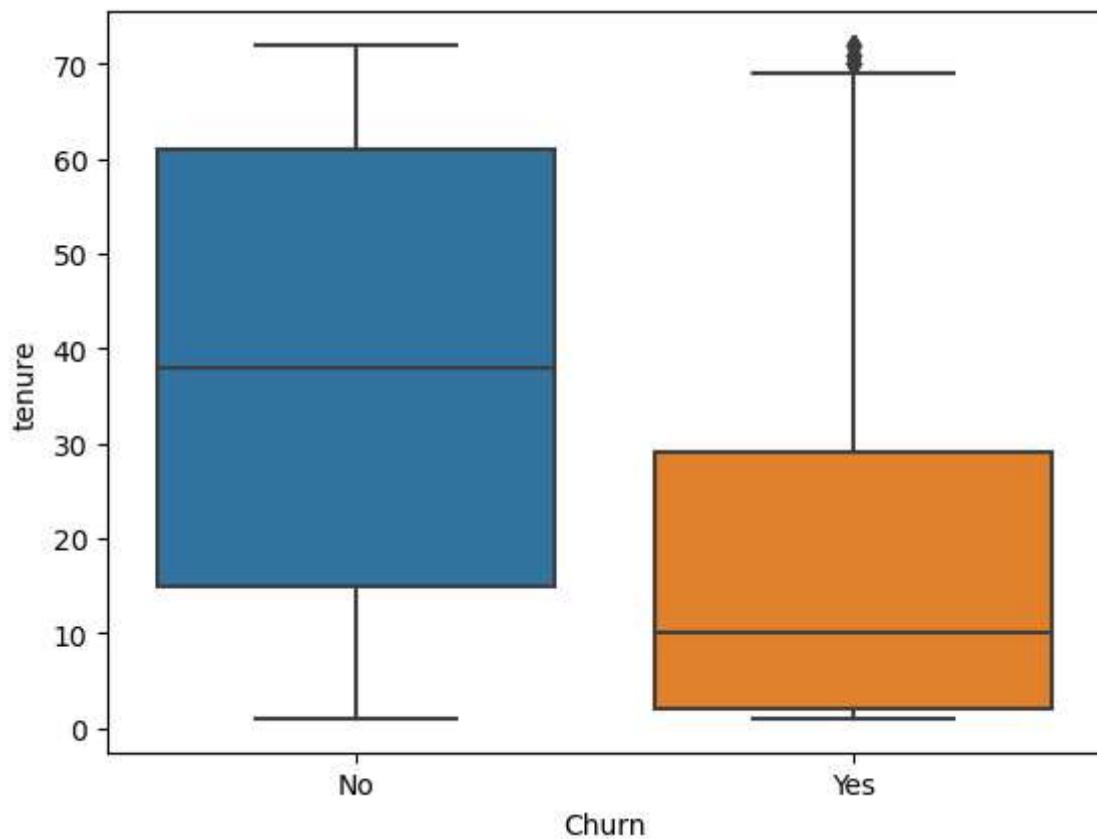
```
File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\matplotlib\cbook\__init__.py:1774, in normalize_kw_args(kw, alias_mapping)
 1772 canonical = to_canonical.get(k, k)
 1773 if canonical in canonical_to_seen:
-> 1774     raise TypeError(f"Got both {canonical_to_seen[canonical]}!r} and "
 1775                     f"{{k!r}, which are aliases of one another")
 1776 canonical_to_seen[canonical] = k
 1777 ret[canonical] = v

TypeError: Got both 'fontsize' and 'size', which are aliases of one another
```



```
In [21]: sns.boxplot(x = telecom_cust.Churn, y = telecom_cust.tenure)
```

