Analysis of bootcamp survey

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Goals

- Download and clean data from 2017 R Bootcamp Survey
- Visualize data
- Prepare reports in ioslides_presentation, pdf_document, and word_document formats

Preliminaries

Load required packages.

```
library(tidyverse)
library(googlesheets)
```

Load data and examine

The survey data are stored in a Google Sheet. We'll use the googlesheets package to open it and create a data frame. Documentation about the package can be found here.

There are some idiosyncrasies in using the <code>googlesheets</code> package in an R Markdown document because it requires interaction with the console, so I created a separate R script, <code>Get_bootcamp_googlesheet.R</code> to extract the survey data. If you try to execute the next chunk, it may give you an error, or it may ask you to allow <code>googlesheets</code> to access information in your Google profile.

```
# Set eval=FALSE so I can render non-notebook formats
source("../R/Get_bootcamp_googlesheet.R")
```

This script downloads the data file saves it to a CSV under data/survey.csv.We can then load this file.

I also created a test data file, data/survey-test.csv so I could see how everything worked before y'all filled out your responses. The R/Make_test_survey.R file shows how I did this. It's a great, reproducible practice to simulate the data you expect, then run it through your pipeline.

```
# Created test data set for testing.
# survey <- read_csv("../data/survey-test.csv")</pre>
```

```
# Or choose data from respondents
survey <- read_csv("../data/survey.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     Timestamp = col_character(),
##
     Your current level of experience/expertise with R = col_character(),
##
     'Your enthusiasm for Game of Thrones' = col_integer(),
##
     `Age in years` = col_integer(),
     `Preferred number of hours spent sleeping/day` = col_character(),
##
     `Favorite day of the week` = col_character(),
##
     `Are your data tidy?` = col_character()
## )
survey
## # A tibble: 39 x 7
               Timestamp `Your current level of experience/expertise with R`
##
##
## 1
                    < N A >
                                                                         <NA>
## 2 8/13/2017 23:29:24
                                                                         some
## 3 8/14/2017 12:01:12
                                                                         some
## 4 8/15/2017 12:42:09
                                                                         some
## 5 8/15/2017 17:13:08
                                                                        none
## 6 8/15/2017 19:03:40
                                                                     limited
## 7 8/15/2017 23:36:07
                                                                         some
## 8 8/15/2017 23:45:05
                                                                     limited
## 9 8/16/2017 0:26:01
                                                                         pro
## 10 8/16/2017 1:09:44
                                                                        none
## # ... with 29 more rows, and 5 more variables: `Your enthusiasm for Game
      of Thrones` <int>, `Age in years` <int>, `Preferred number of hours
      spent sleeping/day` <chr>, `Favorite day of the week` <chr>, `Are your
      data tidy? \ <chr>
The str() or 'structure' command is also a great way to see what you've got.
str(survey)
## Classes 'tbl df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame':
                                                39 obs. of 7 variables:
## $ Timestamp
                                                       : chr NA "8/13/2017 23:29:24" "8/14/2017 12:01:
   $ Your current level of experience/expertise with R: chr NA "some" "some" "some" ...
## $ Your enthusiasm for Game of Thrones
                                                       : int NA 10 10 10 10 10 3 9 10 ...
## $ Age in years
                                                       : int NA 28 22 24 28 24 23 25 37 25 ...
## $ Preferred number of hours spent sleeping/day
                                                       : chr NA "8!!!" "7" "10" ...
## $ Favorite day of the week
                                                       : chr NA "Friday" "Friday" "Saturday" ...
## $ Are your data tidy?
                                                       : chr NA "Yes" "That's a personal question" "No
## - attr(*, "spec")=List of 2
##
     ..$ cols
              :List of 7
##
     .. ..$ Timestamp
                                                             : list()
##
     ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_character" "collector"
     .... $\footnote{\text{Your current level of experience/expertise with R: list()}}
     ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_character" "collector"
##
##
     .. .. $ Your enthusiasm for Game of Thrones
                                                             : list()
     ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_integer" "collector"
##
##
     ... .. $ Age in years
                                                             : list()
     ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_integer" "collector"
##
```

```
##
     .... $ Preferred number of hours spent sleeping/day
##
    ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_character" "collector"
    ....$ Favorite day of the week
##
     ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_character" "collector"
##
     .. ..$ Are your data tidy?
##
                                                            : list()
##
    ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector character" "collector"
    ..$ default: list()
##
     ....- attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_guess" "collector"
##
     ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "col_spec"
```

Clearly, we need to do some cleaning before we can do anything with this.

Let's start by renaming variables.

