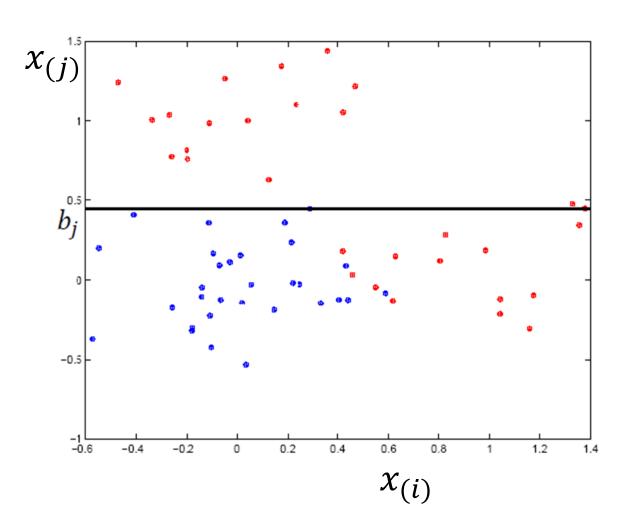
Adaboost

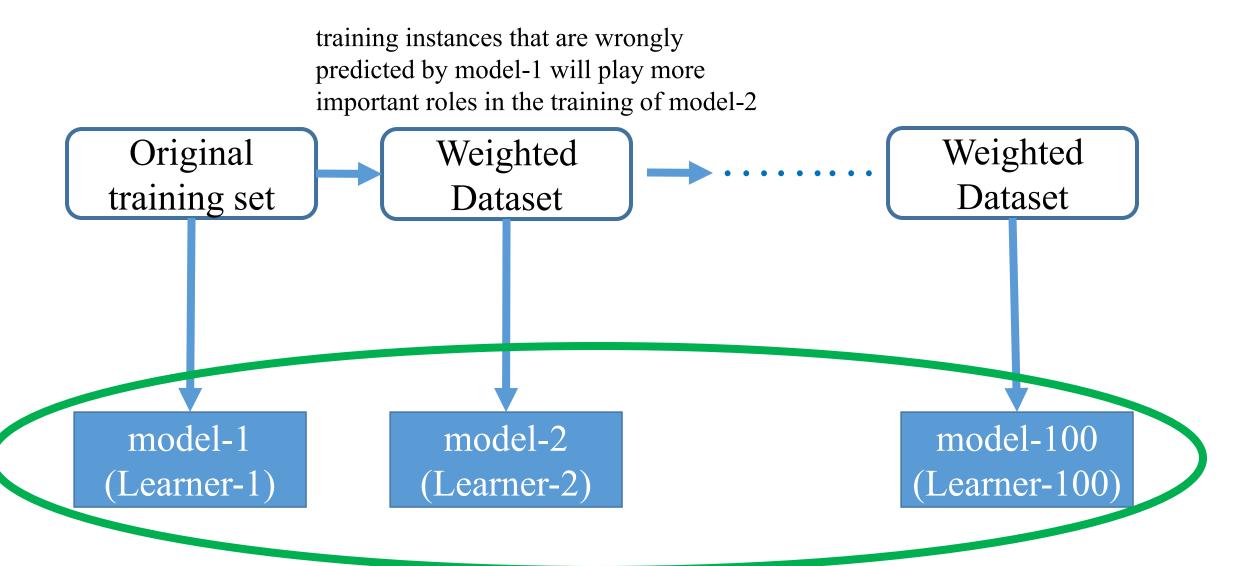
Liang Liang

Decision stump - a very simple/weak model

- $y \in \{-1, +1\}$ is class label
- $x_{(j)}$ is a feature in the feature vector x
- A decision stump $h(x) = sign(w_{(j)}x_{(j)} + b_j)$
- A decision stump pays
 attention to only a single
 dimension/ feature
 of the input feature vector



Adaboost flow chart



The final model = Weighted combination

Adaboost(classification): the learning algorithm

- iteration t = 0: initialize the weight of each data point $D_t(n) = \frac{1}{N}$, n=1,...,N
- Given $D_t(n)$ at iteration t
 - find a decision stump h_t to minimize the classification error

$$\epsilon = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} D_t(n) I(y_n \neq h_t(x_n))$$