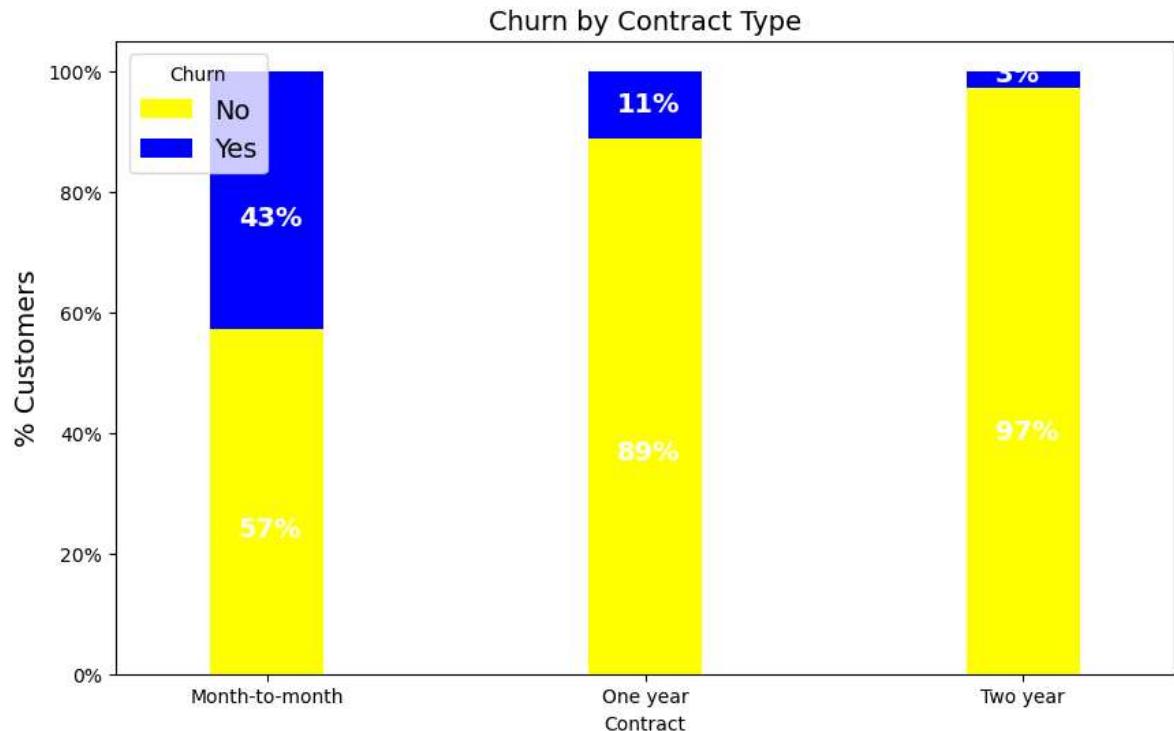
```
Out[21]: <Axes: xlabel='Churn', ylabel='tenure'>
```



