Assignment

10.5.4-2

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QUESTION:

Q10) The sum of three numbers in G.P. is 56. If we subtract 1, 7, 21 from these numbers in that order, we obtain an arithmetic progression. Find the numbers.

SOLUTION:

Table of Parameters

Input Variable	Condition
x(0), x(n)	first term and general term of a GP
r	common ratio of a GP
x(0), x(1), x(2)	three terms in a GP
x(0), x(1), x(2)	x(0) + x(1) + x(2) = 56
x(0) - 1, x(1) - 7, x(2) - 21	form an AP
$x_i(n)$	general term of ith GP sequence
$x_i(0)$	first term of ith GP sequence
r_i	common ratio of ith GP sequence
<i>u</i> (<i>n</i>)	Unit step function
$x_i(n) \stackrel{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} X_i(z)$	$X_{i}(z) = x_{i}(0) \sum_{k=0}^{k=\infty} \left(\frac{z}{r}\right)^{-k}$

 $(n+1)^{th}$ term of GP x(n) is given by:

$$x(n) = x(0) r^n \tag{1}$$

Then from given table of parameters,

and from (3)

so from (3),

$$x(0) + x(1) + x(2) = 56$$
 (2)

$$x(0) \implies \frac{56}{(1+r+r^2)} \tag{3}$$

and from given another case following are in AP,

$$x(0) - 1, x(1) - 7, x(2) - 21$$

$$2(x(1) - 7) = x(0) - 1 + x(2) - 21 \tag{4}$$

$$x(0)(r^2 - 2r + 1) = 8$$

 $\frac{56.\left(r^2 - 2r + 1\right)}{\left(1 + r + r^2\right)} = 8\tag{6}$

$$r_1 = 2$$
, $r_2 = \frac{1}{2}$

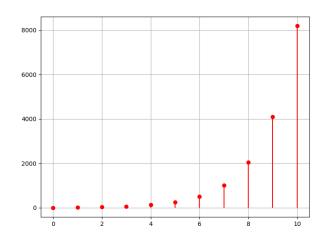
 $x_1(0) = 8$, $x_2(0) = 32$ (8)

Then from (1)

$$x_1(n) = 8.2^n = 2^{n+3} u(n)$$
 (9)

$$x_2(n) = 32. \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) = 2^{5-n} u(n)$$
 (10)

 $x_1(0)$, $x_1(1)$ and $x_1(2)$ are 8, 16, 32 (or) $x_2(0)$, $x_2(1)$ and $x_2(2)$ are 32, 16, 8 respectively



Graph of $x_1(n)$

z-transform of $x_1(n)$ is given by:

$$X_1(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x_1(k) . z^{-k}$$
 (11)

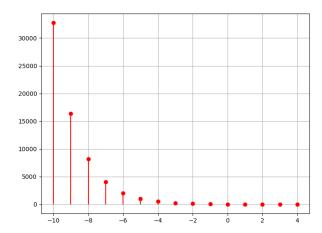
from (9),

$$X_1(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{k+3} z^{-k}$$
 (12)

Hence,

(7)

$$X_1(z) = \frac{8}{1 - 2z^{-1}}, \quad |2z^{-1}| < 1$$
 (13)



Graph of $x_2(n)$

and also from (10),

$$X_2(z) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x_2(k) . z^{-k}$$
 (14)

$$X_2(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{5-k} z^{-k}$$
 (15)

Hence,

$$X_2(z) = \frac{32}{1 - (2z)^{-1}}, \quad |(2z)^{-1}| < 1$$
 (16)