$$I(y_n \neq h_t(x_n)) = 1$$
 if $y_n \neq h_t(x_n) \sim$ prediction is wrong

$$I(y_n \neq h_t(x_n)) = 0$$
 if $y_n = h_t(x_n)$ ~ prediction is correct

• update the weight of every training data point

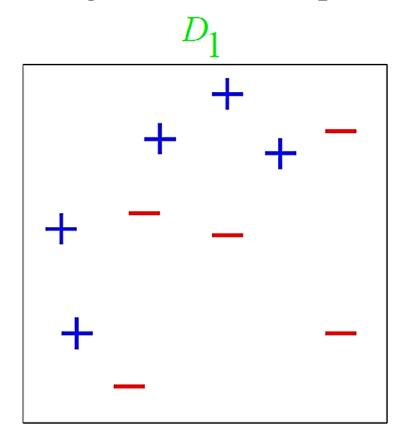
$$D_{t+1}(n) = \frac{D_t(n)}{Z} \times \begin{cases} e^{-\alpha_t}, & \text{if } y_n = h_t(x_n) \\ e^{\alpha_t}, & \text{if } y_n \neq h_t(x_n) \end{cases}$$

$$\alpha_t = \frac{1}{2} log\left(\frac{1-\epsilon}{\epsilon}\right) > 0$$
, Z is normalization constant

• After many iterations, we get the final classifier: $H_{final}(x) = sign(\sum_t \alpha_t h_t(x))$

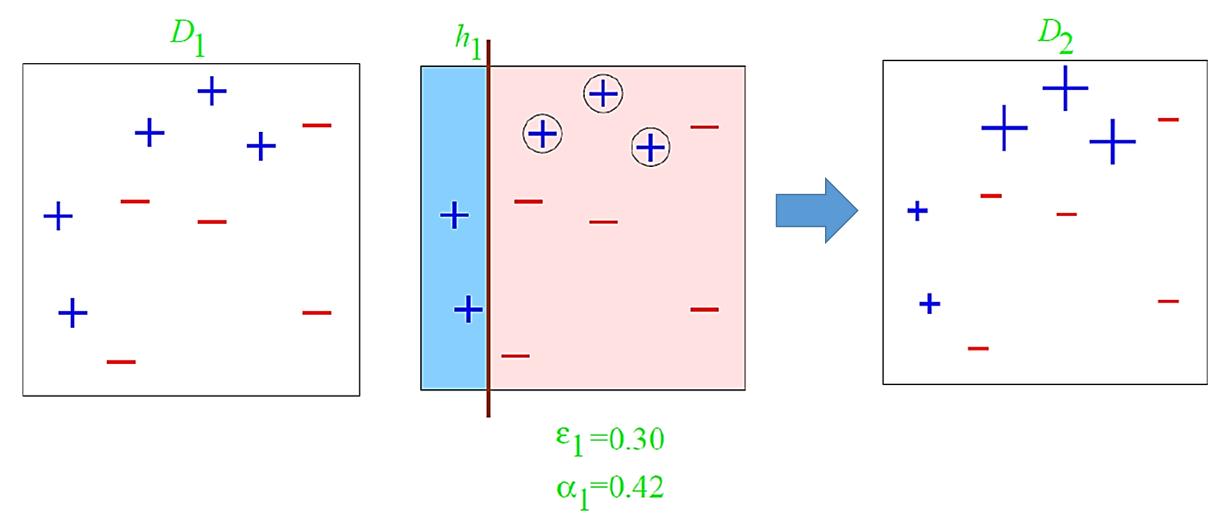
Toy Example: initialization

- Weak classifiers are decision stumps
- $y \in \{-1, +1\}$ is class label
- Initialize the uniform weights on all data points



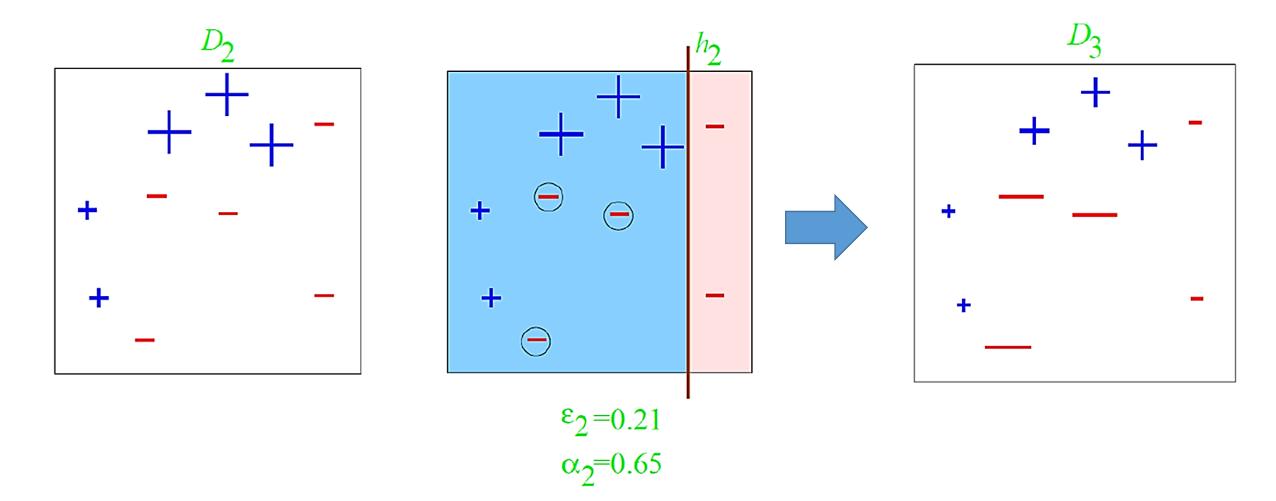
Toy Example: boosting round 1

- Choose a decision stump (weak classifier)
- Some data points get higher weights because they are misclassified