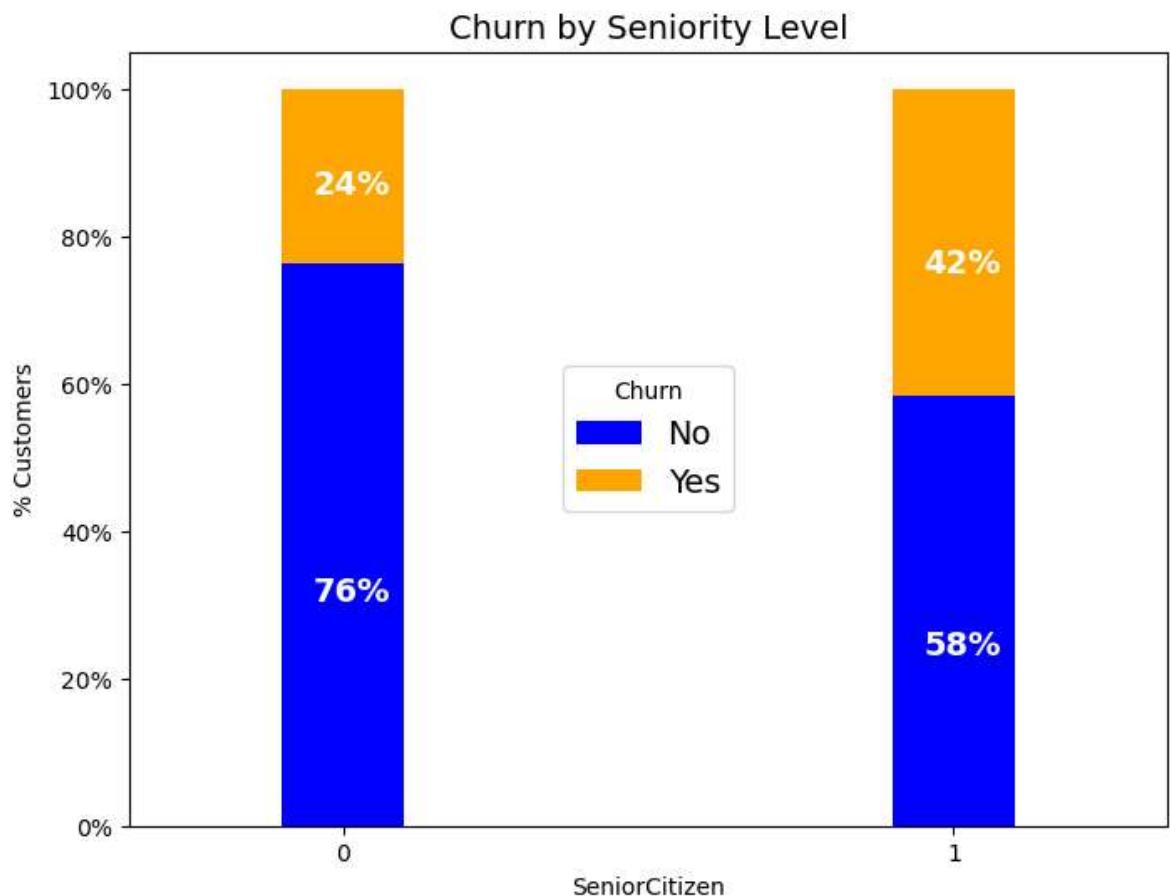
```
In [53]: colors = ['yellow','blue']
contract_churn = telecom_cust.groupby(['Contract','Churn']).size().unstack()

ax = (contract_churn.T*100.0 / contract_churn.T.sum()).T.plot(kind='bar',
                                                               width = 0.3,
                                                               stacked = True,
                                                               rot = 0,
                                                               figsize = (10,
                                                               color = colors

ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(mtick.PercentFormatter())
ax.legend(loc='best',prop={'size':14},title = 'Churn')
ax.set_ylabel('% Customers',size = 14)
ax.set_title('Churn by Contract Type',size = 14)
for p in ax.patches:
    width, height = p.get_width(), p.get_height()
    x, y = p.get_xy()
    ax.annotate('{:.0f}%'.format(height), (p.get_x()+.25*width, p.get_y()+.4*height),
               color = 'white',
               weight = 'bold',
               size = 14)
```



```
In [54]: colors = ['blue','']  
seniority_churn = telecom_cust.groupby(['SeniorCitizen', 'Churn']).size().unstack()  
  
ax = (seniority_churn.T*100.0 / seniority_churn.T.sum()).T.plot(kind='bar',  
                           width = 0.2,  
                           stacked = True,  
                           rot = 0,  
                           figsize = (8,6),  
                           color = colors)  
  
ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(mtick.PercentFormatter())  
ax.legend(loc='center',prop={'size':14},title = 'Churn')  
ax.set_ylabel('% Customers')  
ax.set_title('Churn by Seniority Level',size = 14)  
for p in ax.patches:  
    width, height = p.get_width(), p.get_height()  
    x, y = p.get_xy()  
    ax.annotate('{:.0f}%'.format(height), (p.get_x()+.25*width, p.get_y()+.4*height),  
               color = 'white',  
               weight = 'bold',size =14)
```



```
In [24]: ax = sns.kdeplot(telecom_cust.MonthlyCharges[(telecom_cust["Churn"] == 'No')], color="Red", shade = True)
ax = sns.kdeplot(telecom_cust.MonthlyCharges[(telecom_cust["Churn"] == 'Yes')], ax=ax, color="Blue", shade= True)
ax.legend(["Not Churn", "Churn"], loc='upper right')
ax.set_ylabel('Density')
ax.set_xlabel('Monthly Charges')
ax.set_title('Distribution of monthly charges by churn')
```

C:\Users\SRI KAAVYA\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7180\2862132292.py:1: Future Warning:

`shade` is now deprecated in favor of `fill`; setting `fill=True`. This will become an error in seaborn v0.14.0; please update your code.

