Homework 1

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Link to the Github repository

! Due: Sun, Jan 29, 2023 @ 11:59pm

Please read the instructions carefully before submitting your assignment.

- 1. This assignment requires you to:
 - Upload your Quarto markdown files to a git repository
 - Upload a PDF file on Canvas
- 2. Don't collapse any code cells before submitting.
- 3. Remember to make sure all your code output is rendered properly before uploading your submission.

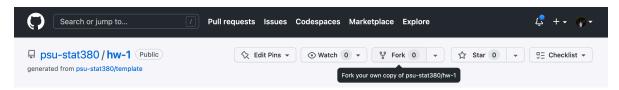
Please add your name to the the author information in the frontmatter before submitting your assignment.

Question 1



In this question, we will walk through the process of *forking* a git repository and submitting a *pull request*.

1. Navigate to the Github repository here and fork it by clicking on the icon in the top right



Provide a sensible name for your forked repository when prompted.

2. Clone your Github repository on your local machine

```
$ git clone <<insert your repository url here>>
$ cd hw-1
```

Alternatively, you can use Github codespaces to get started from your repository directly.

3. In order to activate the R environment for the homework, make sure you have renv installed beforehand. To activate the renv environment for this assignment, open an instance of the R console from within the directory and type

```
renv::activate()
```

Follow the instrutions in order to make sure that renv is configured correctly.

- 4. Work on the *reminaing part* of this assignment as a .qmd file.
 - Create a PDF and HTML file for your output by modifying the YAML frontmatter for the Quarto .qmd document
- 5. When you're done working on your assignment, push the changes to your github repository.
- 6. Navigate to the original Github repository here and submit a pull request linking to your repository.

Remember to include your name in the pull request information!

If you're stuck at any step along the way, you can refer to the official Github docs here

Question 2



Consider the following vector

```
my_vec <- c(
    "+0.07",
    "-0.07",
    "+0.25",
    "-0.84",
    "+0.32",
    "-0.24",
    "-0.97",
    "-0.36",
    "+1.76",
    "-0.36"
)
typeof(my_vec)
```

[1] "character"

For the following questions, provide your answers in a code cell.

1. What data type does the vector contain?

The vector contains characters.

2. Create two new vectors called my_vec_double and my_vec_int which converts my_vec to Double & Integer types, respectively,

```
my_vec_int <- as.integer(my_vec)

typeof(my_vec_int)</pre>
```

[1] "integer"

```
my_vec_int
 [1] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
  my_vec_double <- as.double(my_vec)</pre>
  typeof(my_vec_double)
[1] "double"
  my_vec_double
 [1] 0.07 -0.07 0.25 -0.84 0.32 -0.24 -0.97 -0.36 1.76 -0.36
  3. Create a new vector my_vec_bool which comprises of:
       • TRUE if an element in my_vec_double is \leq 0
       • FALSE if an element in my_vec_double is \geq 0
::: {.cell}
  my_vec_bool <- 'empty'</pre>
  for(x in my_vec_double){
     if(x <= 0){
          x = 'TRUE'
          my_vec_bool <- c(my_vec_bool, x)</pre>
     }else{
          x = 'FALSE'
          my_vec_bool <- c(my_vec_bool, x)</pre>
     }
  my_vec_bool <- my_vec_bool[! my_vec_bool %in% c('empty')]</pre>
  my_vec_bool
   {.cell-output .cell-output-stdout} [1] "FALSE" "TRUE" "FALSE" "TRUE"
                                                                            "FALSE"
"TRUE" "TRUE" "FALSE" [10] "TRUE" ::: :::
How many elements of `my_vec_double` are greater than zero?
4
```

4. Sort the values of my_vec_double in ascending order.

```
sort(my_vec_double)
[1] -0.97 -0.84 -0.36 -0.36 -0.24 -0.07 0.07 0.25 0.32 1.76
```

Question 3



9 50 points

In this question we will get a better understanding of how R handles large data structures in memory.