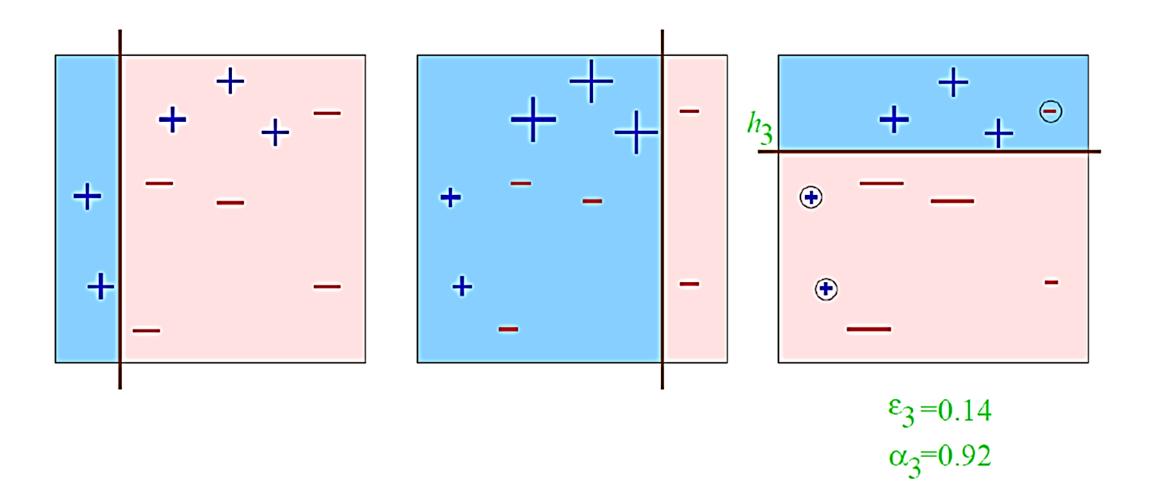
Toy Example: boosting round 2

- Choose a decision stump (weak classifier)
- Reweight again. increase weights on the misclassified samples



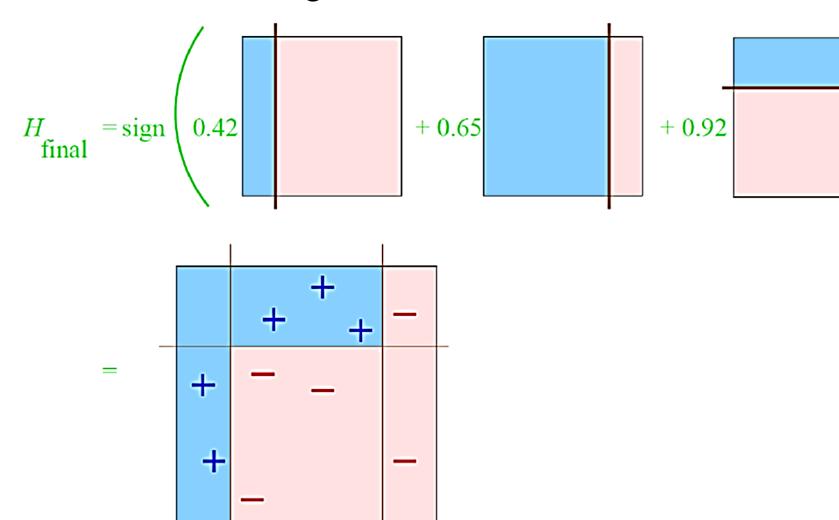
Toy Example: boosting round 3

- Repeat the same process
- Now we have 3 classifiers



Toy Example: the final classifier

• Final classifier is the weighted combination of the three weak classifiers



Adaboost(classification): the loss function

The combined classifier

$$f_t(x) = \alpha_1 h_1(x) + \dots + \alpha_t h_t(x)$$

Exponential loss

$$L = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} exp(-y_n f_t(x_n))$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} exp(-y_n f_{t-1}(x_n)) exp(-y_n \alpha_t h_t(x))$$

$$D_t(n)$$