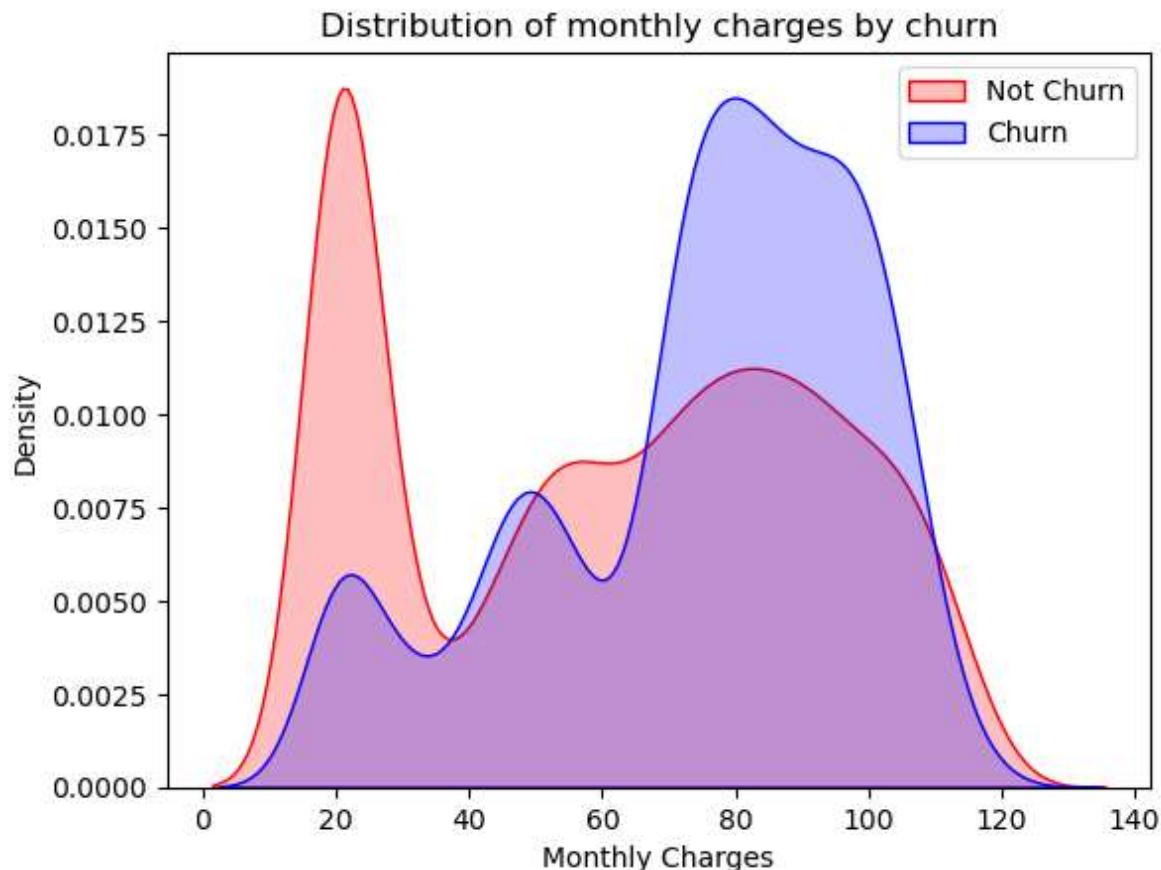
ax = sns.kdeplot(telecom_cust.MonthlyCharges[(telecom_cust["Churn"] == 'No')],

C:\Users\SRI KAAVYA\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7180\2862132292.py:3: Future Warning:

`shade` is now deprecated in favor of `fill`; setting `fill=True`. This will become an error in seaborn v0.14.0; please update your code.

