

Logic Programming Examples

```

package LogicalProgramming;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class A_Scanner_AcceptInputFromUser
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);

        //For Numbers--> scan.nextInt()
        System.out.println("Enter Number1");
        int num1 = scan.nextInt();

        System.out.println("Enter Number2");
        int num2 = scan.nextInt();

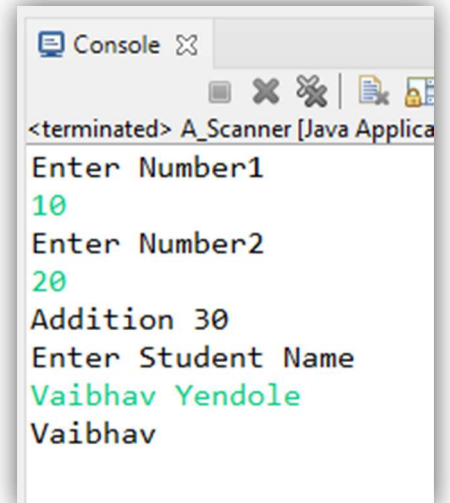
        System.out.println("Addition "+(num1+num2));

        //For String -->
        System.out.println("Enter Student Name");
        String name = scan.next();
        System.out.println(name);

    }
}

```

//Note : will print only one name



```

package LogicalProgramming;
import java.util.Arrays;

public class B_Compare_Two_IntArray
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int ar1[] = {10,20,30};
        int ar2[] = {40,50,60};
        int ar3[] = {40,50,60};

        //Compare array1 and array2
        System.out.println(Arrays.equals(ar1, ar2));    //false

        //Compare array1 and array3
        System.out.println(Arrays.equals(ar1, ar3));    //false

        //Compare array2 and array3
        System.out.println(Arrays.equals(ar2, ar3));    //true
    }
}

```

```

package LogicalProgramming;
public class C_Multiply_2_Num_Without_Multiplication {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int num1 = 5;
        int num2 = 7;

        int sum=0;
        for(int i=1; i<=num2; i++)
        {
            sum = sum+num1;
        }
        System.out.println(sum);    //35
    }
}
//Note : If you mention num2 in for then use num1 inside and Vice Versa

```

```

package LogicalProgramming;
public class D_reverse_String {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String org = "ABCD";
        String rev = "";

        for(int i =org.length()-1; i>=0; i--)
        {
            rev = rev + org.charAt(i);
        }

        System.out.println("Original String = "+org);
        System.out.println("Reverse String = "+rev);
    }
}

```

```

Console
<terminated> D_reverse_String [Java Applic
Original String = ABCD
Reverse String = DCBA

```

```

package LogicalProgramming;
import java.util.Scanner;    //Scanner ; java.util // scanner(inputStream Source)

public class E_Find_EvenOdd_No {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter Number");
        int num = scan.nextInt();

        if( num % 2 == 0)
        {
            System.out.println("Entered No is Even");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Entered No is Odd");
        }
    }
}

```

```

Console
<terminated> E_Find_EvenOdd_No [
Enter Number
21
Entered No is Odd

```

```
package LogicalProgramming;
```

```
public class F_Palindrome_String {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        // Palindrome : a word, phrase, or sequence that reads the same backwards as  
        forwards, e.g. madam or nurses run, eve, eye, ana, anna
```

```
        String org = "eye";           // Eye and eye are different  
        String rev = "";
```

```
        for(int i=org.length()-1; i>=0; i --)  
        {  
            rev = rev + org.charAt(i);  
        }
```

```
        System.out.println("Original String :"+org);
```

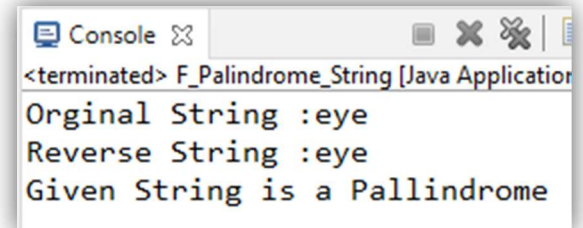
```
        System.out.println("Reverse String :"+rev);
```

```
        if(org.equals(rev))
```

```
        {  
            System.out.println("Given String is a Pallindrome");  
        }
```

```
        else
```

```
        {  
            System.out.println("Given String is Not a Pallindrome");  
        }  
    }  
}
```



```
<terminated> F_Palindrome_String [Java Application]  
Original String :eye  
Reverse String :eye  
Given String is a Pallindrome
```

```
package LogicalProgramming;
```

```
public class G_ArmStrong_Number {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        //Armstrong number is a number that is equal to the sum of cubes of its  
        digits. For example 0, 1, 153, 370, 371 and 407 are the Armstrong numbers
```

```
        int orgNum = 371;
```

```
        int sum = 0;
```

```
        for(int i=orgNum; i > 0; i = i/10)
```

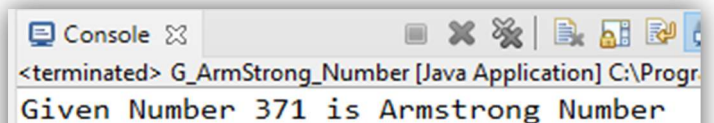
```
        {  
            int rem = i % 10;  
            sum = sum + (rem*rem*rem);  
        }
```

```
        if(orgNum==sum)
```

```
        {  
            System.out.println("Given Number "+orgNum+" is Armstrong Number");  
        }
```

```
        else
```

```
        {  
            System.out.println("Given Number "+orgNum+" is NOT Armstrong Number");  
        }  
    }  
}
```



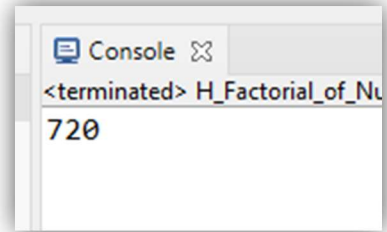
```
<terminated> G_ArmStrong_Number [Java Application] C:\Progr  
Given Number 371 is Armstrong Number
```

```

package LogicalProgramming;
public class H_Factorial_of_Number {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 6;
        int fact = 1;

        for(int i=num; i>=1; i--)
        {
            fact = fact*i;
        }
        System.out.println(fact);
    }
}-----

```



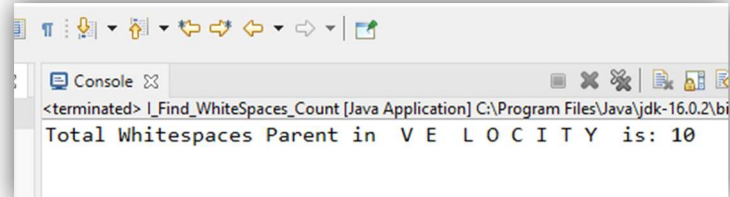
```

package LogicalProgramming;
public class I_Find_WhiteSpaces_Count
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {

        String name = " V E L O C I T Y ";
        int count =0;    //10 White Spaces

        for(int i=0; i<=name.length()-1; i++)
        {
            char str = name.charAt(i);
            if(str==' ')
            {
                count++;
            }
        }
        System.out.println("Total Whitespaces Parent in "+name+" is: "+count);
    }
}-----

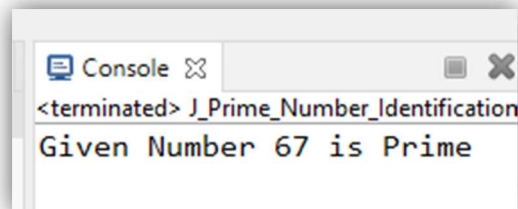
```



```

package LogicalProgramming;    //Prime Number : No. Divisible by 1 and Itself.
public class J_Prime_Number_Identification{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // E.g 2,3,5, 7,11,13,17,23,29, 31,37,41,43,47,53,59,91,67,71,73,79,83,9,97
        int num = 67;
        int count = 0;
        for(int i = 2; i<num; i++)
        {
            if(num % i == 0)
            {
                count++;
                break;
            }
        }
        if(count == 1)
        {
            System.out.println("Given Number "+num+" is Non-Prime");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Given Number "+num+" is Prime");
        }
    }
}-----

```



```
package LogicalProgramming;
```

```
//Reverse a Number
```

```
public class K_Reverse_Number_ByConvert {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int OrgNum = 1234;
        String org = Integer.toString(OrgNum);
        String rev="";

        for(int i=org.length()-1; i>=0; i--)
        {
            rev = rev+org.charAt(i);
        }
        int revNum = Integer.parseInt(rev);
        System.out.println(revNum);
    }
}-----
```

```
package LogicalProgramming;
```

```
//Reverse a Number
```

```
public class K_Reverse_Number_ByConvert {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int OrgNum = 1234;
        String org = Integer.toString(OrgNum);
        String rev="";

        for(int i=org.length()-1; i>=0; i--)
        {
            rev = rev+org.charAt(i);
        }
        int revNum = Integer.parseInt(rev);
        System.out.println(revNum);
    }
}-----
```

```
package LogicalProgramming;
```

```
//Reverse a Number
```

```
public class K_Reverse_Number2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 12345;
        int revNum = 0;

        for (int i = num; i>0; i = i/10)
        {
            int rem = i % 10;
            revNum = revNum*10+ rem;
        }
        System.out.println(revNum);
    }
}-----
```

```

package LogicalProgramming;                                //Replace a Character
public class L_Replace_Remove_special_Characters {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        String name = "va@ibhav";
        String CorrectName = name.replace("@", "");
        System.out.println(CorrectName);
    }
}-----

package LogicalProgramming;                                //Replace All Special Characters
public class M_Replace_Multiple_Special_Character {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String name = "V@ai@bh#av";
        String CorrectName = name.replaceAll("[^a-zA-Z0-9]", "");
        System.out.println(CorrectName);

        //System.out.println(str.replace("@", "").replace("#", ""));
    }
}-----

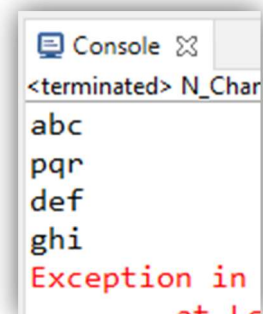
package LogicalProgramming;
public class N_ChangeOrder_ofString {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String name = "abc pqr def ghi";
        String[] ar = name.split(" "); //(abc=0; pqr=1; def=2...)

        for(int i=0; i<=ar.length-1;i++)
        {
            if(i%2==0) //For Sum Number
            {
                String s1 = ar[i];
                ar[i] = reverseString(s1); //reinitialization of String for Even values
            }
        }

        for(int i=0; i<=ar.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(ar[i]+" ");
        }
    }

    public static String reverseString(String inp)
    {
        String rev="";
        for(int i=inp.length()-1; i>=0; i--)
        {
            rev = rev+inp.charAt(i);
        }
        return inp;
    }
}-----