10 8/16/2017 8:51:05 limited

survey

```
## # A tibble: 38 x 7
               Timestamp
##
                           R_exp
                                   GoT Age_yrs Sleep_hrs Fav_day
##
                   <chr>>
                           <chr> <int>
                                       <int>
                                                   <chr>>
                                                            <chr>>
##
   1 8/13/2017 23:29:24
                            some
                                    10
                                           28
                                                    8!!!
                                                           Friday
                                            22
## 2 8/14/2017 12:01:12
                            some
                                   10
                                                      7
                                                           Friday
  3 8/15/2017 12:42:09
                                                      10 Saturday
##
                            some
                                   10
                                           24
##
   4 8/15/2017 17:13:08
                            none
                                   10
                                            28
                                                       9 Saturday
## 5 8/15/2017 19:03:40 limited
                                   10
                                           24
                                                       9 Saturday
  6 8/15/2017 23:36:07
                                   10
                                           23
                                                     6-7
                                                           Friday
                            some
  7 8/15/2017 23:45:05 limited
                                    3
                                            25
                                                           Friday
##
                                                       8
   8 8/16/2017 0:26:01
                                     9
                                            37
                                                       7
                                                           Friday
                            pro
                                            25
## 9 8/16/2017 1:09:44
                            none
                                    10
                                                       9 Saturday
```

... with 28 more rows, and 1 more variables: Tidy_data <chr>

1

Now, lets make sure we have numbers where we expect them. That person who really likes 8 hours ("8!!!") is a problem (for me, not them).

23

7.5 Thursday

```
survey$Sleep_hrs <- readr::parse_number(survey$Sleep_hrs)
survey</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 38 x 7
##
               Timestamp
                                   GoT Age_yrs Sleep_hrs
                                                           Fav_day
                           R_{exp}
##
                   <chr>
                           <chr> <int>
                                         <int>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                             <chr>
  1 8/13/2017 23:29:24
                                            28
##
                            some
                                    10
                                                      8.0
                                                            Friday
##
   2 8/14/2017 12:01:12
                                    10
                                            22
                                                      7.0
                                                            Friday
                            some
## 3 8/15/2017 12:42:09
                            some
                                    10
                                            24
                                                     10.0 Saturday
## 4 8/15/2017 17:13:08
                            none
                                    10
                                            28
                                                      9.0 Saturday
## 5 8/15/2017 19:03:40 limited
                                    10
                                             24
                                                      9.0 Saturday
## 6 8/15/2017 23:36:07
                                    10
                                            23
                                                      6.0
                            some
                                                            Friday
## 7 8/15/2017 23:45:05 limited
                                            25
                                                      8.0
                                                            Friday
```

```
## 8 8/16/2017 0:26:01 pro 9 37 7.0 Friday
## 9 8/16/2017 1:09:44 none 10 25 9.0 Saturday
## 10 8/16/2017 8:51:05 limited 1 23 7.5 Thursday
## # ... with 28 more rows, and 1 more variables: Tidy_data <chr>
```

Looks good. Let's save that cleaned file so we don't have to do this again.

```
write_csv(survey, path="../data/survey_clean.csv")
```

We may want to make the R exp variable ordered.

```
(survey_responses <- unique(survey$R_exp))</pre>
```

```
## [1] "some" "none" "limited" "pro"
```

This shows us the different survey response values.

Visualization

Now, we follow Mike Meyer's advice: "Plot your data!"

Descriptive plots

```
R_exp_hist <- survey %>%
    ggplot() +
    aes(x=R_exp) +
    geom_histogram(stat = "count") # R_exp is discrete
```

```
## Warning: Ignoring unknown parameters: binwidth, bins, pad
```

```
R_exp_hist
```

```
Sleep_hrs_hist <- survey %>%
    ggplot() +
    aes(x=Sleep_hrs) +
    geom_histogram() # Sleep_hrs is continuous
Sleep_hrs_hist
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

```
Got_hist <- survey %>%
   ggplot() +
   aes(x=GoT) +
   geom_histogram()
Got_hist
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

Looks like we are of two minds about GoT.

Does R experience have any relation to GoT enthusiasm?