ax = sns.kdeplot(telecom_cust.MonthlyCharges[(telecom_cust["Churn"] == 'Yes')],

Out[24]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Distribution of monthly charges by churn')

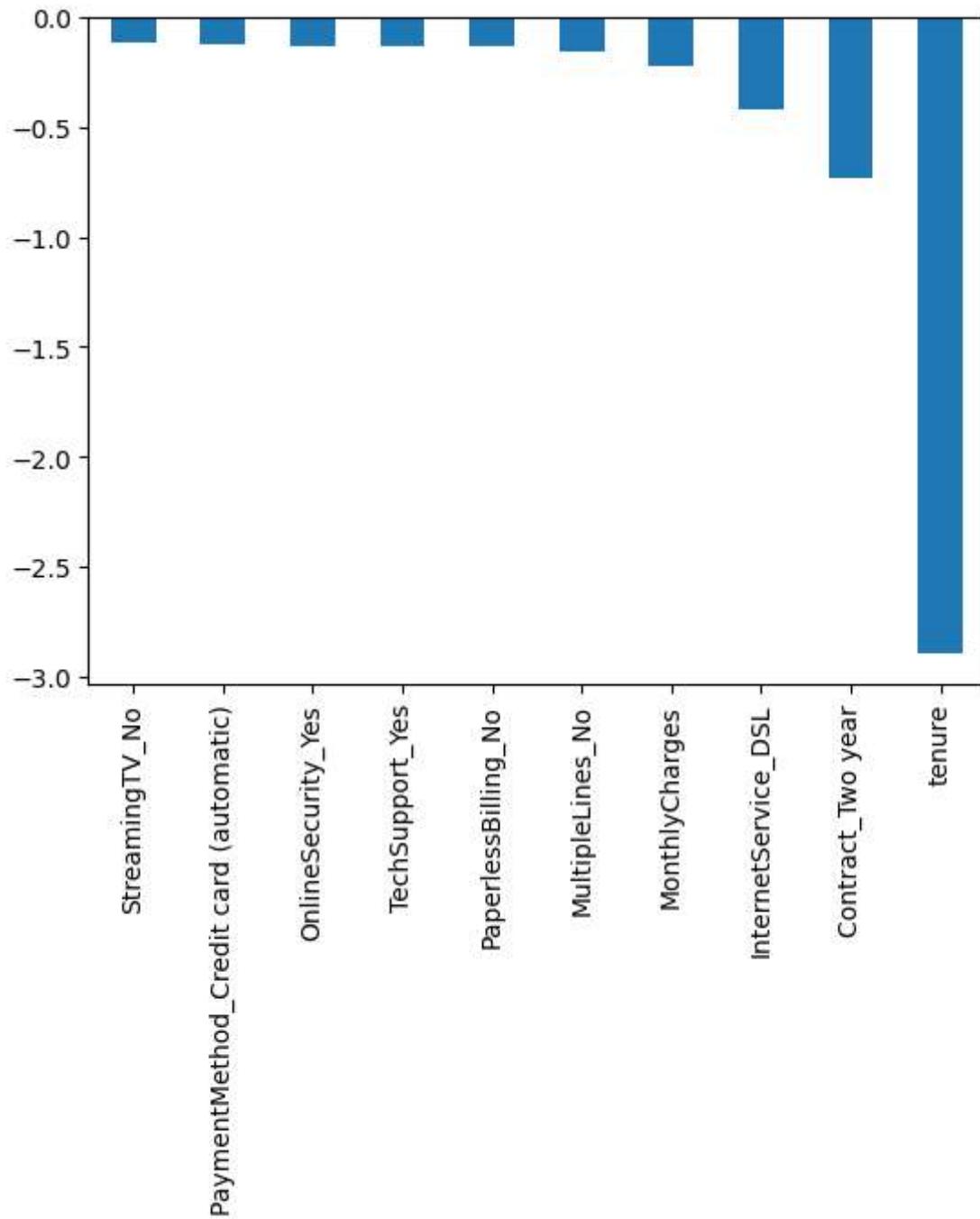


```
In [25]: y = df_dummies['Churn'].values
X = df_dummies.drop(columns = ['Churn'])
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
features = X.columns.values
scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range = (0,1))
scaler.fit(X)
X = pd.DataFrame(scaler.transform(X))
X.columns = features
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
model = LogisticRegression()
result = model.fit(X_train, y_train)
from sklearn import metrics
prediction_test = model.predict(X_test)
print (metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, prediction_test))
```