1. Provide R code to construct the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & \dots & 100 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 & 16 & 25 & \dots & 10000 \end{bmatrix}$$



Recall the discussion in class on how R fills in matrices

```
x <- matrix(</pre>
       c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9),
       nrow=3,
       byrow = TRUE
  )
  X
     [,1] [,2] [,3]
[1,]
         1
              2
[2,]
         4
              5
                    6
[3,]
         7
              8
                    9
  x2 <- matrix(</pre>
       c(1:100, (1:100)^2),
```

nrow=2,

```
byrow = TRUE
  )
  x2
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12] [,13] [,14]
[1,]
               2
                     3
                           4
                                 5
                                      6
                                            7
                                                  8
                                                        9
         1
                                                              10
                                                                     11
                                                                            12
                                                                                   13
                                                                                          14
[2,]
         1
               4
                     9
                         16
                               25
                                     36
                                           49
                                                 64
                                                       81
                                                             100
                                                                    121
                                                                           144
                                                                                  169
                                                                                         196
                           [,18] [,19]
                                         [,20]
                                                [,21]
                                                       [,22]
                                                              [,23]
      [,15]
             [,16]
                    [,17]
                                                                     [,24]
                                                                            [,25]
                                                                                   [,26]
                                                          22
[1,]
         15
                16
                       17
                              18
                                     19
                                            20
                                                   21
                                                                 23
                                                                         24
                                                                                25
                                                                                       26
[2,]
        225
               256
                      289
                             324
                                    361
                                           400
                                                  441
                                                         484
                                                                529
                                                                       576
                                                                               625
                                                                                      676
      [,27]
             [,28]
                    [,29]
                                  [,31]
                                         [,32]
                                                [,33]
                                                       [,34]
                                                              [,35]
                                                                     [,36]
                                                                            [,37]
                                                                                   [,38]
                           [,30]
[1,]
         27
                28
                       29
                              30
                                     31
                                            32
                                                   33
                                                          34
                                                                 35
                                                                         36
                                                                                37
                                                                                       38
                                                 1089
                                                               1225
[2,]
        729
               784
                      841
                             900
                                    961
                                          1024
                                                        1156
                                                                      1296
                                                                             1369
                                                                                    1444
                                                                     [,48]
                                                                                    [,50]
      [,39]
             [,40]
                    [,41]
                           [,42]
                                  [,43]
                                         [,44]
                                                [,45]
                                                       [,46]
                                                              [,47]
                                                                            [,49]
[1,]
         39
                40
                       41
                              42
                                     43
                                            44
                                                   45
                                                          46
                                                                 47
                                                                         48
                                                                                49
                                                                                       50
                                          1936
              1600
                     1681
                            1764
                                   1849
                                                 2025
                                                        2116
                                                               2209
                                                                      2304
                                                                             2401
[2,]
      1521
                                                                                    2500
      [,51] [,52]
                    [,53]
                           [,54]
                                  [,55]
                                         [,56] [,57]
                                                       [,58]
                                                              [,59]
                                                                     [,60] [,61] [,62]
[1,]
                                            56
                                                                 59
         51
                52
                       53
                              54
                                     55
                                                   57
                                                          58
                                                                         60
                                                                                61
                                                                                       62
                                          3136
[2,]
      2601
              2704
                     2809
                            2916
                                   3025
                                                 3249
                                                        3364
                                                               3481
                                                                      3600
                                                                             3721
                                                                                    3844
      [,63] [,64]
                    [,65]
                           [,66]
                                  [,67]
                                         [,68] [,69]
                                                       [,70]
                                                              [,71]
                                                                     [,72] [,73] [,74]
[1,]
         63
                64
                       65
                              66
                                     67
                                            68
                                                   69
                                                          70
                                                                 71
                                                                         72
                                                                                73
                                                                                       74
[2,]
      3969
             4096
                     4225
                            4356
                                   4489
                                          4624
                                                4761
                                                        4900
                                                               5041
                                                                      5184
                                                                             5329
                                                                                    5476
```

In the next part, we will discover how knowledge of the way in which a matrix is stored in memory can inform better code choices. To this end, the following function takes an input n and creates an $n \times n$ matrix with random entries.