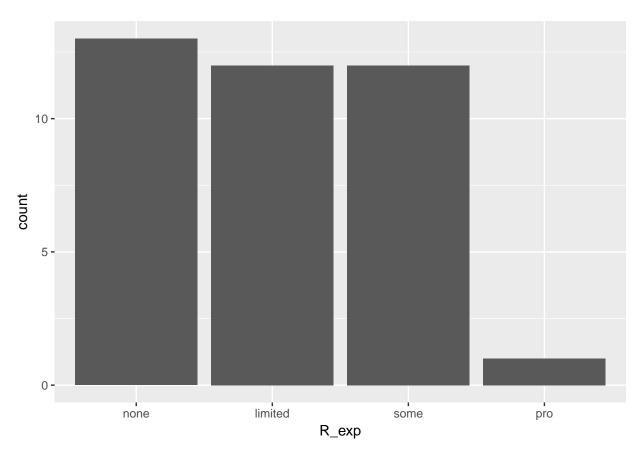


Figure 1: Distribution of prior R experience

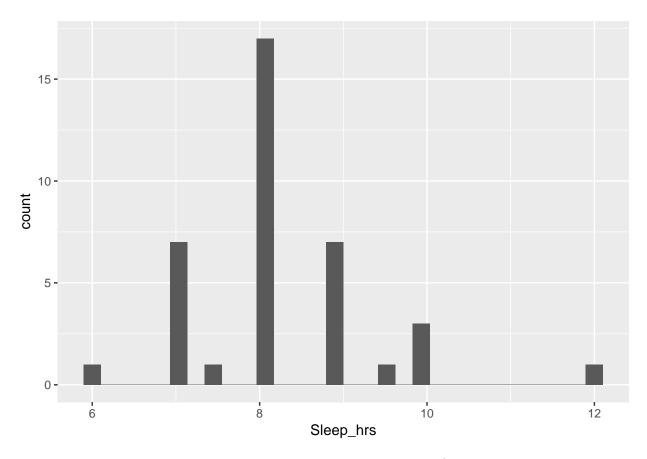


Figure 2: Distribution of preferred sleep hrs/day

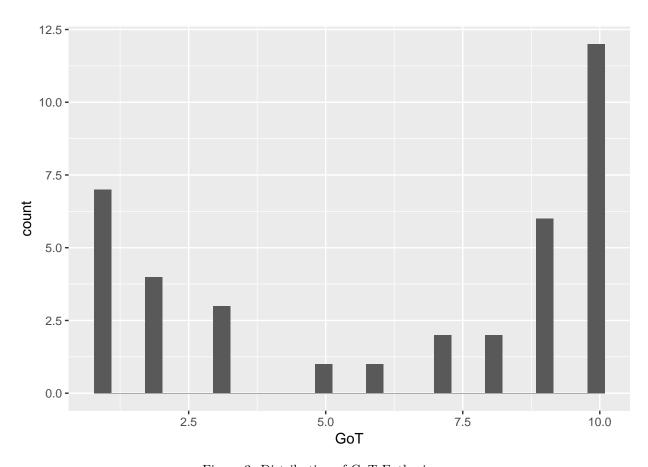
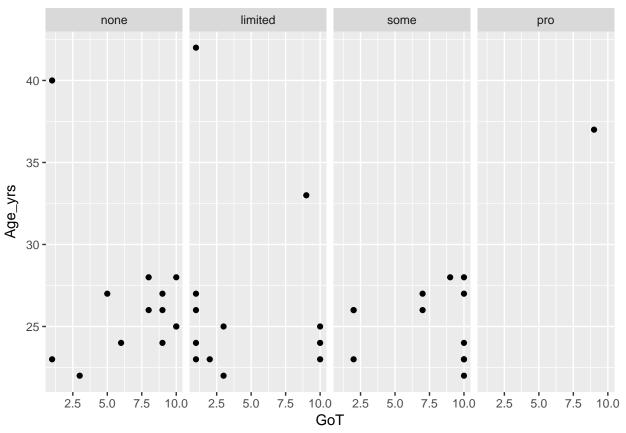


Figure 3: Distribution of GoT Enthusiasm



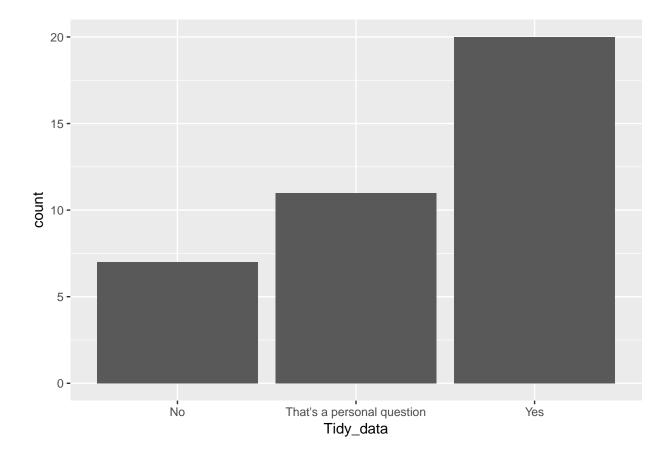
Figure 4:

```
GoT_vs_r_exp <- survey %>%
  ggplot() +
  aes(x=GoT, y=Age_yrs) +
  facet_grid(. ~ R_exp) +
  geom_point()
  # + stat_smooth()
GoT_vs_r_exp
```



```
tidy_hist <- survey %>%
  ggplot() +
  aes(x=Tidy_data) +
  geom_histogram(stat = "count")
```

Warning: Ignoring unknown parameters: binwidth, bins, pad
tidy_hist



Analysis

I could use a document like this to plan out my analysis plan **before** I conduct it. If I used simulated data, I could make sure that my workflow will run when I get real (cleaned) data. I could even preregister my analysis plan before I conduct it. That doesn't preclude later exploratory analyses, but it does hold me and my collaborators accountable for what I predicted in advance.

Notes

Notice that I sometimes put a label like got-vs-r-exp in the brackets for a given 'chunk' of R code. The main reasons to do this are:

- It sometimes makes it easier to debug your code.
- In some cases, you can have this 'chunk' name serve as the file name for a figure you generate within a chunk.
- In a bit, we'll see how these chunk names are useful for making tables, figures, and equations that generate their own numbers.