0.8075829383886256

```
In [27]: print(weights.sort_values(ascending = False)[-10:].plot(kind='bar'))
```

Axes(0.125,0.11;0.775x0.77)



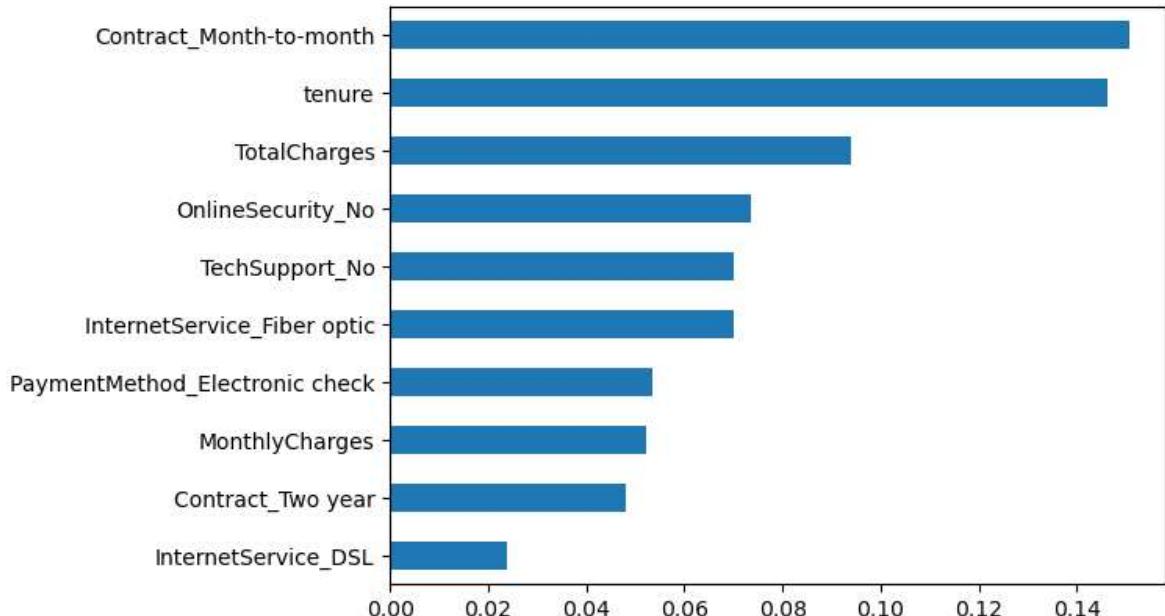
```
In [28]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
model_rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=1000, oob_score=True, n_jobs=-1, random_state=50, max_features="auto", max_leaf_nodes=30)
model_rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
prediction_test = model_rf.predict(X_test)
print(metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, prediction_test))
```

C:\Users\SRI KAAVYA\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble_forest.py:424: FutureWarning: `max_features='auto'` has been deprecated in 1.1 and will be removed in 1.3. To keep the past behaviour, explicitly set `max_features='sqrt'` or remove this parameter as it is also the default value for RandomForestClassifiers and ExtraTreesClassifiers.
warn(

0.8088130774697939

```
In [29]: importances = model_rf.feature_importances_
weights = pd.Series(importances,
                     index=X.columns.values)
weights.sort_values()[-10:].plot(kind='barh')
```