[,84]

[,96]

[,85] [,86]

[,98]

[,97]

[,83]

[,95]

```
generate_matrix <- function(n){
    return(
        matrix(
        rnorm(n^2),</pre>
```

[,75]

[,87]

[,99]

[1,]

[2,]

[1,]

[2,]

[1,]

[2,]

[,76]

[,88]

[,100]

[,77]

[,89]

[,78]

[,90]

[,79]

[,91]

[,80]

[,92]

[,81]

[,93]

[,82]

[,94]

```
nrow=n
           )
       )
  }
For example:
  generate_matrix(4)
            [,1]
                         [,2]
                                     [,3]
                                                  [,4]
[1,] -0.3591078 -0.46531656 -0.2557242
                                           0.31437509
[2,] 0.8796470 0.68708291 -0.9206283
                                           0.80895433
[3,] -2.8712734 -0.02708815 -0.8242884 -1.52380360
[4,] -0.5048665 -0.08793795 -0.5378346 -0.02149242
Let M be a fixed 50 \times 50 matrix
  M <- generate_matrix(50)</pre>
  mean(M)
```

[1] 0.01287684

2. Write a function row_wise_scan which scans the entries of M one row after another and outputs the number of elements whose value is ≥ 0 . You can use the following starter code

```
row_wise_scan <- function(x){
    n <- nrow(x)
    m <- ncol(x)

# Insert your code here
    count <- 0
    for(x in n){
        if(x >= 0){
            count <- count + 1
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

}

3. Similarly, write a function col_wise_scan which does exactly the same thing but scans the entries of M one column after another

```
col_wise_scan <- function(x){
    count <- 0

    ... # Insert your code here
    for(x in m){
        for(m in n){
            if(x >= 0){
                count <- count + 1
            }
        }
    }
    return(count)
}</pre>
```

You can check if your code is doing what it's supposed to using the function here¹

4. Between col_wise_scan and row_wise_scan, which function do you expect to take shorter to run? Why?

I think row_wise_scan will take shorter to run because it is easier to scan across a matrix then down each collumn.

5. Write a function time_scan which takes in a method f and a matrix M and outputs the amount of time taken to run f(M)

```
time_scan <- function(f, M) {
   initial_time <- Sys.time()
   f(M)
   final_time <- Sys.time()

  total_time_taken <- final_time - initial_time
   return(total_time_taken)
}</pre>
```

Provide your output to

 $^{^{1}}$ If your code is right, the following code should evaluate to be TRUE

```
list(
      row_wise_time = time_scan(row_wise_scan, M),
      col_wise_time = time_scan(row_wise_scan, M)
  )
$row_wise_time
Time difference of 0.005813837 secs
$col_wise_time
Time difference of 1.168251e-05 secs
Which took longer to run?
```

Col_wise_scan took longer to run

- 6. Repeat this experiment now when:
 - M is a 100×100 matrix
 - M is a 1000×1000 matrix
 - M is a 5000×5000 matrix

What can you conclude?

I can conclude that the more rows that you add the longer it takes for the scans to run.

Appendix

Print your R session information using the following command

```
sessionInfo()
R version 4.2.2 Patched (2022-11-10 r83330)
Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
Running under: Ubuntu 20.04.5 LTS
Matrix products: default
        /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/blas/libblas.so.3.9.0
LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/lapack/liblapack.so.3.9.0
```

```
locale:
```

[11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C

attached base packages:

[1] stats graphics grDevices datasets utils methods base

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):

```
[1] compiler_4.2.2 fastmap_1.1.0 cli_3.6.0 htmltools_0.5.4
```

[5] tools_4.2.2 yaml_2.3.7 rmarkdown_2.20 knitr_1.42

[9] xfun_0.36 digest_0.6.31 jsonlite_1.8.4 rlang_1.0.6

[13] renv_0.16.0-53 evaluate_0.20

```
sapply(1:100, function(i) {
    x <- generate_matrix(100)
    row_wise_scan(x) == col_wise_scan(x)
}) %>% sum == 100
```