```



```

package LogicalPrograms;

import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Set;

public class example14_Count_Reapeating_Char_In_String_Using_Hashmap {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String str = "abcaba";

        HashMap<Character, Integer> mp = new HashMap<Character, Integer>();

        //      5<=5
        for (int i = 0; i <= str.length() - 1; i++)
        {
            //5
            char charValue = str.charAt(i);    //b

            if (mp.containsKey(charValue))    //a-->true
            {
                mp.put(charValue, mp.get(charValue) + 1);    //a  3
            }
            else
            {
                mp.put(charValue, 1);    //c  1
            }
        }

        Set<Character> keys = mp.keySet(); //[a, b, c]

        //print occurence of each char
        for (Character key : keys)
        {
            System.out.println(key + ": " + mp.get(key));    // a : 3    b : 2    c : 1
        }

        //print only duplicate element
        for (Character key : keys)
        {
            if(mp.get(key)>1) {
                System.out.println(key + ": " + mp.get(key));
            }
        }

        //System.out.println("a: " + mp.get('a'));

    }
}-----

```



```

package LogicalPrograms;

import java.util.Collection;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Set;

public class example15_String_Reapeating_String_In_Para
{
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String str = "abc abcd abc abcd abc xyz abc abc xyz xyz xyz ab";

        String ar[] = str.split(" "); //[abc abcd abc abcd abc xyz abc abc xyz xyz
xyz ab]

        HashMap<String, Integer> mp = new HashMap<String, Integer>();

        for (int i = 0; i <= ar.length - 1; i++)
        {

            String s1 = ar[i]; //abcd

            if (mp.containsKey(s1))
            {
                mp.put(s1, mp.get(s1) + 1);
            }
            else
            {
                mp.put(s1, 1);
            }

        }

        Set<String> keys = mp.keySet(); // [abc abcd xyz]

        for (String key : keys)
        {
            System.out.println(key + ": " + mp.get(key));
        }

        //Collection<Integer> allValues = mp.values(); //[1 2 3 4]

    }
}-----

```

```

package Scroll_Up_Down;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.JavascriptExecutor;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.interactions.Actions;

public class example1_ScrollUpDown {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",

            "C:\\\\Users\\sanjay\\Desktop\\Study\\Selenium_Syallabus\\July21A_Selenium_Soft
            \\chromedriver_win32 (15)\\chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/guru99home/");
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
        Thread.sleep(2000);

        // down --> 2nd parameter +ve value
        ((JavascriptExecutor)driver).executeScript("window.scrollTo(0,1000)");

        Thread.sleep(2000);

        // up --> 2nd parameter -ve value
        ((JavascriptExecutor) driver).executeScript("window.scrollTo(0,-500)");

        //      // right --> 1st parameter +ve value
        //      ((JavascriptExecutor) driver).executeScript("window.scrollTo(1000,0)");
        //
        //      Thread.sleep(3000);
        //
        //      // left --> 1st parameter -ve value
        //      ((JavascriptExecutor) driver).executeScript("window.scrollTo(-500,0)");

        //      alternate way to sendkeys
        //      WebElement UN = driver.findElement(By.xpath(""));
        //      ((JavascriptExecutor)driver).executeScript("arguments[0].value='testuser'", UN);

    }
}-----

```

```

package Scroll_Up_Down;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.JavascriptExecutor;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.interactions.Actions;

public class example2_ScrollIntoView {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",

            "C:\\\\Users\\sanjay\\Desktop\\Study\\Selenium_Syallabus\\July21A_Selenium_Soft
            \\chromedriver_win32 (15)\\chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/guru99home/");
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
        Thread.sleep(2000);

        // Find element by
        WebElement ele = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//a[text()='Facebook']"));
        Thread.sleep(3000);

        // This will scroll the page till the element is found

        ((JavascriptExecutor)driver).executeScript("arguments[0].scrollIntoView();",
        ele);
    }
}-----

```