Out[29]: <Axes: >



```
In [30]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
from sklearn.svm import SVC

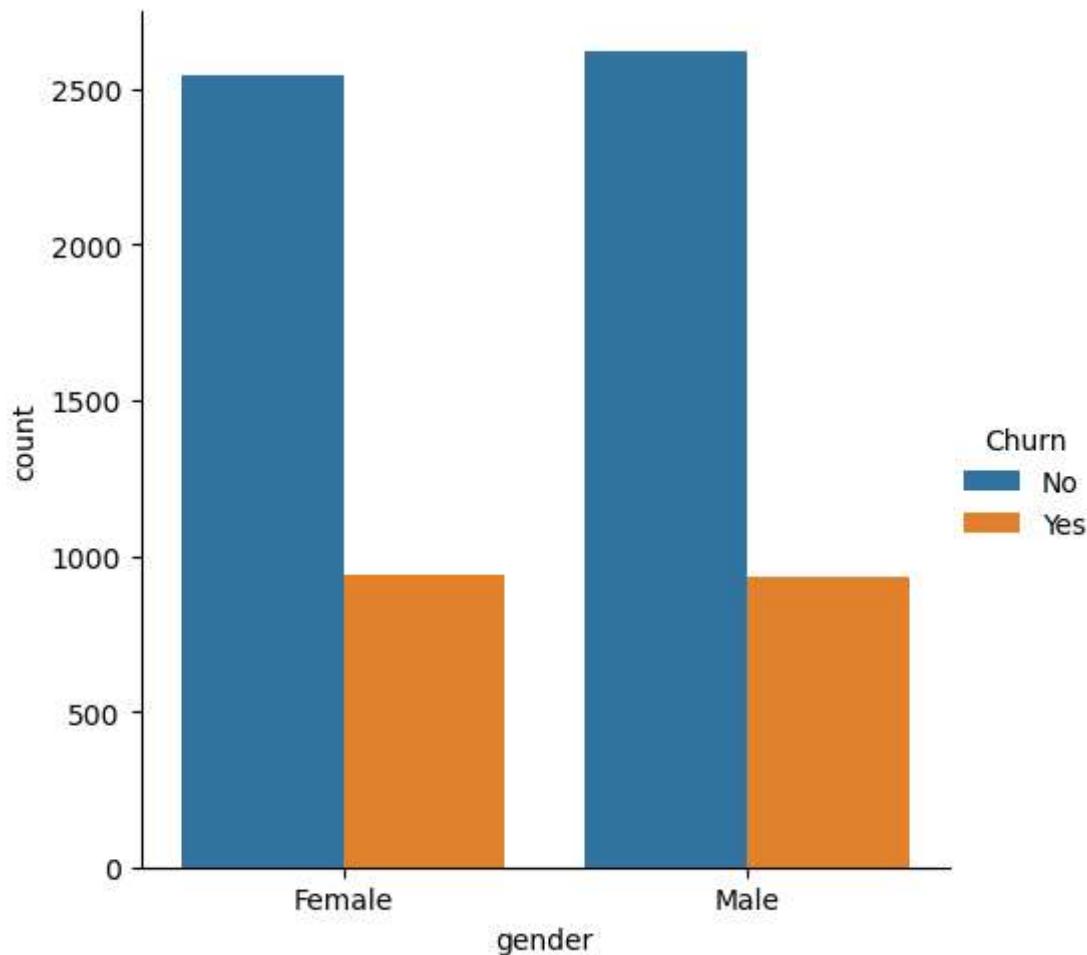
model.svm = SVC(kernel='linear')
model.svm.fit(X_train,y_train)
preds = model.svm.predict(X_test)
metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, preds)
```

Out[30]: 0.820184790334044

```
In [31]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,preds))
```

```
[[953 89]
 [164 201]]
```

```
In [32]: ax1 = sns.catplot(x="gender", kind="count", hue="Churn", data=telecom_cust,
estimator=lambda x: sum(x==0)*100.0/len(x))
```



```
In [36]: from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
model = AdaBoostClassifier()
model.fit(X_train,y_train)
preds = model.predict(X_test)
metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, preds)
```

```
Out[36]: 0.8159203980099502
```

```
In [35]: from xgboost import XGBClassifier
model = XGBClassifier()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
preds = model.predict(X_test)
metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, preds)
```

```
Out[35]: 0.8095238095238095
```

In []: