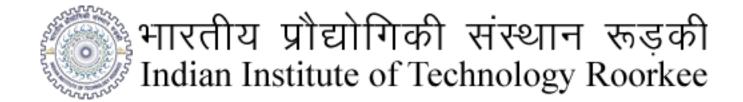
RAIN FALL PREDICTION-INDIA

PARISA SURENDRA TERDALE

CAPSTONE PROJECT

PG CERTIFICATE COURSE IN DATA SCIENCE, AI/ML & DATA ENGINEERING BY E&ICT ACADEMY, IIT ROORKEE







Objective



Approach to solving the problem





Model summary



Results



Inference



References





data



Analyze the data to find insights and correlation



Model Selection



Train Model



Validation

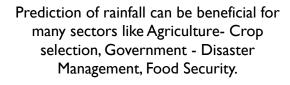
OBJECTIVE

3



PURPOSE





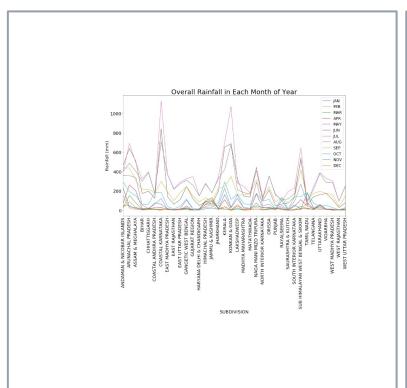


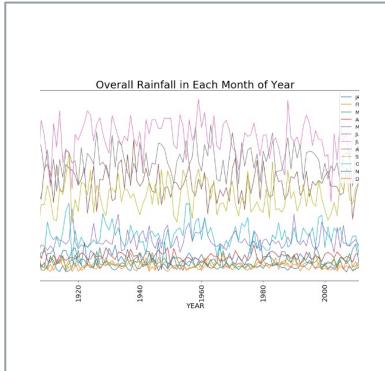
It is possible to achieve with the help of Al and historical data

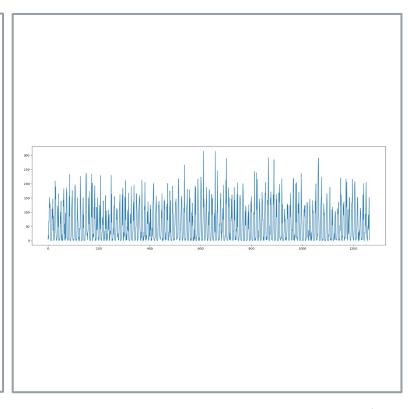
- Historical Rainfall data is Time Series, Rainfall prediction can be done with more accuracy by RNN models
- Selected LSTM and GRU Models
- Train both models with data and compare the accuracy.

APPROACH

EDA







MODEL SUMMARY

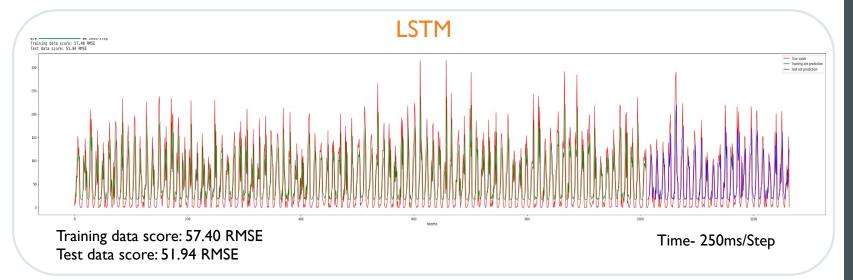
LSTM:

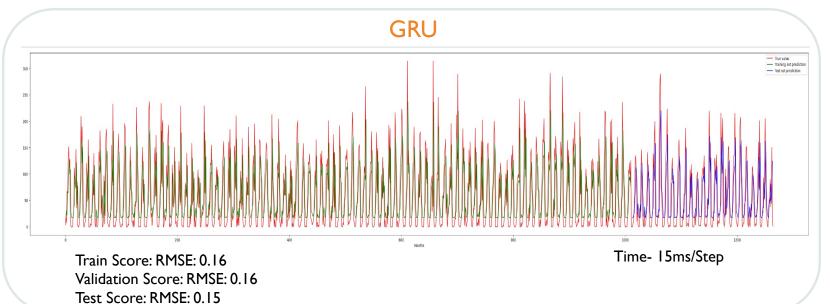
- LSTM has three gates: input gate, output gate, and forget gate.
- These gates control the flow of information within the network.
- LSTM includes a memory cell (cell state) that allows it to capture long-term dependencies.

• GRU:

- GRU has two gates: **reset gate** and **update gate**.
- It simplifies the architecture by combining the input and forget gates into a single update gate.
- GRU does not have a separate memory cell like LSTM.

Code: https://github.com/psterdale/dsaiml-capstone





RESULT

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INFERENCE

 GRU is faster than LSTM, LSTM takes more time with same accuracy for given data

Dataset:

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/rajanand/rainfall-in-india

<u>Kaggle Notebook-</u> <u>https://www.kaggle.com/code/parisaterdale/rainfall-prediction-india/</u>

Blogs

https://machinelearningmastery.com/how-to-develop-lstm-models-for-time-series-forecasting/

<u>https://towardsdatascience.com/illustrated-guide-to-lstms-and-gru-s-a-step-by-step-explanation-44e9eb85bf21</u>

REFERENCES