

M444

APRIL 14

$$\phi(\vec{v} \otimes \vec{w}) = f(\vec{v}, \vec{w})$$

$V \times W$ , elements are ordered pairs.

not v.s. until define linear structure.

$$\text{let } \dim V = n \\ \dim W = m$$

$$\Rightarrow \{\vec{a}_1, \dots, \vec{a}_n\}, \{\vec{b}_1, \dots, \vec{b}_m\} \\ \text{bases.}$$

$V \otimes W$  is a v.s.

$$\vec{v} = v^i \vec{a}_i, \vec{w} = w^j \vec{b}_j$$

has to be constructed so that

no dim

$V \times W$

$h$

$V \otimes W$

$$\frac{\dim V \times \dim W}{\dim V \times \dim W}$$

$$\vec{v} \otimes \vec{w} = (v^i \vec{a}_i) \otimes (w^j \vec{b}_j) \\ = v^i w^j (\vec{a}_i \otimes \vec{b}_j)$$

fig 1

$f$

$\phi$

$\mathbb{Z}$

$$f = \phi \circ h, \phi \text{ unique}$$

want tens prod to obey certain rules, e.g. assoc. mult.

Suppose we have three tens. of rank  $r, s, t$ , resp.

i.e.  $\nexists$  bilinear map

(\*)

We went through fact that  $V \otimes W = \mathcal{L}(V^*, W^*; \mathbb{F})$

no relation

$$(\vec{v} \otimes \vec{w})(\vec{v}^*, \vec{w}^*) =$$

$$\langle \vec{v}, \vec{v}^* \rangle \cdot \langle \vec{w}, \vec{w}^* \rangle$$

monomial

$\phi \quad \psi \quad \gamma$

$$\text{can } \phi \otimes (\psi \otimes \gamma), \\ (\phi \otimes \psi) \otimes \gamma$$

we can prove they are equal  $\Rightarrow \phi \otimes \psi \otimes \gamma$

$$a_1(\vec{v}_1 \otimes \vec{w}_1) + a_2(\vec{v}_2 \otimes \vec{w}_2) + \dots + a_n(\vec{v}_n \otimes \vec{w}_n)$$

refer to fig 1, given

$f$ , how to define  $\phi$ ?

$$\frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!} \frac{n!}{s!(n-s)!}$$

ex) supp  $r=s=t=1$ ,

—  $[\phi \otimes (\psi \otimes \gamma)](\vec{v}^*, \vec{w}^*, \vec{z}^*)$   $\nearrow$  should be started. basis for  $V \otimes \dots \otimes V$

$$= \phi(\vec{v}^*) \cdot (\psi \otimes \gamma)(\vec{w}^*, \vec{z}^*)$$

$$\vec{e}_{i_1} \otimes \dots \otimes \vec{e}_{i_r}$$

$$= \phi(\vec{v}^*) \cdot \psi(\vec{w}^*) \cdot \gamma(\vec{z}^*)$$

$$\otimes \vec{e}^{*j_1} \otimes \dots \otimes \vec{e}^{*j_s}$$

$$= (" \quad " ) \cdot \gamma(\vec{z}^*)$$

$$= \dots [(\phi \otimes \psi) \otimes \gamma](\vec{v}^*, \vec{w}^*, \vec{z}^*) \quad \dim V_S^r = n^{r+s}$$

IN PHYS USUALLY CONSIDER PROD OF:

$$T \in W_S^r$$

CONSIDER

$$T = T_{i_1 \dots i_r, j_1 \dots j_s}$$

$$V, V^*$$

$(r+s)$ -sums

‡ canonical rel between  
pts on diff tan space  
@ some pt. on manifold

$$T_{i_1 \dots i_r, j_1 \dots j_s} = T(\vec{e}^{*i_1}, \dots, \vec{e}^{*i_r}, \vec{e}_{j_1}, \dots, \vec{e}_{j_s})$$

$$V_S^r = \underbrace{V \otimes \dots \otimes V}_r \otimes \underbrace{V^* \otimes \dots \otimes V^*}_s$$

$$\dim n^{r+s}$$

basis for  $V = \{\vec{e}_i\}$

$$V^* = \{\vec{e}^{*i}\}$$