PSYCH 260H Quiz 2

October 3, 2016

	Answer the questions using the Scantron form.	
Name:		

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1.	The	contains neurons that release
	A.	striatum; oxytocin
	В.	ventral tegmental area; serotonin
	С.	tectal; glycine
	D.	substantia nigra; dopamine
2.	A reupta	ke inhibitor has what effect on neurotransmitters?
	A.	Reduces extracellular levels.
	В.	Accelerates their reuptake.
	С.	Increases extracellular levels.
	D.	Causes neurotransmitters to bind to ionotropic receptors.
3.	Black wie system?	dow spider venom causes paralysis by impeding the normal function of which neurotransmitter
	A.	Glutamate
	В.	GABA
	С.	Dopamine
	D.	Acetylcholine
4.		is the most commonly released inhibitory neurotransmitter in the CNS. It typically a/anreceptor.
	Α.	GABA; ionotropic
	В.	ACh; metabotropic
	С.	Glutamate; ionotropic
	D.	Dopamine; metabotropic
5.	Which of	these hormones is released by the <i>posterior</i> pituitary?
	Α.	Oxytocin.
	В.	Cortisol.
	С.	Melatonin.
	D.	Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH).
6.	Which of	these acts as both a neurotransmitter and a hormone?
	A.	Dopamine.
		Glutamate.
	С.	Acetylcholine.
		Melatonin.

7.		receptors contain both chemical (ligand) binding sites and an ion channel.	
	A	A. Metabotropic	
	Ε	3. Serotonin	
		C. Glutamate	
	\mathbf{D}). Ionotropic	
8.	The inv	vard flow ofacross the neural membrane creates an	
	A	a. Cl-; EPSP	
	В	3. Na+; EPSP	
	(C. Glutamate; IPSP	
	Γ	O. GABA; IPSP	
9.	Auditor brain.	ry information from the <i>medial</i> geniculate nucleus in the thalamus projects to this part of the	
	A	. Temporal lobe	
	Ε	3. Occipital lobe	
	(C. Raphe nucleus	
	Γ	O. Hippocampus	
	The ori	ginal question had an error. We have added an extra point to every student's score to correct the	
10.	When the exocyto	he action potential arrives at the axon terminal,open and the influx ofsis.	triggers
	A	a. voltage-gated Na+ channels; Na+	
	В	3. voltage-gated Ca++ channels; Ca++	
		C. metabotropic channels; K+	
	Γ	0. transporters; Ca++	
	2 B	Bonus	
11.	With or	ne exception, the monoamine neurotransmitters bind toreceptors.	
	A	a. ionotropic	
	Ε	3. voltage-gated	
	(C. nicotinic	
	D	o. metabotropic	
12.		examining ansynapse and based on where it connects guess that it iss the release of	_and
	A	. axodendritic; excitatory; glutamate	
	Ε	B. axosomatic; modulatory; GABA	
	(C. axoaxonic; excitatory; adenosine	
	Γ	O. axodendritic; excitatory; glycine	