## Problem

Given a circle of radius r, write a function f(r) that gives the radius of a circle whose area is the square of the area of the original circle.

## **Bonus**

Start with a circle of radius 10 and draw another circle of radius r inside it. What value of r makes the product of the areas of the inner and outer circles largest?

## Solution

The square of the area of a circle of radius r is  $(\pi r^2)^2 = \pi^2 r^4$ . So if we make  $f(r) = \sqrt{(\pi r^2)^2}$  then a circle of this radius will have area  $\pi^2 r^4$  as desired.

## **Bonus Solution**